




D.A.PANDU MEMORIAL R.V.DENTAL COLLEGE & HOSPITAL
J.P.NAGAR, BANGALORE

DAPM RVDC/ ⁸⁵⁶ /2019-20

17.10.2019

CIRCULAR

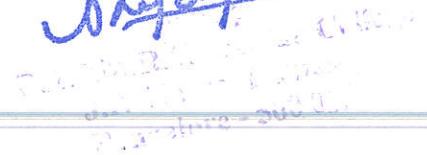
I am enclosing herewith list of IQAC members & NAAC Committee members for your kind information & reference.


Principal & Chairman
IQAC

To,

All the HODs & NAAC Committee Heads







D.A.PANDU MEMORIAL R.V.DENTAL COLLEGE, BANGALORE

COMPOSITION OF INTERNAL QUALITY ASSURANCE SYSTEM

Date : 17.10.2019

Chairman : Dr.Asha R Iyengar

Advisor : Dr.Dinesh M.R.

Associate Deans :
H R : Dr.N.Kalavathy
Services : Dr.K.Shashikala
Examination : Dr.B.Veerendra Kumar
Academics : Dr.A.Ananthraj

IQAC Members : Dr.N.Kalavathy
Dr.A.Ananthraj
Dr.B.Veerendra Kumar
Dr.Suchetha A
Dr.Sunil V
Dr.A.G.Harikiran
Dr.B.S.Keshava Prasad
Dr.C.S.Prashanth
Dr.Seema Patil

Co- Ordinator : Dr.B.S.Keshava Prasad

Core-Group : Dr.Darshan B Mundinmane
Dr.Suma S
Dr.Prashanth C.S.

Steering Committfee Members:

Dr.Balavikhram K
Dr.Revan Kumar Joshi
Dr.Prathibharani
Dr.Pavan
Dr.Vinodhini
Dr.Sheela
Dr.Madhura M.G.
Dr.Roopak David Mathew
Dr.Divya
Dr.Preethi Hegde – Medical dept.

(Signature)
D.A.P.M.S.
1st Floor, 1st Phase
Bangalore - 560 078.

Sub Committee:

Dr.Subhash B.V.
Dr.Deepthi
Dr.Deepak S
Dr.Mitha Shetty
Dr.Sapna N
Dr.Vanamala
Dr.Sarita Y
Dr.Praveen P
Dr.Akshai Shetty
Dr.Manjunath
Dr.Chetan

Administrative Section/ : Mr.G.S,Hemanthkumar
Technical Support : Mr.A.M.Mahendranatha

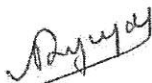
Student Members : Ms.Diksha – IV year UG
Ms.Krishna Sameera – III year UG


Trust / Management : Mr.Syed Shahmeer, Registrar, RSST

Alumni : Dr. Kiran Kumar

Any other external members : Mr.Raghu Prasad B.S., Advocate
Dr.Vinay Shroff – Parent of IVBDS student

Industrialists : Mr.A.V.S.Murthy, Hon. Secretary, RSST


Principal & Chairman
IQAC


Principal
D.A.P.M.R.V. Dental College
J.P. Nagar I Phase,
Bangalore - 560 078.



D.A.PANDU MEMORIAL R.V.DENTAL COLLEGE, BANGALORE

LIST OF COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Date :17.10.2019


Faculty Members	Student Members
I UG COURSE COMMITTEE	
Dr.R.M.Dharma – Committee Head Dr.Saritha Yanduri Dr.Apoorva S.M Dr.Deepti Vadavi Dr.Madhura M.G Dr.Supreetha S Naik	Ms.Tanmay, III yr. UG Ms.Anita Mathew – IV yr. UG
II PG COURSE COMMITTEE	
Dr.A. Ananthraj - Committee Head Dr.Prathibha Rani Dr.Prashanth C.S. Dr.Murali H Dr.Jyotsna	Dr.Karishma –II yr. PG Pedo Dr.Akansha –II yr. PG Cons
III STUDENT SUPPORT & WELFARE SERVICES	
Dr.Prashanth C S. - Committee Head Dr.Suma S Dr.Deepak S Dr.Darshan Mundinamane Dr.Roshan Kumar Dr.Revan Kumar Joshi Dr.Vanamala Dr.Roopak Mathew Mrs.Vaishali	Ms. Diksha - IV yr. UG Mr. Devopratim Biswas – Intern
IV LIBRARY COMMITTEE	
Dr.Shashikala K - Committee Head Dr.Bhagyalakshmi G Dr.Subhash B.V. Dr.Madhura M.G. Mr.Ravish K	Ms..Bhumika S – III yr. UG Ms..Devyani – III yr. UG

Contd..2..

(Signature)
Principal
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Faculty Members	Student Members
V COMMITTEE TO ELIMINATE RAGGING AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT	
Dr.N.Kalavathy - Committee Head Dr.G.Bhagyalakshmi Dr.B.C.Amarnath Dr.Akshai Shetty K.R. Dr.Archana Sanketh Dr.Mitha Shetty Dr.Sunil Mankar Dr.Manjunath Hegde Dr.Sudhir R, Warden Boys Hostel Mrs.Sherlyn Bhasker, Warden, Girls Hostel	Dr.Jyothi L.S. -IIyr. Ortho PG Dr.Ananthakrishna - Intern
VI STAFF WELFARE COMMITTEE	
Dr.Asha R Iyengar Dr.M.R.Dinesh Dr.Sunil V - Committee Head Dr.Dharma R.M. Dr.Prashanth C S Dr.A.G.Harikiran Dr.Vinodhini K Dr.Archana Sanketh	N.A.
VII RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT AND SUSTAINANCE COMMITTEE & INSTITUTIONAL ETHICAL COMMITTEE	
Dr.Asha R Iyengar Dr.A.G.Harikiran - Committee Head Dr.Deepthi Vadavi - Co-ordinator Dr.M.R.Dinesh Dr.Kalavathy N Dr.Ananthraj A Dr.Sunil V Dr.Veerendra Kumar B Dr.B.S.Keshava Prasad Dr.Suchetha A Dr.C.S.Prashanth Dr.Amarnath B.C. Dr.R.M.Dharma Dr.Seema Patil Dr.H.Murali Dr.Praveen P Dr.Akshai Shetty Dr.Saritha Dr.Subhash B.V. External Member of the IRB Committee Dr.K.S.Nagesh Dr.M.Maiya	Dr.Dimple - II yr. PG Public Health Dentistry Dr.Ekta Jain - II year PG Oral Medicine Ms.Anshita Tandon - Intern

Contd..3..


Principal
D.A.P.M.R.V. Dental College
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Bangalore - 560 078.

Faculty Members	Student Members
VIII HOSTEL MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE	
Dr.Veerendrakumar B - Committee Head Dr.Asha R Iyengar Dr.Asha Kumari P G Dr.Sudhir , Warden Boys Hostel Mrs.Sherlyn Bhasker, Warden Girls Hostel	Mr.Harsh Abhigyan – IV BDS Boys Hostel Ms.Ananya Nagaraj - IV BDS Girls Hostel
IX WOMEN WELFARE COMMITTEE	
Dr.Asha R Iyengar – Chairman Dr.M.R.Dinesh Mr.Syed Shahmeer Dr.Seema Patil – Committee Head Dr.Preethi Hegde Dr.Saritha Yanduri Dr.Prathibha Dr.Mitha Shetty	NA
X MAGAZINE COMMITTEE	
Dr.Sapna N. – Committee Head Dr.Seema Patil Dr.Preeti Hegde Dr.Sindhu Dr.Sheela Dr.Sahana	Dr.Rameshwari– II yr. Perio PG Ms.Anita Mathew – IV yr. UG
XI NETWORK COMMITTEE	
Dr.Praveen P – Committee Head Dr.Darshan Mundinamane Dr.Sindhu Dr.Chetan Dr.Revan Joshi	Mr. Jeevan – Intern Mr. Imran - Intern Dr.Ananthakrishnan – Ortho PG
XII FEEDBACK COMMITTEE	
Dr.Suchetha A – Committee Head Dr.Manjunath Hegde Dr.Divya Bhat Dr.Jyotsna Dr.Pavan	Dr.Freeda Ampoti – I yr. PG Mr.Avinash – IV BDS

Contd..4..

Dr. M. R. V. D.


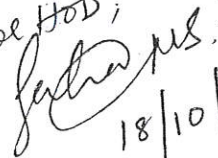
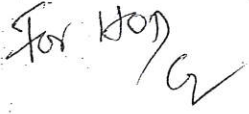
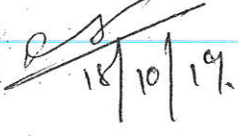

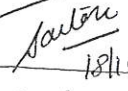
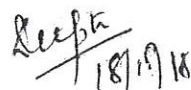

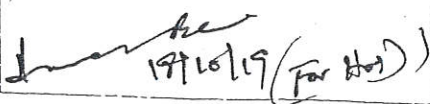
Principal
Dr. M. R. V. D. College
3rd Floor, 1st Phase,
Bangalore - 560 078


Faculty Members	Student Members
XIII INFECTION CONTROL COMMITTEE	
Dr.Bharathi M.B. – Committee Head Dr.B.S.Keshava Prasad Dr.Saritha Yanduri Dr.Seema Patil Dr.Deepti Vadavi Dr.Sahana Dr.Archana Sanketh Dr.Sindhu Dr.Divya Bhat Dr.Sudhir R Ms.Kavyashree Mrs.Vasanthi - Infection control Nurse-HICC Mr.Chandrashekar B.H. Lab Technician, Diagnostic Laboratory	Ms. Potluru Supriya Sai - Intern Ms. Parkavi J - Intern
XIV GRIEVANCE CELL	
Dr.Veena K.S. –Committee Head Dr.Shashikala K Dr.Bharathi M.B. Dr.Veerendra Kumar B Dr.Manjunath Hegdec	Mr.Adithya Keshav – Intern Ms.Ankitha Agarwal – IV yr UG
XV CAREER GUIDANCE / PLACEMENT CELL	
Dr.Murali H Dr.Veerendra Kumar B Dr.Karnum Apoorva Prakash	NA

Dr. Murali H
Principal & Chairman
IQAC



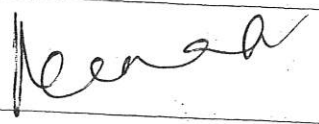
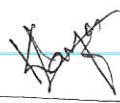

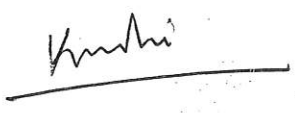
Dr. Murali H
D.A.P.M.R.V. Dental College
J.P. Nagar I Phase,
Bangalore - 560 078.


DENTAL DEPARTMENTS

SL.NO.	DEPARTMENT	SIGNATURE
01.	Dept. of Oral Medicine and Radiology	for HOD  18/10/19
02.	Dept. of Oral Maxillo Facial Surgery	For HOD;  18/10/19
03.	Dept. of Prosthodontics	For HOD 
04.	Dept. of Periodontics	 18/10/19
05.	Dept. of Conservative Dentistry	for HOD  18/10/19
06.	Dept. of Oral Pathology	For HOD  18/10/19
07.	Dept. of Preventive & Community Dentistry	for HOD  18/10/19
08.	Dept. of Pedodontics	 18/10/19
09.	Dept. of Orthodontics	 18/10/19 (For HOD)


Principal
D.A.P.M.R.V. Dental College
J.P. Nagar I Phase,
Bangalore - 560 078.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENTS

SL.NO.	DEPARTMENT	SIGNATURE
01.	Dept. of Anatomy	
02.	Dept. of Physiology	
03.	Dept. of Pharmacology	
04.	Dept. of Microbiology	
05.	Dept. of Pathology	
06.	Dept. of Biochemistry	


D.A.P.M.R.V. Dental College
J.P. Nagar I Phase,
Bangalore - 560 078.

DENTAL COUNCIL OF INDIA

BDS COURSE REGULATIONS 2007



DENTAL COUNCIL OF INDIA

Temple Lane, Kotla Road

New Delhi – 110 002

PREFACE

TO

BDS COURSE REGULATIONS 2007

(Modified: 25.07.2007)

Framed by the Dental Council of India and approved by the Central Government under the Dentists Act, 1948 – vide Government of India, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare (Deptt. of Health's) letter No.V.12012/3/2006-DE dated 25.07.2007.

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**DENTAL COUNCIL OF INDIA
NOTIFICATION
New Delhi, the 25th July, 2007**

No.DE-22-2007.-In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 20 of the Dentists Act, 1948, the Dental Council of India with the previous sanction of the Central Government hereby makes the following Revised BDS Course Regulations :-

1. Short title and commencement. – (i) These Regulations may be called the Dental Council of India Revised BDS Course Regulations, 2007.
(ii) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

REGULATIONS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF DENTAL SURGERY

GENERAL: Universities awarding the degrees in Bachelor of Dental Surgery (BDS) and Master of Dental Surgery (MDS) shall establish independent Dental Faculty.

The heading ‘ADMISSION, SELECTION, AND MIGRATION’ shall be read as under, in terms of (8th Amendment) notification published on 12.7.2017 in the Gazette of India.

~~ADMISSION, SELECTION AND MIGRATION:-~~

ADMISSION, SELECTION, COUNSELLING AND MIGRATION:-

I. Admission to the Dental Course – Eligibility Criteria:

No Candidate shall be allowed to be admitted to the Dental Curriculum of first Bachelor of Dental Surgery (BDS) Course until:

1. He/she shall complete the age of 17 years on or before 31st December, of the year of admission to the BDS course;

The following has been inserted, and the existing sub-regulation “2.” is re-numbered as “3”., in terms of (5th Amendment) notification published on 31st May, 2012 in the Gazette of India.

2. He/She has obtained a minimum of marks in National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test as prescribed in sub-regulation 5 of Regulation II under the heading “**Selection of students:**”

The following has been inserted in terms of (5th Amendment) notification published on 1st June, 2012 in the Gazette of India

3. ~~2.~~ In order to be eligible to take National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test he/she has passed qualifying examination as under:-
 - a. The higher secondary examination or the Indian School Certificate Examination which is equivalent to 10+2 Higher Secondary Examination after a period of 12 years study, the last two years of study comprising of Physics, Chemistry, Biology and Mathematics or any other elective subjects with English at a level not less than the core course for English as prescribed by the National Council for Educational Research and Training after the introduction of the 10+2+3 years educational structure as recommended by the National Committee on education;
Note: Where the course content is not as prescribed for 10+2 education structure of the National Committee, the candidates will have to undergo a period of one year pre-professional training before admission to the dental colleges;
or
 - b. The intermediate examination in science of an Indian University/Board or other recognised examining body with Physics, Chemistry and Biology which shall include a practical test in these subjects and also English as a compulsory subject;
or
 - c. The pre-professional/pre-medical examination with Physics, Chemistry and Biology, after passing either the higher secondary school examination, or the pre-university or an equivalent examination. The pre-professional/pre-medical examination shall include a practical test in Physics, Chemistry and Biology and also English as a compulsory subject;
or

- d. The first year of the three years degree course of a recognized university, with Physics, Chemistry and Biology including a practical test in three subjects provided the examination is a "University Examination" and candidate has passed 10+2 with English at a level not less than a core course;
- or
- e. B.Sc examination of an Indian University, provided that he/she has passed the B.Sc examination with not less than two of the following subjects Physics, Chemistry, Biology (Botany, Zoology) and further that he/she has passed the earlier qualifying examination with the following subjects-Physics, Chemistry, Biology and English.
- or
- f. Any other examination which, in scope and standard is found to be equivalent to the intermediate science examination of an Indian University/Board, taking Physics, Chemistry and Biology including practical test in each of these subjects and English.

The following have been added under the heading "Admission to the Dental Course- Eligibility Criteria" after sub-clause 2 (f), in terms of (2nd Amendment) notification published on 29th October, 2010 in the Gazette of India.

"3. 3% seats of the annual sanctioned intake capacity shall be filled up by candidates with locomotory disability of lower limbs between 50% to 70%

Provided that in case any seat in this 3% quota remains unfilled on account of unavailability of candidates with locomotory disability of lower limbs between 50% to 70% then any such unfilled seat in this 3% quota shall be filled up by persons with locomotory disability of lower limbs between 40% to 50% before they are included in the annual sanctioned seats for General Category candidates.

Provided further that this entire exercise shall be completed by each Dental College/Institution as per the statutory time schedule for admissions and in no case any admission will be made in the BDS course after 30th of September."

The following has been deleted in terms of (5th Amendment) notification published on 1st June, 2012 in the Gazette of India

Note:

- ~~Marks obtained in Mathematics are not to be considered for admission to BDS Course.~~
- After the 10+2 course is introduced, the integrated courses should be abolished.

II. Selection of Students: The selection of students to dental college shall be based solely on merit of the candidate and for determination of the merit, the following criteria be adopted uniformly throughout the country:

The following has been deleted in terms of (5th Amendment) notification published on 1st June, 2012 in the Gazette of India

- ~~1. In states, having only one Dental College and one university board/examining body conducting the qualifying examination, the marks obtained at such qualifying examination may be taken into consideration;~~
- ~~2. In states, having more than one university/board/examining body conducting the qualifying examination (or where there is more than one dental college under the administrative control of one authority) a competitive entrance examination should be held so as to achieve a uniform evaluation as there may be variation of standards at qualifying examinations conducted by different agencies;~~
- ~~3. Where there are more than one college in a state and only one university/board conducting the qualifying examination, then a joint selection board be constituted for all the colleges;~~
- ~~4. A competitive entrance examination is absolutely necessary in the cases of institutions of All India character;~~

The following has been deleted and substituted in terms of (5th Amendment) notification published on 1st June, 2012 in the Gazette of India

5. Procedure for selection to BDS course shall be as follows:-
- i. ~~in case of admission on the basis of qualifying examination under clause (1) based on merit, candidate for admission to BDS course must have passed in the subjects of Physics, Chemistry, Biology & English individually and must have obtained a minimum of 50% marks taken together in Physics, Chemistry, and Biology at the qualifying examination. In respect of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes or Other Backward Classes, the marks obtained in Physics, Chemistry and Biology taken together in qualifying examination be 40% instead of 50% as above and must have qualifying marks in English.~~

~~The following have been added before the clause 5 (ii) under the heading “selection of students”, in terms of (2nd Amendment) notification published on 29th October, 2010 in the Gazette of India.~~

~~“Provided that the eligibility criteria for admission to persons with locomotory disability of lower limbs in terms of Clause 3 above will be a minimum of 45% marks instead of 50% taken together in qualifying examination and competitive entrance examination for admission in BDS Course.”~~

- ii. ~~In case of admission on the basis of competitive entrance examination under clause (2) to (4) of this regulation, a candidate must have passed in the subjects of Physics, Chemistry, Biology and English individually and must have obtained a minimum of 50% marks taken together in Physics, Chemistry and Biology at the qualifying examination and in addition must have come in the merit list prepared as a result of such competitive entrance examination by securing not less than 50% marks in Physics, Chemistry and Biology taken together in the competitive examination. In respect of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes or any other categories notified by the Government the marks obtained in Physics, Chemistry and Biology taken together in qualifying examination and competitive entrance examination be 40% instead of 50% as stated above:~~

~~Provided that a candidate who has appeared in the qualifying examination the result of which has not been declared, he may be provisionally permitted to take up the competitive entrance examination and in case of selection for admission to the BDS course, he shall not be admitted to that course until he fulfils the eligibility criteria as per above regulations.~~

- i. ~~There shall be a single eligibility-cum-entrance examination namely “National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test for admission to BDS course” in each academic year.”~~
- ii. ~~In order to be eligible for admission to BDS Course for a particular academic year, it shall be necessary for a candidate to obtain minimum of marks of 50th percentile in ‘National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test to BDS course’ held for the said academic year. However, in respect of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward Classes, the minimum marks shall be at 40th percentile. In respect of candidates with locomotory disability of lower limbs, the minimum marks shall be at 45th percentile. The percentile shall be determined on the basis of highest marks secured in the All-India common merit list in “National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test for admission to BDS course.”~~

~~Provided when sufficient number of candidates in the respective categories fail to secure minimum marks as prescribed in National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test held for any academic year for admission to BDS Course, the Central Government in consultation with Dental Council of India may at its discretion lower the minimum marks required for admission to BDS Course for candidates belonging to respective categories and marks so lowered by the Central Government shall be applicable for the said academic year only.~~

- iii. ~~The reservation of seats in dental colleges for respective categories shall be as per applicable laws prevailing in States/Union Territories. An all India merit list as well as State-wise merit list of the~~

eligible candidates shall be prepared on the basis of the marks obtained in National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test and candidates shall be admitted to BDS course from the said lists only.

- iv. No Candidate who has failed to obtain the minimum eligibility marks as prescribed in Clause (ii.) above shall be admitted to BDS course in the said academic year.
- v. All admissions to BDS course within the respective categories shall be based solely on marks obtained in the National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test.
- vi. To be eligible for admission to BDS Course, a candidate must have passed in the subjects of Physics, Chemistry, Biology/Biotechnology and English individually and must have obtained a minimum of 50% marks taken together in Physics, Chemistry and Biology/Biotechnology at the qualifying examination as mentioned in Sub-regulation 2 of Regulation I and in addition must have come in the merit list of "National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test" for admission to BDS course. In respect of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes or other Backward Classes the minimum marks obtained in Physics, Chemistry and Biology/Bio-technology taken together in qualifying examination shall be 40% instead of 50%. In respect of candidates with locomotory disability of lower limbs in terms of sub-regulation 4, after the commencement of these amendments, of Regulation 1 above, the minimum marks in qualifying examination in Physics, Chemistry and Biology/Bio-technology taken together in qualifying examination shall be 45% instead of 50%.
 Provided that a candidate who has appeared in the qualifying examination the result of which has not been declared, he/she may be provisionally permitted to take up the National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test and in case of selection for admission to the BDS course, he/she shall not be admitted to that course until he fulfills the eligibility criteria under Regulation 1.
- vii. The Central Board of Secondary Education shall be the organization to conduct National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test for admission to BDS course.

The following has been added under clause II 'Selection of Students', in terms of (8th Amendment) notification published on 27th July, 2017 in the Gazette of India:

II. A Common Counselling.

1. There shall be a common counselling for admission to BDS course in all dental educational institutions on the basis of merit list of the National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test.
2. The designated authority for counselling for the 15% All India Quota seats of the contributing States and all BDS seats of Dental Education Institutions of the Central Government universities established by an Act of Parliament and the Deemed Universities shall be the Directorate General of Health Services, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India.
3. The counselling for admission to BDS course in a State/Union Territory, including Dental Education Institutions established by the State Government, University established by an Act of State/Union Territory Legislature, Trust, Society, Minority Institutions shall be conducted by the State/Union Territory Government.
4. In case any dispute arises on such common counselling, the respective State Government shall refer the matter to the Central Government and its decision shall be final, in this regard.

III. Duration of the Course:

The following provision has been substituted to the extent indicated hereunder in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on **25th August, 2011** in the Gazette of India and the same is as under:-

~~The undergraduate dental training programme leading to BDS degree shall be of 5 years with 240 teaching days in each academic year. During this period, the student shall be required to have engaged in full-time study at a dental college recognized or approved by the Dental Council of India.~~

The undergraduate dental programme leading to BDS Degree shall be of 4 (four) Academic years with 240 teaching days in each academic year, plus one year paid rotating Internship in a dental college. Every candidate will be required, after passing the final BDS Examination to undergo one year paid rotating internship in a dental college. The detailed curriculum of Dental Internship Programme is annexed as Annexure-A. The internship shall be compulsory and BDS Degree shall be granted after completion of one year paid Internship.

~~NOTE: It is recommended by the DCI that the colleges who have implemented the revised BDS Course Regulation, 2007 itself, has to carry on with the existing five year programme. Regarding internship for this batch it is upto the respective university to decide.~~

Further, the admissions made from the year 2008-09, the students may be included in this amendment provided the concerned University's rules permit.

Provided that the Affiliating University/State Government are free to make applicable these amendment is upto the University to implement this amendment provided it abides by their Act/Rules and Regulations.

The above NOTE has been deleted and the following proviso is inserted below the NOTE in terms of (4th Amendment) notification published on 9.12.2011 in the Gazette of India and the same is as under:-

NOTE: Provided that the students of the batch admitted during the academic session 2007-2008, and consequently they are going to pursue their 5th year BDS Course as per the course curriculum and syllabus prescribed in the principal Revised BDS Course Regulations, 2007, may complete their Theory in 4 (four) subjects with 160 Lecture hours within a period of 6 (six) months as given below:-

Subject	Lecture Hours
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery	30
Conservative Dentistry & Endodontics	50
Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge	50
Public Health Dentistry	30
Total	160

On completion of such study, they shall have to appear in the University Examination and only after passing University Examination successfully, they shall be allowed to do six months Paid Rotating Internship Programme in all the Departments for the duration indicated against each Department as under:-

Departments	Period of Postings
1. Oral Medicine & Radiology	20 days
2. Oral && Maxillofacial Surgery	30 days
3. Prosthodontics	30 days
4. Periodontics	15 days
5. Concervative Dentist	10 days
6. Pedodontics	15 days
7. Oral Pathology & Microbiology	10 days
8. Orthodontics	10 days
9. Community Dentist/Rural Service	30 days
10. Elective	10 days
Total	180 days

The following proviso has been inserted in terms of (6th Amendment) notification published on 24.6.2013 in the Gazette of India:-

Provided further that students of 2007-2008 BDS batch who are declared passed with 4 ½ + 6 months Paid Rotatory Internship or 5-year duration course, as the case may be, as per Revised BDS Course (4th Amendment) Regulations, 2011, shall be deemed at par/equivalent with 4+1 year BDS Course, including one year Paid Rotatory Internship programme, for all interns and purposes i.e. for admission in MDS Course, applying for Govt Jobs, registration in State Dental Councils etc.

IV. Migration:

- (1) Migration from one dental college to other is not a right of a student. However, migration of students from one dental college to another dental college in India may be considered by the Dental Council of India. Only in exceptional cases on extreme compassionate ground*, provided following criteria are fulfilled. Routine migrations on other ground shall not be allowed.
- (2) Both the colleges, i.e. one at which the student is studying at present and one to which migration is sought, are recognised by the Dental Council of India.
- (3) The applicant candidate should have passed first professional BDS examination.
- (4) The applicant candidate submits his application for migration, complete in all respects, to all authorities concerned within a period of one month of passing (declaration of results) the first professional Bachelor of Dental Surgery (BDS) examination.
- (5) The applicant candidate must submit an affidavit stating that he/she will pursue 240 days of prescribed study before appearing at IInd professional Bachelor of Dental Surgery (BDS) examination at the transferee dental college, which should be duly certified by the Registrar of the concerned University in which he/she is seeking transfer. The transfer will be applicable only after receipt of the affidavit.

Note 1:

- (i) Migration is permitted only in the beginning of IInd year BDS Course in recognized Institution.
- (ii) All applications for migration shall be referred to Dental Council of India by college authorities. No Institution/University shall allow migrations directly without the prior approval of the Council.
- (iii) Council reserved the right, not to entertain any application which is not under the prescribed compassionate grounds and also to take independent decisions where applicant has been allowed to migrate without referring the same to the Council.

Note 2: *Compassionate ground criteria:

- (i) Death of supporting guardian.
- (ii) Disturbed conditions as declared by Government in the Dental College area.

V. Attendance requirement, Progress and Conduct

- (i) 75% in theory and 75% in practical/clinical in each year.
- (ii) In case of a subject in which there is no examination at the end of the academic year/semester, the percentage of attendance shall not be less than 70%. However, at the time of appearing for the professional examination in the subject, the aggregate percentage of attendance in the subject should satisfy condition (i) above.

VI. Subjects of Study:

First Year

- i) General Human Anatomy including Embryology and Histology
- ii) General Human Physiology and Biochemistry, Nutrition and Dietics
- iii) Dental Anatomy, Embryology and Oral Histology
- iv) Dental Materials
- v) Pre-clinical Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge

Second Year

- i) General Pathology and Microbiology
- ii) General and Dental Pharmacology and Therapeutics
- iii) Dental Materials
- iv) Pre clinical Conservative Dentistry
- v) Pre clinical Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge
- vi) Oral Pathology & Oral Microbiology

Third Year

- i) General Medicine

- ii) General Surgery
- iii) Oral Pathology and Oral Microbiology
- iv) Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics
- v) Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
- vi) Oral Medicine and Radiology
- vii) Orthodontics & Dentofacial Orthopaedics
- viii) Paediatric & Preventive Dentistry
- ix) Periodontology
- x) Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge

Fourth Year

- i) Orthodontics & dentofacial orthopaedics
- ii) Oral Medicine & Radiology
- iii) Paediatric & Preventive Dentistry
- iv) Periodontology
- v) Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
- vi) Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge
- vii) Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics
- viii) Public Health Dentistry

Fifth Year

- ~~i) Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery~~
- ~~ii) Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge~~
- ~~iii) Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics~~
- ~~iv) Public Health Dentistry~~

The above 5th year subjects have been deleted in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on **25th August,2011** in the Gazette of India.

EXAMINATIONS

SCOPE: These regulations shall be applicable for the B.D.S. degree examinations conducted by various universities in the country.

I. PREFACE:

- (A) Evaluation is a continuous process, which is based upon criteria developed by the concerned authorities with certain objectives to assess the performance of the learner. This also indirectly helps in the measurement of effectiveness and quality of the concerned B.D.S. programme.
- (B) Evaluation is achieved by two processes
 1. Formative or internal assessment
 2. Summative or university examinations.

Formative evaluation is done through a series of tests and examinations conducted periodically by the institution.

Summative evaluation is done by the university through examination conducted at the end of the specified course.

II. METHODS OF EVALUATION:

Evaluation may be achieved by the following tested methods:

1. Written test
2. Practicals
3. Clinical examination
4. Viva voce

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT EXAMINATION

The continuing assessment examinations may be held frequently at least **3** times in a particular year and the average marks of these examinations should be considered. 10% of the total marks in each subject for both theory, practical and clinical examination separately should be set aside for the internal assessment examinations.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

The following has been substituted in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on **25th August,2011** in the Gazette of India and the same is as under:-

~~The scheme of examination for B.D.S. Course shall be divided into 1st B.D.S. examination at the end of the first academic year, 2nd B.D.S. examination at the end of second year, 3rd B.D.S. examination at the end of third, 4th BDS at the end of 4th and final B.D.S at the end of 5th year. 240 days minimum teaching in each academic year is mandatory.~~

The Scheme of Examination for BDS Course shall be divided into 1st BDS examination at the end of the first academic year, 2nd BDS examination at the end of second year, 3rd BDS examination at the end of third, 4th and final BDS at the end of 4th year. Where semester system exists, there shall be two examinations in the final year, designated as part 1 and part 2 of the respective examinations (regulations 1983) 240 days minimum teaching in each academic year is mandatory.

In terms of (6th Amendment) notification published on 24.6.2013 in the Gazette of India, in 1st line of 2nd paragraph under the heading (III) “Scheme of Examination”, the word “semester” has been substituted by the word “Part I or Part II, whichever is applicable”, as follows:-

For University opting for ~~semester~~ Part I or Part II, whichever is applicable mode, the subjects that are to be covered in each semester proposed below.

Part-I

- Public Health Dentistry
- Periodontology
- Orthodontics and Dentogacial Orthopaedic
- Oral Medicine and Radiology

Part-II

- Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
- Conservative and Endodontics
- Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge
- Paediatric and preventive Dentistry

The examination shall be open to a candidate who satisfies the requirements of attendance, progress and other rules laid down by the University.

(1) Universities shall organize admission timings and admission process in such a way that teaching starts from 1st day of August in each academic year.

I B.D.S. Examination:

1. General anatomy including embryology and histology
2. General human physiology and biochemistry
3. Dental Anatomy, Embryology and Oral Histology

~~Any student who does not clear the first BDS University Examination in all subjects within 3 years from the date of admission, shall be discharged from the Course.~~

The above clause has been substituted by the following clause in terms of (7th Amendment) notification published in the Gazette of India and the same is as under:-

Any student who does not clear the BDS Course in all the subjects within a period of 9 years, including one year Compulsory Rotatory paid Internship from the date of admission shall be discharged from the course.

~~Any candidate who fails in one subject in an Examination is permitted to go to the next higher class and appear for the subject and complete it successfully before he is permitted to appear for the next higher examination.~~

The above has been substituted in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on 25th August,2011 in the Gazette of India and the same is as under:-

Any candidate who fails in one subject in an Examination is permitted to go to the next higher class and appears for the said failed subject and complete it successfully before he is permitted to appear for the next higher examination. However, the Dental Council of India would have no objection, if the concerned University follows their examination scheme provided in their statute/regulations.

II B.D.S. Examination:

A candidate who has not successfully completed the 1st B.D.S. examination can not appear in the IInd year Examination.

1. General pathology and Microbiology
2. General and dental pharmacology and therapeutics
3. Dental Materials
4. Pre Clinical Conservative – Only Practical and Viva Voce
5. Pre Clinical Prosthodontics – Only Practical and Viva Voce

The following has been added after Sl. No. 5 of the subject, Pre-clinical Prosthodontics, in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on **25th August, 2011** in the Gazette of India and the same is as under:-

Any candidate who fails in one subject in an Examination is permitted to go to the next higher class and appears for the said failed subject and complete it successfully before he is permitted to appear for the next higher examination. However, the Dental Council of India would have no objection, if the concerned University follows their examination scheme provided in their statute/regulations.

III B.D.S. Examination:

A candidate who has successfully completed the 2nd B.D.S. examination can appear IIIrd B.D.S. Examination.

1. General Medicine
2. General Surgery
3. Oral Pathology and Oral Microbiology

The following has been added after Sl. No. 3 of the subject Oral Pathology and Oral Microbiology, in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on **25th August, 2011** in the Gazette of India and the same is as under:-

Any candidate who fails in one subject in an Examination is permitted to go to the next higher class and appear for the subject and complete it successfully before he is permitted to appear for the next higher examination. However, the Dental Council of India would have no objection, if the concerned follows their examination scheme (2nd year onwards) provided in their statute/regulations.

IV B.D.S. Examination:

- ~~1. Oral Medicine and radiology~~
- ~~2. Paediatric & Preventive Dentistry~~
- ~~3. Orthodontics & dentofacial orthopaedics~~
- ~~4. Periodontology~~

The above has been substituted in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on **25th August, 2011** in the Gazette of India and the same is as under:-

Final BDS (Fourth Year):

- Public Health Dentistry
 - Periodontology
 - Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopaetic
 - Oral Medicine and Radiology
 - Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
 - Conservative and Endodontics
 - Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge
 - Paediatric and Preventive Dentistry
- OR

Part-I

- Public Health Dentistry
- Periodontology
- Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopaetic
- Oral Medicine and Radiology

Part-II

- Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
- Conservative and Endodontics
- Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge
- Paediatric and preventive Dentistry

Note:-

1. The concerned Universities may opt for any one of the examination pattern mentioned above in 4th BDS final year.
2. If any University opt for the part examination system then any candidate who fails in any subject in 4th (final) year Part-I examination is permitted to go to the Part-II examination and should complete both parts successfully before he/she is permitted to go for Internship programme.
3. Since there are Inadequate teaching staffs in Department of Public Health Dentistry, the same may be clubbed together under the head of periodontics. This arrangement shall be reviewed after three years.

V BDS Examination:

1. ~~Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge~~
2. ~~Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics~~
3. ~~Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery~~
4. ~~Public Health Dentistry~~

The V BDS examination has been deleted in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on 25th August, 2011 in the Gazette of India.

WRITTEN EXAMINATION:

1. The written examination in each subject shall consist of one paper of three hours duration and shall have maximum marks of 70.
2. In the subjects of Physiology & Biochemistry and Pathology & Microbiology each paper will be divided into two parts, A and B of equal marks.
3. The question paper should contain different types of questions like essay, short answer and objective type / M.C.Q's.
4. The nature of questions set, should be aimed to evaluate students of different standards ranging from average to excellent.
5. The questions should cover as broad an area of the content of the course. The essay questions should be properly structured and the marks specifically allotted.
6. The University may set up a question bank

PRACTICAL AND CLINICAL EXAMINATION:

1. **Objective Structured Clinical Evaluation:** The present system of conducting practical and clinical examination at several universities provide chance for unrealistic proportions of luck. Only a particular clinical procedure or experiment is usually given for the examination. The clinical and practical examination should provide a number of chances for the candidate to express one's skills. A number of examination stations with specific instructions to be provided. This can include clinical procedures, laboratory experiments, spotters etc. Evaluation must be made objective and structured. The method of objective structured clinical examinations should be followed. This will avoid examiner bias because both the examiner and the examinee are given specific instructions on what is to be observed at each station.
2. **Records/ Log Books:** The candidate should be given credit for his records based on the scores obtained in the record. The marks obtained for the record in the first appearance can be carried over to the subsequent appearances if necessary.
3. **Scheme of clinical and practical examinations:** The specific scheme of clinical and practical examinations, the type of clinical procedures/ experiments to be performed and marks allotted for each are to be discussed and finalized by the Chairman and other examiners and it is to be published prior to the conduct of the examinations along with the publication of the time table for the practical examinations. This scheme should be brought to the notice of the external examiner as and when the examiner reports. The practical and clinical examinations should be evaluated by two examiners of which one shall be an external examiner appointed from other universities preferably outside the State. Each candidate should be evaluated by each examiner independently and marks computed at the end of the examination.
4. **Viva Voce:** Viva voce is an excellent mode of assessment because it permits a fairly broad coverage and it can assess the problem solving capacity of the student. An assessment related to the affective domain is also possible through viva voce. It is desirable to conduct the viva voce

independently by each examiner. In order to avoid vagueness and to maintain uniformity of standard and coverage, questions can be pre-formulated before administering them to each student. Twenty marks are exclusively allotted for viva voce and that can be divided equally amongst the examiners, i.e., 10 marks per examiner.

MARKS DISTRIBUTION IN EACH SUBJECT :

Each subject shall have a maximum of 200 marks.

Theory	100
Practical/ Clinical	100

Theory – 100

University written exam	70
Viva Voce	20
Internal assessment (Written)	10

Total	100
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Practicals/ clinicals – 100

University Exam	90
Internal assessment (Written)	10

Total	100
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Practical and Viva Voce Only in University Examination

Pre-clinical Prosthodontics

Pre-clinical Conservative Dentistry.....

Internal Assessment	-	20
Practical	-	60
Viva Voce	-	20

100

Criteria for a pass:

Fifty percent of the total marks in any subject computed as aggregate for theory, i.e., written, viva voce and internal assessment and practicals including internal assessment, separately is essential for a pass in all years of study.

For declaration of pass in a subject, a candidate shall secure 50% marks in the University examination both in Theory and Practical/ Clinical examinations separately, as stipulated below:

- A candidate shall secure 50% marks in aggregate in University theory including Viva Voce and Internal assessment obtained in University written examination combined together.
- In the University Practical/ clinical examination, a candidate shall secure 50% of University practical marks and Internal Assessment combined together.
- In case of pre clinical Prosthetic Dentistry and Pre clinical conservative dentistry in II BDS, where there is no written examination, minimum for pass is 50% of marks in Practical and Viva voce combined together in University examination including Internal Assessment i.e. 50/100 marks.
- Successful candidates who obtain 65% of the total marks or more shall be declared to have passed the examination in First Class. Other successful candidates will be placed in Second Class. A candidate who obtains 75% and above is eligible for Distinction. Only those candidates who pass the whole examination in the first attempt will be eligible for distinction or class.
- First Class and Distinction etc. to be awarded by the University as per their respective rules.

Grace Marks: Grace marks upto a maximum of 5 marks may be awarded to students who have failed only in one subject but passed in all other subjects.

Re-evaluation: The objective of re-evaluation is to ensure that the student receives a fair evaluation in the university examination and to minimize human error and extenuating circumstances. There shall be two mechanisms for this purpose.

1. **Re-totaling:** The University on application and remittance of a stipulated fee to be prescribed by the university, shall permit a recounting or opportunity to recount the marks received for various questions in an answer paper/ papers for theory of all subjects for which the candidate has appeared in the university examination. Any error in addition of the marks awarded if identified should be suitably rectified.
2. **Re-evaluation:** Re-evaluation of theory papers in all years of study of the BDS course may be permissible by the university on application and remittance of a prescribed fee. Such answer script shall be re-evaluated by not less than two duly qualified examiners and the average obtained shall be awarded to the candidate and the result accordingly reconsidered. However in those universities where double evaluation provision exists, this provision of re-evaluation will not be applicable.

Qualification and experience to be eligible for examinership for BDS examination

1. M.D.S. Degree from a recognized Institution
2. 4 years teaching experience in the subject in a dental college after MDS

3. Should be holding the post of a Reader or above in a Dental Institution approved/recognised by the Dental Council of India for B.D.S.

Note:

1. In case of Public Health Dentistry, as there is acute shortage of teachers one examiner from Public Health Dentistry and the second one could be from Periodontics. To be reviewed after three years.
2. In case of Physiology and Biochemistry if Internal examiner is from Physiology, External examiner should be from Biochemistry or vice versa
3. In case of Pathology and Microbiology if Internal examiner is from Pathology, External examiner should be from Microbiology or vice versa
4. In case of Dental Materials, if internal is from Prosthodontics, external should be from Conservative Dentistry and vice versa

50% of Examiners appointed shall be external from Dental Institutions approved/recognised by the Dental Council of India for B.D.S. Course, from other University, preferably from outside the State.

Reciprocal arrangement of Examiners should be discouraged, in that, the Internal Examiner in a subject should not accept external examinership for a College from which External Examiner is appointed in his subject for the corresponding period.

No person shall be an external Examiner to the same University for more than 3 consecutive years. However, if there is a break of one year the person can be re-appointed.

“Minimum Physical Requirement and Minimum Staffing Pattern (as per DCI Regulations 2006).”

GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

GOALS:

The dental graduates during training in the institutions should acquire adequate knowledge, necessary skills and reasonable attitudes which are required for carrying out all activities appropriate to general dental practice involving the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of anomalies and diseases of the teeth, mouth, jaws and associated tissues. The graduate also should understand the concept of community oral health education and be able to participate in the rural health care delivery programmes existing in the country.

OBJECTIVES:

The objectives are dealt under three headings (a) Knowledge and understanding (b) skills and (c) Attitudes.

(A) KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING:

The graduate should acquire the following during the period of training.

1. Adequate knowledge of the scientific foundations on which dentistry is based and good understanding of various relevant scientific methods, principles of biological functions and be able to evaluate and analyse scientifically various established facts and data.
2. Adequate knowledge of the development, structure and function of the teeth, mouth and jaws and associated tissues both in health and disease and their relationship and effect on general state of health and also bearing on physical and social well being of the patient.
3. Adequate knowledge of clinical disciplines and methods which provide a coherent picture of anomalies, lesions and diseases of the teeth, mouth and jaws and preventive diagnostic and therapeutic aspects of dentistry.
4. Adequate clinical experience required for general dental practice.
5. Adequate knowledge of the constitution, biological function and behaviour of persons in health and sickness as well as the influence of the natural and social environment on the state of health in so far as it affect dentistry.

(B) SKILLS:

A graduate should be able to demonstrate the following skills necessary for practice of dentistry.

1. Able to diagnose and manage various common dental problems encountered in general dental practice keeping in mind the expectations and the right of the society to receive the best possible treatment available wherever possible.
2. Acquire the skill to prevent and manage complications if encountered while carrying out various surgical and other procedures.
3. Possess skill to carry out certain investigative procedures and ability to interpret laboratory findings.
4. Promote oral health and help prevent oral diseases where possible.
5. Competent in the control of pain and anxiety among the patients during dental treatment.

(C) ATTITUDES:

A graduate should develop during the training period the following attitudes.

1. Willing to apply the current knowledge of dentistry in the best interest of the patients and the community.
2. Maintain a high standard of professional ethics and conduct and apply these in all aspects of professional life.
3. Seek to improve awareness and provide possible solutions for oral health problems and needs through out the community.
4. Willingness to participate in the CPED Programmes to update the knowledge and professional skill from time to time.
5. To help and participate in the implementation of the national oral health policy.

RECOMMENDATIONS

GENERAL:

1. The undergraduate course involves organisation of teaching programmes year-wise. However, this course, as a whole, should demonstrate integration of the basic sciences, clinical dentistry and practical or the laboratory skills. The course should be designed and integrated in such a way to permit smooth progression from pre-clinical to clinical phase. Collaboration should be encouraged between teachers of basic sciences, dental sciences and clinical subjects.
2. The undergraduate dental course consists of three main components. The first component consists subjects common to medicine and dentistry like anatomy, physiology, biochemistry and behavioural science, leading to pharmacology, pathology, microbiology and then on to general medicine and general surgery. The second component runs concurrently with the first and deals with special aspects of oral and dental tissues, oral biology and oral pathology. Finally, the third component based on the foundations of the first two, deals with the clinical and technical aspects of dentistry as is required for general dental practice.
3. The first component of the course is intended to provide initially, an appreciation of normal human structure, development, function and behaviour, leading to understanding of the diseases, its prevention and treatment. The main objective is to provide the student a broad knowledge of the normal structures and functions of the body, the alterations which take place in disease with particular reference to those conditions in which medical and dental co-operation is essential for proper management. At this stage, the student should also be made aware of the social and psychological aspects of patient care with special reference to the relationship between dentist and patient. The behavioural sciences including both sociology and psychology should be introduced at the initial stages of the training programme, much before the students actually deal with the patients.
4. The second component of dental undergraduate programme consists instruction in the subjects dealing with dental and oral aspects to ensure a detailed knowledge of the structure and function of the dental and oral tissues. This enables the student to diagnose, prevent and treat the dental and oral diseases and disorders which were not included in the first component. The subject of oral biology is to be introduced at this level to provide the students a comprehensive knowledge and application of oral physiology, microbiology, biochemistry and oral immunology. Students should be exposed to the basic aspects of forensic odontology at this stage of the course along with oral biology/oral pathology.
5. The third component of the course comprising the clinical and technical aspects of dentistry actually prepares the student to undertake total oral and dental health care of the patients of all ages. The emphasis at this stage should be on the prevention of the various dental diseases and how to preserve natural teeth with their supporting structures. The importance of the various preventive methods need to be stressed. The significance of diagnosis of various dental and oral problems needs to be emphasized along with treatment planning before actual treatment procedures are undertaken.

In addition to acquiring the knowledge, the students need to gain adequate clinical hands-on-experience in extractions and other minor oral surgical procedures, all aspects of conservative dentistry, endodontics, crown and bridge, provision of partial and complete dentures, various periodontal therapeutic procedures and use of removable orthodontic appliances. Familiarity with various radiological techniques, particularly intra-oral methods and proper interpretation of the radiographs, is an essential part of this component of training and has application in clinical diagnosis, forensic identification and age estimation.

Towards the final stage of the clinical training, each student should be involved in comprehensive oral health care or holistic approach to enable them to plan and treat patients as a whole, instead of piece-meal treatment provided in each speciality. The Dental Council of India strongly recommends that all the dental colleges should provide facilities and required infrastructure for this purpose.

The aim of the undergraduate programme should undoubtedly be to produce a graduate, competent in general dental practice.

6. The commitment towards the society as a whole, needs to be stressed along with the knowledge and treatment skills gained. Instruction in public health dentistry should emphasise the sociological aspects of health care particularly, oral health care, including the reasons for the

variation in oral and dental needs of different sections of the society. It is important to know the influence of the social, behavioural, environmental and economic factors on oral and dental health. Students should be made aware of the National oral health Policy and the importance of being a member of the Health care team delivering medical and oral health care particularly among rural population.

7. Scientific advancement of any profession is based largely on continuous research activities. Dentistry is no exception. It is important that in every dental college proper facilities should be provided for research and the faculty members should involve themselves in such activities. Inter-disciplinary research should be encouraged to bring in integration among various specialities. The teaching and training methodology should be such that the students are motivated to think and indulge in self study rather than playing a passive role. Provision should be made in the daily schedules for adequate time for reading. Proper library facilities with adequate timings and seating capacity should be made available in all dental colleges. Adequate audio visual aids, like video tapes, computer assisted learning aids, Medline and internet facilities should be provided in all dental colleges to encourage self-study. Students should be encouraged to participate in simple research project work and the system of electives, spending some stipulated amount of time in another dental college within the country or outside should be given a serious consideration by all the dental institutions.
8. The society has a right to expect high standards and quality of treatment. Hence, it is mandatory and a social obligation for each dental surgeon to upgrade his or her knowledge and professional skills from time to time. The Dental Council of India strongly recommends that facilities and proper infrastructure should be developed to conduct the continuous professional education programmes in dentistry to enable the practitioners to update their knowledge and skills. The Council is of the opinion that the dental colleges by virtue of their infrastructural facilities will be ideal to conduct such courses and recommends establishment of a Department of continuing dental education in each of the dental colleges. In addition, the practitioners should be encouraged to attend conferences of state and national level, workshops, seminars and any other such activity which the Council feels is suitable to upgrade the knowledge and skills.
9. The undergraduate curriculum should stress the significance of infection and cross-infection control in dental practice. Aspects like sources of infection, measures to be adopted both general and specific for control particularly the HIV and hepatitis should be properly incorporated into the curriculum so that the graduates are aware of its significance and follow it in their practice.
10. The information technology has touched every aspect of an individual's personal and professional life. The Council hence recommends that all undergraduates acquire minimum computer proficiency which will enable them to enhance their professional knowledge and skills.

RECOMMENDATIONS

SPECIFIC:

1. The undergraduate dental training programme leading to B.D.S. degree shall be a minimum of five years duration. During this period, the students shall be required to engage in full time study at a dental college recognized or approved by the Dental Council of India.

During the five years undergraduate course, the instruction in clinical subjects should be at least for three years

2. Basic Medical & Dental Subjects:

The basic medical and dental sciences comprise anatomy gross and microscopic, physiology, biochemistry, pharmacology, oral biology and science of dental materials. Subjects like behavioural sciences, which is useful to develop communication skills, should also be introduced in the first year itself and spread over the undergraduate course. An introduction to Public Health Dentistry & Preventive Dentistry also will be useful to develop the concept of commitment to community. The laboratory skills to be developed by the students like pre-clinical Prosthodontics, Crown Bridge, Aesthetic Dentistry and Oral Implantology exercises and studying dental morphology also is a part of initial training. The instruction in the above medical and dental sciences shall be for two years duration. At the end of this period the student should be in a position to understand and comprehend in general the development, structure and function of the human body in both health and disease.

3. The instruction in basic dental sciences should include theoretical and practical aspects of oral anatomy and physiology, to provide a detailed knowledge of the form and structure of teeth associated tissues and occlusal relationships.

The study should also aim at development of a concept regarding physiological and biochemical processes relevant to oral cavity for better understanding of the changes which occur with the onset of disease in the oral cavity.

The student should be made aware of the importance of various dental tissues in forensic investigation.

4. Clinical, Medical and Dental subjects:

The students should be introduced to clinics in the initial stage, preferably in the first year, as an observer to familiarise with clinical set-up and working. The period of instruction in the clinical subjects shall be not less than three years full time. During this, the student shall attend a dental hospital, general hospital, community camps and satellite clinics, in order to obtain instruction and experience in the practice of dentistry. The main objective of training in clinical dental subjects is to produce a graduate able and competent to recognize or diagnose various dental and oral diseases, to undertake general dental treatment, advise on the provision of specialized treatment available and finally advise the patient on prevention. The student should also understand the relationship between oral and systemic diseases.

5. The general medicine and surgery training should provide sufficient knowledge on human disease to enable the student to understand its manifestations as relevant to the practice of dentistry. This requires clinical teaching on patients and shall be carried out in in-patient and outpatient medical departments and specialist clinics.

This clinical instruction should enable the student to understand and perhaps diagnose common systemic diseases which have relevance to dental practice, by adopting a systematic approach of history taking and clinical examination. The student should also realize the significance of various general and special investigations in the diagnosis of diseases. The ability to recognize physical and mental illness, dealing with emergencies, effective communication with patients, interaction with various professional colleges also become important aspects of this training.

6. The Dental Council of India considers it important for all dental students to receive instruction in first-aid and principles of cardio-pulmonary resuscitation. It is also desirable that the student spend time in an accident and emergency department of a general hospital.

7. The purpose of the clinical training is to provide sufficient practical skill in all aspects of clinical dentistry. The instruction should also include patient management skills, treatment of patients of all ages with special reference to children (paediatric), very elderly (geriatric), medically compromised and disabled patients.

8. During the three years clinical course, the students should receive thorough instruction which involves history taking, diagnosis and treatment planning in all aspects of dentistry and should be competent on graduation to carry out all routine general procedures.

In Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery and Oral Implantology, instruction should include the knowledge of various maxillofacial problems like injuries, infections and deformities of the jaws and associated structures. The clinical experience should include those procedures commonly undertaken in general practice like extraction of teeth, minor oral surgical procedure etc.

In Conservative, Endodontics & Aesthetic Dentistry, Prosthodontics, Crown Bridge, Aesthetic Dentistry and Oral Implantology and Periodontology and Oral Implantology students should be competent on graduation to carry out routine treatment like restorations of various kinds, endodontic procedures, removable and fixed prosthodontics, concept of osseointegration and finally various kinds of periodontal therapy. In addition, students should be aware of their limitations on graduation, need to refer patients for consultant opinion and/or treatment and also the need for postgraduate and continuous education programmes.

In Orthodontics & Dento Facial Orthopedics, students should carry out simple appliance therapy for patients. Students should also be able to appreciate the role of dentofacial growth in the development and treatment of malocclusion.

In Paediatric dentistry, the students should concentrate on clinical management, efficacy of preventive measures, treatment needs particularly for children with disabilities. In oral medicine and oral diagnosis, the student should receive instruction in various lesions, occurring in the oral cavity with particular reference to oral cancer.

9. The successful control and management of pain is an integral part of dental practice. Upon graduation the students should be competent to administer all forms of local anaesthesia. The value of behavioural methods of anxiety management should be emphasised. The students should also have the practical experience in the administration of intra-muscular and intravenous injections. Knowledge of pain mechanisms and strategies to control post-operative pain is essential for practice of dentistry.

10. All students should receive instructions and gain practical experience in taking processing and interpretation of various types of intra and extra oral radiographs. They should be aware of the hazards of radiation and proper protective measures from radiation for the patient, operator and other staff.

11. Instruction should be given in dental jurisprudence, legal and ethical obligations of dental practitioners and the constitution and functions of Dental Council of India.
12. Infection and cross infection control assume significance in dental practice. The students should be made aware of the potential risk of transmission in the dental surgery, various infectious diseases particularly HIV and hepatitis. The students should be aware of their professional responsibility for the protection of the patients, themselves and their staff and the requirements of the health and safety regulations.
13. In the recent times, the subjects of esthetic dentistry, oral implantology, behavioural sciences and forensic odontology have assumed great significance. Hence, the Council recommends that these four specialities should be incorporated into the undergraduate curriculum. The instruction and clinical training in aesthetic dentistry shall be carried out by the departments of Conservative, Endodontics & Aesthetic Dentistry and prosthodontics, Crown Bridge, Aesthetic Dentistry and Oral Implantology. Similarly, the instruction and clinical training in oral implantology shall be done by the departments of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery, Prosthodontics, Crown Bridge, Aesthetic Dentistry and Oral Implantology and Periodontology and Oral Implantology. The instruction in behavioural sciences should ideally commence before the students come in contact with the patients and shall be carried out by the departments of Public Health Dentistry & Preventive Dentistry and Pedodontics & Preventive Dentistry. Forensic Odontology will be a part of Oral Pathology & Oral Microbiology and Oral Medicine and Radiology.

COMPETENCIES

At the completion of the undergraduate training programme the graduates shall be competent in the following.-

General Skills

- Apply knowledge & skills in day to day practice
- Apply principles of ethics
- Analyze the outcome of treatment
- Evaluate the scientific literature and information to decide the treatment
- Participate and involve in professional bodies
- Self assessment & willingness to update the knowledge & skills from time to time
- Involvement in simple research projects
- Minimum computer proficiency to enhance knowledge and skills
- Refer patients for consultation and specialized treatment
- Basic study of forensic odontology and geriatric dental problems

Practice Management

- Evaluate practice location, population dynamics & reimbursement mechanism
- Co-ordinate & supervise the activities of allied dental health personnel
- Maintain all records
- Implement & monitor infection control and environmental safety programs
- Practice within the scope of one's competence

Communication & Community Resources

- Assess patients goals, values and concerns to establish rapport and guide patient care
- Able to communicate freely, orally and in writing with all concerned
- Participate in improving the oral health of the individuals through community activities.

Patient Care – Diagnosis

- Obtaining patient's history in a methodical way
- Performing thorough clinical examination
- Selection and interpretation of clinical, radiological and other diagnostic information
- Obtaining appropriate consultation
- Arriving at provisional, differential and final diagnosis

Patient Care – Treatment Planning

- Integrate multiple disciplines into an individual comprehensive sequence treatment plan using diagnostic and prognostic information
- Able to order appropriate investigations

Patient Care – Treatment

- Recognition and initial management of medical emergencies that may occur during Dental treatment
- Perform basic cardiac life support
- Management of pain including post operative
- Administration of all forms of local anaesthesia
- Administration of intra muscular and venous injections
- Prescription of drugs, pre operative, prophylactic and therapeutic requirements

Uncomplicated extraction of teeth
 Transalveolar extractions and removal of simple impacted teeth
 Minor oral surgical procedures
 Management of Oro-facial infections
 Simple orthodontic appliance therapy
 Taking, processing and interpretation of various types of intra oral radiographs
 Various kinds of restorative procedures using different materials available
 Simple endodontic procedures
 Removable and fixed prosthodontics
 Various kinds of periodontal therapy

ORAL MEDICINE & RADIOLOGY

- Able to identify precancerous and cancerous lesions of the oral cavity and refer to the concerned speciality for their management
- Should have an adequate knowledge about common laboratory investigations and interpretation of their results.
- Should have adequate knowledge about medical complications that can arise while treating systemically compromised patients and take prior precautions/ consent from the concerned medical specialist.
- Have adequate knowledge about radiation health hazards, radiations safety and protection.
- Competent to take intra-oral radiographs and interpret the radiographic findings
- Gain adequate knowledge of various extra-oral radiographic procedures, TMJ radiography and sialography.
- Be aware of the importance of intra- and extra-oral radiographs in forensic identification and age estimation
- Should be familiar with jurisprudence, ethics and understand the significance of dental records with respect to law

PAEDIATRIC & PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

- Able to instill a positive attitude and behaviour in children towards oral health and understand the principles of prevention and preventive dentistry right from birth to adolescence.
- Able to guide and counsel the parents in regards to various treatment modalities including different facets of preventive dentistry.
- Able to treat dental diseases occurring in child patient.
- Able to manage the physically and mentally challenged disabled children effectively and efficiently, tailored to the needs of individual requirement and conditions.

ORTHODONTICS & DENTOFACIAL ORTHOPAEDICS

- Understand about normal growth and development of facial skeleton and dentition.
- Pinpoint aberrations in growth process both dental and skeletal and plan necessary treatment
- Diagnose the various malocclusion categories
- Able to motivate and explain to the patient (and parent) about the necessity of treatment
- Plan and execute preventive orthodontics (space maintainers or space regainers)
- Plan and execute interceptive orthodontics (habit breaking appliances)
- Manage treatment of simple malocclusion such as anterior spacing using removable appliances
- Handle delivery and activation of removable orthodontic appliances
- Diagnose and appropriately refer patients with complex malocclusion to the specialist

PERIODONTOLOGY

- Diagnose the patients periodontal problem, plan and perform appropriate periodontal treatment
- Competent to educate and motivate the patient
- Competent to perform thorough oral prophylaxis, subgingival scaling, root planning and minor periodontal surgical procedures
- Give proper post treatment instructions and do periodic recall and evaluation
- Familiar with concepts of osseointegration and basic surgical aspects of implantology

PROSTHODONTICS AND CROWN & BRIDGE

- Able to understand and use various dental materials
- Competent to carry out treatment of conventional complete and partial removable dentures and fabricate fixed partial dentures
- Able to carry out treatment of routine prosthodontic procedures.
- Familiar with the concept of osseointegration and the value of implant-supported Prosthodontic procedures

CONSERVATIVE DENTISTRY AND ENDODONTICS

- Competent to diagnose all carious lesions
- Competent to perform Class I and Class II cavities and their restoration with amalgam
- Restore class V and Class III cavities with glass ionomer cement
- Able to diagnose and appropriately treat pulpally involved teeth (pulp capping procedures)
- Able to perform RCT for anterior teeth
- Competent to carry out small composite restorations
- Understand the principles of aesthetic dental procedures

ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY

- Able to apply the knowledge gained in the basic medical and clinical subjects in the management of patients with surgical problems
- Able to diagnose, manage and treat patients with basic oral surgical problems
- Have a broad knowledge of maxillofacial surgery and oral implantology
- Should be familiar with legal, ethical and moral issues pertaining to the patient care and communication skills
- Should have acquired the skill to examine any patient with an oral surgical problem in an orderly manner
- Understand and practice the basic principles of asepsis and sterilisation
- Should be competent in the extraction of the teeth under both local and general anaesthesia
- Competent to carry out certain minor oral surgical procedure under LA liketrans-alveolar extraction, frenectomy, dento alveolar procedures, simple impaction, biopsy, etc.
- Competent to assess, prevent and manage common complications that arise during and after minor oral surgery
- Able to provide primary care and manage medical emergencies in the dental office
- Familiar with the management of major oral surgical problems and principles involved in the in-patient management

PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY

- Apply the principles of health promotion and disease prevention
- Have knowledge of the organization and provision of health care in community and in the hospital service
- Have knowledge of the prevalence of common dental conditions in India.
- Have knowledge of community based preventive measures
- Have knowledge of the social, cultural and env. Factors which contribute to health or illness.
- Administer and hygiene instructions, topical fluoride therapy and fissure sealing.
- Educate patients concerning the aetiology and prevention of oral disease and encourage them to assure responsibility for their oral health.

MINIMUM WORKING HOURS FOR EACH SUBJECT OF STUDY
(B.D.S COURSE)

The following has been substituted in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on **25th August,2011** in the Gazette of India and the same is as under:-

Subjects	Lecture Hours	Practical Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
General Human Anatomy Including Embryology, Osteology and Histology.	100	175		275
General Human Physiology	120	60		180
Biochemistry	70	60		130
Dental Materials	80	240		320
Dental Anatomy Embryology, and Oral Histology	105	250		355
Dental Pharmacology & Therapeutics	70	20		90
General Pathology	55	55		110
Microbiology	65	50		115
General Medicine	60		9	150
General Surgery	60		90	150
Oral Pathology & Microbiology	145	130		275
Oral Medicine & Radiology	65		200	265
Paediatric & Preventive Dentistry	65		200	265
Orthodontics & dental orthopaedics	50		200	250
Periodontology	80		200	280
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery	70		360	430
Conservative Dentistry & Endodontics	135	200	460	795
Prosthodontics & Crown & Bridge	135	300	460	895
Public Health Dentistry	60		290	350
Total	1590	1540	2550	5680

Note:

There should be a minimum of 240 teaching days every year consisting of 8 working hours including one hour of lunch break.

Subjects	Lecture Hours	Practical Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
General Human Anatomy Including Embryology, Osteology and Histology.	100	175		275
General Human Physiology	120	60		180
Biochemistry	70	60		130
Dental Materials	80	240		320
Dental Anatomy Embryology, and Oral Histology	105	250		355
Dental Pharmacology & Therapeutics	70	20		90
General Pathology Microbiology	55	55		110
	65	50		115
General Medicine	60		9	150
General Surgery	60		90	150
Oral Pathology & Microbiology	145	130		275
Oral Medicine & Radiology	65		170	235
Paediatric & Preventive Dentistry	65		170	235
Orthodontics & dental orthopaedics	50		170	220
Periodontology	80		170	250
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery	70		270	340
Conservative Dentistry & Endodontics	135	200	370	705
Prosthodontics & Crown & Bridge	135	300	370	805
Public Health Dentistry including Lectures on Tobacco Control & Habit Cessation	60		200	260
Total	1590	1540	1989	5200

Note:

There should be a minimum of 240 teaching days each academic year consisting of 8 working hours, including one hour of lunch break.

Internship – 240x8 hours-1920 clinical hours

MINIMUM WORKING HOURS FOR EACH SUBJECT OF STUDY
(B.D.S COURSE)

I B.D.S

Subject	Lecture Hours	Practical Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
General Human Anatomy Including Embryology, Osteology and Histology	100	175		275
General Human Physiology	120	60		180
Biochemistry.	70	60		130
Dental Anatomy Embryology, and Oral Histology	105	250		355
Dental Materials	20	40		60
Pre clinical Prosthodontics & Crown & Bridge	-	100		100
Total	415	685		1100

II B.D.S

Subject	Lecture Hours	Practical Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
General & Dental Pharmacology and therapeutics	70	20		90
General Pathology	55	55		110
Microbiolog	65	50		115
Dental Materials	60	200		260
Oral Pathology and Oral Microbiology	25	50		75
Pre Clinical Prosthodontics & Crown & Bridge	25	200		225
Pre Clinical Conservative Dentistry	25	200		225
Total	325	775		1100

III B.D.S

Subject	Lecture Hours	Practical Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
General Medicine	60		90	150
General Surgery	60		90	150
Oral Pathology and Oral Microbiology	120	80		200
Oral Medicine and Radiology	20		70	90
Paediatric and Preventive Dentistry	20		70	90
Orthodontics & Dentofacial Orthopaedics	20		70	90
Periodontology	30		70	100
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery.	20		70	90
Conservative Dentistry & Endodontics.	30		70	100
Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge	30		70	100
Total	410		750	1160

IV B.D.S

The following has been substituted in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on **25th August,2011** in the Gazette of India and the same is as under:-

Subject	Lecture Hours	Practical Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
Oral Medicine and Radiology	45		130	175
Paediatric and Preventive Dentistry	45		130	175
Orthodontics & Dentofacial Orthopaedics	30		130	160
Periodontology	50		130	180
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery.	20		90	110
Conservative Dentistry & Endodontics.	30		90	120
Prostodontics and Crown & Bridge	30		90	120
Public Health Dentistry	30		90	120
Total	280		880	1160

Subjects	Lecture Hours	Practical Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
Prosthodontics	80		300	380
Oral Medicine	45		100	145
Periodontics	50		100	150
Public Health	60		200	260
Conservative Dentistry	80		300	380
Oral Surgery	50		200	250
Orthodontics	30		100	130
Pedodontics	45		100	145
Total	440		1400	1840

Provided that nothing contained in the provision of this regulations or statue or rules, regulations or guidance or notifications of the concerned university, or any other law for the time being in force shall prevent any student pursuing his/her 4th year BDS Course who fails in any one or more subjects of 1st semester will carry over those subjects to the 2nd Semester and will appear in those subjects together with the subjects of the 2nd semester. A pass in all the eight subjects is mandatory for completion of the 4th BDS Course before undergoing internship programme.

The following teaching Hours as prescribed for "V BDS" Course has been deleted in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on **25th August,2011** in the Gazette of India.

V B.D.S

Subject	Lecture Hours	Practical Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery.	30		200	230

Conservative Dentistry & Endodontics.	50		300	350
Prostodontics and Crown & Bridge	50		300	350
Public Health Dentistry	30		200	230
Total	160		1000	1160

The following has been substituted only for Punjab and Andhra Pradesh in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on **25th August,2011** in the Gazette of India

Only 2007 batch (Punjab & Andhra Pradesh) will have to follow the existing 5th year only programme.

Thereafter this 3rd amendment will be applicable.

Provided the concerned University follows the proposed amendment.

Note:

The following footnote has been modified/deleted as under in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on **25th August,2011** in the Gazette of India:-

- * Behavioral Sciences Classes shall commence in 1st Year.
- * Forensic odontology shall be covered in the department of Oral pathology and Oral Medicine during 3rd Year.
- * Esthetic Dentistry shall be covered in the Departments of Conservative Dentistry and Prosthodontics during 4th & 5th Year.
- * Oral Implantology shall be covered in the Department of Maxillofacial Surgery, Prosthodontics & Crown & Bridge and Periodontology during 4th & 5th Years.
- * Ethics and dental jurisprudence shall be covered in Public Health Dentistry in 4th and 5th years.
- * Electives / Research work should be encouraged during the 5th Year lasting for a period of atleast one month to be spent in a different dental institution in India / overseas.
- * ~~All the institutions shall compulsorily make arrangements for Comprehensive oral health care training for atleast 3 months during 5th Year. The department of Public Health Dentistry may be utilised in case, the institution does not have separate department for this purpose. Qualified faculty members from the departments of Prosthodontics, Conservative and periodontics should guide the students along with faculty of Public Health Dentistry Department.~~
- * The minimum working hours indicated each year of study does not include one month mid year vacation and one month of university examination.

It is the prerogative of the Dental Council of India to conduct inspections, at any of the colleges, at any time during the calendar year for inspecting whether the colleges are following the internship norms as laid down by DCI.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

1. **Human Anatomy, Embryology, Histology & Medical Genetics**
 1. SNELL (Richard S.) Clinical Anatomy for Medical Students, Ed. 5, Little Brown & company, Boston.
 2. RJ LAST'S Anatomy – McMinn, 9th edition.
 3. ROMANES(G.J.) Cunningham Manual of Practical Anatomy : Head & Neck & Brain Ed.15.Vol.III, Oxford Medical publication.
 4. WHEATER,BURKITT & DANIELS, Functional Histology, Ed. 2, Churchill Livingstone.
 5. SADLER , LANGMAN'S, Medical Embryology, Ed. 6.
 6. JAMES E ANDERSON, Grant's Atlas of Anatomy. Williams & Wilkins.
 7. WILLIAMS, Gray's Anatomy, Ed.38. ,Churchill Livingstone.
 8. EMERY,Medical Genetics.
2. **Physiology**
 1. Guyton; Text book of Physiology, 9th edition.
 2. Ganong; Review of Medical Physiology, 19th edition
 3. Vander; Human physiology, 5th edition
 4. Choudhari; Concise Medical Physiology, 2nd edition
 5. Chatterjee; Human Physiology, 10th edition
 6. A.K. Jain; Human Physiology for BDS students, 1st edition
 7. Berne & Levey; Physiology, 2nd edition
 8. West-Best & Taylor's, Physiological basis of Medical Practise, 11th edition

EXPERIMENTAL PHYSIOLOGY:

1. Rannade; Practical Physiology, 4th edition
2. Ghai; a text book of practical physiology
3. Hutchison's; Clinical Methods, 20th edition

3. Biochemistry

1. Concise text book of Biochemistry (3rd edition) 2001, T.N. Pattabiraman
2. Nutritional Biochemistry 1995, S. Ramakrishnan and S.V. Rao
3. Lecture notes in Biochemistry 1984, J.K. Kandlish

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Text book of Biochemistry with clinical correlations 1997, T.N. Devlin
2. Harper's Biochemistry, 1996., R.K. Murray et.al
Basic and applied Dental Biochemistry, 1979, R.A.D. Williams & J.C.Elliot

4. Dental Anatomy, Embryology and Oral Histology

1. Orban's Oral Histology & Embryology - S.N. Bhaskar
2. Oral Development & Histology - James & Avery
3. Wheeler's Dental Anatomy, Physiology & Occlusion - Major M. Ash
4. Dental Anatomy - its relevance to dentistry - Woelfel & Scheid
5. Applied Physiology of the mouth - Lavelle
6. Physiology & Biochemistry of the mouth - Jenkins

5. General Pathology

1. Robbins – Pathologic Basis of Disease Cotran, Kumar, Robbins
2. Anderson's Pathology Vol 1 & 2 Editors – Ivan Damjanov & James Linder
3. Wintrobe's clinical Haematolog Lee, Bithell, Foerster, Athens, Lukens

6. Microbiology

1. Text book of Microbiology – R.Ananthanarayan & C.K.Jayaram Paniker.
2. Medical Microbiology – David Greenwood et al.
3. Microbiology – Prescott, et al.
4. Microbiology – Bernard D. Davis , et al.
5. Clinical & Pathogenic Microbiology – Barbara J Howard, et al.
6. Mechanisms of Microbial diseases – Moselio Schaechter, et al.
7. Immunology an Introduction – Tizard
8. Immunology 3rd edition – Evan Roitt , et al.

7. Dental Materials

1. Phillips Science of Dental Materials – 10th edn.- Kenneth J. Anusavice
2. Restorative Dental Materials - 10 edn. Robert G.Craig
3. Notes on Dental Materials - E.C. Combe
4. Prep. Manual for undergraduates – Dental Materials – Dr. M.S. Koudi & Dr. SanjayGouda B. Patil

8. General and dental pharmacology and therapeutics

1. R.S.Satoskar, Kale Bhandarkar's Pharmacology and Pharmacolherapeutics, 10th Edition, Bombay Popular Prakashan 1991.
2. Bertam G Katzung, Basic and Clinical pharmacology 6th ed. Appleton & Lange 1997
3. Lauerence D.R. Clinical Pharmacology 8th ed. Churchill Livingstone 1997
4. Satoskar R.S. & Bhandarkar S.D., Pharmacology and Pharmaco Therapeutics part I & part ii, 13th Popular Prakashan Bombay 1993
5. Tripathi K.D., Essentials of Medical Pharmacology 4th ed Jaypee Brothers 1999.

9. General Medicine

Textbook of Medicine Davidson
Textbook of Medicine Hutchinson

10. General Surgery

Short practice of Surgery Baily & Love

11. Oral Pathology & Oral Microbiology

1. A Text Book of Oral Pathology Shafer, Hine & Levy
2. Oral Pathology - Clinical Pathologic correlations Regezi & Sciubba.
3. Oral Pathology Soames & Southam.
4. Oral Pathology in the Tropics Prabhu, Wilson, Johnson & Daftary

12. Public Health Dentistry

1. Dentistry Dental Practice and Community by David F. Striffler and Brain A. Burt, Edn. – 1983, W. B. Saunders Company
2. Principles of Dental Public Health by James Morse Dunning, IVth Edition, 1986, Harward University Press.

3. Dental Public Health and Community Dentistry Ed by Anthony Jong Publication by The C. V. Mosby Company 1981
4. Community Oral Health-A system approach by Patricia P. Cormier and Joyce I. Levy published by Appleton-Century-Crofts/ New York, 1981
5. Community Dentistry-A problem oriented approach by P. C. Dental Hand book series Vol.8 by Stephen L. Silverman and Ames F. Tryon, Series editor-Alvin F. Gardner, PSG Publishing company Inc. Littleton Massachuseltts, 1980.
6. Dental Public Health- An Introduction to Community Dentistry. Edition by Geoffrey L. Slack and Brain Burt, Published by John Wriqth and sons Bristol, 1980
7. Oral Health Surveys- Basic Methods, 4th edition, 1997, published by W. H. O. Geneva available at the regional office New Delhi.
8. Preventive Medicine and Hygiene-By Maxcy and Rosenau, published by Appleton Century Crofts, 1986.
9. Preventive Dentistry-by J. O. Forrest published by John Wright and sons Bristol, 1980.
10. Preventive Dentistry by Murray, 1997.
11. Text Book of Preventive and Social Medicine by Park and park, 14th edition.
12. Community Dentistry by Dr. Soben Peter.
13. Introduction to Bio-statistics by B. K. Mahajan
14. Introduction to Statistical Methods by Grewal

13. Paediatric and Preventive Dentistry

1. Pediatric Dentistry (Infancy through Adolescences) – Pinkham.
2. Clinical Use of Fluorides – Stephen H. Wei.
3. Understanding of Dental Caries – Niki Foruk.
4. Handbook of Clinical Pedodontics – Kenneth. D.
5. Dentistry for the Child and Adolescence – Mc. Donald.
6. Pediatric Dentistry – Damle S. G.
7. Behaviour Management – Wright
8. Traumatic Injuries – Andreason.
9. Textbook of Pedodontics – Dr. Shobha Tandon

14. Oral Medicine and Radiology

- a) Oral Diagnosis, Oral Medicine & Oral Pathology
 1. Burkit – Oral Medicine – J.B. Lippincott Company
 2. Coleman – Principles of Oral Diagnosis – Mosby Year Book
 3. Jones – Oral Manifestations of Systemic Diseases – W.B. Saunders company
 4. Mitchell – Oral Diagnosis & Oral Medicine
 5. Kerr – Oral Diagnosis
 6. Miller – Oral Diagnosis & Treatment
 7. Hutchinson – clinical Methods
 8. Oral Pathology – Shafers
 9. Sonis.S.T., Fazio.R.C. and Fang.L - Principles and practice of Oral Medicine
- b) Oral Radiology
 1. White & Goaz – Oral Radiology – Mosby year Book
 2. Weahrman – Dental Radiology – C.V. Mosby Company
 3. Stafne – Oral Roentgenographic Diagnosis – W.B.Saunders Co.,
- c) Forensic Odontology
 1. Derek H.Clark – Practical Forensic Odontology - Butterworth-Heinemann (1992)
 2. C Michael Bowers, Gary Bell – Manual of Forensic Odontology - Forensic Pr (1995)

15. Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopedics

1. Contemporary Orthodontics William R. Proffit
2. Orthodontics For Dental Students White And Gardiner
3. Handbook Of Orthodontics Moyers
4. Orthodontics - Principles And Practice Graber
5. Design, Construction And Use Of Removable Orthodontic Appliances C. Philip Adams
6. Clinical Orthodontics: Vol1 & 2 Salzman

16. Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery

1. Impacted teeth; Alling John F & etal.
2. Principles of oral and maxillofacial surgery; Vol.1,2 & 3 Peterson LJ & etal.
3. Handbook of medical emergencies in the dental office, Malamed SF.
4. Killeys Fractures of the mandible; Banks P.
5. Killeys fractures of the middle 3rd of the facial skeleton; Banks P.
6. Killey and Kays outline of oral surgery – Part-1; Seward GR & etal
7. Essentials of safe dentistry for the medically compromised patients; Mc Carthy FM
8. Extraction of teeth;Howe, GL
9. Minor Oral Surgery; Howe.GL

17. Prosthodontics, Crown & Bridge

1. Syllabus of Complete denture by – Charles M. Heartwell Jr. and Arthur O. Rahn.

2. Boucher's "Prosthodontic treatment for edentulous patients"
3. Essentials of complete denture prosthodontics by – Sheldon Winkler.
4. Maxillofacial prosthetics by – Willam R.Laney.
5. McCracken's Removable partial prosthodontics
6. Removable partial prosthodontics by – Ernest L. Miller and Joseph E. Grasso.

18. Periodontology

1. Glickman's Clinical Periodontology – Carranza

REFERENCE BOOKS :

1. Essentials of Periodontology and Periodontics – Torquil MacPhee
2. Contemporary Periodontics – Cohen
3. Periodontal therapy – Goldman
4. Orbans' Periodontics – Orban
5. Oral Health Survey – W.H.O.
6. Preventive Periodontics – Young and Stiffler
7. Public Health Dentistry – Slack
8. Advanced Periodontal Disease – John Prichard
9. Preventive Dentistry – Forrest
10. Clinical Periodontology – Jan Lindhe
11. Periodontics – Baer & Morris.

19. Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics

1. Esthetic guidelines for restorative dentistry; Scharer & others
2. Esthetics of anterior fixed prosthodontics; Chiche (GJ) & Pinault (Alain)
3. Esthetic & the treatment of facial form, Vol 28; Mc Namara (JA)

20. Aesthetic Dentistry

1. Aesthetic guidelines for restorative dentistry; Scharer & others
2. Esthetics of anterior fixed prosthodontics; Chiche (GJ) & Pinault (Alain)
3. Aesthetic & the treatment of facial form, Vol 28; Mc Namara (JA)

21. Forensic Odontology

1. Practical Forensic odontology – Derek Clark

22. Oral Implantology

1. Contemporary Implant Dentistry - Carl .E. Misch Mosby 1993 First Edition.
2. Osseointegration and Occlusal Rehabilitation Hobo S., Ichida .E. and Garcia L.T. Quintessence Publishing Company, 1989 First Edition.

23. Behavioural Science

1. General psychology -- Hans Raj, Bhatia
2. Behavioural Sciences in Medical practice -- Manju Mehta

24. Ethics

1. Medical Ethics, Francis C.M., I Ed. 1993, Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi p. 189.

Note: 1. Books titles will keep on adding in view of the latest advances in the Dental Sciences.
2. Standard Books from Indian Authors are also recommended.

LIST OF JOURNALS:

1. Journal of Dentistry
2. British Dental Journal
3. International Dental Journal
4. Dental Abstracts
5. Journal of American Dental Association
6. British Journal of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery
7. Oral Surgery, Oral Pathology and Oral Medicine
8. Journal of Periodontology
9. Journal of Endodontics
10. American journal of Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopedics
11. Journal of Prosthetic Dentistry
12. Journal of Public Health Dentistry
13. Endodontics and Dental Traumatology
14. Journal of Dental Education
15. Dental Update
16. Journal of Dental Material

Note : This is the minimum requirement. More journals both Indian and Foreign are recommended for imparting research oriented education.

INFRASTRUCTURE & FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

50 ADMISSIONS

General Facilities:

1. **Administrative block:** 2000 sq.ft.
consisting of –
 - (a) Dean's room,
 - (b) Administrative officer's room
 - (c) Meeting room
 - (d) Office
 - (e) Office stores
 - (f) Pantry etc.
2. **Library:** 4500 sq.ft.
consisting of –
 - (a) Reception & waiting
 - (b) Property counter
 - (c) Issue counter
 - (d) Photocopying area
 - (e) Reading room to accommodate 50% of total students strength.
 - (f) Postgraduates & staff reading room
 - (g) Journal room
 - (h) Audio-visual room
 - (i) Chief librarian room
 - (j) Stores and stocking area.
3. **Lecture halls – 4 :** 3200 sq.ft.
Each hall to accommodate 10% more of admission strength with proper seating arrangement, blackboard, microphone and facilities for slide, overhead and multi-media projection.
4. **Central stores:** 400 sq.ft.
With proper storing facilities like racks, refrigerator, preferably compact storage systems.
5. **Maintenance room:** 600 sq.ft.
Equipped with proper facilities to maintain and repair dental chairs and units and various other equipments in the college and hospital.
6. **Photography and artist room:** 250 sq.ft.
With proper studio facilities for clinical photography, developing, preparation of slides, charts, models etc.
7. **Medical stores:** 200 sq.ft.
Stocked with all the necessary drugs usually prescribed in a dental hospital.
8. **Aminities area:** 2000 sq.ft.
 - (a) Boys' and Girls' locker rooms
 - (b) Boys' and Girls' common rooms
 - (c) Common room for non-teaching staff
 - (d) Common room for teaching staff
 - (e) Change room for men
 - (f) Change room for women
9. **Compressor and room for gas plant:** 200 sq.ft.
Adequate to accommodate required capacity compressors, gas cylinders etc.
10. **Pollution control measures:**
All the dental institutions shall take adequate pollution control measures by providing incineration plant, sewage water treatment plant, landscaping of the campus etc.
11. **Cafeteria:** 800 sq.ft.
With accommodation for 100 people with kitchen, stores, washing area etc.
12. **Examination hall:** 1800 sq.ft.
A separate hall for university and other examination furnished with chairs and individual tables to accommodate 125 students at a time.
13. **Hostels:**
The hostel accommodation shall be provided based on number of admissions for all the boys and girls in the Dental College campus itself. The accommodation may be increased in a phased manner over a period of 4 years.
14. **Staff quarters:**
All the staff members, teaching and non-teaching working in the institution shall be provided adequate accommodation in the 5 acres land earmarked for the college. The staff quarters may be built in a phased manner over a period of 4 years.

15. Play ground:

There shall be facilities for both indoor and out-door games in the premises.

Against Serial No. 17. Auditorium, the word serial No. 17 has been deleted and substituted by 16, in terms of (1st Amendment) notification published on 7th January,2008 in the Gazette of India.

16.17. Auditorium:

To accommodate at least 400 people consisting of –

Proper seating arrangements, reception counter, green rooms, lobby, fitted with sound system, slide and multimedia presentation facility.

Against Serial No. 18. Laboratories, the word serial No. 18 has been deleted and substituted by 17, in terms of (1st Amendment) notification published on 7th January,2008 in the Gazette of India.

17.18. Laboratories :**I. Dental subjects:**

- (a) Pre-clinical Prosthodontics and dental material lab – 1500 sq.ft.
- (b) Pre-clinical conservative lab – 1300 sq.ft.
- (c) Oral biology and oral pathology lab – 1300 sq.ft.
- (d) Laboratory for orthodontics and pedodontics – 800 sq.ft.

II. Medical subjects: (only for independent dental colleges): 4500 sq.ft.

- (a) Anatomy dissection hall with storage for cadavers, osteology, demonstration room etc. Area– 1500 sq.ft.

The following have been added in terms of (1st Amendment) notification published on 7th January,2008 in the Gazette of India.

- (b) One laboratory for physiology and pathology and microbiology with stores and preparation rooms for individual subjects attached to it. Area–1500 sq.ft. **for each subject**
- (c) Laboratory for biochemistry and pharmacology with store and preparation rooms separately for both subjects. Area–1500 sq.ft. **for each subject**

III. Clinical:

- (a) Prosthodontics-Plaster room
Polymers room
Wax room
Casting laboratory
Ceramic lab 1300 sq.ft.
- (b) Conservative Dentistry – Plaster room
Casting & ceramic laboratories ... 300 sq.ft.
- (c) Oral pathology for histopathology ... 400 sq.ft.
- (d) Haematology and clinical biochemistry: a laboratory for routine blood and biochemical investigation and urine analysis ... 200 sq.ft.

Against Serial No. 16. Distilled Water Plant, the word serial No. 16 has been deleted and substituted by 18, in terms of (1st Amendment) notification published on 7th January,2008 in the Gazette of India.

18. 16-Distilled Water Plant

The following have been added after the substituted Serial No. 18 Distilled Water Plant, in terms of (1st Amendment) notification published on 7th January,2008 in the Gazette of India.

“Note: Minimum built up area of the dental college building other than Hostel and Staff Quarters should not be less than 30,000 sq. ft. in 3rd Year as per DCI Regulations, 2006.”

100 ADMISSIONS**General:**

1. **Administrative block:** 3000 sq.ft.
consisting of –
 - (e) Dean’s room,
 - (f) Administrative officer’s room
 - (g) Meeting room
 - (h) Office

- (i) Office stores
 - (j) Pantry etc.
2. **Library:** 8000 sq.ft.
consisting of –
 - (a) Reception & waitingProperty counter
 - (b) Issue counter
 - (c) Photocopying area
 - (d) Reading room to accommodate 50% of total students strength.
 - (e) Postgraduates & staff reading room
 - (f) Journal room
 - (g) Audio-visual room
 - (h) Chief librarian room
 - (i) Stores and stocking area.
 - (j) E-Consortium provision to be provided in the College Library connected with the National Medical Library.
 3. **Lecture halls – 4 :** 6400 sq.ft.
Each hall to accommodate 10% more of admission strength with proper seating arrangement, blackboard, microphone and facilities for slide, overhead and multi-media projection.
 4. **Central stores:** 800 sq.ft.
With proper storing facilities like racks, refrigerator, preferably compact storage systems.
 5. **Maintenance room:** 1000 sq.ft.
Equipped with proper facilities to maintain and repair dental chairs and units and various other equipments in the college and hospital.
 6. **Photography and artist room:** 400 sq.ft.
With proper studio facilities for clinical photography, developing, preparation of slides, charts, models etc.
 7. **Medical stores:** 300 sq.ft.
Stocked with all the necessary drugs usually prescribed in a dental hospital.
 8. **Aminities area:** 3200 sq.ft.
 - (a) Boys' and Girls' locker rooms
 - (b) Boys' and Girls' common rooms
 - (c) Common room for non-teaching staff
 - (d) Common room for teaching staff
 - (e) Change room for men
 - (f) Change room for women
 9. **Compressor and room for gas plant:** 300 sq.ft.
Adequate to accommodate required capacity compressors, gas cylinders etc.
 10. **Pollution control measures:**
All the dental institutions shall take adequate pollution control measures by providing incernation plant, sewage water treatment plant, landscaping of the campus etc.
 11. **Cafeteria:** 1500 sq.ft.
With accommodation for 100 people with kitchen, stores, washing area etc.
 12. **Examination hall:** 3600 sq.ft.
A separate hall for university and other examination furnished with chairs and individual tables to accommodate 250 students at a time.
 13. **Hostels:**
The hostel accommodation shall be provided based on number of admissions for all the boys and girls in the Dental College campus itself. The accommodation may be increased in a phased manner over a period of 4 years.
 14. **Staff quarters:**
All the staff members, teaching and non-teaching working in the institution shall be provided adequate accommodation in the 5 acres land earmarked for the college. The staff quarters may be built in a phased manner over a period of 4 years.
 15. **Play ground:**
There shall be facilities for both indoor and out-door games in the premises.
 16. **Auditorium:**
To accommodate at least 500 people consisting of –
Proper seating arrangements, reception counter, green rooms, lobby, fitted with sound system, slide and multimedia presentation facility.
 17. **Laboratories:**

I. Dental subjects:

- (a) Pre-clinical Prosthodontics and dental material lab – 3000 sq.ft.
- (b) Pre-clinical conservative lab – 2500 sq.ft.
- (c) Oral biology and oral pathology lab – 2500 sq.ft.
- (d) Laboratory for orthodontics and pedodontics – 1500 sq.ft.

II. Medical subjects: (only for independent dental colleges):7500 sq.ft.

- (a) Anatomy dissection hall with storage for cadavers, osteology, demonstration room etc. Area – 2500 sq.ft.

The following have been added in terms of (1st Amendment) notification published on 7th January,2008 in the Gazette of India.

- (b) One laboratory for physiology and pathology and microbiology with stores and preparation rooms for individual subjects attached to it. Area – 2500 sq.ft. **for each subject**
- (c) Laboratory for biochemistry and pharmacology with store and preparation rooms separately for both subjects – 2500 sq.ft. **for each subject**

III. Clinical:

- (a) Prosthodontics - Plaster room
Polymers room
Wax room
Casting laboratory
Ceramic lab 2500 sq.ft.
- (b) Conservative Dentistry – Plaster room
Casting & ceramic laboratories ... 600 sq.ft.
- (c) Oral pathology for histopathology ... 600 sq.ft.
- (d) Haematology and clinical biochemistry: a laboratory for routine blood and biochemical investigation and urine analysis ... 300 sq.ft.

18. **Distilled Water Plant**

The following have been added after the Serial No. 18. Distilled Water Plant, in terms of (1st Amendment) notification published on 7th January,2008 in the Gazette of India.

“Note: Minimum built up are of the dental college building other than Hostels and Staff Quarters should not be less than 60.000 sq. ft. in 1st Year and 1,00,000 sq. ft. in 3rd Year as per DCI Regulations, 2006.”

TEACHING AIDS:

Audiovisual – Adequate number of overhead projectors, slide projectors shall be provided in the lecture halls and seminar rooms attached to various departments. It is also desirable to have an LCD or DLP projector for multimedia presentations.

Computers – The administrative area, clinics, stores and library shall be provided with computers & printers preferably interconnected for better co-ordination.

General Hospital:

The applicant owns and manages a General Hospital of not less than 100 beds as per DCI (Establishment of New Dental Colleges, Opening of New or Higher Course of Study or Training and Increase of Admission Capacity in Dental Colleges) Regulations, 2006 with necessary infrastructure facilities including teaching pre-clinical, para-clinical and allied medical sciences in the campus of the proposed dental college,

or

The proposed dental college is located in the proximity of a Government Medical College or a Medical College recognised by the Medical Council of India and an undertaking of the said Medical College to the effect that it would facilitate training to the students of the proposed dental college in the subjects of Medicine, Surgery and Allied Medical Sciences has been obtained,

or

Where no Medical College is available in the proximity of the proposed dental college, the proposed dental college gets itself tied up at least for 5 years with a Government General Hospital having a provision of at least 100 beds and located within a radius of 10 K.M. of the proposed dental college and the tie-up is extendable till it has its own 100 bedded hospital in the same premises. In such cases, the applicant shall produce evidence that necessary infrastructure facilities including teaching pre-clinical, para-clinical and allied medical sciences are owned by the proposed dental college itself.

A 100 bedded teaching hospital should have a definite out patient departments, in-patient services and 24 hours emergency and critical care services. It should have a medical programme as under:-

I. MEDICAL PROGRAMME

A) Medical & Allied Disciplines

- General Medicine
- General Surgery
- Obstetrics and Gynaecology
- Orthopaedics
- Critical Medicine
- Emergency Medicine
- Otorhino Laryngology
- Paediatrics
- Pathology
- Anaesthesiology
- Blood Bank & Transfusion
- Community Medicine
- Hospital Administration

B) Nursing, Paramedical, Technical and Allied Services

- Dielities and Therapeutics
- Drugs & Pharmacy
- ECG Technology
- Imaging Technology
- Central Sterile Supply department
- Physiotherapy
- Medical Record Sections

C) Engineering & Allied Services

- Fire protection
- Electrical
- Air conditioning/Central heating
- Medical Gases
- Refrigeration
- Central Workshop
- Ambulance Service
- Water Supply
- Sewage Treatment/Disposal and waste disposal cell

D) Administration and Ancillary Services

- General Administration
- Material Management
- Medical Social Worker
- PRO
- Library
- Security

II. FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMME

A) Site

Site should be within 10 k.m. radius of the teaching block of Dental College – a site with high degree of sensitivity to outside noise should not be present. It should be accessible by transport and building should be well ventilated.

B) Category wise Bed Distribution

(i)	General Ward – Medical including allied specialities	30 beds
(ii)	General Ward – Surgical including allied specialities.	30 beds
(iii)	Private Ward (A/C & Non A/C)	9 beds
(iv)	Maternity Ward	15 beds
(v)	Pediatric Ward	6 beds

The intensive care services for medical/surgical intensive care with bed complement of 4 beds (4% of bed strength).

The critical care services for medical/surgical emergencies with bed complement of 6 beds (6% of bed strength).

III. AREA REQUIREMENTS (AS PER BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS)

- Covered area requirement is 20 sq. m. / bed
- Out of the total covered area
- 40% inpatient services
- 35% outpatient services

- 25% department and supportive services

IV. MAN POWER REQUIREMENTS

The consultants in the various departments should have atleast 8 years teaching experience after post graduation.

MEDICAL STAFF

- General Surgery	-	2
- General Medicine	-	2
- Obstetrics & Gynaecology	-	2
- ENT	-	2
- Paediatrics	-	2
- Anaesthesia	-	2
- Orthopaedics	-	2
- Pharmacologist	-	1
- Radiologist	-	1
- G. DMO	-	1
- Community Medicine	-	1
- Hospital Administration	-	1

NURSING STAFF

- Matron	-	1
- Sister in-charge	-	6
- O. T. Nurses	-	6
- General Nurses	-	20
- Labour Room Nurses	-	4

HEALTH STAFF

- Female Health Assistant	-	1
- Extension Educator	-	1
- Paramedical Staff		
- Lab Technician/Blood Bank Tech.-	-	4
- ECG Technician	-	1
- Pharmacist	-	4
- Sr. Radiographer	-	1
- CSSD	-	2
- Medical Records	-	1

ENGINEERING STAFF

- Civil	-	2
- Mechanical	-	2
- Electrical	-	2
- Engineering aid	-	4

OTHER STAFF

- Drivers	-	2
- Carpenter	-	1
- Cooks	-	2
- Barber	-	1
- Class IV including chowkidars	-	55

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

- Office Superintendent	-	1
- Head Clerk	-	1
- Cashier	-	1
- Stenographer	-	1
- U.D.C.	-	2
- L.D.C.	-	4

Satellite Dental Clinics:

All the dental colleges are encouraged to establish atleast one or two satellite centers with all the infrastructural facilities with in 50 kms distance to train and expose students in community oral health care programmes.

Dental Hospital:

The following are the clinical departments in a Dental College.

1. Oral Medicine and Radiology
2. Oral Pathology and Oral Microbiology
3. Public Health Dentistry.
4. Paediatric and Preventive Dentistry
5. Orthodontics & Dental orthopaedics
6. Periodontology
7. Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics.

8. Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery.
9. Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge

Out patients:

Since dentistry being more clinical oriented speciality, the Council desires that all the institutions make efforts to have adequate clinical material for satisfactory training of undergraduate students. There shall be atleast 75 to 100 new patients on an average each day in colleges with 50 admissions and 100 – 150 new patients in colleges with 100 admissions.

Each of the clinical departments should have the following functional areas –

50 ADMISSIONS:

- (a) Reception and waiting room – 200 sq.ft.
- (b) Undergraduate clinic adequate to accommodate the prescribed number of dental chairs and units.
- (c) Sterilization room where central sterilization facilities are not provided – 150 sq.ft.
- (d) Small department stores – 100 sq.ft.
- (e) Seminar room – 200 sq.ft.

Staff rooms :

1. H.O.Ds room - 180 sq.ft.
2. Readers' room - 150 sq.ft.
3. Lecturers' room - 250 sq.ft.

Note: Departments having postgraduate training should provide additional functional requirements as per MDS regulations.

Main reception and dental records section: 800 sq.ft.

100 ADMISSIONS:

- (a) Reception and waiting room – 300 sq.ft.
- (b) Undergraduate clinic adequate to accommodate the prescribed number of dental chairs and units.
- (c) Sterilization room where central sterilization facilities are not provided – 200 sq.ft.
- (d) Small department stores – 100 sq.ft.
- (e) Seminar room – 400 sq.ft.

Staff rooms:

1. H.O.Ds room - 180 sq.ft.
2. Readers' room - 150 sq.ft.
3. Lecturers' room - 300 sq.ft.

Note: Departments having postgraduate training should provide additional functional requirements as per MDS regulations.

Main reception and dental records section: 1500 sq.ft.

There should be adequate area for patients reception, waiting, registration, storage of patients records etc.

Requirement of dental chairs and units:

For 50 admissions - 100
For 100 admissions - 200

Note: Requirement of Dental Chairs for 1st and 2nd BDS will be as per DCI (Establishment of New Dental Colleges, Opening of New or Higher Course of Study or Training and Increase of Admission Capacity in Dental Colleges) Regulations, 2006.

Distribution of dental chairs and units in various departments (Specification is mentioned in the DCI Regulations 2006):

Department	50 admissions	100 admissions
Oral Medicine & Radiology	06	12
Oral Pathology & Oral Microbiology	01	02
Public Health Dentistry	08	16
Paediatrics and Preventive Dentistry	10	20
Orthodontics	09	18
Periodontology	17	34
Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics	17	34
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery	15	30
Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge	17	34
	-----	-----
	100	200
Total approximate area for U.G. clinics (50 admissions) -		12,500 sq.ft.
Total approximate area for U.G. clinics (100 admissions) -		25,000 sq.ft.

EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

Department : ORAL MEDICINE AND RADIOLOGY

NAME	SPECIFICATION	QUANTITY	
		50 Admns.	100 Admns.
	(Space allocation for each Dental chair 100 Sq Ft in all the Departments)		
Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated, Spittoon attachment, Halogen Light with 2 intensity, Air Ventury Suction, X-Ray viewer, 3 way syringe, instrument tray, Dental Operator's Stool with height adjustment.	6	12
Panoramic X-Ray with Cephalometric	Preferably digital	1	1
Intra Oral X-ray Unit	70 KV , 8mA, high frequency preferably Digital timer	2	3
Pulp testers	Digital	2	3
Automatic periapical X-ray Developer		1	1
Automatic Panoramic with Cephalometric X-ray Developer		1	1
X-ray viewer	For Panoramic and Cephalometric films	2	2
Radiovisiography	Digital Intra X-ray System with one Sensor and Software	1	1
General X-ray Unit		1	1
Ortho Pantmograph	preferably digital	1	1
Automatic Developers/ <i>Dark Room</i>		1	2
Lead aprons		2	2
Lead Gloves		1	1
X-ray Hangers		6	6
X-ray viewers		2	2
Diagnostic Kits	Mouth mirror, dental probe, college tweezers	20	40
<i>Lead Screen</i>		1	1
<i>Biopsy Kit</i>		1	1
Autoclave	Having wet and dry cycle, which can achieve 135°C with minimum capacity of 20 liters	1	2
Computers	Minimum Pentium -IV	1	1
Intra Oral Camera	With High resolution	1	1
Needle Burner with Syringe Cutter		2	2

Department : ORAL PATHOLOGY AND ORAL MICROBIOLOGY

NAME	SPECIFICATION	QUANTITY	
		50 Admns.	100 Admns.
Dental Chairs and Units	With shadowless lamp, spittoon, 3 way syringe, instrument tray and suction	1	2
Microscopes		20	40
Microtome		1	1
Wax bath		1	1
Water bath		1	1
Knife sharpner		1	1
Hot plate		1	1
Spencer knife		1	1

Department : PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY

NAME	SPECIFICATION	QUANTITY	
		50 Admns.	100 Admns.
Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated, Spittoon attachment, Halogen Light with 2 intensity, Air ventury suction, micromotor control light cure 3 way syringe, X-ray viewer, instrument tray Dental Operators stool with height adjustment With shadowless lamp, spittoon, 3 way	8	16

	syringe, instrument tray and suction, micromotor, airtor, light cure		
Autoclaves	Having wet and dry cycle, which can achieve 135°C with minimum capacity of 20 liters.	1	2
Ultrasonic cleaner	Minimum capacity 13 liters with mesh bucket with digital timer	1	2
Needle burner with syringe cutter		2	4
MOBILE CLINIC			
Mobile dental van	Mobile dental van with two dental chairs with all the attachments and adequate sitting space for 15 to 20 people		
Dental chair with unit	Hydraulically operated with spittoon attachment, halogen light with 2 intensity, air ventury suction, airtor, micromotor, 3 way-scaler and light cure, x-ray viewer, instrument tray, operating stool.	2	
Autoclaves	Having wet and dry cycle, which can achieve 135°C with minimum capacity of 20 liters.	1	1
Intraoral x-ray	Portable, 70 KV, 8mA	1	1
Glass bead sterilizers		1	1
Compressor	1.25HP	1	1
Metal Cabinet	With wash basin	1	1
Portable dental chair	Suitcase unit with airtor, micromotor, scaler and compressor 0.25HP	2	2
Stabilizer	4KV	1	1
Generator	4KV	1	1
Water tank	400ltrs	1	1
Oxygen cylinder		1	1
Public address system		1	1
TV and video cassette player		1	1
Demonstration models			

Department : PAEDIATRIC AND PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

NAME	SPECIFICATION	QUANTITY	
		50 Admns.	100 Admns.
Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated, Spittoon attachment, Halogen Light with 2 intensity, high power motorized evacuation system, Air rotor with miniature, Airtor HPS, Micro motor with miniature contrangle Hand piece, 3 way syringe, ultrasonic sealer with 3 tips, Light cure unit LED based heat free, X-ray viewer, instrument tray Dental Operator's stool with height adjustment (Pedo chair preferred)	10	20
Autoclaves	Having wet and dry cycle, which can achieve 135°C with minimum capacity of 20 liters.	1	2
Ultrasonic cleaner	Minimum capacity 13 liters with mesh bucket with digital timer	1	2
Needle Burner with syringe cutter		2	3
Amalgamator		1	1
Pulp Tester-Digital		1	1
Rubber dam kit for pedo		3	5
Apex locator		1	1
Endo motor	With torque control HPs	1	1
Injectable gutta percha with condensation		1	1
Radiovisiography	Digital intra X-ray system with pedo sensor and software	1	1
Intra Oral Camera	With high resolution	1	1
Scaling instruments		5	10
Restorative instruments		5	10
Extraction forceps		5	10
Intra-oral X-ray		1	1
Automatic Developer		1	1
Computer	Minimum Pentium IV	1	1
PEDO LAB			

Plaster dispenser	One each for plaster and stone plaster	2	2
Model Trimmer	With diamond disc	1	1
Model Trimer	Double disc one diamond and one carborandum disc	1	1
Welder with soldering attachments		1	1
Vibrator		2	2
Lab micro motor	Heavy duty with Hps	2	3
Dental Lathe		1	1
Model Trimmer		1	1
Steam cleaner		1	1
Pressure moulding machine		1	1
Carborandum Disc		1	1
Diamond disc		1	1

Department : ORTHODONTICS

NAME	SPECIFICATION	QUANTITY	
		50 Admns.	100 Admns.
Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated, Spittoon attachment, Halogen Light with 2 intensity, Air ventury suction, micromotor control light cure 3 way syringe, X-ray viewer, instrument tray Dental Operators stool with height adjustment	9	18
Unit mount scaler		3	5
Autoclave	Having wet and dry cycle, which can achieve 135°C with minimum capacity of 20 liters	1	2
Ultrasonic Cleaner	Minimum capacity 13 liters with mesh bucket with digital timer	1	2
ORTHO LAB			
Plaster dispenser	One each for plaster and stone plaster	2	2
Vibrator		2	2
Model Trimmer		1	2
Micromotor –	heavy duty	2	4
Lathe		1	2
X-ray viewers		2	2
OPG with cephalostat	If available in radiology its is adequate.	1	1
Welders		2	4
Blue Torch		1	1
Base Formers		2	4
Typodont		2	4
Set of Pliers		5	10
Welder with soldering attachments		1	1
Hydro solder		1	1
Typhodont articulator	With metal teeth wax rim of Class I, II, III	3	4
Pressure moulding machine		1	1

Department : PERIODONTOLOGY

NAME	SPECIFICATION	QUANTITY	
		50 Admns.	100 Admns.
Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated, Spittoon attachment, Halogen Light with 2 intensity, high power evacuation system, Air ventury suction, X-ray viewer, Airrotor, Micromotor with straight and contrangle Handpiece, With shadowless lamp, spittoon, 3 way syringe, ultrasonic sealer with 3 tips, X-ray viewer, instrument tray dental operator's stool with height adjustment	17	34
	Note: Atleast 25% of the units should have the Airpolisher.		
Scaling instrument sets		5	10
Surgical instrument sets		3	6
Autoclave	Having wet and dry cycle, which can achieve	2	3

	135°C with minimum capacity of 20 liters		
Ultrasonic scaler	Minimum capacity 13 liters with mesh bucket	1	2
Electro surgical cautery		1	1
Needle burner with syringe cutter		4	6
LASER	Soft tissue laser	1	1
Surgical motor with physio dispenser		1	1

Department : CONSERVATIVE DENTISTRY AND ENDODONTICS

NAME	SPECIFICATION	QUANTITY	
		50 Adms.	100 Adms.
Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated, Spittoon attachment, Halogen Light with 2 intensity, high power evacuation system, Air ventury suction, X-ray viewer, Airrotor, Micromotor with straight and contrangle Handpiece, With shadowless lamp, spittoon, 3 way syringe, ultrasonic sealer with 3 tips, X-ray viewer, instrument tray dental operator's stool with height adjustment	17	34
Rubber dam kits		4	6
Restorative instruments kits		5	10
R.C.T. instrument kits		5	10
Autoclaves	Having wet and dry cycle, which can achieve 135°C with minimum capacity of 20 liters	2	3
Ultrasonic cleaner	Minimum capacity 13 liters with mesh bucket	1	2
Needle burner with syringe cutter		3	4
Amalgamator	With auto proportion, auto dispenser	2	3
Rubber dam kits		4	6
Pulp Tester-Digital		2	4
Apex Locator		1	2
Glass bead sterilizers		4	6
Plaster dispensers		2	2
Vibrator		1	2
Ceramic Unit		1	1
Casting machine		1	1
Intra-oral X-ray Unit	Proper radiation safety	1	1
Automatic Developer		1	1
Radiovisiography	RVG with Computer	1	1
Endo motor	With torque control Hps	1	1
Bleaching unit		1	1
Magnification loops		1	2
Injectable gutta percha		1	2
PHANTOM LAB UNIT	Phantom Table fitted with Halogen Operating Light Phantom Head body type neck joint for all the movement, TMJ movement. Modular with Air rotor, Micro motor with contra angle Hps, 3-way syringe, jaw with ivorine teeth, preferably soft gingival, dental operator's stool (not to use extracted or cadaver teeth).	30	60

CHEMICAL LABORATORY

Plaster Dispenser	One each for plaster and stone plaster	2	2
Model Trimmer	Carborandum disc	1	1
	Diamond disc	1	1
Lathe	Heavy Duty	1	2
Lab Micromotor	With heavy duty handpiece	2	3
Ultrasonic cleaner	Minimum capacity 5 liters	1	1
Spindle Grinder		1	1
Vibrator		1	2
Burnout furnace		1	1
Porcelain furnace		1	1

Sandblasting Machine		1	1
Lab Airrotor		1	1
Pindex System		1	1
Circular saw		1	1
Vacuum mixer		1	1
Pneumatic chisel		1	1
Casting machine	Motor cast/induction casting preferred	1	1

Department : ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY**A) EXODONTIA**

NAME	SPECIFICATION	QUANTITY	
		50 Adms.	100 Adms.
Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated, Spittoon attachment, Halogen Light with 2 intensity, Air ventury suction, X-ray viewer, 3 way syringe, instrument tray Dental Operator's stool and height adjustment and suction, Micromotor/ Airotor	15	30
Autoclaves	Front loading Having wet and dry cycle, which can achieve 135°C with minimum capacity of 20 liters	2	2
Ultrasonic Cleaner	Minimum capacity 13 liters with mesh bucket	1	2
Needle burner with syringe cutter		4	6
Extraction forceps sets	Complete set	10	20
Dental elevators	Complete set	5	10
Minor Oral surgery kits		3	6
Emergency drugs tray		1	1
Oxygen cylinder with mask		1	1
X-ray viewers		2	2
Computer	Minimum Pentium IV	1	1

B) MINOR SURGERY

Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated, Spittoon attachment, Halogen Light with 2 intensity, high power evacuation system, Air ventury suction, X-ray viewer, Airrotor, Micromotor with straight and contrangle Handpiece, 3 way syringe, instrument tray Dental Operator's stool and height adjustment and suction,	3	5
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Department : PROSTHODONTICS AND CROWN & BRIDGE

NAME	SPECIFICATION	QUANTITY	
		50 Adms.	100 Adms.
Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated, Spittoon attachment, Halogen Light with 2 intensity, high power evacuation system, Air ventury suction, X-ray viewer, Airrotor, Micromotor with straight and contrangle Handpiece, 3 way syringe, ultrasonic sealer with 3 tips, Light cure unit, instrument tray and suction, Dental operator stool with height adjustment Electrically operated, Spittoon attachment, Halogen Light with 2 intensity , Air ventury suction, instrument tray, Dental operator stool with height adjustment	17	34
Semi adjustable articulator	With face bow	2	2
Extra oral/intra oral tracer		2	2
Dewaxing unit		1	2
Curing unit		1	2
Dental casting machine		1	1
Wax burnout furnace		1	1
Pre heating furnace		1	1
Surveying unit		1	2
Heavy duty hand piece	Lab micromotors	3	4

Autoclave	Having wet and dry cycle, which can achieve 135°C with minimum capacity of 20 liters	1	2
Needle burner with syringe cutter		1	2
Plaster Dispenser	One each for plaster and stone plaster	2	2
Model Trimmer with Carborandum Disc		1	1
Model Trimmer with Diamond Disc		1	2
Acrylizer		2	3
Lathe		1	2
Flask press		4	4
Deflasking unit		4	4
Dewaxing unit		2	3
Hydraulic Press		2	3
Mechanical Press		1	2
Vacuum mixing machine		1	1
Lab Micro motor	With heavy duty handpiece	3	4
Curing pressure pot		1	1
Porcelain furnace		1	2
Vibrator		1	2
Sand blasting unit		2	2
Ultrasonic cleaner		1	2
Model Trimmer		2	4
Hot water sterilizer		1	2
Geyser	Compound bath	1	2
H.P. grinder with suction		2	3
Heavy duty lathe		2	2
Phantom heads		50	50
Pre-clinical working tables	Gas connection & bunsen burner	50	100

CERAMIC AND CAST PARTIAL LABORATORY

NAME	SPECIFICATIONS	50 ADMN	100 ADMN
Plaster Dispensor	One each for plaster and stone plaster	2	2
Duplicator		1	1
Pindex System		1	1
Circular saw		1	1
Burn out furnace		1	1
Sandblasting machine	With two containers	1	1
Electro-polisher		1	1
Model Trimmer with Carborandum disc		1	1
Model Trimmer with Diamond disc		1	1
Induction casting machine		1	1
Programmable porcelain furnace with vacuum pump with instrument kit and material kit		1	1
Spot welder with soldering, attachment of cable		1	1
Vacuum mixing machine		1	1
Steam Cleaner		1	1
Spindle Grinder 24,000 RPM with vacuum suction		1	1
Wax heater		1	1
Wax carver		1	1
Curing pressure pot		1	1
Milling machine		1	1
Heavy duty lathe with suction		1	1
Preheating furnace		1	1
Palatal trimmer		1	1
Ultrasonic cleaner	5 liters capacity	1	1
Composite curing unit		1	1
Micro surveyor		1	1
PRE-CLINICAL PROSTHETICS LABORATORY	Work table preferably complete stainless steel fitted with light, Bunsen burner, air	30	60

	blower, working stool. Adequate number of lab micro motor with attached hand piece	10	20
PLASTER ROOM FOR PRE-CLINICAL WORK			
Plaster dispenser	One each for plaster and stone plaster	2	2
Vibrator		2	2
Lathe		2	2
Model Trimmer		1	1
Carborandum Disc		1	1
Diamond disc		1	1

MINIMUM BASIC QUALIFICATION AND TEACHING EXPERIENCE REQUIRED FOR TEACHERS FOR UNDER-GRADUATE DENTAL STUDIES.

(A) Dental Staff

Principal/Dean: Same qualifications as prescribed for a Professor. Experience as Professor for not less than 5 years in a Dental Institution.

Professors: A BDS Degree of an Indian University or an equivalent qualification with Post-graduate qualification /Diplomate of National Board in the subject and with 5 years teaching experience as Reader.

Readers: A BDS Degree of an Indian University or an equivalent qualification with Post-graduate qualification /Diplomate of National Board in the subject and with 4 year's teaching experience after post-graduation.

Lecturers: A recognised MDS Degree of an Indian University/Diplomate of National Board or an equivalent qualification.

Tutors A recognised BDS Degree of Indian University or an equivalent qualification with at least one year experience.

Note:

In case of individuals with discrepancy between teaching experience and the post-graduate qualification, a reference may be made to the Dental Council of India through competent authority for consideration. This is not applicable for future entrants.

(B) Medical Staff

The requirement of medical teaching staff is to be as per DCI Regulations 2006

Qualification and Teaching Experience of the medical teaching staff will be as per MCI Regulations.

MINIMUM STAFFING PATTERN FOR UNDER GRADUATE DENTAL STUDIES FOR 50 ADMISSIONS
(As per DCI Regulations 2006)

Principal/Dean: - 1 (One post of Professor can be deleted in the under mentioned tabulation according to the subject of specialisation)

Each Dental Department should be headed by a Professor.

	I Year			II Year			III Year			Total Posts in position from the beginning of 3 rd year onwards		
	Prof.	Reader	Lecturer/ Tutor	Prof.	Reader	Lecturer/ Tutor	Prof.	Reader	Lecturer/ Tutor	Prof.	Reader	Lecturer/ Tutor
	2*	2	10	3*	4	20	6*	11	30	6	11	30#
Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge	1	1	-	1	2	-	1	2	-	1	2	-
Oral Pathology and Oral Microbiology	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	-
Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	2	-	1	2	-
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-
Periodontology	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-
Orthodontics	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-
Paediatric & Preventive Dentistry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Oral Medicine & Radiology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Public Health Dentistry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Dental Materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dental Anatomy, Embryology & Oral Histology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

* Includes the Principal who can head any one of the six specialities.

25% MDS and 75% BDS.

MINIMUM STAFFING PATTERN FOR UNDER GRADUATE DENTAL STUDIES FOR 100 ADMISSIONS
(As per DCI Regulations 2006)

Each Dental Department should be headed by a Professor

	I Year			II Year			III Year			Total Posts in position from the beginning of 3 rd year onwards		
	Prof.	Reader	Lecturer/ Tutor	Prof.	Reader	Lecturer/ Tutor	Prof.	Reader	Lecturer/ Tutor	Prof.	Reader	Lecturer/ Tutor
	2*	3	16	4*	5	30	6*	13	40	6*	13	40#
Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge	1	2	-	1	2	-	1	2	-	1	2	-
Oral Pathology and Oral Microbiology	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	-
Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics	-	1	-	1	2	-	1	2	-	1	2	-
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	1	2	-

Periodontology	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	1	2	-
Orthodontics	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-
Paediatric & Preventive Dentistry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Oral Medicine & Radiology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Public Health Dentistry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Dental Materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dental Anatomy, Embryology & Oral Histology	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

* Includes the Principal who can head any one of the six specialities.

25% MDS and 75% BDS.

**Medical Teaching Staff in a Dental College
(As per DCI Regulations 2006)**

Year	Subjects	Intake and Designation					
		50 Admissions			100 Admissions		
		Prof	Reader	Lecturer	Prof	Reader	Lecturer
I	Anatomy	-	1	2	-	1	4
I	Physiology	-	1	2	-	1	2
I	Biochemistry	-	1	2	-	1	2
II	Pharmacology	-	1	2	-	1	3
II	General Pathology	-	1	2	-	1	2
II	Microbiology	-	1	2	-	1	2
III	General Medicine	-	1	2	-	1	3
III	General Surgery	-	1	2	-	1	3
III	Anaesthesia	-	1	1	-	1	1

OTHER STAFF PATTERN FOR 50 ADMISSIONS

Administrative Officer 1
Secretary to Dean 1
Public Relation officer 1

Designation	Receptionist	Establishment	Accounts	Admissions	Exams	Stores	Library	Maintenance	Security	Illustration	Clinical Depts.	Computer	Laboratories	Sports	Total
Managers/ Office Suptd.		1	1						1			1			4
Assistants		1	1	1	1	1	2	1							8
Receptionist	8														8
Librarian							1								1
D.S.A.(Chair side Attendant)											10				10
Dent. Tech. (Dental Mechanic)											6				6
Dent. Hygst.											3				3
Radiographer											2				2
Photographer										1					1
Artist										1					1
Programmer												1			1
Data Entry Operators												1			1
Physical Director														1	1
Engineer								1							1
Electricians								2							2
Plumber								1							1
Carpenter								1							1
Mason								1							1
A.C. Tech.								1							1
Helpers Electrical								1							1
Sweepers & Scavengers							2	2			3		3		10
Attenders	2	1	1		1	1	1	2			4	1	4		18
Security Personal									5						5
Dept. Secretaries											4				4
Driver									4						4
Nurses											3				3
Lab. Technicians													3		3

Note:

The above staff pattern indicates minimum requirements for the stipulated admissions. However, the actual staff requirements may marginally vary depending upon the patients' flow, work culture and design of the building.

OTHER STAFF PATTERN FOR 100 ADMISSIONS

Administrative Officer 1
Secretary to Dean 1
Public Relation officer 1

Designation	Receptionist	Establishment	Accounts	Admissions	Exams	Stores	Library	Maintenance	Security	Illustration	Clinical Depts.	Computer	Laboratories	Sports	Total
Managers / Office Supdt.	1	1	1		1	1			1			1			7
Assistants		2	2	2	1	1	4	1							13
Receptionist	14														14
Librarian							1								1
D.S.A.(Chair side Attendant)											20				20
Dent. Tech.(Dental											10				10

Mechanic)														
Dent. Hygst.										5				5
Radiographer										3				3
Photographer									1					1
Artist									1					1
Programmer											1			1
Data Entry Operators											2			2
Physical Director													1	1
Engineer							1							1
Electricians							4							4
Plumber							2							2
Carpenter							1							1
Mason							1							1
A.C. Tech.							1							1
Helpers Electrical							3							3
Sweepers & Scavangers						2	4			5		6		17
Attenders	3	1	1		1	2	2	3		5	1	6		25
Security Personal									6					6
Dept. Secretaries										8				8
Driver									5					5
Nurses										9				9
Lab. Technicians												5		5

Note:

The above staff pattern indicates minimum requirements for the stipulated admissions. However, the actual staff requirements may marginally vary depending upon the patients' flow, work culture and design of the building.

SYLLABUS OF STUDY**1. HUMAN ANATOMY, EMBRYOLOGY, HISTOLOGY & MEDICAL GENETICS****A) GOAL**

The students should gain the knowledge and insight into, the functional anatomy of the normal human head and neck, functional histology and an appreciation of the genetic basis of inheritance and disease, and the embryological development of clinically important structures. So that relevant anatomical & scientific foundations are laid down for the clinical years of the BDS course.

B) OBJECTIVES :

a) KNOWLEDGE & UNDERSTANDING:

At the end of the 1st year BDS course in Anatomical Sciences the undergraduate student is Expected to:

1. Know the normal disposition of the structures in the body while clinically examining a patient and while conducting clinical procedures.
2. Know the anatomical basis of disease and injury.
3. Know the microscopic structure of the various tissues, a pre-requisite for understanding of the disease processes.
4. Know the nervous system to locate the site of lesions according to the sensory and or motor deficits encountered.
5. Have an idea about the basis of abnormal development, critical stages of development, effects of teratogens, genetic mutations and environmental hazards.
6. Know the sectional anatomy of head neck and brain to read the features in radiographs and pictures taken by modern imaging techniques.
7. Know the anatomy of cardio-pulmonary resuscitation.

b) SKILLS

1. To locate various structures of the body and to mark the topography of the living anatomy.
2. To identify various tissues under microscope.
3. To identify the features in radiographs and modern imaging techniques.
4. To detect various congenital abnormalities.

C) INTEGRATION

By emphasising on the relevant information and avoiding unwanted details, the anatomy taught integrally with other basic sciences & clinical subjects not only keeps the curiosity alive in the learner but also lays down the scientific foundation for making a better doctor, a benefit to the society.

This insight is gained in a variety of ways:

- 1) Lectures & small group teaching
- 2) Demonstrations
- 3) Dissection of the human cadaver
- 4) Study of dissected specimens

- 5) Osteology
- 6) Surface anatomy on living individual
- 7) Study of radiographs & other modern imaging techniques.
- 8) Study of Histology slides.
- 9) Study of embryology models
- 10) Audio-visual aids

Throughout the course, particular emphasis is placed on the functional correlation, clinical application & on integration with teaching in other bio dental disciplines.

D) AN OUTLINE OF THE COURSE CONTENT:

1. General anatomy: Introduction of anatomical terms and brief outline of various systems of the body.
2. Regional anatomy of head & neck with osteology of bones of head & neck, with emphasis on topics of dental importance.
3. General disposition of thoracic, abdominal & pelvic organs.
4. The regional anatomy of the sites of intramuscular & intra vascular injections, & lumbar puncture.
5. General embryology & systemic embryology with respect to development of head & neck.
6. Histology of basic tissues and of the organs of gastrointestinal, respiratory, Endocrine, excretory systems & gonads.
7. Medical genetics.

E) FURTHER DETAILS OF THE COURSE.

I. INTRODUCTION TO :

1. Anatomical terms.
2. Skin, superficial fascia & deep fascia
3. Cardiovascular system, portal system collateral circulation and arteries.
4. Lymphatic system, regional lymph nodes
5. Osteology - Including ossification & growth of bones
6. Myology – Including types of muscle tissue & innervation.
7. Syndesmology – Including classification of Joints.
8. Nervous system

II. HEAD & NECK:

01. Scalp, face & temple, lacrimal apparatus 02. Neck - Deep fascia of neck, posterior triangle, suboccipital triangle, anterior triangle, anterior median region of the neck, deep structures in the neck. 03. Cranial cavity - Meninges, parts of brain, ventricles of brain, dural venous sinuses, cranial nerves attached to the brain, pituitary gland. 04. Cranial nerves - III, IV, V, VI, VII, IX, XII in detail. 05. Orbital cavity – Muscles of the eye ball, supports of the eye ball, nerves and vessels in the orbit. 06. Parotid gland. 07. Temporo mandibular joint, muscles of mastication, infratemporal fossa, pterygo - palatine fossa. 08. Submandibular region 09. Walls of the nasal cavity, paranasal air sinuses 10. Palate 11. Oral cavity, Tongue 12. Pharynx (palatine tonsil and the auditory tube) Larynx. OSTEOLOGY – Foetal skull, adult skull, individual bones of the skull, hyoid bone and cervical vertebrae

III. THORAX : Demonstration on a dissected specimen of

1. Thoracic wall
2. Heart chambers
3. Coronary arteries
4. Pericardium
5. Lungs – surfaces ; pleural cavity
6. Diaphragm

IV. ABDOMEN : Demonstration on a dissected specimen of

1. Peritoneal cavity
2. Organs in the abdominal & pelvic cavity.

V. CLINICAL PROCEDURES :

- a) Intramuscular injections: Demonstration on a dissected specimen and on a living person of the following sites of injection.
 1. Deltoid muscle and its relation to the axillary nerve and radial nerve.
 2. Gluteal region and the relation of the sciatic nerve.
 3. Vastus lateralis muscle.
- b) Intravenous injections & venesection: Demonstration of veins in the dissected specimen and on a living person.
 1. Median cubital vein
 2. Cephalic vein
 3. Basilic vein
 4. Long saphenous vein
- c) Arterial pulsations: Demonstration of arteries on a dissected specimen and feeling of pulsation of the following arteries on a living person.
 1. Superficial temporal
 2. Facial
 3. Carotid
 4. Axillary
 5. Brachial
 6. Radial
 7. Ulnar
 8. Femoral
 9. Popliteal
 10. Dorsalispedis

- d) Lumbar puncture: Demonstration on a dissected specimen of the spinal cord, cauda equina & epidural space and the inter vertebral space between L4 & L5 .

VI. EMBRYOLOGY :

Oogenesis, Spermatogenesis, Fertilisation, Placenta, Primitive streak, Neural crest, Bilaminar and trilaminar embryonic disc, Intra embryonic mesoderm - formation and fate, notochord formation & fate, Pharyngeal arches, pouches & clefts, Development of face, tongue, palate, thyroid gland, pituitary gland, salivary glands, and anomalies in their development, Tooth development in brief.

VII. HISTOLOGY :

The Cell :

Basic tissues - Epithelium, Connective tissue including cartilage and bone, Muscle Tissue, Nervous tissue : Peripheral nerve, optic nerve, sensory ganglion, motor ganglion, Skin

Classification of Glands

Salivary glands (serous, mucous and mixed gland), Blood vessels, Lymphoid tissue Tooth, lip, tongue, hard palate, oesophagus, stomach, duodenum, ileum, colon, vermiform appendix Liver, Pancreas, Lung, Trachea, Epiglottis, Thyroid gland, para thyroid gland, supra renal gland and pituitary gland, Kidney, Ureter, Urinary bladder, Ovary and testis.

VIII. MEDICAL GENETICS :

Mitosis, meiosis, Chromosomes, gene structure, Mendelism, modes of inheritance

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

1. SNELL (Richard S.) Clinical Anatomy for Medical Students, Ed. 5, Little Brown & company, Boston.
2. RJ LAST'S Anatomy – McMinn, 9th edition.
3. ROMANES(G.J.) Cunningham Manual of Practical Anatomy : Head & Neck & Brain Ed.15.Vol.III, Oxford Medical publication.
4. WHEATER,BURKITT & DANIELS, Functional Histology, Ed. 2, Churchill Livingstone.
5. SADLER, LANGMAN'S, Medical Embryology, Ed. 6.
6. JAMES E ANDERSON, Grant's Atlas of Anatomy. Williams & Wilkins.
7. WILLIAMS, Gray's Anatomy, Ed.38. ,Churchill Livingstone.
8. EMERY,Medical Genetics.

2. HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

A) GOAL

The broad goal of the teaching undergraduate students in Human Physiology aims at providing the student comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the body to facilitate an understanding of the physiological basis of health and disease.

OBJECTIVES

a) KNOWLEDGE

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Explain the normal functioning of all the organ systems and their interactions for well co-ordinated total body function.
2. Assess the relative contribution of each organ system towards the maintenance of the milieu interior.
3. List the physiological principles underlying the pathogenesis and treatment of disease.

b) SKILLS

At the end of the course, the student shall be able to :

1. Conduct experiments designed for the study of physiological phenomena.
2. Interpret experimental and investigative data
3. Distinguish between normal and abnormal data derived as a result of tests which he/she has performed and observed in the laboratory.

c) INTEGRATION

At the end of the integrated teaching the student shall acquire an integrated knowledge of organ structure and function and its regulatory mechanisms.

B) COURSE CONTENTS THEORY

1. GENERAL PHYSIOLOGY

1. Homeostasis: Basic concept, Feed back mechanisms
2. Structure of cell membrane, transport across cell membrane
3. Membrane potentials

2. BLOOD:

Composition & functions of blood.

Specific gravity, Packed cell volume, factors affecting & methods of determination.

Plasma proteins - Types, concentration, functions & variations.

Erythrocyte - Morphology, functions & variations. Erythropoiesis & factors affecting erythropoiesis.

ESR- Methods of estimation, factors affecting, variations & significance.

Haemoglobin - Normal concentration, method of determination & variation in concentration.

Blood Indices - MCV, MCH, MCHC - definition, normal values, variation.

Anaemia - Definition, classification, life span of RBC's destruction of RBC's , formation & fate of bile pigments, Jaundice - types.

Leucocytes : Classification, number, percentage, distribution morphology, properties, functions & variation. Role of lymphocytes in immunity , leucopoiesis life span & fate of leucocytes.

Thrombocytes - Morphology, , number, variations, function & thrombopoiesis.

Haemostasis - Role of vasoconstriction, platelet plug formation in haemostasis, coagulation factors, intrinsic & extrinsic pathways of coagulation, clot retraction.

Tests of haemostatic function, platelet count, clotting time, bleeding time, prothrombin time - normal values, method & variations. Anticoagulants - mechanism of action. Bleeding disorders.

Blood groups: ABO & Rh system, method of determination, importance, indications & dangers of blood transfusion, blood substitutes.

Blood volume: Normal values, variations.

Body fluids : distribution of total body water, intracellular & extracellular compartments, major anions & cations in intra and extra cellular fluid.

Tissue fluids & lymph : Formation of tissue fluid, composition, circulation & functions of lymph. Oedema - causes.

Functions of reticulo endothelial system.

3. MUSCLE AND NERVE

Classification of nerves, structure of skeletal muscle - Molecular mechanism of muscle contraction, neuromuscular transmission. Properties of skeletal muscle. Structure and properties of cardiac muscle & smooth muscle.

4. DIGESTIVE SYSTEM :

Introduction to digestion : General structure of G.I. tract, Innervation.

Salivary glands: Structure of salivary glands, composition , regulation of secretion & functions of saliva.

Stomach: Composition and functions of gastric juice, mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion.

Exocrine Pancreas - Structure, composition of pancreatic juice, functions of each component, regulation of pancreatic secretion.

Liver : structure , composition of bile, functions of bile, regulation of secretion –

Gall bladder : structure, functions.

Small intestine - Composition, functions & regulation of secretion of intestinal juice.

Large intestine - Functions.

Motor functions of GIT: Mastication, deglutition, gastric filling & emptying, movements of small and large intestine, defecation.

5. EXCRETORY SYSTEM :

Structure & functions of kidney, functional unit of kidney & functions of different parts.

Juxta glomerular apparatus, renal blood flow.

Formation of Urine : Glomerular filtration rate - definition, determination , normal values, factors influencing G.F.R. Tubular reabsorption - Reabsorption of sodium, glucose, water & other substances.

Tubular secretion - secretion of urea, hydrogen and other substances.

Mechanism of concentration & dilution of urine.

Role of kidney in the regulation of pH of the blood.

Micturition : anatomy & innervation of Urinary bladder, mechanism of micturition & abnormalities.

6. BODY TEMPERATURE & FUNCTIONS OF SKIN

7. ENDOCRINOLOGY

General endocrinology - Enumeration of endocrine glands & hormones - General functions of endocrine system, chemistry, mechanism of secretion, transport, metabolism, regulation of secretion of hormones.

Hormones of anterior pituitary & their actions, hypothalamic regulation of anterior pituitary function.

Disorders of secretion of anterior pituitary hormones.

Posterior pituitary : Functions, regulation & disorders of secretion.

Thyroid: Histology, synthesis, secretion & transport of hormones, actions of hormones, regulation of secretion & disorders, Thyroid function tests.

Adrenal cortex & Medulla -synthesis, secretion, action, metabolism, regulation of secretion of hormones & disorders.

Other hormones - Angiotensin, A.N.F.

8. REPRODUCTION

Sex differentiation, Physiological anatomy of male and female sex organs,

Female reproductive system : Menstrual cycle, functions of ovary, actions of oestrogen & Progesterone, control of secretion of ovarian hormones, tests for ovulation, fertilisation, implantation, maternal changes during pregnancy, pregnancy tests & parturition.

Lactation, composition of milk, factors controlling lactation, milk ejection, reflex, Male reproductive system :spermatogenesis, semen and contraception.

9. CARDIO VASCULAR SYSTEM

Functional anatomy and innervation of heart Properties of cardiac muscle

Origin & propagation of cardiac impulse and heart block.

Electrocardiogram - Normal electrocardiogram. Two changes in ECG in myocardial infarction.

Cardiac cycle - Phases, Pressure changes in atria, ventricles & aorta.

Volume changes in ventricles. Jugular venous pulse, arterial pulse.

Heart sounds: Mention of murmurs.

Heart rate: Normal value, variation & regulation.

Cardiac output: Definition, normal values, one method of determination, variation, factors affecting heart rate and stroke volume.

Arterial blood pressure: Definition, normal values & variations, determinants, regulation & measurement of blood pressure.

Coronary circulation.

Cardio vascular homeostasis - Exercise & posture.

10. RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

Physiology of Respiration : External & internal respiration.

Functional anatomy of respiratory passage & lungs.

Respiratory movements: Muscles of respiration, Mechanism of inflation & deflation of lungs.

Intra pleural & intra pulmonary pressures & their changes during the phases of respiration.

Mechanics of breathing - surfactant, compliance & work of breathing.

Spirometry: Lung volumes & capacities definition, normal values, significance, factors affecting vital capacity, variations in vital capacity, FEV & its variations.

Pulmonary ventilation - alveolar ventilation & dead space - ventilation.

Composition of inspired air, alveolar air and expired air.

Exchange of gases: Diffusing capacity, factors affecting it.

Transport of Oxygen & carbon dioxide in the blood.

Regulation of respiration - neural & chemical.

Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnoea, periodic breathing.

Artificial respiration, pulmonary function tests.

11. CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

1. Organisation of central nervous system

2. Neuronal organisation at spinal cord level

3. Synapse receptors, reflexes, sensations and tracts

4. Physiology of pain

5. Functions of cerebellum, thalamus, hypothalamus and cerebral cortex.

6. Formation and functions of CSF

7. Autonomic nervous system

12. SPECIAL SENSES

Fundamental knowledge of vision, hearing, taste and smell.

PRACTICALS

The following list of practical is minimum and essential. All the practical have been categorised as procedures and demonstrations. The procedures are to be performed by the students during practical classes to acquire skills. All the procedures are to be included in the University practical examination. Those categorised as demonstrations are to be shown to the students during practical classes. However these demonstrations would not be included in the University examinations but question based on this would be given in the form of charts, graphs and calculations for interpretation by the students.

PROCEDURES

1. Enumeration of Red Blood Cells
2. Enumeration of White Blood Cells
3. Differential leucocyte counts
4. Determination of Haemoglobin
5. Determination of blood group
6. Determination of bleeding time and clotting time
7. Examination of pulse
8. Recording of blood pressure.

DEMONSTRATION:

1. Determination of packed cell volume and erythrocyte sedimentation rate
2. Determination of specific gravity of blood
3. Determination of erythrocyte fragility
4. Determination of vital capacity and timed vital capacity
5. Skeletal muscle experiments.

Study of laboratory appliances in experimental physiology. Frog's gastrocnemius sciatic preparation. Simple muscle curve, effects of two successive stimuli, effects of increasing strength of stimuli, effects of temperature, genesis of fatigue and tetanus. Effect of after load and free load on muscle contraction, calculation of work done.

6. Electrocardiography: Demonstration of recording of normal Electro cardiogram
7. Clinical examination of cardiovascular and respiratory system.

TEXT BOOKS:

Guyton; Text book of Physiology, 9th edition.

Ganong; Review of Medical Physiology, 19th edition
 Vander; Human physiology, 5th edition
 Choudhari; Concise Medical Physiology, 2nd edition
 Chatterjee; Human Physiology, 10th edition
 A.K. Jain; Human Physiology for BDS students, 1st edition

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

- i) Berne & Levey; Physiology, 2nd edition
- ii) West-Best & Taylor's, Physiological basis of Medical Practise, 11th edition

EXPERIMENTAL PHYSIOLOGY:

- i) Rannade; Practical Physiology, 4th edition
- ii) Ghai; a text book of practical physiology
- iii) Hutchison's; Clinical Methods, 20th edition

BIOCHEMISTRY

AIMS AND SCOPE OF THE COURSE IN BIOCHEMISTRY

The major aim is to provide a sound but crisp knowledge on the biochemical basis of the life processes relevant to the human system and to dental/medical practice. The contents should be organised to build on the already existing information available to the students in the pre-university stage and reorienting. A mere rehash should be avoided.

The chemistry portion should strive towards providing information on the functional groups, hydrophobic and hydrophilic moieties and weak valence forces that organise macromolecules. Details on structure need not be emphasised.

Discussion on metabolic processes should put emphasis on the overall change, interdependence and molecular turnover. While details of the steps may be given, the student should not be expected to memorise them. An introduction to biochemical genetics and molecular biology is a must but details should be avoided. The exposure to antivitamin, antimetabolites and enzyme inhibitors at this stage, will provide a basis for the future study of medical subjects. An overview of metabolic regulation is to be taught by covering hormonal action, second messengers and regulation of enzyme activities. Medical aspects of biochemistry should avoid describing innumerable functional tests, most of which are not in vogue. Cataloguing genetic disorders under each head of metabolism is unnecessary. A few examples which correlate genotype change to functional changes should be adequate.

At the end of the course the student would be able to acquire a useful core of information, which can be retained for a long time. Typical acid tests can be used to determine what is to be taught or what is to be learnt. A few examples are given below.

1. Need not know the structure of cholesterol. Should know why it cannot be carried free in plasma.
2. Mutarotation should not be taught. Student should know why amylase will not hydrolyse cellulose.
3. Need not know the details of alpha - helix and beta - pleats in proteins.
Should know why haemoglobin is globular and keratin is fibrous.
4. Need not know mechanism of oxidative phosphorylation.
Should know more than 90 % of ATP is formed by this process.
5. Need not know details of the conversion of pepsinogen to pepsin.
Should know hydrochloric acid cannot break a peptide bond at room temperature.
6. Need not remember the steps of glycogenesis.
Should know that excess intake of carbohydrate will not increase glycogen level in liver or muscle.
7. Need not know about urea or creatinine clearance tests.
Should know the basis of increase of urea and creatinine in blood in renal insufficiency.
8. Need not know the structure of insulin.
Should know why insulin level in circulation is normal in most cases of maturity onset diabetes.
9. Need not know the structural details of ATP.
Should know why about 10 g of ATP in the body at any given time meets all the energy needs.
10. Need not know the mechanism of action of polyhydroxylase.
Should know why the gum bleeds in scurvy.
11. Need not know the structure of Vitamin K.
Should know the basis of internal bleeding arising due to its deficiency.
12. Need not remember the structure of HMGCoA.
Should know why it does not lead to increased cholesterol synthesis in starvation.

BIOCHEMISTRY AND NUTRITION

1. CHEMISTRY OF BIOORGANIC MOLECULES

Carbohydrates: Definition, biological importance and classification. Monosaccharides - Isomerism, anomerism. Sugar derivatives, Disaccharides. Polysaccharides. Structures of starch and glycogen.

Lipids : Definition, biological importance and classification. Fats and fatty acids. Introduction to compound lipids. Hydrophobic and hydrophilic groups. Cholesterol. Bile salts. Micelle. Bimolecular leaflet.

Proteins: Biological importance. Aminoacids: Classification. Introduction to peptides. Proteins : Simple and conjugated; globular and fibrous. Charge properties. Buffer action . Introduction to protein conformation . Denaturation.

Nucleic acids: Building units . Nucleotides. Outline structure of DNA and RNA.

High energy compounds: ATP , Phosphorylamidines, Thioesters, Enol phosphates.

2. MACRONUTRIENTS AND DIGESTION

Energy needs: Basal metabolic rate. Dietary carbohydrates, fibres. Dietary lipids, essential fatty acids. Nitrogen balance. Essential amino acids. Protein quality and requirement (methods for evaluation of protein quality to be excluded). Protein calorie malnutrition. Balanced diet.

Enzymatic hydrolysis of dietary carbohydrates. Mechanism of uptake of monosaccharides. Digestion and absorption of triacylglycerols. Enzymatic hydrolysis of dietary proteins and uptake of amino acids.

3. MICRONUTRIENTS

Vitamins: Definition, classification, daily requirement, sources and deficiency symptoms. Brief account of water-soluble vitamins with biochemical functions. Vitamins A functions including visual process. Vitamin D and its role in calcium metabolism. Vitamin E. Vitamin K and gamma carboxylation. Introduction to antivitamins and hypervitaminosis.

Minerals :Classification, daily requirement. Calcium and phosphate: sources, uptake, excretion, function. Serum calcium regulation. Iron: sources, uptake and transport.

Heme and nonheme iron functions; deficiency. Iodine: Brief introduction to thyroxine synthesis. General functions of thyroxine. Fluoride: function, deficiency and excess. Indications of role of other minerals.

4. ENERGY METABOLISM

Overview: Outlines of glycolysis, pyruvate oxidation and citric acid cycle. Beta oxidation of fatty acids. Electron transport chain and oxidative phosphorylation. Ketone body formation and utilisation. Introduction to glycogenesis, glycogenolysis, fatty acid synthesis, lipogenesis and lipolysis. Gluconeogenesis. Lactate metabolism . Protein utilisation for energy. Glucogenic and ketogenic amino acids. Integration of metabolism.

5. SPECIAL ASPECTS OF METABOLISM

Importance of pentose phosphate pathway. Formation of glucuronic acid. Outlines of cholesterol synthesis and breakdown. Ammonia metabolism. Urea formation. Phosphocreatine formation. Transmethylation. Amines. Introduction to other functions of amino acids including one carbon transfer. Detoxication : Typical reactions. Examples of toxic compounds. Oxygen toxicity

6. BIOCHEMICAL GENETICS AND PROTEIN SYNTHESIS

Introduction to nucleotides; formation and degradation. DNA as genetic material. Introduction to replication and transcription. Forms and functions of RNA. Genetic code and mutation. Outline of translation process. Antimetabolites and antibiotics interfering in replication, transcription and translation. Introduction to cancer, viruses and oncogenes.

7. ENZYME AND METABOLIC REGULATION

Enzymes: Definition, classification, specificity and active site. Cofactors. Effect of pH, temperature and substrate concentration. Introduction to enzyme inhibitors, proenzymes and isoenzymes. Introduction to allosteric regulation, covalent modification and regulation by induction/repression.

Overview of hormones. Introduction to second messengers, cyclic AMP, calcium ion, inositol triphosphate. Mechanism of action of steroid hormones, epinephrine, glucagon and insulin in brief. Acid base regulation. Electrolyte balance.

8. STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS AND BLOOD PROTEINS

Connective tissue: Collagen and elastin. Glycosaminoglycans. Bone structure. Structure of membranes. Membrane associated processes in brief. Exocytosis and endocytosis. Introduction to cytoskeleton. Myofibril and muscle contraction in brief.

Haemoglobin: functions. Introduction to heme synthesis and degradation. Plasma proteins: classification and separation. Functions of albumin. A brief account of immunoglobulins. Plasma lipoproteins: Formation, function and turnover.

9. MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Regulation of blood glucose. Diabetes mellitus and related disorders. Evaluation of glycemic status. Hyperthyroidism and hypothyroidism: Biochemical evaluation. Hyperlipoproteinemias and atherosclerosis, Approaches to treatment. Jaundice: Classification and evaluation. Liver function tests: Plasma protein pattern, serum enzymes levels. Brief introduction to kidney function tests and gastric function tests. Acid base imbalance. Electrolyte imbalance: evaluation. Gout. Examples of genetic disorders including lysosomal storage disorders, glycogen storage disorders, glucose 6- phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency, hemoglobinopathies, inborn errors of amino acid metabolism and muscular dystrophy (one or two examples with biochemical basis will be adequate). Serum enzymes in diagnosis.

PRACTICALS: Contact hours 50

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates | 4 |
| 2. Color reactions of proteins and amino acids | 4 |

3. Identification of nonprotein nitrogen substance	4
4. Normal constituents of urine	4
5. Abnormal constituents of urine	4
6. Analysis of saliva including amylase	2
7. Analysis of milk Quantitative estimations	2
8. Titrable acidity and ammonia in urine	2
9. Free and total acidity in gastric juice	2
10. Blood glucose estimation	2
11. Serum total protein estimation	2
12. Urine creatinine estimation Demonstration	2
13. Paper electrophoresis charts/clinical data evaluation	2
14. Glucose tolerance test profiles	2
15. Serum lipid profiles	1
16. Profiles of hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism	1
17. Profiles of hyper and hypoparathyroidism	1
18. Profiles of liver function	1
19. Urea, uric acid creatinine profile in kidney disorders	1
20. Blood gas profile in acidosis/ alkalosis	1

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

1. Concise text book of Biochemistry (3rd edition) 2001, T.N. Pattabiraman
2. Nutritional Biochemistry 1995, S. Ramakrishnan and S.V. Rao
3. lecture notes in Biochemistry 1984, J.K. Kandlish

Reference books:

1. Text book of Biochemistry with clinical correlations 1997, T.N. Devlin
2. Harper's Biochemistry, 1996., R.K. Murray et.al
3. Basic and applied Dental Biochemistry, 1979, R.A.D. Williams & J.C.Elliot

3. DENTAL ANATOMY, EMBRYOLOGY AND ORAL HISTOLOGY

INTRODUCTION

Dental Anatomy including Embryology and Oral Histology – a composite of basic Dental Sciences & their clinical applications.

SKILLS

The student should acquire basic skills in :

1. Carving of crowns of permanent teeth in wax.
2. Microscopic study of Oral tissues.
3. Identification of Deciduous & Permanent teeth.
4. Age estimation by patterns of teeth eruption from plaster casts of different age groups.

OBJECTIVES

After a course on Dental Anatomy including Embryology and Oral Histology,

1. The student is expected to appreciate the normal development, morphology, structure & functions of oral tissues & variations in different pathological/non-pathological states.
2. The student should understand the histological basis of various dental treatment procedures and physiologic ageing process in the dental tissues.
3. The students must know the basic knowledge of various research methodologies.

I. TOOTH MORPHOLOGY

1. Introduction to tooth morphology:
 - ◆ Human dentition, types of teeth, & functions, Palmer's & Binomial notation systems, tooth surfaces, their junctions - line angles & point angles, definition of terms used in dental morphology, geometric concepts in tooth morphology, contact areas & embrasures - Clinical significance.
2. Morphology of permanent teeth :
 - Description of individual teeth, along with their endodontic anatomy & including a note on their chronology of development, differences between similar class of teeth & identification of individual teeth.
 - Variations & Anomalies commonly seen in individual teeth.
3. Morphology of Deciduous teeth :
 - ◆ Generalized differences between Deciduous & Permanent teeth.
 - ◆ Description of individual deciduous teeth, including their chronology of development, endodontic anatomy, differences between similar class of teeth & identification of individual teeth.
4. Occlusion :
 - ◆ Definition, factors influencing occlusion - basal bone, arch, individual teeth, external & internal forces & sequence of eruption.
 - ◆ Inclination of individual teeth - compensatory curves.
 - ◆ Centric relation & Centric occlusion - protrusive, retrusive & lateral occlusion.
 - ◆ Clinical significance of normal occlusion.
 - ◆ Introduction to & Classification of Malocclusion.

II. ORAL EMBRYOLOGY

1. Brief review of development of face, jaws, lip, palate & tongue, with applied aspects.
2. Development of teeth :
 - ◆ Epithelial mesenchymal interaction, detailed study of different stages of development of crown, root & supporting tissues of tooth & detailed study of formation of calcified tissues.
 - ◆ Applied aspects of disorders in development of teeth.
3. Eruption of deciduous & Permanent teeth :
 - ◆ Mechanisms in tooth eruption, different theories & histology of eruption, formation of dentogingival junction, role of gubernacular cord in eruption of permanent teeth.
 - ◆ Clinical or Applied aspects of disorders of eruption.
4. Shedding of teeth :
 - ◆ Factors & mechanisms of shedding of deciduous teeth.
 - ◆ Complications of shedding.

III. ORAL HISTOLOGY

1. Detailed microscopic study of Enamel, Dentine, Cementum & Pulp tissue. Age changes & Applied aspects (Clinical and forensic significance) of histological considerations - Fluoride applications, transparent dentine, dentine hypersensitivity, reaction of pulp tissue to varying insults to exposed dentine ; Pulp calcifications & Hypercementosis.
2. Detailed microscopic study of Periodontal ligament & alveolar bone, age changes, histological changes in periodontal ligament & bone in normal & orthodontic tooth movement, applied aspects of alveolar bone resorption.
3. Detailed microscopic study of Oral Mucosa, variation in structure in relation to functional requirements, mechanisms of keratinization, clinical parts of gingiva, Dentogingival & Mucocutaneous junctions & lingual papillae. Age changes & clinical considerations.
4. Salivary Glands :
 - ◆ Detailed microscopic study of acini & ductal system.
 - ◆ Age changes & clinical considerations.
5. TM Joint :
 - ◆ Review of basic anatomical aspects & microscopic study & clinical considerations.
6. Maxillary Sinus :
 - ◆ Microscopic study, anatomical variations, functions & clinical relevance of maxillary sinus in dental practice.
7. Processing of Hard & soft tissues for microscopic study :
 - ◆ Ground sections, decalcified sections & routine staining procedures.
8. Basic histochemical staining patterns of oral tissues.

IV. ORAL PHYSIOLOGY

1. Saliva :
 - ◆ Composition of saliva - variations, formation of saliva & mechanisms of secretion, salivary reflexes, brief review of secretomotor pathway, functions, role of saliva in dental caries & applied aspects of hyper & hypo salivation.
2. Mastication :
 - ◆ Masticatory force & its measurement - need for mastication, peculiarities of masticatory muscles, masticatory cycle, masticatory reflexes & neural control of mastication.
3. Deglutition :
 - ◆ Review of the steps in deglutition, swallowing in infants, neural control of deglutition & dysphagia.
4. Calcium, Phosphorous & fluoride metabolism :
 - ◆ Source, requirements, absorption, distribution, functions & excretion, clinical considerations, hypo & hypercalcemia & hyper & hypo phosphatemia & fluorosis.
5. Theories of Mineralization :
 - ◆ Definition, mechanisms, theories & their drawbacks.
 - ◆ Applied aspects of physiology of mineralization, pathological considerations - calculus formation.
6. Physiology of Taste :
 - ◆ Innervation of taste buds & taste pathway, physiologic basis of taste sensation, age changes & applied aspects - taste disorders.
7. Physiology of Speech :
 - ◆ Review of basic anatomy of larynx & vocal cords.
 - ◆ Voice production, resonators, production of vowels & different consonants - Role of palate, teeth & tongue.
 - ◆ Effects of dental prosthesis & appliances on speech & basic speech disorders.

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

1. Orban's Oral Histology & Embryology - S.N.Bhaskar
2. Oral Development & Histology - James & Avery
3. Wheeler's Dental Anatomy, Physiology & Occlusion - Major.M.Ash
4. Dental Anatomy - its relevance to dentistry - Woelfel & Scheid
5. Applied Physiology of the mouth - Lavelle
6. Physiology & Biochemistry of the mouth - Jenkins

4. GENERAL PATHOLOGY

AIM:

At the end of the course the student should be competent to:

Apply the scientific study of disease processes, which result in morphological and functional alterations in cells, tissues and organs to the study of pathology and the practice of dentistry.

OBJECTIVES:

Enabling the student

1. To demonstrate and apply basic facts, concepts and theories in the field of Pathology.
2. To recognize and analyze pathological changes at macroscopically and microscopical levels and explain their observations in terms of disease processes.
3. To Integrate knowledge from the basic sciences, clinical medicine and dentistry in the study of Pathology.
4. To demonstrate understanding of the capabilities and limitations of morphological Pathology in its contribution to medicine, dentistry and biological research.
5. To demonstrate ability to consult resource materials outside lectures, laboratory and tutorial classes.

COURSE CONTENT

A. General Pathology –

1. Introduction to Pathology
 - Terminologies
 - The cell in health
 - The normal cell structure
 - The cellular functions
2. Etiology and Pathogenesis of Disease
 - Cell Injury
 - Types – congenital
 - Acquired
 - Mainly Acquired causes of disease
(Hypoxic injury, chemical injury, physical injury, immunological injury)
3. Degenerations
 - Amyloidosis
 - Fatty change
 - Cloudy swelling
 - Hyaline change, mucoid degeneration
4. Cell death & Necrosis
 - Apoptosis
 - Def, causes, features and types of necrosis
 - Gangrene - Dry, wet, gas
 - Pathological Calcifications
(Dystrophic and metastatic)
5. Inflammation
 - Definition, causes types, and features
 - Acute inflammation
 - a. The vascular response
 - b. The cellular response
 - c. Chemical mediators
 - d. The inflammatory cells
 - e. Fate
 - Chronic inflammation
 - Granulomatous inflammation
6. Healing
 - Regeneration
 - Repair
 - a. Mechanisms
 - b. Healing by primary intention
 - c. Healing by secondary intention
 - d. Fracture healing
 - e. Factors influencing healing process
 - f. Complications
7. Tuberculosis
 - Epidemiology
 - Pathogenesis (Formation of tubercle)
 - Pathological features of Primary and secondary TB
 - Complications and Fate
8. Syphilis
 - Epidemiology
 - Types and stages of syphilis

- Pathological features
 - Diagnostic criterias
 - Oral lesions
9. Typhoid
 - Epidemiology
 - Pathogenesis
 - Pathological features
 - Diagnostic criterias
 10. Thrombosis
 - Definition, Pathophysiology
 - Formation, complications & Fate of a thrombus
 11. Embolism
 - Definition
 - Types
 - Effects
 12. Ischaemia and Infraction
 - Definition, etiology, types
 - Infraction of various organs
 13. Derangements of body fluids
 - Oedema – pathogenesis
 - Different types
 14. Disorders of circulation
 - Hyperaemia
 - Shock
 15. Nutritional Disorders
 - Common Vitamin Deficiencies
 16. Immunological mechanisms in disease
 - Humoral & cellular immunity
 - Hypersensitivity & autommunity
 17. AIDS and Hepatitis.
 18. Hypertension
 - Definition, classification
 - Pathophysiology
 - Effects in various organs
 19. Diabetes Mellitus
 - Def, Classification, Pathogenesis, Pathology in different organs
 20. Adaptive disorders of growth
 - Atrophy & Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Metaplasia and Dysplasia
 21. General Aspects of neoplasia
 - a. Definition, terminology, classification
 - b. Differences between benign and malignant neoplasms
 - c. The neoplastic cell
 - d. Metastasis
 - e. Etiology and pathogenesis of neoplasia, Carcinogenesis
 - f. Tumour biology
 - g. Oncogenes and anti-oncogenes
 - h. Diagnosis
 - i. Precancerous lesions
 - j. Common specific tumours, Sq papilloma & Ca, Basal cell Ca, Adenoma & Adenoca, Fibroma & Fibrosarcoma, Lipoma and liposarcoma
- B. Systemic Pathology –
- 22 Anaemias
 - Iron Deficiency anaemia, Megaloblastic anaemia
 23. Leukaemias
 - Acute and chronic leukaemias, Diagnosis and clinical features
 24. Diseases of Lymph nodes
 - Hodgkin's disease, Non Hodgkins lymphoma, Metastatic carcinoma
 25. Diseases of oral cavity
 - Lichen planus, Stomatitis, Leukoplakia, Sq cell Ca, Dental caries, Dentigerous cyst, Ameloblastoma
 26. Diseases of salivary glands
 - Normal structure, Sialadenitis, Tumours
 27. Common diseases of Bones
 - Osteomyelitis, Metabolic bone diseases, Bone Tumours, Osteosarcoma, Osteocalstoma, Giant cell Tumour, Ewing's sarcoma, Fibrous dysplasia, Aneurysmal bone cyst
 28. Diseases of Cardiovascular system
 - Cardiac failuare
 - Congenital heart disease – ASD, VSD, PDA
 - Fallot's Tetrolgy

- Infective Endocarditis
 - Atherosclerosis
 - Ischaemic heart Disease
29. Haemorrhagic Disorders
 Coagulation cascade
 Coagulation disorders
- Platelet function
 - Platelet disorders

Practicals

1. Urine – Abnormal constituents
 - Sugar, albumin, ketone bodies
2. Urine – Abnormal constituents
 - Blood, bile salts, bile pigments
3. Haemoglobin (Hb) estimation
4. Total WBC count
5. Differential WBC Count
6. Packed cell volume(PCV,) erythrocyte sedimentation Rate (ESR)
7. Bleeding Time & clotting Time
8. Histopathology
 - Tissue Processing
 - Staining
9. Histopathology slides
 - Acute appendicitis, Granulation tissue, fatty liver
10. Histopathology slides
 - CVC lung, CVC liver, Kidney amyloidosis
11. Histopathology slides
 - Tuberculosis, Actinomycosis, Rhinosporidiosis
12. Histopathology slides
 - Papilloma, Basal cell Ca, Sq cell Ca
13. Histopathology slides
 - Osteosarcoma, osteoclastoma, fibrosarcoma
14. Histopathology slides
 - Malignant melanoma, Ameloblastoma, Adenoma
15. Histopathology slides
 - Mixed parotid tumour, metastatic carcinoma in lymph node

List of Textbooks

1. Robbins – Pathologic Basis of Disease Cotran, Kumar, Robbins
2. Anderson's Pathology Vol 1 & 2 Editors – Ivan Damjanov & James Linder
3. Wintrobe's clinical Haematology Lee, Bithell, Foerster, Athens, Lukens

MICROBIOLOGY

AIM:

To introduce the students to the exciting world of microbes. To make the students aware of various branches of microbiology, importance, significance and contribution of each branch to mankind and other fields of medicine. The objectives of teaching microbiology can be achieved by various teaching techniques such as :

- a) Lectures
- b) Lecture Demonstrations
- c) Practical exercises
- d) Audio visual aids
- e) Small group discussions with regular feed back from the students.

OBJECTIVES:

A. KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING

At the end of the Microbiology course the student is expected to :

1. Understand the basics of various branches of microbiology and able to apply the knowledge relevantly.
2. Apply the knowledge gained in related medical subjects like General Medicine and General Surgery and Dental subjects like Oral Pathology, Community Dentistry, Periodontics, Oral Surgery, Pedodontics, Conservative Dentistry and Oral medicine in higher classes.
3. Understand and practice various methods of Sterilisation and disinfection in dental clinics.
4. Have a sound understanding of various infectious diseases and lesions in the oral cavity.

A. SKILLS

1. Student should have acquired the skill to diagnose, differentiate various oral lesions.
2. Should be able to select, collect and transport clinical specimens to the laboratory.
3. Should be able to carry out proper aseptic procedures in the dental clinic.

A brief syllabus of Microbiology is given as follows:

A. GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY:

1. History, Introduction, Scope, Aims and Objectives.
2. Morphology and Physiology of bacteria.
3. Detail account of Sterilisation and Disinfection.
4. Brief account of Culture media and Culture techniques.
5. Basic knowledge of selection, collection, transport, processing of clinical Specimens and identification of bacteria.
6. Bacterial Genetics and Drug Resistance in bacteria.

B. IMMUNOLOGY:

1. Infection - Definition, Classification, Source, Mode of transmission and types of Infectious disease.
2. Immunity
3. Structure and functions of Immune system
4. The Complement System
5. Antigen
6. Immunoglobulins - Antibodies - General structure and the role played in defense mechanism of the body.
7. Immune response
8. Antigen - Antibody reactions - with reference to clinical utility.
9. Immuno deficiency disorders - a brief knowledge of various types of immuno deficiency disorders - A sound knowledge of immuno deficiency disorders relevant to dentistry.
10. Hypersensitivity reactions
11. Autoimmune disorders - Basic knowledge of various types - sound knowledge of autoimmune disorders of oral cavity and related structures.
12. Immunology of Transplantation and Malignancy
13. Immunehaematology

C. SYSTEMATIC BACTERIOLOGY:

1. Pyogenic cocci - Staphylococcus, Streptococcus, Pneumococcus, Gonococcus, Meningococcus – brief account of each coccus - detailed account of mode of spread, laboratory diagnosis, Chemo therapy and prevention - Detailed account of Cariogenic Streptococci.
2. Corynebacterium diphtheriae - mode of spread, important clinical feature, Laboratory diagnosis, Chemotherapy and Active immunisation.
3. Mycobacteria - Tuberculosis and Leprosy
4. Clostridium - Gas gangrene, food poisoning and tetanus.
5. Non-sporing Anaerobes - in brief about classification and morphology, in detail about dental pathogens - mechanism of disease production and prevention.
6. Spirochaetes - Treponema pallidum - detailed account of Oral Lesions of syphilis, Borrelia vincentii.
7. Actinomycetes.

D. VIROLOGY:

1. Introduction
2. General properties, cultivation, host - virus interaction with special reference to Interferon.
3. Brief account of Laboratory diagnosis, Chemotherapy and immuno prophylaxis in general.
4. A few viruses of relevance to dentistry.
 - Herpes Virus
 - Hepatitis B Virus - brief about other types
 - Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)
 - Mumps Virus
 - Brief - Measles and Rubella Virus
5. Bacteriophage - structure and Significance

E. MYCOLOGY

1. Brief Introduction
2. Candidosis - in detail
3. Briefly on oral lesions of systemic mycoses.

F. PARASITOLOGY:

1. Brief introduction - protozoans and helminths
2. Brief knowledge about the mode of transmission and prevention of commonly seen parasitic infection in the region.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS FOR REGULAR READING:

1. Text book of Microbiology – R.Ananthanarayan & C.K.Jayaram Paniker.
2. Medical Microbiology – David Greenwood etal.

BOOKS FOR FURTHER READING/REFERENCE.

- i) Microbiology – Prescott, etal.
- ii) Microbiology – Bernard D. Davis , etal.
- iii) Clinical & Pathogenic Microbiology – Barbara J Howard, etal.
- iv) Mechanisms of Microbial diseases – Moselio Schaechter, etal.
- v) Immunology an Introduction – Tizard
- vi) Immunology 3rd edition – Evan Roitt , etal.

5. GENERAL AND DENTAL PHARMACOLOGY AND THERAPEUTICSGOAL:

The broad goal of teaching under graduate students in pharmacology is to inculcate rational and scientific basis of therapeutics keeping in view of dental curriculum and Profession.

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the course the student shall be able to:

- i) Describe the pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of essential and commonly used drugs in general and in dentistry in particular.
- ii) List the indications, contraindications; interactions, and adverse reactions of commonly used drugs with reason.
- iii) Tailor the use of appropriate drugs in disease with consideration to its cost, efficacy, safety for individual and mass therapy needs.
- iv) Indicate special care in prescribing common and essential drugs in special medical situations such as pregnancy, lactation, old age, renal, hepatic damage and immuno compromised patients.
- v) Integrate the rational drug therapy in clinical pharmacology.
- vi) Indicate the principles underlying the concepts of “Essential drugs”.

SKILLS:

At the end of the course the student shall be able to:

- 1) Prescribe drugs for common dental and medical ailments.
- 2) To appreciate adverse reactions and drug interactions of commonly used drugs.
- 3) Observe experiments designed for study of effects of drugs.
- 4) Critically evaluate drug formulations and be able to interpret the clinical pharmacology of marketed preparations commonly used in dentistry.
- 5) INTEGRATION: Practical knowledge of use of drugs in clinical practice will be acquired through integrated teaching with clinical departments.

LECTURE:**I. GENERAL PHARMACOLOGY:**

1. General principles of pharmacology; sources and nature of drugs dosage forms; prescription writing; pharmacokinetics (absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion of drugs), mode of action of drugs, combined effects of drugs, receptor mechanism of drug action, factors modifying drug response, adverse drug reactions; drug interactions, Implications of General Principles in clinical dentistry.
2. CNS drugs; General anaesthetics, hypnotics, analgesics psychotropic drugs, anti – epileptics, muscle relaxants, local anaesthetics, Implications of these drugs in clinical dentistry.
3. Autonomic drugs; sympathomimetics, antiadrenergic drugs parasymphomimetics and parasympatholytics, Implications of Autonomic drugs in clinical dentistry.
4. Cardiovascular drugs; Cardiac stimulants ; antihypertensive drugs, vasopressor agents, treatment of shock, Antianginal agents and diuretics, Implications of these drugs in clinical dentistry.
5. Autocoids:
Histamine, antihistamines, prostaglandins, leukotriens and bronchodilators, Implications of Autocoids in clinical dentistry.
6. Drugs acting on blood : coagulants and anticoagulants, hematinics, Implications of these drugs in clinical dentistry.
7. G.I.T. Drugs, Purgatives, anti-diarrhoeal, antacids, anti-emetics, Implications of these drugs in clinical dentistry.
8. Endocrines; Emphasis on treatment of diabetes and glucocorticoids, thyroid and antithyroid agents, drugs affecting calcium balance and anabolic steroids, Implications of these drugs in clinical dentistry.
9. Chemotherapy: Antimicrobial agents (against bacteria, anaerobic infections, fungi, virus and broad spectrum). Infection management in dentistry. Phamacotherapy of Tuberculosis, leprosy and chemotherapy of malignancy in general. Implications of Chemotherpy in clinical dentistry.
10. Vitamins : Water soluble vitamins, Vit. D, Vit.K. and Vit. E, Implications of Vitamins in clinical dentistry.
11. Pharmacotherapy of emergencies in dental office and emergency drugs tray Implications of Pharmacotherapy in clinical dentistry.
12. Chealating agents – BAL,EDTA and desferrioxamine,

II. DENTAL PHARMACOLOGY

1. Anti - septics, astrigents, obtundents, mummifying agents, bleaching agents, styptics, disclosing agents, dentifrices, mouth washes, caries and fluorides.
2. Pharmacotherapy of common oral conditions in dentistry.
Practicals and Demonstrations :
To familiarise the student with the methodology: prescription writing and dispensing. Rationale of drug combinations of marketed drugs.

LIST OF BOOKS RECOMMENDED FOR READING AND REFERENCE

1. R.S.Satoskar, Kale Bhandarkar's Pharmacology and Pharmacolherapeutics, 10th Edition, Bombay Popular Prakashan 1991.
2. Bertam G Katzung, Basic and Clinical pharmacology 6th ed. Appleton & Lange 1997.
3. Lauerence D.R. Clinical Pharmacology 8th ed. Churchill Livingstone 1997.
4. Satoskar R.S. & Bhandarkar S.D., Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics part I & part ii, 13th Popular Prakashan Bombay 1993.
5. Tripathi K.D., Essentials of Medical Pharmacology 4th ed Jaypee Brothers 1999.

6. DENTAL MATERIALS

The science of Dental Material has undergone tremendous changes over the years. Continued research has led to new material systems and changing concepts in the dental field. Interlinked with various specialised branches of chemistry, practically all engineering applied sciences and biological characteristics, the science of dental material emerged as a basic sciences in itself with its own values and principles.

INTRODUCTION

AIMS:

Aim of the course is to present basic chemical and physical properties of Dental materials as they are related to its manipulation to give a sound educational background so that the practice of the dentistry emerged from art to empirical status of science as more information through further research becomes available. It is also the aim of the course of Dental materials to provide with certain criteria of selection and which will enable to discriminate between facts and propaganda with regards to claims of manufactures.

OBJECTIVES:

To understand the evolution and development of science of dental material.

To explain purpose of course in dental materials to personnels concerned with the profession of the dentistry. Knowledge of physical and chemical properties. Knowledge of biomechanical requirements of particular restorative procedure. An intelligent compromise of the conflicting as well as co-ordinating factors into the desired Ernest. Laying down standards or specifications of various materials to guide to manufacturers as well as to help professionals.

Search for newer and better materials which may answer our requirements with greater satisfaction. To understand and evaluate the claims made by manufactures of dental materials

NEEDS FOR THE COURSE:

The profession has to rise from an art to a science, , the need for the dentist to possess adequate knowledge of materials to exercises his best through knowledge of properties of different types of materials. The growing concern of health hazards due to mercury toxicity, inhalation of certain vapour or dust materials, irritations and allergic reaction to skin due to contact of materials. Materials causing irritation of oral tissues, pH of restorative materials causing inflammation and necrosis of pulp which is a cause for the dentist to posses wider knowledge of physical, chemical and biological properties of materials being used. For the protection for the patient and his own protection certain criteria of selection are provided that will enable the dentist to discriminate between facts and propaganda, which will make a material biologically accept.

SCOPE:

The dental materials is employed in mechanical procedures including restorative dentistry such as Prosthodontics, endodontics, periodontal, orthodontics and restorative materials. There is scarcely a dental procedure that does not make use of dental materials in one form or another and therefore the application of dental material is not limited to any one branch of dentistry. Branches such as minor surgery and periodontics require less use of materials but the physical and chemical characters of materials are important in these fields.

The toxic and tissue reaction of dental materials and their durability in the oral cavity where the temperature is between 32 & 37 degree centigrade, and the ingestion of hot or cold food ranges from 0-70 degree centigrade. The acid an alkalinity of fluids shown pH varies from 4 to 8.5. The load on 1 sq. mm of tooth or restorative materials can reach to a level as high as many kilograms. Thus the biological properties of dental materials cannot be separated from their physical and chemical properties.

2). STRUCTURE OF MATTER AND PRINCIPLES OF ADHESION.

Change of state, inter atomic primary bonds, inter atomic secondary bonds, inter atomic bond distance and bonding energy, thermal energy, crystalline structure, non crystalline structures, diffusion, adhesion and bonding and adhesion to tooth structures.

3). IMPORTANT PHYSICAL PROPERTIES APPLICABLE TO DENTAL MATERIALS

Physical properties are based on laws of mechanics, acoustics, optics, thermodynamics, electricity, magnetism, radiation, atomic structure or nuclear phenomena. Hue, value, chroma and translucency physical properties based on laws of optics, dealing with phenomena of light, vision and sight. Thermal conductivity & coefficient of thermal expansion are physical properties based on laws of thermodynamics. Stress, strain, proportional limit, elastic limit yield strength, modulus of elasticity, flexibility, resilience, impact, impact strength, permanent deformation, strength, flexure strength fatigue, static fatigue, toughness, brittleness, ductility & malleability, hardness, abrasion resistance, relaxation, rheology, Thixotropic, creep, static creep, dynamic creep, flow, colour, three dimensional colour – hue, values, chroma, Munsell system, metamersim, fluorescence, physical properties of tooth, stress during mastication

4). BIOLOGICAL CONSIDERATIONS IN USE OF DENTAL MATERIALS.

Materials used are with the knowledge of appreciation of certain biological considerations for use in oral cavity. Requirement of materials with biological compatibility. Classification of materials from perspective of biological compatibility. eg. contact with soft tissues, affecting vitality of pulp, used for root canal fillings, affecting hard tissues of teeth, laboratory materials that could be accidentally be inhaled or ingested during handling. Hazards associated with materials: pH-affecting pulp, polymers causing chemical irritation, mercury toxicity, etc. Microleakage, Thermal changes, Galvanism, toxic effect of materials. Biological evaluation for systemic toxicity, skin irritation, mutagenicity and carcinogenicity. Disinfection of dental materials for infection control.

5). GYPSUM & GYPSUM PRODUCTS.

Gypsum – its origin, chemical formula, Products manufactured from gypsum.

Dental plaster, Dental stone, Die stone, high strength, high expansion stone.

Application and manufacturing procedure of each, macroscopic and microscopic structure of each . Supplied as and Commercial names.

Chemistry of setting, setting reaction, theories of setting, gauging water, Microscopic structure of set material.

Setting time: working time and setting time, Measurement of setting time and factors controlling setting time .

Setting expansion, Hygroscopic setting expansion – factors affecting each

Strength :wet strength, dry strength, factors affecting strength, tensile strength

Slurry – need and use.

Care of cast.

ADA classification of gypsum products

Description of impression plaster and dental investment

Manipulation including recent methods or advanced methods.

Disinfection : infection control, liquids, sprays, radiation

Method of use of disinfectants

Storage of material – shelf life

6) IMPRESSION MATERIALS USED IN DENTISTRY

Impression plaster, Impression compound, Zinc oxide eugenol impression paste & bite registration paste incl., non eugenol paste, Hydrocolloids, reversible and irreversible, Elastomeric impression materials. Polysulphide, Condensation silicones, Addition silicones, Polyether, Visible light cure polyether urethane dimethacrylate, Historical background & development of each impression material, Definition of impression , Purpose of making impression, Ideal properties required and application of material, Classification as per ADA specification, general & individual impression material.

Application and their uses in different disciplines, Marketed as and their commercial names, Mode of supply & mode of application bulk/wash impression. Composition, chemistry of setting ,Control of setting time , Type of impression trays required, Adhesion to tray, manipulation, instruments & equipments required. Techniques of impression, storage of impression, (Compatibility with cast and die material). Any recent advancements in material and mixing devices. Study of properties: Working time, setting time, flow, accuracy, strength, flexibility, tear strength, dimensional stability, compatibility with cast & die materials incl., electroplating Biological properties: tissue reaction , Shelf life & storage of material, Infection control – disinfection, Advantages & disadvantages of each material.

7). SYNTHETIC RESINS USED IN DENTISTRY.

Historical background and development of material, Denture base materials and their classification and requirement

Classification of resins

Dental resins – requirements of dental resins, applications, polymerisation, polymerisation mechanism stages in addition polymerisation, inhibition of polymerisation, co polymerization, molecular weight, crosslinking, plastixizers, Physical properties of polymers, polymer structures types of resins.

ACRYLIC RESINS:

Mode of polymerisation: Heat activated, Chemically activated, Light activated, Mode of supply, application, composition, polymerisation reaction of each. Technical considerations: Methods of manipulation for each type of resin. Physical properties of denture base resin. Miscellaneous resins & techniques: Repair resins, Relining and rebasing. Short term and long-term soft-liners, temporary crown

and bridge resins, Resin impression trays, Tray materials, Resin teeth, materials in maxillofacial prosthesis, Denture cleansers, Infection control in detail, Biological properties and allergic reactions.

RESTORATIVE RESINS:

Historical background, Resin based restorative materials, Unfilled & filled, Composite restorative materials, Mode of supply, Composition, Polymerisation mechanisms: Chemically activated, Light activated, Dual cure: Degree of conversion, Polymerisation shrinkage Classification of Composites: Application, composition and properties of each Composites of posterior teeth, Prosthodontics resins for veneering. Biocompatibility – microleakage, pulpal reaction, pulpal protection Manipulation of composites: Techniques of insertion of Chemically activated, light activated, dual cure Polymerisation, Finishing and polishing of restoration, Repair of composites Direct bonding Bonding: Need for bonding, Acid - etch technique, Enamel bonding, Dentin bonding agents. Mode of bonding, Bond strength, Sandwich technique its indication and procedure. Extended application for composites: Resins for restoring eroded teeth, Pit and fissure sealing, Resin inlays system – Indirect & direct, Core build up, Orthodontic applications.

8). METAL AND ALLOYS:

Structure and behaviour of metals, Solidification of metals, mechanism of crystallisation amorphous & crystalline. Classification of alloys, Solid solutions, Constitutes or equilibrium phase diagrams: Electric alloys, Physical properties, Peritectic alloys, Solid state reaction other binary systems: Metallography & Heat treatment. Tarnish and corrosion. Definition: causes of corrosion, protection against corrosion., Corrosion of dental restorations, clinical significance of galvanic current. Dental Amalgam.

History:

Definition of dental amalgam, application, Alloy classification, manufacture of alloy powder composition - available as.

Amalgamation : setting reaction & resulting structure , properties , Microleakage

Dimensional stability, Strength, Creep, Clinical performance

Manipulation: Selection of alloy, proportioning, mechanism of trituration, condensation, carving & finishing. Effect of dimensional changes, Marginal deterioration., Repair of amalgam, mercury toxicity, mercury hygiene.

DIRECT FILLING GOLD:

Properties of pure gold, mode of adhesion of gold for restoration forms of direct filling gold for using as restorative material

Classification : Gold Foil, Electrolytic precipitate, powdered gold.

Manipulation: Removal of surface impurities and compaction of direct filling gold.

Physical properties of compacted gold, Clinical performance.

DENTAL CASTING ALLOYS:

Historical background, desirable properties of casting alloys.

Alternatives to cast metal technology: direct filling gold, amalgam, mercury free condensable intermetallic compound - an alternative to metal casting process. CAD-CAM process for metal & ceramic inlays - without need of impression of teeth or casting procedure, pure titanium, most bio compatible metal which are difficult to cast can be made into crowns with the aid of CAD- CAM technology . Another method of making copings - by copy milling (without casting procedures).

Classification of casting alloys: By function & description.

Recent classification , High noble (HN), Noble (N) and predominantly base metal (PB)

Alloys for crown & bridge, metal ceramic & removable partial denture. Composition, function, constituents and application, each alloy both noble and base metal. Properties of alloys: Melting range, mechanical properties, hardness, elongation, modulus of elasticity, tarnish and corrosion.

Casting shrinkage and compensation of casting shrinkage. Biocompatibility - Handling hazards & precautions of base metal alloys, casting investments used. Heat treatment : Softening & hardening heat treatment. Recycling of metals. Titanium alloys & their application , properties & advantages. Technical considerations In casting . Heat source, furnaces.

9). DENTAL WAXES INCLUDING INLAY CASTING WAX

Introduction and importance of waxes. Sources of natural waxes and their chemical nature.

Classification of Waxes:

Properties: melting range, thermal expansion, mechanical properties, flow & residual stresses, ductility. Dental Wax: Inlay wax: Mode of supply : Classification & composition, Ideal requirements: Properties of inlay wax: Flow, thermal properties Wax distortion & its causes.

Manipulation of inlay wax: Instruments & equipment required, including electrically heated instruments metal tips and thermostatically controlled wax baths.

Other waxes: Applications, mode of supply & properties.

Casting Wax, Base plate wax, Processing wax, Boxing wax, Utility wax, Sticky wax, Impression wax for corrective impressions, Bite registration wax.

10). DENTAL CASTING INVESTMENTS.

Definition, requirements, classification

Gypsum bonded - classification. Phosphate bonded, Silica bonded

Mode of Supply: Composition, application , setting mechanism, setting time & factors controlling.

Expansions :Setting expansion, Hygroscopic Setting expansion, & thermal expansion : factors affecting. Properties : Strength, porosity, and fineness & storage. Technical considerations: For Casting procedure, Preparation of die, Wax pattern, spruing, investing, control of shrinkage compensation, wax burnout, and heating the invested ring, casting. Casting machines, source of heat for melting the alloy. Defects in casting.

11). SOLDERING, BRAZING AND WELDING

Need of joining dental appliances, Terms & Definition

Solders: Definition, ideal requirement, types of solders – Soft & hard and their fusion temperature, application. Mode of supply of solders, Composition and selection, Properties. Tarnish & corrosion resistance mechanical properties, microstructure of soldered joint. Fluxes & Anti fluxes: Definition, Function, Types, commonly used fluxes & their selection Technique of Soldering & Brazing : free hand soldering and investment, steps and procedure. Welding,: Definition, application, requirements, procedure, weld decay - causes and how to avoid it. Laser welding.

WROUGHT BASE METAL ALLOYS

Applications and different alloys used mainly for orthodontics purpose

1. Stainless steel
2. Cobalt chromium nickel
3. Nickel titanium
4. Beta titanium

Properties required for orthodontic wires, working range, springiness, stiffness, resilience, Formability, ductility, ease of joining, corrosion resistance, stability in oral environment, bio compatibility

Stainless steels: Description, type, composition & properties of each type. Sensitisation & stabilisation , Mechanical properties – strength, tensile, yield strength, KHN. Braided & twisted wires their need , Solders for stainless steel, Fluxes, Welding

1. Wrought cobalt chromium nickel alloys, composition, allocation, properties, heat treatment, physical properties
2. Nickel – Titanium alloys, shape, memory & super elastic
3. Titanium alloys, application, composition, properties, welding, Corrosion resistance

12). DENTAL CEMENTS

Definition & Ideal requirements:

Cements: Silicate, Glass ionomer, metal modified glass ionomer, resin modified glass ionomer, zinc oxide eugenol, modified zinc oxide eugenol, zinc phosphate, zinc silico phosphate, zinc poly carboxylate, Cavity liners and cement bases, Varnishes Calcium hydroxide, Gutta percha

Application, classification (general and individual), setting mechanism, mode of supply, Properties, factors affecting setting, special emphasis on critical procedures of manipulation and protection of cement, mode of adhesion, biomechanism of caries inhibition.

Agents for pulpal protection., Modifications and recent advances, Principles of cementation. Special emphasis on cavity liners and cement bases and luting agents.

13). DENTAL CERAMICS

Historical background & General applications.

Dental ceramics : definition, classification, application, mode of supply, manufacturing procedure, methods of strengthening. Properties of fused ceramic: Strength and factors affecting, modulus of elasticity, surface hardness, wear resistance, thermal properties, specific gravity, chemical stability, esthetic properties, biocompatibility, technical considerations.

Metal Ceramics (PFM): Alloys - Types and composition of alloys. Ceramic - Type and Composition.

Metal Ceramic Bond - Nature of bond. Bonding using electro deposition, foil copings, bonded platinum foil, swaged gold alloy foil coping. Technical considerations for porcelain and porcelain fused metal restorations. Recent advances - all porcelain restorations, Manganese core, injection moulded, castable ceramics, glass infiltrated alumina core ceramic (In ceram), ceramic veneers, inlays and onlays, and CAD - CAM ceramic. Chemical attack of ceramic by fluoride. Porcelain furnaces.

14). ABRASION & POLISHING AGENTS

Definition of abrasion and polishing. Need of abrasion and polishing. Types of abrasives: Finishing, polishing & cleaning. Types of abrasives: Diamond, Emery, aluminium oxides garnet, pumice, Kieselgurh, tripoli, rouge, tin oxide, chalk, chromic oxide, sand, carbides, diamond, zirconium silicate Zinc oxide

ABRASIVE ACTION :

Desirable characteristics of an abrasive, Rate of abrasion, Size of particle, pressure and speed.

Grading of abrasive & polishing agents. Binder, Polishing materials & procedures used. Technical consideration - Material and procedure used for abrasion and polishing Electrolytic polishing and burnishing.

15). DIE AND COUNTER DIE MATERIALS INCLUDING ELECTROFORMING AND ELECTROPOLISHING.

Types – Gypsum products, Electroforming, Epoxy resin, Amalgam.

- 16). DENTAL IMPLANTS : Evolution of dental implants, types and materials.
 17). MECHANICS OF CUTTING : Burs and points.

At the end of the course the student should have the knowledge about the composition, properties, manipulative techniques and their various commercial names. The student should also acquire skills to select and use the materials appropriately for laboratory and clinical use.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

1. Phillips Science of Dental Materials – 10th edn.- Kenneth J. Anusavice
2. Restorative Dental Materials – 10 edn. Robert G.Craig
3. Notes on Dental Materials – E.C. Combe

7. PRE CLINICAL CONSERVATIVE DENTISTRY LABORATORY EXERCISES

1. Identification and study of handcutting instruments chisels, gingival margin trimmers, excavators and hatchet.
2. Identification and use of rotary cutting instruments in contra angle hand pieces burs (Micromotor)
3. Preparation class I and extended class I and class II and MOD's and class V amounting to 10 exercises in plaster models.
4. 10 exercises in mounted extracted teeth of following class I, 4 in number class I extended cavities 2, class II 4 in number and Class V 2 in number. Cavity preparation base application matrix and wedge placement restoration with amalgam.
5. Exercises on phantom head models which includes cavity preparation base and varnish application matrix and wedge placement followed by amalgam restoration.

Class I	5
Class I with extension	2
Class II	10
Class II Mods	2
Class V and III for glass ionomers	4
Class V for amalgam	2
6. Polishing of above restorations.
7. Demonstration of Class III and Class V cavity preparation. For composites on extracted tooth completing the restoration.
8. Polishing and finishing of the restoration of composites.
9. Identification and manipulation of varnish bases like Zinc Phosphate, Poly carboxylate, Glass Ionomers, Zinc Oxide, Eugenol cements.
10. Identification and manipulation of various matrices, tooth separators and materials like composites and modified glass ionomer cements.
11. Cast Restoration
 1. Preparation of Class II inlay cavity
 2. Fabrication of wax pattern
 3. Sprue for inner attachment investing
 4. Investing of wax pattern
 5. Finishing and cementing of class II inlay in extracted tooth.
12. Endodontics
 1. Identification of basic endodontic instruments
 2. Coronal access cavity preparation on extracted. Upper central incisors
 3. Determination of working length.
 4. Biomechanical preparation of root canal space of central incisor
 5. Obfuration of root canal spaces. Absens of coronal access cavity.
 6. Closure of access cavity

8. ORAL PATHOLOGY & ORAL MICROBIOLOGY

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of Oral Pathology & Oral Microbiology course, the student should be able to comprehend -

1. The different types of pathological processes, that involve the oral cavity.
2. The manifestations of common diseases, their diagnosis & correlation with clinical pathological processes.
3. An understanding of the oral manifestations of systemic diseases should help in correlating with the systemic physical signs & laboratory findings.
4. The student should understand the underlying biological principles governing treatment of oral diseases.
5. The principles of certain basic aspects of Forensic Odontology.

SKILLS:

1. Microscopic study of common lesions affecting oral tissues through microscopic slides & projection slides.
2. Study of the disease process by surgical specimens.
3. Study of teeth anomalies/polymorphisms through tooth specimens & plaster casts.
4. Microscopic study of plaque pathogens.
5. Study of haematological preparations (blood films) of anaemias & leukemias.

6. Basic exercises in Forensic Odontology such as histological methods of age estimation and appearance of teeth in injuries.

1. INTRODUCTION:

◆ A bird's eye view of the different pathological processes involving the oral cavity & oral cavity involvement in systemic diseases to be brought out. Interrelationship between General Medicine & General Surgery & Oral pathology to be emphasized.

2. Developmental disturbances of teeth, jaws and soft tissues of oral & paraoral region :

◆ Introduction to developmental disturbances - Hereditary, Familial mutation, Hormonal etc. causes to be highlighted.

◆ Developmental disturbances of teeth - Etiopathogenesis, clinical features, radiological features & histopathological features as appropriate :-

The size, shape, number, structure & eruption of teeth & clinical significance of the anomalies to be emphasized.

◆ Forensic Odontology.

◆ Developmental disturbances of jaws - size & shape of the jaws.

◆ Developmental disturbances of oral & paraoral soft tissues - lip & palate - clefts, tongue, gingiva, mouth, salivary glands & face.

3. Dental Caries :

◆ Etiopathogenesis, microbiology, clinical features, diagnosis, histopathology, immunology, prevention of dental caries & its sequelae.

4. Pulp & Periapical Pathology & Osteomyelitis.

◆ Etiopathogenesis & interrelationship, clinical features, microbiology, histopathology & radiological features (as appropriate) of pulp & periapical lesions & osteomyelitis.

◆ Sequelae of periapical abscess - summary of space infections, systemic complications & significance.

5. Periodontal Diseases :

◆ Etiopathogenesis, microbiology, clinical features, histopathology & radiological features (as appropriate) of gingivitis, gingival enlargements & periodontitis. Basic immunological mechanisms of periodontal disease to be highlighted.

6. Microbial infections of oral soft tissues :

◆ Microbiology, defence mechanisms including immunological aspects, oral manifestations, histopathology and laboratory diagnosis of common bacterial, viral & fungal infections namely :-

Bacterial : Tuberculosis, Syphilis, ANUG & its complications - Cancrum Oris.

Viral : Herpes Simplex, Varicella zoster, Measles, Mumps & HIV infection.

Fungal : Candidal infection. Aphthous Ulcers.

7. Common non-inflammatory diseases involving the jaws :

◆ Etiopathogenesis, clinical features, radiological & laboratory values in diagnosis of :

Fibrous dysplasia, Cherubism, Osteogenesis Imperfecta, Paget's disease, Cleidocranial dysplasia, Rickets, Achondroplasia, Marfan's syndrome & Down's syndrome.

8. Diseases of TM Joint :

◆ Ankylosis, summary of different types of arthritis & other developmental malformations, traumatic injuries & myofascial pain dysfunction syndrome.

9. Cysts of the Oral & Paraoral region :

◆ Classification, etiopathogenesis, clinical features, histopathology, laboratory & radiological features (as appropriate) of Odontogenic cysts, Non-Odontogenic cysts, Pseudocysts of jaws & soft tissue cysts of oral & paraoral region.

10. Tumours of the Oral Cavity :

◆ Classification of Odontogenic, Non-Odontogenic & Salivary Gland Tumours. Etiopathogenesis, clinical features, histopathology, radiological features & laboratory diagnosis (as appropriate) of the following common tumours :-

a) Odontogenic - all lesions.

b) Non-odontogenic

- Benign Epithelial - Papilloma, Keratoacanthoma & Naevi.

- Benign Mesenchymal - Fibroma, Aggressive fibrous lesions, Lipoma, Haemangioma, Lymphangioma, Neurofibroma, Schwannoma, Chondroma, Osteoma & Tori.

- Malignant Epithelial - Basal Cell Carcinoma, Verrucous Carcinoma, Squamous Cell carcinoma & Malignant Melanoma.

- Malignant Mesenchymal - Fibrosarcoma, Osteosarcoma, Giant cell tumour, Chondrosarcoma, Angiosarcoma, Kaposi's sarcoma, Lymphomas, Ewing's sarcoma & Other Reticuloendothelial tumours.

c) Salivary Gland

- Benign Epithelial neoplasms - Pleomorphic Adenoma, Warthin's tumour, & Oncocytoma.

- Malignant Epithelial neoplasms - Adenoid Cystic Carcinoma, Mucoepidermoid Carcinoma, Acinic Cell Carcinoma & Adenocarcinomas.

- d) Tumours of Disputed Origin - Congenital Epulis & Granular Cell Myoblastoma.
 e) Metastatic tumours - Tumors metastasizing to & from oral cavity & the routes of metastasis.

11. Traumatic, Reactive & Regressive lesions of Oral Cavity :
- ◆ Pyogenic & Giant cell granuloma, exostoses Fibrous Hyperplasia, Traumatic Ulcer & Traumatic Neuroma.
 - ◆ Attrition, Abrasion, Erosion, Bruxism, Hypercementosis, Dentinal changes, Pulp calcifications & Resorption of teeth.
 - ◆ Radiation effects of oral cavity, summary of Physical & Chemical injuries including allergic reactions of the oral cavity.
 - ◆ Healing of Oral wounds & complications - Dry socket.
12. Non neoplastic Salivary Gland Diseases :
- ◆ Sialolithiasis, Sialosis, Sialadenitis, Xerostomia & Ptyalism.
13. Systemic Diseases involving Oral cavity :
- ◆ Brief review & oral manifestations, diagnosis & significance of common Blood, Nutritional, Hormonal & Metabolic diseases of Oral cavity.
14. Mucocutaneous Lesions :
- ◆ Etiopathogenesis, clinical features & histopathology of the following common lesions. Lichen Planus, Lupus Erythematosus, Pemphigus & Pemphigoid lesions, Erythema Multiforme, Psoriasis, Scleroderma, Ectodermal Dysplasia, Epidermolysis bullosa & White sponge nevus..
15. Diseases of the Nerves :
- ◆ Facial neuralgias - Trigeminal & Glossopharyngeal. VII nerve paralysis, Causalgia.
 - ◆ Psychogenic facial pain & Burning mouth syndrome.
16. Pigmentation of Oral & Paraoral region & Discolouration of teeth :
- ◆ causes & clinical manifestations.
17. Diseases of Maxillary Sinus :
- ◆ Traumatic injuries to sinus, Sinusitis, Cysts & Tumours involving antrum.
18. a) ORAL PRECANCER – CANCER; Epidemiology, aetiology, clinical and histopathological features, TNM classification. Recent advances in diagnosis, management and prevention.
 b) Biopsy : Types of biopsy, value of biopsy, cytology, histo chemistry & frozen sections in diagnosis of oral diseases.
19. Principles of Basic Forensic Odontology (Pre-clinical Forensic Odontology):
- ◆ Introduction, definition, aims & scope.
 - ◆ Sex and ethnic (racial) differences in tooth morphology and histological age estimation
 - ◆ Determination of sex & blood groups from buccal mucosa / saliva.
 - ◆ Dental DNA methods
 - ◆ Bite marks, rugae patterns & lip prints.
 - ◆ Dental importance of poisons and corrosives.
 - ◆ Overview of forensic medicine and toxicology

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| 1. A Text Book of Oral Pathology | - Shafer, Hine & Levy. |
| 2. Oral Pathology - Clinical Pathologic correlations | - Regezi & Sciubba. |
| 3. Oral Pathology | - Soames & Southam. |
| 4. Oral Pathology in the Tropics | - Prabhu, Wilson, Johnson & Daftary |

9. GENERAL MEDICINE

GUIDELINES:

Special emphasis should be given throughout on the importance of various diseases as applicable to dentistry.

1. Special precautions/ contraindication of anaesthesia and various dental procedures in different systemic diseases.
2. Oral manifestations of systemic diseases.
3. Medical emergencies in dental practice.

A dental student should be taught in such a manner he/she is able to record the arterial pulse, blood pressure and be capable of suspecting by sight and superficial examination of the body – diseases of the heart, lungs, kidneys, blood etc. He should be capable of handling medical emergencies encountered in dental practice.

THEORY SYLLABUS

CORE TOPICS (Must Know)

1. Aims of medicine Definitions of signs, symptoms, diagnosis, differential diagnosis treatment & prognosis.

2. Infections.

Enteric fever, AIDS, herpes simplex, herpes zoster, syphilis diphtheria.

COLLATERAL TOPICS (Desirable to Know)

Infectious mononucleosis mumps, measles, rubella, malaria.

3. G.I.T.

Stomatitis, gingival hyperplasia, dysphagia, acid peptic disease, jaundice, acute and chronic hepatitis, cirrhosis of liver ascites.

4. CVS

Acute rheumatic fever rheumatic valvular heart disease, hypertension, ischemic heart disease, infective endocarditis, common arrhythmias, congenital heart disease, congestive cardiac failure.

5. RS

Pneumonia, COPD, Pulmonary TB, Bronchial asthma

Diarrhea
Dysentery
Amoebiasis
Malabsorption

Lung Abscess
Pleural effusion
Pneumothorax
Bronchiectasis
Lung cancers.

6. Hematology

Anemias, bleeding & clotting disorders, leukemias, lymphomas, agranulocytosis, splenomegaly, oral manifestations of hematologic disorders, generalized Lymphadenopathy.

7. Renal System

Acute nephritis
Nephrotic syndrome

Renal failure

8. Nutrition

Avitaminosis

Balanced diet
PEM

Avitaminosis
- Meningitis
- Examination of comatose patient
- Examination of cranial nerves.
Addison's disease, Cushing's syndrome.

9. CNS

Facial palsy, facial pain including trigeminal neuralgia, epilepsy, headache including migraine.

10. Endocrines

Diabetes Mellitus Acromegaly, Hypothyroidism, Thyrotoxicosis, Calcium metabolism and parathyroids.

11. Critical care

Syncope, cardiac arrest, CPR, shock

Ac LVF
ARDS

CLINICAL TRAINING:

The student must be able to take history, do general physical examination (including build, nourishment, pulse, BP, respiration, clubbing, cyanosis, jaundice, lymphadenopathy, oral cavity) and be able to examine CVS, RS and abdomen and facial nerve.

10. GENERAL SURGERY

AIMS:

To acquaint the student with various diseases, which may require surgical expertise and to train the student to analyze the history and be able to do a thorough physical examination of the patient. The diseases as related to head and neck region are to be given due importance, at the same time other relevant surgical problems are also to be addressed. At the end of one year of study the student should have a good theoretical knowledge of various ailments, and be practically trained to differentiate benign and malignant diseases and be able to decide which patient requires further evaluation.

1. HISTORY OF SURGERY:

The development of surgery as a speciality over the years, will give the students an opportunity to know the contributions made by various scientists, teachers and investigators. It will also enable the student to understand the relations of various specialities in the practice of modern surgery.

2. GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF SURGERY:

Introduction to various aspects of surgical principles as related to orodental diseases. Classification of diseases in general. This will help the student to understand the various diseases, their relevance to routine dental practice.

3. WOUNDS:

Their classification, wound healing, repair, treatment of wounds, medico-legal aspects of accidental wounds and complications of wounds.

4. INFLAMMATION:

Of soft and hard tissues. Causes of inflammation, varieties, treatment and sequelae.

5. INFECTIONS:

Acute and chronic abscess skin infections, cellulitis, carbuncle, and erysipelas. Specific infections such as tetanus, gangrene, syphilis, gonorrhoea, tuberculosis, Actinomycosis, Vincents angina, cancrum oris. Pyaemia, toxemia and septicaemia.

6. TRANSMISSIBLE VIRAL INFECTIONS:

HIV and Hepatitis B with special reference to their prevention and precautions to be taken in treating patients in a carrier state.

7. **SHOCK AND HAEMORRHAGE:**
Classification, causes, clinical features and management of various types of shock. Syncope, Circulatory collapse. Haemorrhage – different types, causes, clinical features and management. Blood groups, blood transfusion, precautions and complications of blood and their products. Hemophilia's, their transmission, clinical features and management especially in relation to minor dental procedures.
8. **TUMOURS, ULCERS, CYSTS, SINUS AND FISTULAE:**
Classification, clinical examination and treatment principles in various types of benign and malignant tumours, ulcers, cysts, sinus and fistulae.
9. **DISEASES OF LYMPHATIC SYSTEM:**
Especially those occurring in head and neck region. Special emphasis on identifying diseases such as tubercular infection, lymphomas, leukaemias, metastatic lymph node diseases.
10. **DISEASES OF THE ORAL CAVITY:**
Infective and malignant diseases of the oral cavity and oropharynx including salivary glands with special emphasis on preventive aspects of premalignant and malignant diseases of the oral cavity.
11. **DISEASES OF LARYNX, NASOPHARYNX:**
Infections and tumours affecting these sites. Indications, procedure and complications of tracheostomy.
12. **NERVOUS SYSTEM:**
Surgical problems associated with nervous system with special reference to the principles of peripheral nerve injuries, their regeneration and principles of treatment. Detailed description of afflictions of facial nerve and its management. Trigeminal neuralgia, its presentation and treatment.
13. **FRACTURES:**
General principles of fractures, clinical presentation and treatment with additional reference to newer methods of fracture treatment. Special emphasis on fracture healing and rehabilitation.
14. **PRINCIPLES OF OPERATIVE SURGERY:**
Principles as applicable to minor surgical procedures including detailed description of asepsis, antiseptics, sterilisation, principles of anaesthesia and principles of tissue replacement. Knowledge of sutures, drains, diathermy, cryosurgery and use of Laser in surgery.
15. **ANOMOLIES OF DEVELOPMENT OF FACE:**
Surgical anatomy and development of face. Cleft lip and cleft palate—principles of management.
16. **DISEASES OF THYROID AND PARATHYROID:**
Surgical anatomy, pathogenesis, clinical features and management of dysfunction of thyroid and parathyroid glands. Malignant diseases of the thyroid—classification, clinical features and management.
17. **SWELLINGS OF THE JAW:**
Differential diagnosis and management of different types of swellings of the jaw.
18. **BIOPSY:**
Different types of biopsies routinely used in surgical practice.
Skills to be developed by the end of teaching is to examine a routine swelling, ulcer and other related diseases and to perform minor surgical procedures such as draining an abscess, taking a biopsy etc.

11. CONSERVATIVE DENTISTRY AND ENDODONTICS

OBJECTIVES:

- A. Knowledge and understanding
- B. Skills and
- C. Attitudes

A). Knowledge and under standing:

The graduate should acquire the following knowledge during the period of training.

- i. To diagnose and treat simple restorative work for teeth.
- ii. To gain knowledge about aesthetic restorative material and to translate the same to patients needs.
- iii. To gain the knowledge about endodontic treatment on the basis of scientific foundation.
- iv. To carry out simple endodontic treatment.
- v. To carry out simple luxation of tooth and its treatment and to provide emergency endodontic treatment.

SKILLS:

He should attain following skills necessary for practice of dentistry

- i) To use medium and high speed hand pieces to carry out restorative work.
- ii) Possesses the skills to use and familiarise endodontic instruments and materials needed for carrying out simple endodontic treatment.
- iii) To achieve the skills to translate patients esthetic needs along with function.

ATTITUDES:

- i). Maintain a high standard of professional ethics and conduct and apply these in all aspects of professional life.
- ii). Willingness to participate in CDE programme to update the knowledge and professional skill from time to time.
- iii). To help and participate in the implementation of the national oral health policy.
- iv). He should be able to motivate the patient for proper dental treatment at the same time proper maintenance of oral hygiene should be emphasised which will help to maintain the restorative work and prevent future damage.

INTRODUCTION :

Definition aims objectives of Conservative Dentistry scope and future of Conservative Dentistry.

1. Nomenclature Of Dentition:
Tooth numbering systems A.D.A. Zsigmondy Palmer and F.D.I. systems.
2. Principles Of Cavity Preparation :
Steps and nomenclature of cavity preparation classification of cavities, nomenclature of floors angles of cavities.
3. Dental Caries :
Aetiology, classification clinical features, morphological features, microscopic features, clinical diagnosis and sequel of dental caries.
4. Treatment Planning For Operative Dentistry:
Detailed clinical examination , radiographic examination, tooth vitality tests, diagnosis and treatment planning, preparation of the case sheet.
5. Gnathological Concepts Of Restoration:
Physiology of occlusion, normal occlusion, Ideal occlusion, mandibular movements and occlusal analysis. Occlusal rehabilitation and restoration.
6. Armamentarium For Cavity Preparation:
General classification of operative instruments, Hand cutting instruments design formula and sharpening of instruments. Rotary cutting instruments dental bur, mechanism of cutting, evaluation of hand piece and speed current concepts of rotary cutting procedures. Sterilisation and maintenance of instruments. Basic instrument tray set up.
7. Control of Operating Field:
Light source sterilisation field of operation control of moisture, rubber dam in detail, cotton rolls and anti sialogues.
8. Amalgam Restoration :
Indication contraindication, physical and mechanical properties , clinical behaviour. Cavity preparation for Class I , II, V and III. Step wise procedure for cavity preparation and restoration. Failure of amalgam restoration.
9. Pulp Protection :
Liners, varnishes and bases, Zinc phosphate, zinc polycarboxylate, zinc oxide eugenol and glass ionomer cements.
10. Anterior Restorations :
Selection of cases, selection of material, step wise procedures for using restorations , silicate (theory only) glass ionomers, composites, including sandwich restorations and bevels of the same with a note on status of the dentine bonding agents.
11. Direct Filling Gold Restorations :
Types of direct filling gold indications and limitations of cohesive gold. Annealing of gold foil cavity preparation and condensation of gold foils.
12. Preventive Measures In Restorative Practice :
Plaque Control, Pit and fissure sealants dietary measures restorative procedure and periodontal health. Contact and contour of teeth and restorations matrices tooth separation and wedges.
13. Temporisation or Interim Restoration.
14. Pin Amalgam Restoration Indication Contra Indication :
Advantages disadvantages of each types of pin methods of placement use of auto matrix. Failure of pin amalgam restoration.
15. Management Of Deep Carious Lesions Indirect And Direct Pulp Capping.
16. Non Carious Destruction's Tooth Structures Diagnosis and Clinical Management
17. Hyper Sensitive Dentine And Its Management.
18. Cast Restorations
Indications, contra indications, advantages and disadvantages and materials used for same Class II and Class I cavity preparation for inlays fabrication of wax pattern spurring inverting and casting procedures & casting defects.

19. Die Materials And Preparation Of Dies.
20. Gingival Tissue Management For Cast Restoration And Impression Procedures
21. Recent Cavity Modification Amalgam Restoration.
22. Differences between Amalgam And Inlay Cavity preparation with note on all the types of Bewels used for Cast Restoration.
23. Control Of Pain During Operative Procedures.
24. Treatment Planning For Operative Dentistry Detailed Clinical Examination Radiographic Examination
25. Vitality Tests, Diagnosis And Treatment Planning And Preparation Of Case Sheet.
26. Applied Dental Materials.
 1. Biological Considerations.
Evaluation, clinical application and adverse effects of the following materials. Dental cements, Zinc oxide euginol cements zinc phosphate cements, polycarboxylates glass ionomer cements, silicate cement calcium hydroxides varnishes.
 2. Dental amalgam, technical considerations mercury toxicity mercury hygiene.
 3. Composite, Dentine bonding agents, chemical and light curing composites
 4. Rubber base Imp. Materials
 5. Nobel metal alloys & non noble metal alloys
 6. Investment and die materials
 7. Inlay casting waxes
 8. Dental porcelain
 9. Aesthetic Dentistry
27. Endodontics: introduction definition scope and future of endodontics
28. Clinical diagnostic methods
29. Emergency endodontic procedures
30. Pulpal diseases causes, types and treatment .
31. Periapical diseases: acute periapical abscess, acute periodontal abscess phoeix abscess, chronic alveolar abscess granuloma cysts condensing osteits, external resorption.
32. Vital pulp therapy: indirect and direct pulp capping pulpotomy different types and medicaments used.
33. Apexogenesis and apexification or problems of open apex.
34. Rationale of endodontic treatment case selection indication and contraindications for root canal treatments.
35. Principles of root canal treatment mouth preparation root canal instruments, hand instruments, power driven instruments, standardisation color coding principle of using endodontic instruments. Sterilisation of root canal instruments and materials rubber dam application.
36. Anatomy of the pulp cavity: root canals apical foramen. Anomalies of pulp cavities access cavity preparation of anterior and premolar teeth.
37. Preparation of root canal space . Determination of working length, cleaning and shaping of root canals, irrigating solution chemical aids to instrumentation.
38. Disinfection of root canal space intracanal medicaments, poly antibiotic paste ross mans paste, mummifying agents. Out line of root canal treatment, bacteriological examinations, culture methods.
39. Problems during cleaning and shaping of root canal spaces. Perforation and its management. Broken instruments and its management, management of single and double curved root canals.
40. Methods of cleaning and shaping like step back crown down and conventional methods.
41. Obturation of the root canal system. Requirements of an ideal root canal filling material obturation methods using gutta percha healing after endodontic treatment. Failures in endodontics.
42. Root canal sealers. Ideal properties classification. Manipulation of root canal sealers.
43. post endodontic restoration fabrication and components of post core preparation.
44. smear layer and its importance in endodontics and conservative treatment.
45. discoloured teeth and its management. Bleaching agents, vital and non vital bleaching methods.
46. traumatised teeth classification of fractured teeth. Management of fractured tooth and root. Luxated teeth and its management.
47. endodontic surgeries indication contraindications, pre operative preparation. Pre medication surgical instruments and techniques apicectomy, retrograde filling, post operative sequale terphination hemisection, radiscetomy techniques of tooth reimplantation (both intentional and accidental) endodontic implants.
48. root resorption.
49. emergency endodontic procedures.
50. lasers in conservative endodontics (introduction only) practice management
51. professional association dentist act 1948 and its amendment 1993.
52. duties towards the govt. Like payments of professional tax, income tax.
53. financial management of practice
54. dental material and basic equipment management.
55. Ethics

12. ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY

AIMS:

To produce a graduate who is competent in performing extraction of teeth under both local and general anaesthesia, prevent and manage related complications, acquire a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the various diseases, injuries, infections occurring in the Oral & Maxillofacial region and offer solutions to such of those common conditions and has an exposure in to the in-patient management of maxillofacial problems.

OBJECTIVES:

a) Knowledge & Understanding:

At the end of the course and the clinical training the graduate is expected to -

1. Able to apply the knowledge gained in the related medical subjects like pathology, microbiology and general medicine in the management of patients with oral surgical problem.
2. Able to diagnose, manage and treat (understand the principles of treatment of) patients with oral surgical problems.
3. Knowledge of range of surgical treatments.
4. Ability to decide the requirement of a patient to have oral surgical specialist opinion or treatment.
5. Understand the principles of in-patient management.
6. Understanding of the management of major oral surgical procedures and principles involved in patient management.
7. Should know ethical issues and communication ability.

b) Skills:

1. A graduate should have acquired the skill to examine any patient with an oral surgical problem in an orderly manner. Be able to understand requisition of various clinical and laboratory investigations and is capable of formulating differential diagnosis.
2. Should be competent in the extraction of teeth under both local and general anaesthesia.
3. Should be able to carry out certain minor oral surgical procedures under L.A. like frenectomy, alveolar procedures & biopsy etc.
4. Ability to assess, prevent and manage various complications during and after surgery.
5. Able to provide primary care and manage medical emergencies in the dental office.
6. Understanding of the management of major oral surgical problems and principles involved in inpatient management.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

1. Introduction, definition, scope, aims and objectives.
2. Diagnosis in oral surgery:
 - (A) History taking
 - (B) Clinical examination
 - (C) Investigations.
3. Principles of infection control and cross-infection control with particular reference to HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis.
4. Principles of Oral Surgery -
 - a) Asepsis: Definition, measures to prevent introduction of infection during surgery.
 1. Preparation of the patient
 2. Measures to be taken by operator
 3. Sterilisation of instruments - various methods of sterilisation etc.
 4. Surgery set up.
 - b) Painless Surgery:
 1. Pre-anaesthetic considerations. Pre-medication: purpose, drugs used
 2. Anaesthetic considerations -
 - a) Local b) Local with IV sedations
 3. Use of general anaesthetic
 - c) Access:

Intra-oral: Mucoperiosteal flaps, principles, commonly used intra oral incisions.
 Bone Removal: Methods of bone removal.
 Use of Burs: Advantages & precautions
 Bone cutting instruments: Principles of using chisel & osteotome.
 Extra-oral: Skin incisions - principles, various extra-oral incision to expose facial skeleton.

 - a) Submandibular
 - b) Pre auricular
 - c) Incision to expose maxilla & orbit
 - d) Bicoronal incision
 - d) Control of haemorrhage during surgery

Normal Haemostasis
 Local measures available to control bleeding
 Hypotensive anaesthesia etc.
 - e) Drainage & Debridement

Purpose of drainage in surgical wounds

- Types of drains used
Debridement: purpose, soft tissue & bone debridement.
- f) Closure of wounds
Suturing: Principles, suture material, classification, body response to various materials etc.
 - g) Post operative care
Post operative instructions
Physiology of cold and heat
Control of pain - analgesics
Control of infection - antibiotics
Control of swelling - anti-inflammatory drugs
Long term post operative follow up - significance.
5. Exodontia: General considerations
Ideal Extraction.
Indications for extraction of teeth
Extractions in medically compromised patients.
Methods of extraction -
- (a) Forceps or intra-alveolar or closed method.
Principles, types of movement, force etc.
 - (b) Trans-alveolar, surgical or open method, Indications, surgical procedure.
- Dental elevators: uses, classification, principles in the use of elevators, commonly used elevators.
Complications of Exodontia -
Complications during exodontia
Common to both maxilla and mandible.
Post-operative complications -
Prevention and management of complications.
6. Impacted teeth:
Incidence, definition, aetiology.
- (a) Impacted mandibular third molar.
Classification, reasons for removal,
Assessment - both clinical & radiological
Surgical procedures for removal.
Complications during and after removal,
Prevention and management.
 - (b) Maxillary third molar,
Indications for removal, classification,
Surgical procedure for removal.
 - (c) Impacted maxillary canine
Reasons for canine impaction,
Localization, indications for removal,
Methods of management, labial and palatal approach,
Surgical exposure, transplantation, removal etc.
7. Pre-prosthetic Surgery:
Definition, classification of procedures
- (a) Corrective procedures: Alveoloplasty,
Reduction of maxillary tuberosities,
Frenectomies and removal of tori.
 - (b) Ridge extension or Sulcus extension procedures
Indications and various surgical procedures
 - (c) Ridge augmentation and reconstruction.
Indications, use of bone grafts, Hydroxyapatite
Implants - concept of osseointegration
Knowledge of various types of implants and
surgical procedure to place implants.
8. Diseases of the maxillary sinus
Surgical anatomy of the sinus.
Sinusitis both acute and chronic
Surgical approach of sinus - Caldwell-Luc procedure
Removal of root from the sinus.
Oro-antral fistula - aetiology, clinical features and various surgical
methods for closure.
9. Disorders of T.M. Joint
Applied surgical anatomy of the joint.
Dislocation - Types, aetiology, clinical features and management.
Ankylosis - Definition, aetiology, clinical features and management
Myo-facial pain dysfunction syndrome, aetiology, clinical features, management-
Non surgical and surgical.

Internal derangement of the joint.

Arthritis of T.M. Joint.

10. Infections of the Oral cavity

Introduction, factors responsible for infection, course of odontogenic infections, spread of odontogenic infections through various facial spaces.

Dento-alveolar abscess - aetiology, clinical features and management.

Osteomyelitis of the jaws - definition, aetiology, pre-disposing factors, classification, clinical features and management.

Ludwigs angina - definition, aetiology, clinical features, management and complications.

11. Benign cystic lesions of the jaws -

Definition, classification, pathogenesis.

Diagnosis - Clinical features, radiological, aspiration biopsy, use of contrast media and histopathology.

Management - Types of surgical procedures, Rationale of the techniques, indications, procedures, complications etc.

12. Tumours of the Oral cavity -

General considerations

Non odontogenic benign tumours occurring in oral cavity - fibroma, papilloma, lipoma, ossifying fibroma, myxoma etc.

Ameloblastoma - Clinical features, radiological appearance and methods of management.

Carcinoma of the oral cavity -

Biopsy - types

TNM classification.

Outline of management of squamous

Cell carcinoma: surgery, radiation and chemotherapy

Role of dental surgeons in the prevention and early detection of oral cancer.

13. Fractures of the jaws -

General considerations, types of fractures, aetiology, clinical features and general principles of management.

mandibular fractures - Applied anatomy, classification.

Diagnosis - Clinical and radiological

Management - Reduction closed and open

Fixation and immobilisation methods

Outline of rigid and semi-rigid internal fixation.

Fractures of the condyle - aetiology, classification, clinical features, principles of management.

Fractures of the middle third of the face.

Definition of the mid face, applied surgical anatomy, classification, clinical features and outline of management.

Alveolar fractures - methods of management

Fractures of the Zygomatic complex

Classification, clinical features, indications for treatment, various methods of reduction and fixation.

Complications of fractures - delayed union, non-union and malunion.

14. Salivary gland diseases -

Diagnosis of salivary gland diseases'

Sialography, contrast media, procedure.

Infections of the salivary glands

Sialolithiasis - Sub mandibular duct and gland and parotid duct.

Clinical features, management.

Salivary fistulae

Common tumours of salivary glands like Pleomorphic adenoma including minor salivary glands.

15. Jaw deformities -

Basic forms - Prognathism, Retrognathism and open bite.

Reasons for correction.

Outline of surgical methods carried out on mandible and maxilla.

16. Neurological disorders -

Trigeminal neuralgia - definition, aetiology, clinical features and methods of management including surgical.

Facial paralysis - Aetiology, clinical features.

Nerve injuries - Classification, neurorrhaphy etc.

17. Cleft Lip and Palate -

Aetiology of the clefts, incidence, classification, role of dental surgeon in the management of cleft patients. Outline of the closure procedures.

18. Medical Emergencies in dental practice -

Primary care of medical emergencies in dental practice particularly -

- (a) Cardio vascular (b) Respiratory (c) Endocrine
(d) Anaphylactic reaction (e) Epilepsy (f) Epilepsy

19. Emergency drugs & Intra muscular I.V. Injections -
Applied anatomy, Ideal location for giving these injections, techniques etc.
20. Oral Implantology
21. Ethics

LOCAL ANAESTHESIA:

Introduction, concept of L.A., classification of local anaesthetic agents, ideal requirements, mode of action, types of local anaesthesia, complications.

- Use of Vaso constrictors in local anaesthetic solution -
Advantages, contra-indications, various vaso constrictors used.
Anaesthesia of the mandible -
Pterygomandibular space - boundaries, contents etc.
Inferior Dental Nerve Block - various techniques
Complications
Mental foramen nerve block
Anaesthesia of Maxilla -
Intra - orbital nerve block.
Posterior superior alveolar nerve block
Maxillary nerve block - techniques.

GENERAL ANAESTHESIA -

- Concept of general anaesthesia.
Indications of general anaesthesia in dentistry.
Pre-anaesthetic evaluation of the patient.
Pre-anaesthetic medication - advantages, drugs used.
Commonly used anaesthetic agents.
Complication during and after G.A.
I.V. sedation with Diazepam and Medazolam.
Indications, mode of action, technique etc.
Cardiopulmonary resuscitation
Use of oxygen and emergency drugs.
Tracheostomy.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

1. Impacted teeth; Alling John F & etal.
2. Principles of oral and maxillofacial surgery; Vol. 1,2 & 3 Peterson LJ & etal.
3. Text book of oral and maxillofacial surgery; Srinivasan B.
4. Handbook of medical emergencies in the dental office, Malamed SF.
5. Killeys Fractures of the mandible; Banks P.
6. Killeys fractures of the middle 3rd of the facial skeleton; Banks P.
7. The maxillary sinus and its dental implications; McGovanda
8. Killey and Kays outline of oral surgery - Part-1; Seward GR & etal
9. Essentials of safe dentistry for the medically compromised patients; Mc Carthy FM
10. Oral & maxillofacial surgery, Vol 2; Laskin DM
11. Extraction of teeth; Howe, GL
12. Minor Oral Surgery; Howe. GL
13. Contemporary oral and maxillofacial surgery; Peterson I.J. & EA
14. Oral and maxillofacial infections; Topazian RG & Goldberg MH

13. ORAL MEDICINE AND RADIOLOGY

AIMS:

- (1) To train the students to diagnose the common disorders of Orofacial region by clinical examination and with the help of such investigations as may be required and medical management of oro-facial disorders with drugs and physical agents.
- (2) To train the students about the importance, role, use and techniques of radiographs/digital radiograph and other imaging methods in diagnosis.
- (3) The principles of the clinical and radiographic aspects of Forensic Odontology.
The syllabus in ORAL MEDICINE & RADIOLOGY is divided into two main parts.
(I) Diagnosis, Diagnostic methods and Oral Medicine (II) Oral Radiology. Again the part ONE is subdivided into three sections. (A) Diagnostic methods (B) Diagnosis and differential diagnosis (C) Oral Medicine & Therapeutics.

COURSE CONTENT

- (1) Emphasis should be laid on oral manifestations of systemic diseases and ill-effects of oral sepsis on general health.
- (2) To avoid confusion regarding which lesion and to what extent the student should learn and know, this elaborate syllabus is prepared. As certain lesions come under more than one group, there is repetition.

Part-I ORAL MEDICINE AND DIAGNOSTIC AIDS

SECTION (A) – DIAGNOSTIC METHODS.

- (1) Definition and importance of Diagnosis and various types of diagnosis
- (2) Method of clinical examinations.
 - (a) General Physical examination by inspection.
 - (b) Oro-facial region by inspection, palpation and other means
 - (c) To train the students about the importance, role, use of saliva and techniques of diagnosis of saliva as part of oral disease
 - (d) Examination of lesions like swellings, ulcers, erosions, sinus, fistula, growths, pigmented lesions, white and red patches
 - (e) Examination of lymph nodes
 - (f) Forensic examination – Procedures for post-mortem dental examination; maintaining dental records and their use in dental practice and post-mortem identification; jurisprudence and ethics.
- (3) Investigations
 - (a) Biopsy and exfoliative cytology
 - (b) Hematological, Microbiological and other tests and investigations necessary for diagnosis and prognosis

SECTION (B) – DIAGNOSIS, DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS

While learning the following chapters, emphasis shall be given only on diagnostic aspects including differential diagnosis

- (1) Teeth: Developmental abnormalities, causes of destruction of teeth and their sequelae and discoloration of teeth
- (2) Diseases of bone and Osteodystrophies: Development disorders: Anomalies, Exostosis and tori, infantile cortical hyperostosis, osteogenesis imperfecta, Marfans syndrome, osteopetrosis. Inflammation – Injury, infection and spread of infection, fascial space infections, osteoradionecrosis. Metabolic disorders – Histiocytosis
Endocrine – Acro-megaly and hyperparathyroidism
Miscellaneous – Paget's disease, Mono and polyostotic fibrous dysplasia, Cherubism.
- (3) Temporomandibular joint: Developmental abnormalities of the condyle. Rheumatoid arthritis, Osteoarthritis, Sub-luxation and luxation.
- (4) Common cysts and Tumors:
CYSTS: Cysts of soft tissue: Mucocele and Ranula
Cysts of bone: Odontogenic and nonodontogenic.

TUMORS:

Soft Tissue:

Epithelial: Papilloma, Carcinoma, Melanoma

Connective tissue: Fibroma, Lipoma, Fibrosarcoma

Vascular: Haemangioma, Lymphangioma

Nerve Tissue: Neurofibroma, Traumatic Neuroma, Neurofibromatosis

Salivary Glands: Pleomorphic adenoma, Adenocarcinoma, Warthin's Tumor, Adenoid cystic carcinoma.

Hard Tissue:

Non Odontogenic: Osteoma, Osteosarcoma, Osteoclastoma, Chondroma, Chondrosarcoma, Central giant cell tumor, and Central haemangioma

Odontogenic: Enameloma, Ameloblastoma, Calcifying Epithelial Odontogenic tumor, Adenomatoid Odontogenic tumor, Periapical cemental dysplasia and odontomas

- (5) Periodontal diseases: Gingival hyperplasia, gingivitis, periodontitis, pyogenic granuloma
- (6) Granulomatous diseases: Tuberculosis, Sarcoidosis, Midline lethal granuloma, Crohn's Disease and Histiocytosis X
- (7) Miscellaneous Disorders: Burkitt lymphoma, sturge – Weber syndrome, CREST syndrome, Rendu-Osler-Weber disease

SECTION (C): ORAL MEDICINE AND THERAPEUTICS.

The following chapters shall be studied in detail including the etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, investigations, differential diagnosis, management and prevention

- (1) Infections of oral and paraoral structures:
 - Bacterial: Streptococcal, tuberculosis, syphilis, Vincent's, leprosy, actinomycosis, diphtheria and tetanus
 - Fungal: Candida albicans
 - Virus: Herpes simplex, herpes zoster, Ramsay Hunt syndrome, measles, herpangina, mumps, infectious mononucleosis, AIDS and hepatitis-B
- (2) Important common mucosal lesions:
 - White lesions: Chemical burns, leukoedema, leukoplakia, Fordyce spots, stomatitis nicotina palatinus, white sponge nevus, candidiasis, lichen planus, discoid lupus erythematosus
 - Vesiculo-bullous lesions: Herpes simplex, herpes zoster, herpangina, bullous lichen planus, pemphigus, cicatricial pemphigoid erythema multiforme.
 - Ulcers: Acute and chronic ulcers
 - Pigmented lesions: Exogenous and endogenous

Red lesions: Erythroplakia, stomatitis venenata and medicamentosa, erosive lesions and denture sore mouth.

- (3) Cervico-facial lymphadenopathy
- (4) Facial pain:
 - (i) Organic pain: Pain arising from the diseases of orofacial tissues like teeth, pulp, gingival, periodontal tissue, mucosa, tongue, muscles, blood vessels, lymph tissue, bone, paranasal sinus, salivary glands etc.,
 - (ii) Pain arising due to C.N.S. diseases:
 - (a) Pain due to intracranial and extracranial involvement of cranial nerves. (Multiple sclerosis, cerebrovascular diseases, trojter's syndrome etc.)
 - (b) Neuralgic pain due to unknown causes: Trigeminal neuralgia, glossopharyngeal neuralgia, sphenopalatine ganglion neuralgia, periodic migrainous neuralgia and atypical facial pain
 - (iii) Referred pain: Pain arising from distant tissues like heart, spine etc.,
- (5) Altered sensations: Cacogeusia, halitosis
- (6) Tongue in local and systemic disorders: (Aglossia, ankyloglossia, bifid tongue, fissured tongue, scrotal tongue, macroglossia, microglossia, geographic tongue, median rhomboid glossitis, depapillation of tongue, hairy tongue, atrophic tongue, reactive lymphoid hyperplasia, glossodynia, glossopyrosis, ulcers, white and red patches etc.)
- (7) Oral manifestations of:
 - (i) Metabolic disorders:
 - (a) Porphyria
 - (b) Haemochromatosis
 - (c) Histocytosis X diseases
 - (ii) Endocrine disorders:
 - (a) Pituitary: Gigantism, acromegaly, hypopituitarism
 - (b) Adrenal cortex: Addison's disease (Hypofuntion) Cushing's syndrome (Hyperfunction)
 - (c) Parathyroid glands: Hyperparathyroidism.
 - (d) Thyroid gland: (Hypothyroidism) Cretinism, myxedema
 - (e) Pancreas: Diabetes
 - (iii) Nutritional deficiency: Vitamins: riboflavin, nicotinic acid, folic acid Vitamin B12, Vitamin C (Scurvy)
 - (iv) Blood disorders:
 - (a) Red blood cell diseases
 - Defficiency anemias: (Iron deficiency, plummer – vinson syndrome, pernicious anemia)
 - Haemolytic anemias: (Thalassemia, sickle cell anemia, erythroblastosis fetalis)
 - Aplastic anemia
 - Polycythemia
 - (b) White Blood cell diseases
 - Neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, agranulocytosis, infectious mononeucleosis and leukemias
 - (c) Haemorrhagic disorders:
 - Thrombocytopenia, purpura, hemophillia, christmas disease and von willebrand's disease
- (8) Disease of salivary glands:
 - (i) Development distrubances: Aplasia, atresia and aberration
 - (ii) Functional disturbances: Xerostomia, ptyalism
 - (iii) Inflammatory conditions: Nonspecific sialadenitis, mumps, sarcoidosis heerdfort's syndrome (Uveoparotid fever), Necrotising sialometaplasia
 - (iv) Cysts and tumors: Mucocele, ranula, pleomorphic adenoma, mucoepidermoid carcinoma
 - (v) Miscellaneous: Sialolithiasis, sjogren's syndrome, mikuliez's disease and sialosis
- (9) Dermatological diseases with oral manifestations:
 - (a) Ectodermal dysplasia (b) Hyperkerotosis palmarplantaris with periodontOopathy (c) Scleroderma (d) Lichen planus including ginspan's syndrome (e) Luplus erythematosus (f) Pemphigus (g) Erythema multiforme (h) Psoriasis
- (10) Immunological diseases with oral manifestations
 - (a) Leukemia (b) Lymphomas (c) Multiple mycloma (d) AIDS clinical manifestations, opportunistic infections, neoplasms (e) Thrombcytopenia (f) Lupus erythematosus (g) Scleroderma (h) dermatomyositis (l) Submucous fibrosis (j) Rhemtoid arthritis (k) Recurrent oral ulcerations including behcet's syndrome and reiter's syndrome
- (11) Allergy: Local allergic reactions, anaphylaxis, serum sickness (local and systemic allergic manifestations to food drugs and chemicals)
- (12) Foci of oral infection and their ill effects on general health
- (13) Management of dental problems in medically comrpomised persons:
 - (i) Physiological changes: Puberty, pregnancy and menopause
 - (ii) The patients suffering with cardiac, respiratory, liver, kidney and bleeding disorders, hypertension, diabetes and AIDS. Post-irradiated patients.
- (14) Precancerous lesions and conditions
- (15) Nerve and muscle diseases:

- (i) Nerves: (a) Neuropraxia (b) Neurotmesis (c) Neuritis (d) Facial nerve paralysis including Bell's palsy, Heerfordt's syndrome, Melkersson Rosenthal syndrome and Ramsay Hunt syndrome (e) Neuroma (f) Neurofibromatosis (g) Frey's syndrome
 - (ii) Muscles: (a) Myositis ossificans (b) Myofascial pain dysfunction syndrome (c) Trismus
- (16) Forensic odontology:
- (a) Medicolegal aspects of orofacial injuries
 - (b) Identification of bite marks
 - (c) Determination of age and sex
 - (d) Identification of cadavers by dental appliances, Restorations and tissue remnants
- (17) Therapeutics: General therapeutic measures – drugs commonly used in oral medicine viz., antibiotics, chemotherapeutic agents, anti-inflammatory and analgesic drugs, astringents, mouth washes, styptics, demulcents, local surface anaesthetic, sialogogues, antisialogogues and drugs used in the treatment of malignancy

Part – II BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES AND ETHICS.

Part – III ORAL RADIOLOGY

- (1) Scope of the subject and history of origin
- (2) Physics of radiation: (a) Nature and types of radiations (b) Source of radiations (c) Production of X-rays (d) Properties of X-rays (e) Compton effect (f) Photoelectric effect (g) Radiation measuring units
- (3) Biological effects of radiation
- (4) Radiation safety and protection measures
- (5) Principles of image production
- (6) Radiographic techniques:
 - (i) Intra-Oral: (a) Periapical radiographs (Bisecting and parallel techniques) (b) Bite wing radiographs (c) Occlusal radiographs
 - (ii) Extra-oral: (a) Lateral projections of skull and jaw bones and paranasal sinuses (c) Cephalograms (d) Orthopantomograph (e) Projections of temporomandibular joint and condyle of mandible (f) Projections for Zygomatic arches
 - (iii) Specialised techniques: (a) Sialography (b) Xeroradiography (c) Tomography
- (7) Factors in production of good radiographs:
 - (a) K.V.P. and mA. of X-ray machine (b) Filters (c) Collimations (d) Intensifying screens (e) Grids (f) X-ray films (g) Exposure time (h) Techniques (i) Dark room (j) Developer and fixer solutions (k) Film processing
- (8) Radiographic normal anatomical landmarks
- (9) Faculty radiographs and artefacts in radiographs
- (10) Interpretation of radiographs in various abnormalities of teeth, bones and other orofacial tissues
- (11) Principles of radiotherapy of oro-facial malignancies and complications of radiotherapy
- (12) Contrast radiography and basic knowledge of radio-active isotopes
- (13) Radiography in Forensic Odontology - Radiographic age estimation and post-mortem radiographic methods

PRACTICALS / CLINICALS:

- 1. Student is trained to arrive at proper diagnosis by following a scientific and systematic procedure of history taking and examination of the orofacial region. Training is also imparted in management wherever possible. Training also shall be imparted on saliva diagnostic procedures. Training also shall be imparted in various radiographic procedures and interpretation of radiographs.
- 2. In view of the above each student shall maintain a record of work done, which shall be evaluated for marks at the time of university examination
- 3. The following is the minimum of prescribed work for recording
 - (a) Recording of detailed case histories of interesting cases 10
 - (b) Intra-oral radiographs (Periapical, bitewing, occlusal) 25
 - (c) Saliva diagnostic check as routine procedure

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- a) Oral Diagnosis, Oral Medicine & Oral Pathology
 - 1. Burkit – Oral Medicine – J.B. Lippincott Company
 - 2. Coleman – Principles of Oral Diagnosis – Mosby Year Book
 - 3. Jones – Oral Manifestations of Systemic Diseases – W.B. Saunders company
 - 4. Mitchell – Oral Diagnosis & Oral Medicine
 - 5. Kerr – Oral Diagnosis
 - 6. Miller – Oral Diagnosis & Treatment
 - 7. Hutchinson – clinical Methods
 - 8. Oral Pathology – Shafers
 - 9. Sonis.S.T., Fazio.R.C. and Fang.L - Principles and practice of Oral Medicine
- b) Oral Radiology
 - 1. White & Goaz – Oral Radiology – Mosby year Book
 - 2. Wehrman – Dental Radiology – C.V. Mosby Company
 - 3. Stafne – Oral Roentgenographic Diagnosis – W.B.Saunders Co.,

c) Forensic Odontology

1. Derek H. Clark – Practical Forensic Odontology - Butterworth-Heinemann (1992)
2. C Michael Bowers, Gary Bell – Manual of Forensic Odontology - Forensic Pr (1995)

14. ORTHODONTICS & DENTAL ORTHOPAEDICSCOURSE OBJECTIVE:

Undergraduate programme in Orthodontics is designed to enable the qualifying dental surgeon to diagnose, analyse and treat common orthodontic problems by preventive, interceptive and corrective orthodontic procedures. The following basic instructional procedures will be adapted to achieve the above objectives.

1. Introduction, Definition, Historical Background, Aims And Objectives Of Orthodontics And Need For Orthodontics Care.
2. Growth And Development: In General
 - a. Definition
 - b. Growth spurts and Differential growth
 - c. Factors influencing growth and Development
 - d. Methods of measuring growth
 - e. Growth theories (Genetic, Sicher's, Scott's, Moss's, Petrovics, Multifactorial)
 - f. Genetic and epigenetic factors in growth
 - g. Cephalocaudal gradient in growth.
3. Morphologic Development Of Craniofacial Structures
 - a. Methods of bone growth
 - b. Prenatal growth of craniofacial structures
 - c. Postnatal growth and development of: cranial base, maxilla, mandible, dental arches and occlusion.
4. Functional Development Of Dental Arches And Occlusion
 - a. Factors influencing functional development of dental arches and occlusion.
 - b. Forces of occlusion
 - c. Wolfe's law of transformation of bone
 - d. Trajectories of forces
5. Clinical Application Of Growth And Development
6. Malocclusion - In General
 - a. Concept of normal occlusion
 - b. Definition of malocclusion
 - c. Description of different types of dental, skeletal and functional malocclusion.
7. Classification of Malocclusion

Principle, description, advantages and disadvantages of classification of malocclusion by Angle's, Simon's, Lischer's and Ackerman and Proffitt's.
8. Normal And Abnormal Function Of Stomatognathic System
9. Etiology Of Malocclusion
 - a. Definition, importance, classification, local and general etiological factors.
 - b. Etiology of following different types of malocclusion:
 - 1) Midline diastema
 - 2) Spacing
 - 3) Crowding
 - 4) Cross-Bite: Anterior/Posterior
 - 5) Class III Malocclusion
 - 6) Class II Malocclusion
 - 7) Deep Bite
 - 8) Open bite
10. Diagnosis And Diagnostic Aids
 - a. Definition, Importance and classification of diagnostic aids
 - b. Importance of case history and clinical examination in orthodontics
 - c. Study Models: - Importance and uses - Preparation and preservation of study models
 - d. Importance of intraoral X-rays in orthodontics
 - e. Panoramic radiographs: - Principles, Advantages, disadvantages and uses
 - f. Cephalometrics: Its advantages, disadvantages
 1. Definition
 2. Description and use of cephalostat
 3. Description and uses of anatomical landmarks lines and angles used in cephalometric analysis
 4. Analysis- Steiner's, Down's, Tweed's, Ricket's-E- line
 - g. Electromyography and its uses in orthodontics
 - h. Wrist X-rays and its importance in orthodontics
11. General Principles In Orthodontic Treatment Planning Of Dental And Skeletal Malocclusions
12. Anchorage In Orthodontics - Definition, Classification, Types and Stability Of Anchorage
13. Biomechanical Principles In Orthodontic Tooth Movement
 - a. Different types of tooth movements
 - b. Tissue response to orthodontic force application

- c. Age factor in orthodontic tooth movement
- 14. Preventive Orthodontics
 - a. Definition
 - b. Different procedures undertaken in preventive orthodontics and their limitations.
- 15. Interceptive Orthodontics
 - a. Definition
 - b. Different procedures undertaken in interceptive orthodontics
 - c. Serial extractions: Definition, indications, contra-indication, technique, advantages and disadvantages.
 - d. Role of muscle exercises as an interceptive procedure
- 16. Corrective Orthodontics
 - a. Definition, factors to be considered during treatment planning.
 - b. Model analysis: Pont's, Ashley Howe's, Bolton, Careys, Moyer's Mixed Dentition Analysis
 - c. Methods of gaining space in the arch:- Indications, relative merits and demerits of proximal stripping, arch expansion and extractions
 - d. Extractions in Orthodontics - indications and selection of teeth for extraction.
- 17. Orthodontic Appliances: General
 - a. Requisites for orthodontic appliances
 - b. Classification, indications of Removable and Functional Appliances
 - c. Methods of force application
 - d. Materials used in construction of various orthodontic appliances - uses of stainless steel, technical considerations in curing of acrylic, Principles of welding and soldering, fluxes and antfluxes.
 - e. Preliminary knowledge of acid etching and direct bonding.
- 18. Ethics

REMOVABLE ORTHODONTIC APPLIANCES

- 1) Components of removable appliances
- 2) Different types of clasps and their uses
- 3) Different types of labial bows and their uses
- 4) Different types of springs and their uses
- 5) Expansion appliances in orthodontics:
 - i) Principles
 - ii) Indications for arch expansion
 - iii) Description of expansion appliances and different types of expansion devices and their uses.
 - iv) Rapid maxillary expansion

FIXED ORTHODONTIC APPLIANCES

1. Definition, Indications & Contraindications
2. Component parts and their uses
3. Basic principles of different techniques: Edgewise, Begg's, straight wire.

EXTRAORAL APPLIANCES

1. Headgears
2. chin cup
3. reverse pull headgears

MYOFUNCTIONAL APPLIANCES

1. Definition and principles
2. Muscle exercises and their uses in orthodontics
3. Functional appliances:
 - i) Activator, Oral screens, Frankels function regulator, bionator twin blocks, lip bumper
 - ii) Inclined planes - upper and lower
18. Orthodontic Management Of Cleft Lip And Palate
19. Principles Of Surgical Orthodontics

Brief knowledge of correction of:

 - a. Mandibular Prognathism and Retrognathism
 - b. Maxillary Prognathism and Retrognathism
 - c. Anterior open bite and deep bite
 - d. Cross bite
20. Principle, Differential Diagnosis & Methods Of Treatment Of:
 1. Midline diastema
 2. Cross bite
 3. Open bite
 4. Deep bite
 5. Spacing
 6. Crowding
 7. Class II - Division 1, Division 2
 8. Class III Malocclusion - True and Pseudo Class III

21. Retention And Relapse

Definition, Need for retention, Causes of relapse, Methods of retention, Different types of retention devices, Duration of retention, Theories of retention.

CLINICALS AND PRACTICALS IN ORTHODONTICS

PRACTICAL TRAINING DURING II YEAR B.D.S.

- I. Basic wire bending exercises Gauge 22 or 0.7mm
 1. Straightening of wires (4 Nos.)
 2. Bending of a equilateral triangle
 3. Bending of a rectangle
 4. Bending of a square
 5. Bending of a circle
 6. Bending of U.V.
- II. Construction of Clasps (Both sides upper/lower) Gauge 22 or 0.7mm
 1. 3/4 Clasp (C-Clasp)
 2. Full Clasp (Jackson's Crib)
 3. Adam's Clasp
 4. Triangular Clasp
- III. Construction of Springs (on upper both sides) Gauge 24 or 0.5mm
 1. Finger Spring
 2. Single Cantelever Spring
 3. Double Cantelever Spring (Z-Spring)
 4. T-Springs on premolars
- IV. Construction of Canine retractors Gauge 23 or 0.6mm
 1. U - Loop canine retractor
(Both sides on upper & lower)
 2. Helical canine retractor
(Both sides on upper & lower)
 3. Buccal canine retractor:
 - Self supported buccal canine retractor with
 - a) Sleeve - 5mm wire or 24 gauge
 - b) Sleeve - 19 gauge needle on any one side.
 4. Palatal canine retractor on upper both sides
Gauge 23 or 0.6mm
- V. Labial Bow
Gauge 22 or 0.7mm
One on both upper and lower

CLINICAL TRAINING DURING III YEAR B.D.S.

NO. EXERCISE

01. Making upper Alginate impression
02. Making lower Alginate impression
03. Study Model preparation
04. Model Analysis
 - a. Pont's Analysis
 - b. Ashley Howe's Analysis
 - c. Carey's Analysis
 - d. Bolton's Analysis
 - e. Moyer's Mixed Dentition Analysis

CLINICAL TRAINING DURING FINAL YEAR B.D.S.

NO. EXERCISE

01. Case History taking
02. Case discussion
03. Discussion on the given topic
04. Cephalometric tracings
 - a. Down's Analysis
 - b. Steiner's Analysis
 - c. Tweed's Analysis

PRACTICAL TRAINING DURING FINAL YEAR B.D.S.

1. Adam's Clasp on Anterior teeth Gauge 0.7mm
 2. Modified Adam's Clasp on upper arch Gauge 0.7mm
 3. High Labial bow with Apron spring on upper arch
(Gauge of Labial bow - 0.9mm, Apron spring - 0.3mm)
 4. Coffin spring on upper arch Gauge 1mm
- Appliance Construction in Acrylic
1. Upper & Lower Hawley's Appliance
 2. Upper Hawley's with Anterior bite plane
 3. Upper Habit breaking Appliance

4. Upper Hawley's with Posterior bite plane with 'Z' Spring
5. Construction of Activator
6. Lower inclined plane/Catalan's Appliance
7. Upper Expansion plate with Expansion Screw

RECOMMENDED AND REFERENCE BOOKS

- | | |
|--|--------------------|
| 1. CONTEMPORARY ORTHODONTICS | WILLIAM R. PROFFIT |
| 2. ORTHODONTICS FOR DENTAL STUDENTS | WHITE and GARDINER |
| 3. HANDBOOK OF ORTHODONTICS | MOYERS |
| 4. ORTHODONTICS - PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE | GRABER |
| 5. DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND USE OF REMOVABLE | |
| 6. ORTHODONTIC APPLIANCES | C. PHILIP ADAMS |
| 7. CLINICAL ORTHODONTICS: VOL1 & 2 | SALZMANN |

15. PAEDIATRIC & PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

THEORY:

1. INTRODUCTION TO PEDODONTICS & PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY.
 - Definition, Scope, Objectives and Importance.
2. GROWTH & DEVELOPMENT:
 - Importance of study of growth and development in Pedodontics.
 - Prenatal and Postnatal factors in growth & development.
 - Theories of growth & development.
 - Development of maxilla and mandible and related age changes.
3. DEVELOPMENT OF OCCLUSION FROM BIRTH THROUGH ADOLESCENCE.
 - Study of variations and abnormalities.
4. DENTAL ANATOMY AND HISTOLOGY:
 - Development of teeth and associated structures.
 - Eruption and shedding of teeth.
 - Teething disorders and their management.
 - Chronology of eruption of teeth.
 - Differences between deciduous and permanent teeth.
 - Development of dentition from birth to adolescence.
 - Importance of first permanent molar.
5. DENTAL RADIOLOGY RELATED TO PEDODONTICS.
6. ORAL SURGICAL PROCEDURES IN CHILDREN.
 - Indications and contraindications of extractions of primary and permanent teeth in children.
 - Knowledge of Local and General Anesthesia.
 - Minor surgical procedures in children.
7. DENTAL CARIES:
 - Historical background.
 - Definition, aetiology & pathogenesis.
 - Caries pattern in primary, young permanent and permanent teeth in children.
 - Rampant caries, early childhood caries and extensive caries:
 - * Definition, aetiology, Pathogenesis, Clinical features, Complications & Management
 - Role of diet and nutrition in Dental Caries.
 - Dietary modifications & Diet counseling.
 - Caries activity, tests, caries prediction, caries susceptibility & their clinical application.
8. GINGIVAL & PERIODONTAL DISEASES IN CHILDREN.
 - Normal gingiva & periodontium in children.
 - Definition, aetiology & Pathogenesis.
 - Prevention & Management of gingival & Periodontal diseases.
9. CHILD PSYCHOLOGY:
 - Definition.
 - Theories of child psychology.
 - Psychological development of children with age.
 - Principles of psychological growth & development while managing child patient.
 - Dental fear and its management.
 - Factors affecting child's reaction to dental treatment.
10. BEHAVIOUR MANAGEMENT:
 - Definitions.
 - Types of behaviour encountered in the dental clinic.
 - Non-pharmacological & pharmacological methods of Behaviour Management.
11. PEDIATRIC OPERATIVE DENTISTRY:
 - Principles of Pediatric Operative Dentistry.
 - Modifications required for cavity preparation in primary and young permanent teeth.
 - Various Isolation Techniques.
 - Restorations of decayed primary, young permanent and permanent teeth in children using various restorative materials like Glass Ionomer, Composites & Silver Amalgam. Stainless steel, Polycarbonate & Resin Crowns.

12. PEDIATRIC ENDODONTICS

- Principles & Diagnosis.
- Classification of Pulpal Pathology in primary, young permanent & permanent teeth.
- Management of Pulpally involved primary, young permanent & permanent teeth.
 - Pulp capping – direct & indirect.
 - Pulpotomy
 - Pulpectomy
 - Apexogenesis
 - Apexification
- Obturation Techniques & material used for primary, young permanent & Permanent teeth in children.

13. TRAUMATIC INJURIES IN CHILDREN:

- Classifications & Importance.
- Sequelae & reaction of teeth to trauma.
- Management of Traumatized teeth.

14. PREVENTIVE & INTERCEPTIVE ORTHODONTICS:

- Definitions.
- Problems encountered during primary and mixed dentition phases & their management.
- Serial extractions.
- Space management.

15. ORAL HABITS IN CHILDREN:

- Definition, Aetiology & Classification.
- Clinical features of digit sucking, tongue thrusting, mouth breathing & various other secondary habits.
- Management of oral habits in children.

16. DENTAL CARE OF CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS:

- Definition, Aetiology, Classification, Behavioural and Clinical features & Management of children with:
 - Physically handicapping conditions.
 - Mentally compromising conditions.
 - Medically compromising conditions.
 - Genetic disorders.

17. CONGENITAL ABNORMALITIES IN CHILDREN:

- Definition, Classification, Clinical features & Management.

18. DENTAL EMERGENCIES IN CHILDREN & THEIR MANAGEMENT.

19. DENTAL MATERIALS USED IN PEDIATRIC DENTISTRY.

20. PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY:

- Definition.
- Principles & Scope.
- Types of prevention.
- Different preventive measures used in Pediatric Dentistry including pit and fissure sealants and caries vaccine.

21. DENTAL HEALTH EDUCATION & SCHOOL DENTAL HEALTH PROGRAMMES.

22. FLUORIDES:

- Historical background.
- Systemic & Topical fluorides.
- Mechanism of action.
- Toxicity & Management.
- Defluoridation techniques.

23. CASE HISTORY RECORDING:

- Outline of principles of examination, diagnosis & treatment planning.

24. SETTING UP OF PEDODONTIC CLINIC.

25. ETHICS.

B. PRACTICALS:

Following is the recommended clinical quota for under-graduate students in the subject of pediatric & preventive dentistry.

1. Restorations – Class I & II only : 45
2. Preventive measures e.g. Oral Prophylaxis – 20.
3. Fluoride applications – 10
4. Extractions – 25
5. Case History Recording & Treatment Planning – 10
6. Education & motivation of the patients using disclosing agents. Educating patients about oral hygiene measures like tooth brushing, flossing etc.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED & REFERENCE:

1. Pediatric Dentistry (Infancy through Adolescence) – Pinkham.
2. Kennedy's Pediatric Operative Dentistry – Kennedy & Curzon.
3. Occlusal guidance in Pediatric Dentistry – Stephen H. Wei.
4. Clinical Use of Fluorides – Stephen H. Wei.

5. Pediatric Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery – Kaban.
6. Pediatric Medical Emergencies – P. S. Whatt.
7. Understanding of Dental Caries – Niki Foruk.
8. An Atlas of Glass Ionomer cements – G. J. Mount.
9. Clinical Pedodontics – Finn.
10. Textbook of Pediatric Dentistry – Braham Morris.
11. Primary Preventive Dentistry – Norman O. Harris.
12. Handbook of Clinical Pedodontics – Kenneth. D.
13. Preventive Dentistry – Forrester.
14. The Metabolism and Toxicity of Fluoride – Garry M. Whitford.
15. Dentistry for the Child and Adolescence – Mc. Donald.
16. Pediatric Dentistry – Damle S. G.
17. Behaviour Management – Wright
18. Pediatric Dentistry – Mathewson.
19. Traumatic Injuries – andreason.
20. Occlusal guidance in Pediatric Dentistry – Nakata.
21. Pediatric Drug Therapy – Tomare
22. Contemporary Orthodontics – Profitt..
23. Preventive Dentistry – Depaola.
24. Metabolism & Toxicity of Fluoride – whitford. G. M.
25. Endodontic Practice – Grossman.
26. Principles of Endodontics – Munford.
27. Endodontics – Ingle.
28. Pathways of Pulp – Cohen.
29. Management of Traumatized anterior Teeth – Hargreaves.

16. PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY

GOAL:

To prevent and control oral diseases and promote oral health through organized community efforts

OBJECTIVES:

Knowledge:

At the conclusion of the course the student shall have a knowledge of the basis of public health, preventive dentistry, public health problems in India, Nutrition, Environment and their role in health, basics of dental statistics, epidemiological methods, National oral health policy with emphasis on oral health policy.

Skill and Attitude:

At the conclusion of the course the students shall have require at the skill of identifying health problems affecting the society, conducting health surveys, conducting health education classes and deciding health strategies. Students should develop a positive attitude towards the problems of the society and must take responsibilities in providing health.

Communication abilities:

At the conclusions of the course the student should be able to communicate the needs of the community efficiently, inform the society of all the recent methodologies in preventing oral disease

Syllabus:

1. Introduction to Dentistry: Definition of Dentistry, History of dentistry, Scope, aims and objectives of Dentistry.
2. Public Health:
 - i. Health & Disease: - Concepts, Philosophy, Definition and Characteristics
 - ii. Public Health: - Definition & Concepts, History of public health
 - iii. General Epidemiology: - Definition, objectives, methods
 - iv. Environmental Health: - Concepts, principles, protection, sources, purification environmental sanitation of water disposal of waste sanitation, then role in mass disorder
 - v. Health Education: - Definition, concepts, principles, methods, and health education aids
 - vi. Public Health Administration: - Priority, establishment, manpower, private practice management, hospital management.
 - vii. Ethics and Jurisprudence: Professional liabilities, negligence, malpractice, consents, evidence, contracts, and methods of identification in forensic dentistry.
 - viii. Nutrition in oral diseases
 - ix. Behavioral science: Definition of sociology, anthropology and psychology and their in dental practice and community.
 - x. Health care delivery system: Center and state, oral health policy, primary health care, national programmes, health organizations.

Dental Public Health:

1. Definition and difference between community and clinical health.
2. Epidemiology of dental diseases-dental caries, periodontal diseases, malocclusion, dental fluorosis and oral cancer.
3. Survey procedures: Planning, implementation and evaluation, WHO oral health survey methods 1997, indices for dental diseases.

4. Delivery of dental care: Dental auxiliaries, operational and non-operational, incremental and comprehensive health care, school dental health.
5. Payments of dental care: Methods of payments and dental insurance, government plans
6. Preventive Dentistry- definition, Levels, role of individual , community and profession, fluorides in dentistry, plaque control programmes.

Research Methodology and Dental Statistics

1. Health Information: - Basic knowledge of Computers, MS Office, Window 2000, Statistical Programmes
2. Research Methodology: -Definition, types of research, designing a written protocol
3. Bio-Statistics: - Introduction, collection of data, presentation of data, Measures of Central tendency, measures of dispersion, Tests of significance, Sampling and sampling techniques- types, errors, bias, blind trails and calibration.

Practice Management

1. Place and locality
2. Premises & layout
3. Selection of equipments
4. Maintenance of records/accounts/audit.

Dentist Act 1948 with amendment.

Dental Council of India and State Dental Councils

Composition and responsibilities.

Indian Dental Association

Head Office, State, local and branches.

PRACTICALS/CLINICALS/FIELD PROGEAMME IN COMMUNITY DENTISTRY:

These exercises designed to help the student in IV year students:

1. Understand the community aspects of dentistry
2. To take up leadership role in solving community oral health programme

Exercises:

- a) Collection of statistical data (demographic) on population in India, birth rates, morbidity and mortality, literacy, per capita income
- b) Incidence and prevalence of common oral diseases like dental caries, periodontal disease, oral cancer, fluorosis at national and international levels
- c) Preparation of oral health education material posters, models, slides, lectures, play acting skits etc.
- d) Oral health status assessment of the community using indices and WHO basic oral health survey methods
- e) Exploring and planning setting of private dental clinics in rural, semi urban and urban locations, availment of finances for dental practices-preparing project report.
- f) Visit to primary health center-to acquaint with activities and primary health care delivery
- g) Visit to water purification plant/public health laboratory/ center for treatment of western and sewage water
- h) Visit to schools-to assess the oral health status of school children, emergency treatment and health education including possible preventive care at school (tooth brushing technique demonstration and oral rinse programme etc.)
- i) Visit to institution for the care of handicapped, physically, mentally, or medically compromised patients
- j) Preventive dentistry: in the department application of pit and fissure sealants, fluoride gel application procedure, A. R. T., Comprehensive health for 5 pts at least 2 patients

The colleges are encouraged to involve in the N.S.S. programme for college students for carrying out social work in rural areas

SUGGESTED INTERNSHIP PROGRAMME IN COMMUNITY DENTISTRY:

I. AT THE COLLEGE:

Students are posted to the department to get training in dental practice management.

- (a) Total oral health care approach- in order to prepare the new graduates in their approach to diagnosis, treatment planning, cost of treatment, prevention of treatment on schedule, recall maintenance of records etc. at least 10 patients (both children and adults of all types posting for at least one month).
- (b) The practice of chair side preventive dentistry including oral health education

II. AT THE COMMUNITY ORAL HEALTH CARE CENTRE (ADOPTED BY THE DENTAL COLLEGE IN RURAL AREAS)

Graduates posted for at least on month to familiarize in:

- (a) Survey methods, analysis and presentation of oral health assessment of school children and community independently using WHO basic oral health survey methods.
- (b) Participation in rural oral health education programmes
- (c) Stay in the village to understand the problems and life in rural areas

III. DESIRABLE: Learning use of computers-at least basic programme.

Examination Pattern

- I. Index: Case History

- b) Oral hygiene indices simplified- Green and Vermilion
 - c) Silness and Loe index for Plaque
 - d) Loe and Silness index for gingival
 - e) CPI
 - f) DMF: T and S, df:t and s
 - g) Deans fluoride index
- II. Health Education
 - 1. Make one - Audio visual aid
 - 2. Make a health talk
 - III. Practical work
 - 1. Pit and fissure sealant
 - 2. Topical fluoride application

BOOKS RECOMMENDED & REFERENCE:

1. Dentistry Dental Practice and Community by David F. Striffler and Brain A. Burt, Edn. –1983, W. B. Saunders Company
2. Principles of Dental Public Health by James Morse Dunning, IVth Edition, 1986, Harward University Press.
3. Dental Public Health and Community Dentistry Ed by Anthony Jong Publication by The C. V. Mosby Company 1981
4. Community Oral Health-A system approach by Patricia P. Cormier and Joyce I. Levy published by Appleton-Century-Crofts/New York, 1981
5. Community Dentistry-A problem oriented approach by P. C. Dental Hand book series Vol.8 by Stephen L. Silverman and Ames F. Tryon, Series editor-Alvin F. Gardner, PSG Publishing company Inc. Littleton Massachuseltts, 1980.
6. Dental Public Health- An Introduction to Community Dentistry. Edition by Geoffrey L. Slack and Brain Burt, Published by John Wriyth and sons Bristol, 1980
7. Oral Health Surveys- Basic Methods, 4th edition, 1997, published by W. H. O. Geneva available at the regional office New Delhi.
8. Preventive Medicine and Hygiene-By Maxcy and Rosenau, published by Appleton Century Crofts, 1986.
9. Preventive Dentistry-by J. O. Forrest published by John Wright and sons Bristoli, 1980.
10. Preventive Dentistry by Murray, 1997.
11. Text Book of Preventive and Social Medicine by Park and park, 14th edition.
12. Community Dentistry by Dr. Soben Peter.
13. Introduction to Bio-statistics by B. K. Mahajan
14. Research methodology and Bio-statistics by
15. Introduction to Statistical Methods by Grewal

17. PERIODONTOLOGY

OBJECTIVES:

The student shall acquire the skill to perform dental scaling ,diagnostic tests of periodontal diseases; to use the instruments for periodontal therapy and maintenance of the same.

The student shall develop attitude to impart the preventive measures namely, the prevention of periodontal diseases and prevention of the progress of the disease. The student shall also develop an attitude to perform the treatment with full aseptic precautions; shall develop an attitude to prevent iatrogenic diseases; to conserve the tooth to the maximum possible time by maintaining periodontal health and to refer the patients who require specialist's care.

1. Introduction: Definition of Periodontology, Periodontics, Periodontia, Brief historical background, Scope of Periodontics
2. Development of perio-dontal tissues, micro-structural anatomy and biology of periodontal tissues in detail Gingiva. Junctional epithelium in detail, Epithelial-Mesenchymal interaction,Periodontal, ligament Cementum, Alveolar bone.
3. Defensive mechanisms in the oral cavity: Role of-Epithelium,Gingival fluid, Saliva and other defensive mechanisms in the oral environment.
4. Age changes in periodontal structures and their significance in Geriatric dentistry Age changes in teeth and periodontal structures and their association with periodontal diseases 1
5. Classification of periodontal diseases Need for classification, Scientific basis of classification 1
 Classification of gingival and periodontal diseases as described in World Workshop1989
 Gingivitis:
 Plaque associated,ANUG,steroid hormone influenced, Medication influenced, Desquamative gingivitis, other forms of gingivitis as in nutritional deficiency, bacterial and viral infections etc.

Periodontitis:

Adult periodontitis, Rapidly progressive periodontitis A&B,
 Juvenile periodontitis(localized, generalized, and post-juvenile),
 Prepubertal periodontitis,
 Refractory periodontitis

6. Gingival diseases Localized and generalized gingivitis, Papillary, marginal and diffuse gingivitis 6
 Etiology, pathogenesis, clinical signs, symptoms and management of
 i) Plaque associated gingivitis
 ii) Systemically aggravated gingivitis(sex hormones, drugs and systemic diseases)
 iii) ANUG
 iv) Desquamative gingivitis-Gingivitis associated with lichen planus, pemphigoid, pemphigus, and other vesiculobullous lesions
 v) Allergic gingivitis
 vi) Infective gingivitis-Herpetic, bacterial and candidial
 vii) Pericoronitis
 viii) Gingival enlargement (classification and differential diagnosis)
- 7 Epidemiology of periodontal diseases - Definition of index, incidence, prevalence, epidemiology, endemic, epidemic, and pandemic 2
 - Classification of indices(Irreversible and reversible)
 - Deficiencies of earlier indices used in Periodontics
 - Detailed understanding of Silness & Loe Plaque Index, Loe & Silness Gingival Index, CPITN & CPI.
 - Prevalence of periodontal diseases in India and other countries.
 - Public health significance(All these topics are covered at length under community dentistry. Hence, the topics may be discussed briefly. However, questions may be asked from the topics for examination)
8. Extension of inflammation from gingiva 1
 Mechanism of spread of inflammation from gingival area to deeper periodontal structures
9. Pocket 2
 Definition, signs and symptoms, classification, pathogenesis, histopathology, root surface changes and contents of the pocket
10. Etiology 5
 - Dental Plaque (Biofilm)
 - Definition, New concept of biofilm
 - Types, composition, bacterial colonization, growth, maturation & disclosing agents
 - Role of dental plaque in periodontal diseases
 - Plaque microorganisms in detail and bacteria associated with periodontal diseases
 - Plaque retentive factors
 - Materia alba
 - Food debris
 - Calculus
 - Definition
 - Types, composition, attachment, theories of formation
 - Role of calculus in disease
 Food Impaction
 - Definition
 - Types, Etiology
 - Hirschfelds' classification
 - Signs, symptoms & sequelae of treatment
 Trauma from occlusion
 - Definition, Types
 - Histopathological changes
 - Role in periodontal disease
 - Measures of management in brief
 Habits
 - Their periodontal significance
 - Bruxism & parafunctional habits, tongue thrusting, lip biting, occupational habits
 IATROGENIC FACTORS

	Conservative Dentistry	
	- Restorations	
	- Contact point, marginal ridge, surface roughness, overhanging restorations, interface between restoration and teeth	
	Prosthodontics	
	- Interrelationship	
	- Bridges and other prosthesis, pontics(types) ,surface contour, relationships of margins to the periodontium, Gingival protection theory, muscle action theory& theory of access to oral hygiene.	
	Orthodontics	
	- Interrelationship, removable appliances &fixed appliances	
	- Retention of plaque, bacterial changes	
	Systemic diseases	
	- Diabetes, sex hormones, nutrition(Vit.C &proteins)	
	- AIDS & periodontium	
	- Hemorrhagic diseases, Leukemia, clotting factor disorders,PMN disorders	
11.	Risk factors	Definition. Risk factors for periodontal diseases 1
12.	Host response	- Mechanism of initiation and progression of periodontal diseases 3
		- Basic concepts about cells, Mast cells, neutrophils, macrophages, lymphocytes, immunoglobulins, complement system, immune mechanisms & cytokines in brief
		- Stages in gingivitis-Initial, early, established & advanced
		- Periodontal disease activity, continuous paradigm, random burst & asynchronous multiple burst hypothesis
13.	Periodontitis	- Etiology ,histopathology, clinical signs & symptoms, diagnosis and treatment of adult periodontitis 6
		- Periodontal abscess; definition, classification, pathogenesis, differential diagnosis and treatment
		- Furcation involvement, Glickmans' classification, prognosis and management
		- Rapidly progressive periodontitis
		- Juvenile periodontitis: Localized and generalized
		- Post-juvenile periodontitis
		- Periodontitis associated with systemic diseases
		- Refractory periodontitis
14.	Diagnosis	- Routine procedures, methods of probing, types of probes,(According to case history) 2
		- Halitosis: Etiology and treatment. Mention advanced diagnostic aids and their role in brief.
15.	Prognosis	- Definition, types, purpose and factors to be taken into consideration 1
16.	Treatment plan	- Factors to be considered 1
17.	Periodontal therapy	A. General principles of periodontal therapy. Phase I,II, III, IV therapy. 3
		Definition of periodontal regeneration, repair, new attachment and reattachment.
		B. Plaque control
		i. Mechanical tooth brushes, interdental cleaning aids, dentifrices
		ii. Chemical; classification and mechanism of action of each & pocket irrigation
18.	Pocket eradication procedures	- Scaling and root planing: 5
		- Indications
		- Aims & objectives
		- Healing following root planning
		- Hand instruments, sonic, ultrasonic &piezo-electric scalers
		- Curettage &present concepts
		- Definition
		- Indications
		- Aims &objectives
		- Procedures & healing response
		- Flap surgery
		- Definition
		- Types of flaps, Design of flaps, papilla preservation

		- Indications & contraindications	
		- Armamentarium	
		- Surgical procedure & healing response	
9.	Osseous Surgery	Osseous defects in periodontal disease	2
		- Definition	
		- Classification	
		- Surgery: resective, additive osseous surgery (osseous grafts with classification of grafts)	
		- Healing responses	
		- Other regenerative procedures; root conditioning	
		- Guided tissue regeneration	
20.	Mucogingival surgery & periodontal plastic surgeries	Definition	3
		Mucogingival problems: etiology, classification of gingival recession (P.D. Miller Jr. and Sullivan and Atkins)	
		Indications & objectives	
		Gingival extension procedures: lateral pedicle graft, frenectomy, frenotomy	
		Crown lengthening procedures	
		Periodontal microsurgery in brief	
21.	Splints	- Periodontal splints	1
		- Purpose & classification	
		- Principles of splinting	
22.	Hypersensitivity	Causes, Theories & management	1
23.	Implants	Definition, types, scope & biomaterials used.	1
		Periodontal considerations: such as implant-bone interface, implant-gingiva interface, implant failure, peri-implantitis & management	
24.	Maintenance phase (SPT)	- Aims, objectives, and principles	1
		- Importance	
		- Procedures	
		- Maintenance of implants	
25.	Pharmaco-therapy	- Periodontal dressings	2
		- Antibiotics & anti-inflammatory drugs	
		- Local drug delivery systems	
26.	Periodontal management of medically compromised patients	Topics concerning periodontal management of medically compromised patients	1
27.	Inter-disciplinary care	- Pulpo-periodontal involvement	1
		- Routes of spread of infection	
		- Simons' classification	
		- Management	
28.	Systemic effects of periodontal diseases in brief	Cardiovascular diseases, Low birth weight babies etc.	1
29.	Infection control protocol	Sterilization and various aseptic procedures	1
30.	Ethics		

TUTORIALS DURING CLINICAL POSTING;

1. Infection control
2. Periodontal instruments
3. Chair position and principles of instrumentation
4. Maintenance of instruments (sharpening)
5. Ultrasonic, Piezoelectric and sonic scaling – demonstration of technique
6. Diagnosis of periodontal disease and determination of prognosis
7. Radiographic interpretation and lab investigations
8. Motivation of patients- oral hygiene instructions

Students should be able to record a detailed periodontal case history, determine diagnosis, prognosis and plan treatment. Student should perform scaling, root planning local drug delivery and SPT. Shall be given demonstration of all periodontal surgical procedures.

DEMONSTRATIONS:

1. History taking and clinical examination of the patients
2. Recording different indices
3. Methods of using various scaling and surgical instruments
4. Polishing the teeth
5. Bacterial smear taking
6. Demonstration to patients about different oral hygiene aids

7. Surgical procedures- gingivectomy, gingivoplasty, and flap operations
8. Follow up procedures, post operative care and supervision

REQUIREMENTS:

1. Diagnosis, treatment planning and discussion and total periodontal treatment – 25 cases
2. Dental scaling, oral hygiene instructions – 50 complete cases/ equivalent
3. Assistance in periodontal surgery – 5 cases
4. A work record should be maintained by all the students and should be submitted at the time of examination after due certification from the head of the department.

Students should have to complete the work prescribed by the concerned department from time to time and submit a certified record for evaluation.

PRESCRIBED BOOK:

1. Glickman's Clinical Periodontology — Carranza

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Essentials of Periodontology and periodontics- Torquil MacPhee
2. Contemporary periodontics- Cohen
3. Periodontal therapy- Goldman
4. Orbans' periodontics- Orban
5. Oral Health Survey- W.H.O.
6. Preventive Periodontics- Young and Stiffler
7. Public Health Dentistry- Slack
8. Advanced Periodontal Disease- John Prichard
9. Preventive Dentistry- Forrest
10. Clinical Periodontology- Jan Lindhe
11. Periodontics- Baer & Morris.

18. PROSTHODONTICS AND CROWN & BRIDGE

Complete Dentures

- A. Applied Anatomy and Physiology.
 1. Introduction
 2. Biomechanics of the edentulous state.
 3. Residual ridge resorption.
- B. Communicating with the patient
 1. Understanding the patients.
 - Mental attitude.
 2. Instructing the patient.
- C. Diagnosis and treatment planning for patients-
 1. With some teeth remaining.
 2. With no teeth remaining.
 - a) Systemic status.
 - b) Local factor.
 - c) The geriatric patient.
 - d) Diagnostic procedures.
- D. Articulators- discussion
- E. Improving the patient's denture foundation and ridge relation -an overview.
 - a) Pre-operative examination.
 - b) Initial hard tissue & soft tissue procedure.
 - c) Secondary hard & soft tissue procedure.
 - d) Implant procedure.
 - e) Congenital deformities.
 - f) Postoperative procedure.
- F. Principles of Retention, Support and Stability
- G. Impressions - detail.
 - a) Muscles of facial expression.
 - b) Biologic considerations for maxillary and mandibular impression including anatomy landmark and their interpretation.
 - c) Impression objectives.
 - d) Impression materials.
 - e) Impression techniques.
 - f) Maxillary and mandibular impression procedures.
 - i. Preliminary impressions.
 - ii. Final impressions.
 - g) Laboratory procedures involved with impression making (Beading & Boxing, and cast preparation).
- H. Record bases and occlusion rims- in detail.
 - a) Materials & techniques.
 - b) Useful guidelines and ideal parameters.
 - c) Recording and transferring bases and occlusal rims.

- I. Biological consideration in jaw relation & jaw movements - craniomandibular relations.
 - a) Mandibular movements.
 - b) Maxillo -mandibular relation including vertical and horizontal jaw relations.
 - c) Concept of occlusion- discuss in brief.
- J. Relating the patient to the articulator.
 - a) Face bow types & uses- discuss in brief.
 - b) Face bow transfer procedure - discuss in brief.
- K. Recording maxillo mandibular relation.
 - a) Vertical relations.
 - b) Centric relation records.
 - c) Eccentric relation records.
 - d) Lateral relation records.
- L. Tooth selection and arrangement.
 - a) Anterior teeth.
 - b) Posterior teeth.
 - c) Esthetic and functional harmony.
- M. Relating inclination of teeth to concept of occlusion- in brief.
 - a) Neurocentric concept.
 - b) Balanced occlusal concept.
- N. Trial dentures.
- O. Laboratory procedures.
 - a) Wax contouring.
 - b) Investing of dentures.
 - c) Preparing of mold.
 - d) Preparing & packing acrylic resin.
 - e) Processing of dentures.
 - f) Recovery of dentures.
 - g) Lab remount procedures.
 - h) Recovering the complete denture from the cast.
 - i) Finishing and polishing the complete denture.
 - j) Plaster cast for clinical denture remount procedure.
- P. Denture insertion.
 - a) Insertion procedures.
 - b) Clinical errors.
 - c) Correcting occlusal disharmony.
 - d) Selective grinding procedures.
- R. Treating problems with associated denture use – discuss in brief (tabulation/flow-chart form).
- S. Treating abused tissues - discuss in brief.
- T. Relining and rebasing of dentures- discuss in brief.
- V. Immediate complete dentures construction procedure- discuss in brief.
- W. The single complete denture- discuss in brief.
- X. Overdentures denture- discuss in brief.
- Y. Dental implants in complete denture - discuss in brief.

Note : It is suggested that the above mentioned topics be dealt with wherever appropriate in the following order so as to cover –

1. Definition
2. Diagnosis (of the particular situation/patient selection/treatment planning)
3. Types / Classification
4. Materials
5. Methodology – Lab /Clinical
6. Advantages & disadvantages
7. Indications, contraindications
8. Maintenance Phase
9. Oral Implantology
10. Ethics

Removable Flexible Dentures

1. Introduction
 - Terminologies and scope
2. Classification.
3. Examination, Diagnosis & Treatment planning & evaluation of diagnostic data.
4. Components of a removable partial denture.
 - Major connectors,
 - minor connectors,
 - Rest and rest seats.
5. Components of a Removable Partial Denture.
 - Direct retainers,
 - Indirect retainers,
 - Tooth replacement.

6. Principles of Removable Partial Denture Design.
7. Survey and design – in brief.
 - Surveyors.
 - Surveying.
 - Designing.
8. Mouth preparation and master cast.
9. Impression materials and procedures for removable partial dentures.
10. Preliminary jaw relation and esthetic try-in for some anterior replacement teeth.
11. Laboratory procedures for framework construction-in brief.
12. Fitting the framework - in brief.
13. Try-in of the partial denture - in brief.
14. Completion of the partial denture - in brief.
15. Inserting the Removable Partial Denture - in brief.
16. Postinsertion observations.
17. Temporary Acrylic Partial Dentures.
18. Immediate Removable Partial Denture.
19. Removable Partial Dentures opposing Complete denture.

Note : It is suggested that the above mentioned topics be dealt with wherever appropriate in the following order so as to cover –

1. Definition
2. Diagnosis (of the particular situation /patient selection /treatment planning)
3. Types / Classification
4. Materials
5. Methodology – Lab /Clinical
6. Advantages & disadvantages
7. Indications, contraindications
8. Maintenance Phase

Fixed Partial Dentures

Topics To Be Covered In Detail -

1. Introduction
2. Fundamentals of occlusion – in brief.
3. Articulators – in brief.
4. Treatment planning for single tooth restorations.
5. Treatment planning for the replacement of missing teeth including selection and choice of abutment teeth.
6. Fixed partial denture configurations.
7. Principles of tooth preparations.
8. Preparations for full veneer crowns – in detail.
9. Preparations for partial veneer crowns – in brief.
10. Provisional Restorations
11. Fluid Control and Soft Tissue Management
12. Impressions
13. Working Casts and Dies
14. Wax Patterns
15. Pontics and Edentulous Ridges
16. Esthetic Considerations
17. Finishing and Cementation

Topics To Be Covered In Brief -

1. Solder Joints and Other Connectors
2. All - Ceramic Restorations
3. Metal - Ceramic Restorations
4. Preparations of intracoronal restorations.
5. Preparations for extensively damaged teeth.
6. Preparations for periodontally weakened teeth
7. The Functionally Generated Path Technique
8. Investing and Casting
9. Resin - Bonded Fixed Partial Denture

Note : It is suggested that the above mentioned topics be dealt with wherever appropriate in the following order so as to cover –

1. Definition
2. Diagnosis(of the particular situation /patient selection /treatment planning)
3. Types / Classification
4. Materials
5. Methodology – Lab /Clinical
6. Advantages & disadvantages
7. Indications, contraindications
8. Maintenance Phase

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

1. Syllabus of Complete denture by - Charles M. Heartwell Jr. and Arthur O. Rahn.
2. Boucher's "Prosthetic treatment for edentulous patients"
3. Essentials of complete denture prosthodontics by – Sheldon Winkler.
4. Maxillofacial prosthetics by – Willam R.Laney.
5. McCracken's Removable partial prosthodontics
6. Removable partial prosthodontics by – Ernest L. Miller and Joseph E. Grasso.

19. AESTHETIC DENTISTRY

Aesthetic Dentistry is gaining more popularity since last decade. It is better that undergraduate students should understand the philosophy and scientific knowledge of the esthetic dentistry.

1. Introduction and scope of esthetic dentistry
2. Anatomy & physiology of smile
3. Role of the colour in esthetic dentistry
4. Simple procedures (roundening of central incisors to enhance esthetic appearance)
5. Bleaching of teeth
6. Veneers with various materials
7. Preventive and interceptive esthetics
8. Ceramics
9. Simple gingival contouring to enhance the appearance
10. Simple clinical procedures for BDS students

Recommended books:

1. Esthetic guidelines for restorative dentistry; Scharer & others
2. Esthetics of anterior fixed prosthodontics; Chiche (GJ) & Pinault (Alain)
3. Esthetic & the treatment of facial form, Vol 28; Mc Namara (JA)

20. FORENSIC ODONTOLOGY (30 hrs of instruction)

Definition

Forensic is derived from the Latin word forum, which means 'court of law.' Odontology literally implies 'the study of teeth.' Forensic odontology, therefore, has been defined by the Fédération Dentaire Internationale (FDI) as "that branch of dentistry which, in the interest of justice, deals with the proper handling and examination of dental evidence, and with the proper evaluation and presentation of dental findings."

Objectives of the undergraduate curriculum

At the end of the programme, the dental graduate should:

1. Have sound knowledge of the theoretical and practical aspects of forensic odontology.
2. Have an awareness of ethical obligations and legal responsibilities in routine practice and forensic casework.
3. Be competent to recognise forensic cases with dental applications when consulted by the police, forensic pathologists, lawyers and associated professionals.
4. Be competent in proper collection of dental evidence related to cases of identification, ethnic and sex differentiation, age estimation and bite marks.
5. Be able to assist in analysis, evaluation, and presentation of dental facts within the realm of law.

Curriculum for forensic odontology

1. Introduction to forensic dentistry
 - Definition and history
 - Recent developments and future trends
2. Overview of forensic medicine and toxicology
 - Cause of death and postmortem changes
 - Toxicological manifestations in teeth and oral tissues
3. Dental identification
 - Definition
 - Basis for dental identification
 - Postmortem procedures
 - Dental record compilation and interpretation
 - Comparison of data, and principles of report writing
 - Identification in disasters and handling incinerated remains
 - Postmortem changes to oral structures
4. Maintaining dental records
 - Basic aspects of good record-keeping
 - Different types of dental records
 - Dental charts
 - Dental radiographs
 - Study casts
 - Denture marking
 - Photographs

- Dental notations
 - Relevance of dental records in forensic investigation
5. Age estimation
 - Age estimation in children and adolescents
 - Advantages of tooth calcification over 'eruption' in estimating age
 - Radiographic methods of Schour & Massler, Demirjian et al
 - Age estimation in adults
 - Histological methods – Gustafson's six variables and Johanson's modification, Bang & Ramm's dentine translucency
 - Radiographic method of Kvaal et al
 - Principles of report writing
 6. Sex differentiation
 - Sexual dimorphism in tooth dimensions (Odontometrics)
 7. Ethnic variations ('racial' differences) in tooth morphology
 - Description of human population groups
 - Genetic and environmental influences on tooth morphology
 - Description of metric and non-metric dental features used in ethnic differentiation
 8. Bite mark procedures
 - Definition and classification
 - Basis for bite mark investigation
 - Bite mark appearance
 - Macroscopic and microscopic ageing of bite marks
 - Evidence collection from the victim and suspect of bite mark
 - Analysis and comparison
 - Principles of report writing
 - Animal bite investigation
 9. Dental DNA methods
 - Importance of dental DNA evidence in forensic investigations
 - Types of DNA and dental DNA isolation procedures
 - DNA analysis in personal identification
 - Gene-linked sex dimorphism
 - Population genetics
 10. Jurisprudence and ethics
 - Fundamentals of law and the constitution
 - Medical legislation and statutes (Dental and Medical Council Acts, etc)
 - Basics of civil law (including torts, contracts and consumer protection act)
 - Criminal and civil procedure code (including expert witness requirement)
 - Assessment and quantification of dental injuries in courts of law
 - Medical negligence and liability
 - Informed consent and confidentiality
 - Rights and duties of doctors and patients
 - Medical and dental ethics (as per Dentists' Act)

Theory sessions and practical exercises

Total hours for the course

- Didactic – 10-12 hours
- Practical – 20-25 hours

Detailed didactic sessions for the above components, either in the form of lectures or as structured student-teacher interactions, is essential. Specialists from multiple disciplines, particularly from legal and forensic sciences, can be encouraged to undertake teaching in their area of expertise.

An interactive, navigable and non-linear (INN) model may also be utilised for education.

Practical exercises (real-life casework and/or simulated cases) must complement didactic sessions to facilitate optimal student understanding of the subject. Mandatory practical training in dental identification methods, dental profiling (ethnic and sex differences, radiographic age estimation), and bite mark procedures, is of paramount importance. In addition, practical exercises/demonstrations in histological age estimation, comparative dental anatomy, DNA methods, medical autopsy, court visits, and other topics may be conducted depending on available expertise, equipment and feasibility.

Approach to teaching forensic odontology

Forensic odontology could be covered in two separate streams. The divisions include a preclinical stream and a clinical stream.

Preclinical stream

- Introduction to forensic odontology
- Sex differences in odontometrics
- Ethnic variations in tooth morphology
- Histological age estimation
- Dental DNA methods

- Bite marks procedures
- Overview of forensic medicine and toxicology

It could prove useful to undertake the preclinical stream in II or III year under Oral Biology/Oral Pathology since these aspects of forensic odontology require grounding in dental morphology, dental histology and basic sciences, which, students would have obtained in I and/or II BDS.

Clinical stream

- Dental identification
- Maintaining dental records
- Radiographic age estimation
- Medical jurisprudence and ethics

It would be suitable to undertake these topics in the IV or V year as part of Oral Medicine and Radiology, since students require reasonable clinical exposure and acumen to interpret dental records, perform dental postmortems and analyse dental radiographs for age estimation.

21. ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY (30 hrs of instruction)

INTRODUCTION TO ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

Oral Implantology is now emerged as a new branch in dentistry world wide and it has been given a separate status in the universities abroad. In India day to day the practice of treating patients with implants are on rise. In this contest inclusion of this branch into under graduate curriculum has become very essential. The objective behind this is to impart basic knowledge of Oral Implantology to undergraduates and enable them to diagnose, plan the treatment and to carry out the needed pre surgical mouth preparations and treat or refer them to speciality centres. This teaching programme may be divided and carried out by the Dept. of Oral Surgery, Prosthodontics and Periodontics.

1. History of implants, their design & surface characteristics and osseo-integration
2. Scope of oral & maxillofacial implantology & terminologies
3. A brief introduction to various implant systems in practice
4. Bone biology, Morphology, Classification of bone and its relevance to implant treatment and bone augmentation materials.
5. Soft tissue considerations in implant dentistry
6. Diagnosis & treatment planning in implant dentistry
Case history taking/Examination/Medical evaluation/Orofacial evaluation/ Radiographic evaluation/ Diagnostic evaluation/ Diagnosis and treatment planning/ treatment alternatives/ Estimation of treatment costs/ patient education and motivation
7. Pre surgical preparation of patient
8. Implant installation & armamentarium for the Branemark system as a role model
9. First stage surgery – Mandible – Maxilla
10. Healing period & second stage surgery
11. Management of surgical complications & failures
12. General considerations in prosthodontic reconstruction & Bio mechanics
13. Prosthodontic components of the Branemark system as a role model
14. Impression procedures & Preparation of master cast
15. Jaw relation records and construction of suprastructure with special emphasis on occlusion for osseointegrated prosthesis
16. Management of prosthodontic complications & failures
17. Recall & maintenance phase.

Criteria for success of osseointegrated implant supported prosthesis

SUGGESTED BOOKS FOR READING

1. Contemporary Implant Dentistry - Carl .E. Misch
Mosby 1993 First Edition.
2. Osseointegration and Occlusal Rehabilitation Hobo S., Ichida. E. and
Garcia L.T.
Quintessence Publishing Company, 1989 First
Edition.

22. BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES (20 hrs of instruction)

GOAL:

The aim of teaching behavioural sciences to undergraduate student is to impart such knowledge & skills that may enable him to apply principles of behaviour –

- a) For all round development of his personality
- b) In various therapeutic situations in dentistry.

The student should be able to develop skills of assessing psychological factors in each patient, explaining stress, learning simple counselling techniques, and improving patients compliance behaviour.

OBJECTIVES:A) KNOWLEDGE & UNDERSTANDING:

At the end of the course, the student shall be able to:

- 1) Comprehend different aspects of normal behaviour like learning, memory, motivation, personality & intelligence.
- 2) Recognise difference between normal and abnormal behaviour.
- 3) Classify psychiatric disorders in dentistry.
- 4) Recognise clinical manifestations of dental phobia, dental anxiety, facial pain, orofacial manifestations of psychiatric disorders, and behavioural problems in children. Addictive disorders, psychological disorders in various dental departments.
- 5) Should have understanding of stress in dentistry and knowledge of simple counselling techniques.
- 6) Have some background knowledge of interpersonal, managerial and problem solving skills which are an integral part of modern dental practice.
- 7) Have knowledge of social context of dental care.

B) SKILLS

The student shall be able to:

- 1) Interview the patient and understand different methods of communication skills in dentist - patient relationship.
- 2) Improve patients compliance behaviour.
- 3) Develop better interpersonal, managerial and problem solving skills.
- 4) Diagnose and manage minor psychological problems while treating dental patients.

INTEGRATION:

The training in Behavioural sciences shall prepare the students to deliver preventive, promotive, curative and rehabilitative services to the care of the patients both in family and community and refer advanced cases to specialised psychiatric hospitals.

Training should be integrated with all the departments of Dentistry, Medicine, Pharmacology, Physiology and Biochemistry.

PSYCHOLOGY:

1. Definition & Need of Behavioural Science. Determinants of Behaviour. Hrs 1 Scope of Behavioural Science.
2. Sensory process & perception perceptual process- clinical applications.
3. Attention - Definition - factors that determine attention. Clinical application.
4. Memory - Memory process - Types of memory , Forgetting: Methods to improve memory, Clinical assessment of memory & clinical applications.
5. Definition - Laws of learning
Type of learning. Classical conditioning, operant conditioning, cognitive learning, Insight learning, social learning, observational learning, principles of learning- Clinical application.
6. Intelligence- Definition: Nature of intelligence stability of intelligence
Determinants of intelligence, clinical application
7. Thinking - Definition: Types of thinking, delusions, problem solving
8. Motivation - Definition: Motive, drive, needs classification of motives
9. Emotions - Definition differentiation from feelings – Role of hypothalamus, Cerebral cortex, adrenal glands ANS. Theories of emotion, Types of emotions.
Personality. Assessment of personality: Questionnaires, personality inventory, rating scales, Interview projective techniques – Rorshach ink blot test , RAT, CAT

SOCIOLOGY:

Social class, social groups – family, types of family, types of marriages, communities and Nations and institutions.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. General psychology -- S.K. Mangal
2. General psychology -- Hans Raj, Bhatia
3. General psychology -- Munn
4. Behavioural Sciences in Medical practise -- Manju Mehta
5. Sciences basic to psychiatry -- Basanth Puri & Peter J Tyrer

23. ETHICS (20 hrs. of instruction)Introduction:

There is a definite shift now from the traditional patient and doctor relationship and delivery of dental care. With the advances in science and technology and the increasing needs of the patient, their families and community, there is a concern for the health of the community as a whole. There is a shift to greater accountability to the society. Dental specialists like the other health professionals are confronted with many ethical problems. It is therefore absolutely necessary for each and every one in the health care delivery to prepare themselves to deal with these problems. To accomplish this and

develop human values Council desires that all the trainees undergo ethical sensitization by lectures or discussion on ethical issues, discussion of cases with an important ethical component.

Course content:

Introduction to ethics –

- what is ethics?
- What are values and norms?
- How to form a value system in one's personal and professional life?
- Hippocratic oath.
- Declaration of Helsinki, WHO declaration of Geneva, International code of ethics, DCI Code of ethics.

Ethics of the individual –

The patient as a person.
 Right to be respected
 Truth and confidentiality
 Autonomy of decision
 Doctor Patient relationship

Profession Ethics –

Code of conduct
 Contract and confidentiality
 Charging of fees, fee splitting
 Prescription of drugs
 Over-investigating the patient
 Malpractice and negligence

Research Ethics –

Animal and experimental research/humanness
 Human experimentation
 Human volunteer research-informed consent
 Drug trials

Ethical workshop of cases

Gathering all scientific factors

Gathering all value factors

Identifying areas of value – conflict, setting of priorities

Working our criteria towards decisions

Recommended Reading:

Medical Ethics, Francis C.M., I Ed. 1993, Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi p. 189.

**DENTAL COUNCIL OF INDIA
Revised Internship Programme, 2011**

CURRICULUM OF DENTAL INTERNSHIP PROGRAMME.

1. The duration of Internship shall be one year.
2. All parts of internship shall be done in a Dental College duly recognized/approved by the Dental Council of India for the purpose of imparting education and training to Dental graduates in the country.
3. The Internss shall be paid stipendiary allowance during the period of an Internship not extending beyond a period of one year.
4. The internship shall be compulsory and rotating as per the regulations prescribed for the purpose.
5. The degree- BDS shall be granted after completion of internship.

Determinants of Curriculum for internship for Dental Graduates:

The curricular contents of internship training shall be based on.

- i) Dental health needs of the society.
- ii) Financial, material and manpower resources available for the purpose.
- iii) National Dental Health Policy.
- iv) Socio-economic conditions of the people in general.
- v) Existing Dental as also the primary health care concept, for the delivery of health services.
- vi) Task analysis of what graduates in Dentistry in various practice settings, private and government service actually perform.
- vii) Epidemiological studies conducted to find out prevalence of different dental health problems, taking into consideration the magnitude of dental problems, severity of dental problems and social disruption caused by these problems.

Objectives:

- A. To facilitate reinforcement of learning and acquisition of additional knowledge:-
 - a) Reinforcement of knowledge.
 - b) Techniques & resources available to the individual and the community; Social and cultural setting.
 - c) Training in a phased manner, from a shared to a full responsibility.
- B. To facilitate the achievement of basic skills: attaining competence Vs. maintaining competence in:-
 - i) History taking.
 - ii) Clinical Examination.
 - iii) Performance and interpretation of essential laboratory data.
 - iv) Data analysis and inference.
 - v) Communication skills aimed at imparting hope and optimism in the patient.
 - vi) Attributes for developing working relationship in the Clinical setting and Community team work.
- C. To facilitate development of sound attitudes and habits:-
 - i) Emphasis on individual and human beings, and not on disease/symptoms.
 - ii) Provision of comprehensive care, rather than fragmentary treatment.
 - iii) Continuing Dental Education and Learning of accepting the responsibility.
- D. To facilitate understanding of professional and ethical principles:-
 - Right and dignity of patients.
 - Consultation with other professionals and referral to seniors/institutions.
 - Obligations to peers, colleagues, patients, families and Community.
 - Provision of free professional services in an emergent situation.

- E To initiate individual and group action, leading to disease prevention and dental health promotion, at the level of individuals families and the community.

Content (subject matter)

The compulsory rotating paid Dental Internship shall include training in Oral Medicine & Radiology; Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery; Prosthodontics; Periodontics; Conservative Dentistry; Pedodontics; Oral Pathology & Microbiology; Orthodontics and Community Dentistry.

General Guidelines:

1. It shall be task-oriented training. The interns should participate in various institutional and field programmes and be given due responsibility to perform the activities in all departments of the Dental Colleges and associated Institutions.
2. To facilitate achievement of basic skills and attitudes the following facilities should be provided to all dental graduates:
 - i) History taking, examination, diagnosis, charting and recording treatment plan of cases.
 - ii) Presentation of cases in a group of Seminar.
 - iii) Care and sterilization of instruments used.
 - iv) Performance and interpretation of essential laboratory tests and other relevant investigations.
 - v) Data analysis and inference.
 - vi) Proper use of antibiotics, anti-inflammatory and other drugs, as well as other therapeutic modalities.
 - vii) Education of patients, their relatives and community on all aspects of dental health care while working in the institution as also in the field.
 - viii) Communication aimed at inspiring hope, confidence and optimism.
 - ix) Legal rights of patients and obligations of dental graduate under forensic jurisprudence.

1. **Oral Medicine & Radiology:**

- | | |
|---|------------------------|
| 1. Standardized examination of patients | 25 Cases |
| 2. Exposure to clinical, pathological laboratory procedures and biopsies. | 5 Cases |
| 3. Effective training in taking of Radiographs:
(Intra-oral) I.O. (Extra oral) E.O.
Cephalogram | 2 Full mouth
1
1 |
| 4. Effective management of cases in wards | 2 Cases |

2. **Oral and Maxillofacial surgery**

A. The Interness during their posting in oral surgery shall perform the following procedures:

- | | |
|---|----|
| 1. Extractions | 50 |
| 2. Surgical extractions | 2 |
| 3. Impactions | 2 |
| 4. Simple Intra Maxillary Fixation | 1 |
| 5. Cysts enucleations | 1 |
| 6. Incision and drainage | 2 |
| 7. Alveoloplasties, Biopsies & Frenectomies, etc. | 3 |

B. The Interness shall perform the following on Cancer Patients:

1. Maintain file work.
2. Do extractions for radiotherapy cases.
3. Perform biopsies.
4. Observe varied cases of oral cancers.

C. The interness shall have 15 days posting in emergency services of a dental/general hospital with extended responsibilities in emergency dental care in the wards. During this period they shall attend to all emergencies under the direct supervision of oral surgeon during any operation:

1. **Emergencies.**

(i) Toothache; (ii) trigeminal neuralgia; (iii) Bleeding from mouth due to trauma, post extraction, bleeding disorder or haemophilia; (iv) Airway obstruction due to fracture mandible and maxilla; dislocation of mandible; syncope or vasovagal attacks; Ludwig's angina; tooth fracture; post intermaxillary fixation after general Anaesthesia.

2. Work in I.C.U. with particular reference to resuscitation procedures.

3. Conduct tutorials on medico-legal aspects including reporting on actual cases coming to casualty. They should have visits to law courts.

3. **Prosthodontics**

The dental graduates during their internship posting in Prosthodontics shall make:-

1. Complete denture (upper & lower)	2
2. Removable Partial Denture	4
3. Fixed Partial Denture	1
4. Planned cast partial denture	1
5. Miscellaneous-like reline/overdenture/repairs of Maxillofacial Prosthesis	1
6. Learning use of Face bow and Semi anatomic articulator technique	
7. Crowns	
8. Introduction of Implants	1

4. **Periodontics**

A. The dental graduates shall perform the following procedures

1. Prophylaxis	15 Cases
2. Flap Operation	2 Cases
3. Root Planning	1 Case
4. Curettage	1 Case
5. Gingivectomy	1 Case
6. Perio-Endo cases	1 Case

B. During their one week posting in the community health centers, the interns shall educate the public in prevention of Periodontal diseases.

5. **Conservative Dentistry**

To facilitate reinforcement of learning and achievement of basic skills, the interns shall perform atleast the following procedures independently or under the guidance of supervisors:

1. Restoration of extensively mutilated teeth	5 Cases
2. Inlay and onlay preparations	1 Case
3. Use of tooth coloured restorative materials	4 Cases
4. Treatment of discoloured vital and non-vital teeth	1 Case
5. Management of dento alveolar fracture	1 Case
6. Management of pulpless, single-rooted teeth without periapical lesion.	4 Cases
7. Management of acute dento alveolar Infections	2 Cases
8. Management of pulpless, single-rooted teeth with periapical lesion.	1 Case
9. Non-surgical management of traumatised teeth during formative period.	

6. **Pedodontics and Preventive Dentistry**

During their posting in Pedodontics the Dental graduates shall perform:

1. Topical application of fluorides including varnish	5 Cases
2. Restorative procedures of carious deciduous teeth in children.	10 Cases
3. Pulpotomy	2 Cases
4. Pulpectomy	2 Cases
5. Fabrication and insertion of space maintainers	1 Case

6. Oral habit breaking appliances 1 Case
7. **Oral Pathology and Microbiology**
The interns shall perform the following:
- | | |
|---|---------|
| 1. History-recording and clinical examination | 5 Cases |
| 2. Blood, Urine and Sputum examination | 5 Cases |
| 3. Exfoliative Cytology and smears study | 2 Cases |
| 4. Biopsy- Laboratory Procedure & reporting | 1 Case |
8. **Orthodontics**
- A. The interns shall observe the following procedures during their posting in Orthodontics:
1. Detailed diagnostic procedures for 5 patients
 2. Laboratory techniques including wire-bending for removable appliances, soldering and processing of myo-functional appliances.
 3. Treatment planning options and decisions.
 4. Making of bands, bonding procedures and wire insertions.
 5. Use of extra oral anchorage and observation of force values.
 6. Retainers.
 7. Observe handling of patients with oral habits causing malocclusions.
- The dental graduates shall do the following laboratory work:-
- | | |
|--|-----------|
| 1. Wire bending for removable appliances and space maintainers including welding and heat treatment procedure. | - 5 Cases |
| 2. Soldering exercises, banding & bonding procedures | - 2 Cases |
| 3. Cold-cure and heat-cure acrylisation of simple Orthodontic appliances | - 5 Cases |
9. **Public Health Dentistry**
1. The interns shall conduct health education sessions for individuals and groups on oral health public health nutrition, behavioral sciences, environmental health, preventive dentistry and epidemiology.
 2. They shall conduct a short term epidemiological survey in the community, or in the alternate, participate in the planning and methodology.
 3. They shall arrange effective demonstrations of:
 - a) Preventive and interceptive procedures for prevalent dental diseases.
 - b) Mouth-rinsing and other oral hygiene demonstrations 5 Cases
 - c) Tooth brushing techniques 5 Cases
 4. Conduction of oral health education programmes at
 - A) School setting 2
 - B) Community setting 2
 - C) Adult education programmes 2
 5. Preparation of Health Education materials 5
 6. Exposure to team concept and National Health Care systems:
 - a) Observation of functioning of health infrastructure.
 - b) Observation of functioning of health care team including multipurpose workers male and female, health educators and other workers.
 - c) Observation of atleast one National Health Programme:-
 - d) Observation of interlinkages of delivery of oral health care with Primary Health care.
Mobile dental clinics, as and when available, should be provided for this teachings.
10. **Elective Posting**
The Interns shall be posted for 15 days in any of the dental departments of their choice mentioned in the foregoing.

Organisation of content:

The Curriculum during the 4 years of BDS training is subject based with more emphasis on learning practical skills. During one year internship the emphasis will be on competency-based, community oriented training. The practical skills to be mastered by the interns along with the minimum performance level are given under the course content of different departments of Dental Education. The supervisors should seeing it that proper facilities are provided in all departments and attached institutions for their performance.

Specification of teaching activities:

Didactic lectures are delivered during the four years training in BDS. These shall be voided during the internship programme. Emphasis shall be on chair-side teaching, small group teaching and discussions tutorials, seminars, ward posting, laboratory posting, field visits and self learning.

Use of Resource Materials:

Overhead projectors, slide projectors, film projectors, charts, diagrams, photographs, posters, specimens, models and other audiovisual aids shall be provided in all the Dental Colleges and attached institutions and field area. If possible, television, video and tapes showing different procedures and techniques to be mastered by the interns should be provided.

Evaluation**1. Formative Evaluation:**

Day-to-day assessment of the interns during their internship posting should be done. The objective is that all the interns must acquire necessary minimum skills required for carrying out day-to-day professional work competently. This can be achieved by maintaining records and performance data book by all interns. This will not only provide a demonstrable evidence; of the processes of training but more importantly, of the interns own acquisition of competencies as related to performance. It shall form a part of formative evaluation and shall also constitute a component of final grading of interns.

2. Summative Evaluation:

It shall be based on the observation of the supervisors of different departments and the records and performance data book maintained by the interns. Grading shall be done accordingly.

11. Rural Services

In the rural services, the student will have to participate in-

1. Community Health Monitoring programmes and services which include Preventive, Diagnostic and corrective procedures
2. To create educational awareness about dental hygiene and diseases.
3. Conduction of Oral Health Education Programmes at –

(a) School Setting	-	5
(b) community Setting	-	5
(c) Adult Education Programme	-	5
4. compulsory setup of satellite clinics in remote areas - 1
5. Lectures to create awareness and education in public forums about the harmful effects of tobacco consumption and the predisposition to oral cancer – two Lectures per student.

Period of Postings

1	Oral Medicine & Radiology	-	1 month
2	Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery	-	1 ½ months
3	Prosthodontics	-	1 ½ months
4	Periodontics	-	1 month
5	Conservative Dentistry	-	1 month
6	Pedodontics	-	1 month
7	Oral Pathology and Microbiology	-	15 days

8	Orthodontics	-	1 month
9	Community Dentistry/ Rural Services	-	3 months
10	Elective	-	15 days

[Published in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 4.]

DENTAL COUNCIL OF INDIA

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, dated 5th November, 2017.

No.DE-87-2017—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (g), (h) and (ha) of sub-section (2) of section 20 of the Dentists Act, 1948 (16 of 1948), the Dental Council of India, after consultation with the State Governments as required under clause (g) and (h) of the said Act, and in supersession of the Dental Council of India Revised MDS Course Regulations, 2007 except as respects things done or omitted to be done before such supersession, the Dental Council of India with the approval of the Central Government hereby makes the following regulations, namely:—

PART-I

PRELIMINARY

1. **Short title and commencement.**— (1) These regulations may be called the Dental Council of India, Master of Dental Surgery Course Regulations, 2017.
(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
2. **Definitions** – In these regulations unless the context otherwise requires:-
 - (a) “Act” means the Dentists Act, 1948 (16 of 1948)
 - (b) “the Council” means the Dental Council of India constituted under section 3 of the Act;
 - (c) “dentistry” includes._
 - (i) the performance of any operation on, and the treatment on any disease, deficiency or lesion of, human teeth or jaws, and the performance of radiographic work in connection with human teeth or jaws or the oral cavity;
 - (ii) the giving of any anesthetic in connection with any such operation or treatment;
 - (iii) the mechanical construction or the renewal of artificial dentures or restorative dental appliances;
 - (iv) the performance of any operation on, or the giving of any treatment, advice or attendance to, any person preparatory to, or for the purpose of, or in connection with, the fitting, inserting, fixing, constructing, repairing or renewing of artificial dentures or restorative dental appliances, and the performance of any such operation and the giving of any such treatment, advice or attendance, as is usually performed or given by dentists;
 - (d) “NEET” means the National Eligibility-cum-Entrance Test conducted by the National Board of Examination for admission to post-graduate courses;
 - (e) “University” means a university established or incorporated by or under a Central Act, a Provincial Act or a State Act, and includes any such institution as may, in consultation with the university concerned, be recognised by the University Grant Commission in accordance with the regulations made in this behalf under this Act.

PART - II

GENERAL CONDITIONS TO BE OBSERVED BY POST GRADUATE TEACHING INSTITUTIONS

- 3. GENERAL CONDITIONS._** (1) The institutions recognised by the Central Government and after consultation with the Council shall be eligible for conducting the post-graduate degree or diploma course(s).
- (2) The maximum number of students for a post-graduate course, for training for the award of post-graduate degree or diploma by the affiliating university, shall be determined by the facilities available in the department in terms of infrastructure, teaching staff and clinical teaching material. However, to start with, a maximum of three post-graduate students, (one Unit) shall be permitted in a speciality department. The annual intake capacity recommended by the Council and approved by the Central Government for the academic year shall be final. No institution shall be permitted to increase more than three seats at a time in its annual intake capacity in a particular speciality in a given academic year. Not more than two units consisting of six seats (including increase of seats) shall be granted to any dental institutions for each speciality.
- (3) The students undergoing post-graduate courses shall be exposed to the following:-
- (i) basics of bio-statistics and research methodology;
 - (ii) basics of human behaviour studies;
 - (iii) basics of pharmaco-economics;
 - (iv) introduction to the non-linear mathematics.

4. ETHICS IN DENTISTRY._

There is a definite shift from the traditional patient and doctor relationship and delivery of dental care. With the advances in science and technology and the increasing needs of the patient, their families and community, there is a concern for the health of the community as a whole. There is a shift to greater accountability to the society. Dental specialists like the other health professionals are confronted with many ethical problems. It is therefore absolutely necessary for each and every one in the health care delivery to prepare themselves to deal with these problems. To accomplish this and develop human values, it is desired that all the trainees undergo ethical sensitization by lectures or discussion on ethical issues, discussion of cases with an important ethical component.

5. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION._

A candidate for admission to the Master in Dental Surgery course, must possess a recognised degree of Bachelor in Dental Surgery awarded by a university or institute in India and registered with the State Dental Council and has obtained provisional or permanent registration and has undergone compulsory rotatory internship of a year in an approved/recognised dental college:

Provided that in the case of a foreign national, the following procedure shall be followed:-

The Council may, on payment of the prescribed fee for registration, grant temporary registration for the duration of the post-graduate training restricted to the dental college/institution to which he or she is admitted for the time being exclusively for post-graduate studies:

Provided further that temporary registration to such foreign national shall be subject to the condition that such person is duly registered as medical practitioner in his/her own country from which he/she has obtained his/her basics dental qualification and that his/her degree is recognized by the corresponding state dental council or concerned authority.

6. SELECTION OF CANDIDATE FOR POST-GRADUATE COURSES._

There shall be a uniform NEET for admission to the post-graduate dental courses in each academic year conducted in the manner, as prescribed by the National Board of Examination or any other authority appointed by the Central Government in this behalf. The overall superintendence, direction and control of the NEET shall vest with the Council.

7. **QUALIFYING CRITERIA FOR ADMISSION TO POST-GRADUATE COURSES.** (1) The candidate has to secure the following category-wise minimum percentile in NEET for admission to post-graduate courses held in a particular academic year.

General	50 th Percentile
Person with locomotory disability of lower limbs	45 th Percentile
Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward Classes	40 th Percentile

Provided that the percentile shall be determined on the basis of highest marks secured in the All-India common merit list in NEET for post-graduate courses:

~~Provided further, that when sufficient number of candidates in the respective categories fail to secure minimum marks as prescribed in NEET held for any academic year for admission to post-graduate courses, the Central Government in consultation with the Council may, at its discretion lower the minimum marks required for admission to post-graduate courses for candidates belonging to respective categories and marks so lowered by the Central Government shall be applicable for the said academic year only.~~

The above proviso has been substituted in terms of (1st Amendment) notification published on 15.03.2018 in the Gazette of India and the same is as under:-

Provided further that when the number of qualifying candidates in the respective categories on the basis of the above mentioned percentile are less than three times the number of vacancies, the cut-off percentile will be automatically lowered in such a manner that the number of eligible candidates shall be minimum three times the number of seats in each respective category.

- (2) The reservation of seats in dental college/institutions for respective categories shall be as per applicable laws prevailing in States/Union territories. An all India merit list as well as State-wise merit list of the eligible candidates shall be prepared on the basis of the marks obtained in NEET Test and candidates shall be admitted to post-graduate courses from the said merit list only:

The following words has been substituted in terms of (2nd Amendment) notification published on 18.09.2018 in the Gazette of India

Provided that in determining the merit of candidates who are in service of Government/public authority, weightage in the marks may be given by the Government/competent authority as an incentive upto 10% of the marks obtained for each year of service in ~~remote and/or difficult areas~~ **remote and/or difficult or rural areas** upto the maximum of 30% of the marks obtained in NEET. The ~~remote and difficult areas~~ **remote, difficult and rural areas** shall be as defined by State Government / competent authority from time to time.

- (3) A candidate who has failed to secure the minimum percentile as prescribed in these regulations, shall not be admitted to any post-graduate courses in any academic year.
- (4) Minimum 5% seats of the annual sanctioned intake capacity shall be filled up by candidates with locomotory disability of lower limbs between 50% to 70%:

Provided that in case any seat in this quota remains unfilled on account of unavailability of candidates with locomotory disability of lower limbs between 50% to 70% then any such unfilled seat shall be filled up by persons with locomotory disability of lower limbs between 40% to 50% - before they are included in the annual sanctioned seats for general category candidates:

Provided further that this entire exercise shall be completed by each dental college/institution as per the statutory time schedule for admissions.

8. COMMENCEMENT OF ACADEMIC SESSION AND CUT-OFF DATE FOR ADMISSION._

- (1) The academic session shall be commenced from 1st of May and the cut-off date for admission, even for stray vacancies, in the Master of Dental Surgery course shall be 31st of May, every year. The universities and other institutions shall start the admission process in such a way that teaching in post-graduate courses starts by 1st May each year for which they shall strictly adhere to the time schedule specified in the Dental Council of India (Establishment of new dental colleges, opening of higher courses of study and increase of admission capacity in existing dental colleges) Regulations, 2006.
- (2) There shall be no admission of students in respect of any academic session beyond the 31st May for post-graduate courses under any circumstances. The universities or institute shall not register any student beyond the said date; in case, any institution which grants admission to any student after the last date specified for the same shall also be liable to face such action including surrender of seats equivalent to the extent of such admission made from its sanctioned intake capacity for the succeeding academic year.
- (3) The Council may direct, that any student identified as having obtained his/her admission after the last date for closure of admission be discharged from the course of study, or any dental qualification granted to such a student shall not be a recognised qualification for the purpose of the Act.

9. COMMON COUNSELING. – (1) There shall be a common counseling for admission to all post-graduate courses (Diploma/MDS) in all dental educational institutions on the basis of merit list of the NEET.

- (2) The designated authority for counseling for the 50% All India Quota seats of the contributing States, as per the existing scheme for post graduate (Diploma/MDS) courses shall be the Directorate General of Health Services, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India. Further Directorate General of Health Services, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India shall conduct counseling for all post-graduate (Diploma/MDS) Courses in Dental Educational Institutions of the Central Government, Universities established by an Act of Parliament and the Deemed Universities.
- (3) The counseling for admission to post-graduate (Diploma/MDS) courses in all dental Educational Institutions in a State/Union Territory, including dental educational institutions established by the State Government, University established by an Act of State/Union Territory Legislature, Trust, Society, Minority Institutions shall be conducted by the State/Union Territory Government.
- (4) In case, any dispute arises on such common counseling, the matter to the Central Government and its decisions shall be final, in this regard.

- 10. INFORMATION ON ADMISSION AND SCHEDULE OF EXAMINATION.** Every dental institution and its affiliating university shall furnish information on admissions in the courses of study, schedule of examinations to the Council, in such form as the Council may specify, within stipulated period from time to time.
- 11. PERIOD OF TRAINING.** (1) The period of training for the award of the MDS course shall be of three years duration for three academic years as full time candidates in an institution including the period of examination:

Provided that the time period required for passing out of the MDS course shall be a maximum of six years from the date of admission in said course:

Provided further that the duration of the post-graduate course for the post-graduate Diploma holders shall be of two years in the respective speciality. The syllabus and curriculum shall be the same as MDS Course in the concerned speciality except that they are not required (i) to undergo study and training in Basic Sciences and (ii) pass the PART-I Examination of MDS Course. However, they have to submit the dissertation work, as part of the post-graduate programme.

(2) During the period, each student shall take part actively in learning and teaching activities design of training, by the institution or the university. The teaching and learning activities in each speciality, shall be as under:-

(a) LECTURES:

There shall be some didactic lectures in the speciality and in the allied fields. The departments shall encourage guest lectures in the required areas and integrated lectures by multi-disciplinary teams on selected topics, to strengthen the training programmes.

(b) JOURNAL REVIEW:

The journal review meetings shall be held at least once a week. All trainees, associate and staff associated with the post-graduate programme are expected to participate actively and enter relevant details in the logbook. The trainee shall make presentations from the allotted journals of selected articles. A model check list for the evaluation of journal review presentation is annexed at Schedule-I of these regulations.

(c) SEMINARS:

The seminars shall be held at least twice a week in each department. All trainees are expected to participate actively and enter relevant details in logbook. A model check list for the evaluation of seminar presentation is annexed at Schedule-II of these regulations.

(d) SYMPOSIUM:

It is recommended to hold symposium on topics covering multiple disciplines.

(e) CLINICAL POSTINGS:

Each trainee shall work in the clinics on regular basis to acquire adequate professional skills and competency in managing various cases, A model check list for evaluation of clinical postings is annexed at Schedule-III of these regulations.

(f) CLINICO- PATHOLOGICAL CONFERENCE:

The clinico pathological conference shall be held once a month involving the faculties of Oral Medicine and Radiology, Oral Pathology and allied clinical departments. The trainees shall be encouraged to present the clinical details, radiological and histo-pathological interpretations and participation in the discussions.

(g) INTER-DEPARTMENTAL MEETINGS:

To encourage integration among various specialities, there shall be inter-departmental meeting chaired by the Dean with all heads of post-graduate departments at least once a month.

(h) TEACHING SKILLS:

All the trainees shall be encouraged to take part in undergraduate teaching programmes either in the form of lectures or group discussions. A model check list for evaluation of teaching skills is annexed at Schedule-IV of these regulations.

(i) DENTAL EDUCATION PROGRAMMES:

Each department shall organise dental education programmes on regular basis involving other institutions. The trainees shall also be encouraged to attend such programmes conducted outside their university or institute.

(j) CONFERENCES / WORKSHOPS / ADVANCED COURSES:

The trainees shall be encouraged to attend conference/workshops/advanced courses and also to present at least two scientific papers and two posters at State / national level speciality and allied conferences / conventions during the training period.

(k) ROTATION AND POSTING IN OTHER DEPARTMENTS:

To bring in more integration among the specialities and allied fields, each department shall workout a programme to rotate the trainees in related disciplines.

(l) DISSERTATION / THESIS:

The trainees shall prepare a dissertation based on the clinical or experimental work or any other study conducted by them under the supervision of the guide. A model check list for evaluation of dissertation presentation and continuous evaluation of dissertation work by guide / co-guide is annexed at Schedule-V of these regulations. A model overall assessment sheet to be filled by all the trainees undergoing post-graduate course is annexed at Schedule-VI of these regulations.

(3) All the students of the speciality departments shall complete the minimum quota for the teaching and learning activities, as follows:-

- | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|---------------|
| (a) | Journal Clubs | : 5 in a year |
| (b) | Seminars | : 5 in a year |
| (c) | Clinical Case Presentations | : 4 in a year |

- | | | | |
|-----|--|---|--|
| (d) | Lectures taken for undergraduates | : | 1 in a year |
| (e) | Scientific Paper / Poster Presentations
In State / National Level Conferences / | : | 4 papers/posters during
three years of training
workshop period |
| (f) | Clinico Pathological Conferences | : | 2 presentations during
three years of
training period |
| (g) | Scientific Publications (optional) | : | one publication
in any indexed scientific
journal |
| h) | Submission of Synopsis | : | one synopsis within six
months from the date of
commencement of the course |
| (i) | Submission of Dissertation
months | : | one dissertation within six
before appearing for the
university examination |
| (j) | Submission of Library Dissertation | : | one dissertation within
eighteen months from
the date of commencement of
the course |

12. STIPEND. The post-graduate students shall be paid stipend only for duration of three years of the course, as may be fixed by the Central Government/State Government/Union territory Administration or such authority as the respective government/administration may authorise. Where any dispute arises regarding any such stipend, including, quantum of stipend, it shall be considered and decided by the Central Government/respective State Government/Union territory Administration at its own level and its decision shall be final.

13. MIGRATION: Under no circumstances, the migration or the transfer of students undergoing post-graduate Degree/Diploma shall not be permitted by the university or the authority. No inter-change of the speciality in the same institution or in any other institution shall be permitted after the date of the commencement of session.

PART-III

14. INFRASTRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS :

- (1) **Space:** In addition to the undergraduate functional, facilities, the following physical facilities shall be made available to start a post-graduate training programme, namely:-
 - (a) a minimum of 125 sq ft. area for each dental chair in the clinic. The area of the clinic shall be in accordance with the number of dental chairs required to be placed in the department;
 - (b) each department shall be equipped with a seminar hall, library, sterilization room, (800 to 1000 sq.ft.)
- (2) **Equipment:** Each department shall have adequate number of standard equipments available in the market as approved by the ISI.

The details of equipments specialities / unit wise is annexed as Schedule –VII to these regulations.

- (3) **Library:** (a) There shall be a central library which shall provide the latest editions of books pertaining to the speciality and allied subjects. In additions to this, the departmental library shall be equipped with the latest books in the subjects concerned. In case, the central library is shared with the medical college, there shall be provision for additional space and separate budget for the dental college.
- (b) In addition to books and journals in the library, internet, CDs, audio-visual facilities should be available.
- (c) Minimum 15-20 titles of renowned authors, 4-6 international journals of the concerned speciality, alongwith 8-10 volumes of back issues of atleast 3 international journals of the concerned speciality should be available.
- (d) All the journals of the speciality and allied subjects shall be available out of which 50% should be in print form.

Note: All the existing dental institutions shall comply with these requirements except the land requirement of five acres within a period of *three* years from the date of publication of these regulations in the Official Gazette.

Part - IV

STAFFING PATTERN FOR POST-GRADUATE COURSE

15. TEACHING STAFF:

In a unit, two post-graduate students shall be guided by a Professor and one student by a Reader or an Associate Professor. To strengthen and maintain the standards of post-graduate training, the following unit-wise staffing pattern has been made mandatory, for the starting of a post-graduate course, namely:-

Unit 1 :-

Departments/Specialty	Minimum faculty requirement of 1 st Unit in an undergraduate institute having basic infrastructure of 50 admissions		
	Professor (HOD)	Readers/ Associate Professors	Lecturers/Assistant Professor
Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge	1	3	4
Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics	1	3	4
Periodontology	1	2	2
Orthodontics & Dentofacial Orthopedics	1	2	2
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery	1	2	2
Oral & Maxillofacial Pathology and Oral Microbiology	1	2	2
Oral Medicine & Radiology	1	2	2
Pediatric Dentistry	1	2	2

Public Health Dentistry	1	2	2
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Departments/Specialty	Minimum faculty requirement of 1 st Unit in an undergraduate institute having basic infrastructure of 100 admissions		
	Professor (HOD)	Readers/Associate Professor	Lecturer/Assistant Professors
Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge	1	3	6
Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics	1	3	6
Periodontology	1	3	3
Orthodontics & Dentofacial Orthopedics	1	2	3
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery	1	3	3
Oral & Maxillofacial Pathology and Oral Microbiology	1	2	3
Oral Medicine & Radiology	1	2	3
Pediatric Dentistry	1	2	3
Public Health Dentistry	1	2	3

Unit 2 :-

Each department shall have the following additional teaching faculty, over and above the requirement of Unit 1.

Professor	1
Reader/Associate Professor	1
Lecturer/Asst. Professor	2

Note:- The department, which does not have the above staffing pattern, shall not start post-graduate course in that speciality.

16. PART-TIME PROFESSOR._

Part-time professor who can put in at list four hours a day or eighty hours in a month are eligible to enroll only one post-graduate student under them and they shall be entitled to 50% of leave entitled for regular teaching faculty.

17. AGE, EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS AND TEACHING EXPERIENCE._

(a) HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT:

A Bachelors Degree in Dental Surgery from an Indian University with Masters in Dental Surgery / Diplomate of National Board recognised by the Government of India on the recommendations of the Council, and with one year teaching

experience in the speciality as Professor, and shall have to acquire minimum points for publications as per the scheme given in the table.

(b) PROFESSOR:

A Bachelors Degree in Dental Surgery from an Indian University with Masters in Dental Surgery / Diplomate of National Board recognised by the Government of India on the recommendations of the Council, and with five years of teaching experience in the speciality as Reader/Associate Professor, and shall have to acquire minimum points for publications as per the scheme given in the table.

(c) READER/ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR:

A Bachelors Degree in Dental Surgery from an Indian University with Masters in Dental Surgery / Diplomate of National Board recognised by the Government of India on the recommendations of the Council, and with four years of teaching experience in the speciality after post-graduation, and shall have to acquire minimum points for publications as per the scheme given in the table.

(d) LECTURER/ASSISTANT PROFESSOR:

A Bachelors Degree in Dental Surgery from an Indian University with Masters in Dental Surgery / Diplomate of National Board recognised by the Government of India on the recommendations of the Council, in the speciality.

Note:

1. All the regular teaching faculty shall be full time.
2. Teaching experience gained in medical college, where there are no dental courses, shall not be accepted for teaching post-graduate students. Dental faculty with post-graduate qualification in dentistry, shifting from the dental department of a medical college shall have to complete minimum of three years of teaching experience in a dental college or institution before being accepted as post-graduate faculty.
3. In exceptional cases, the teaching experience, in Government dental colleges, may be considered for further promotion on the basis of total teaching experience.
4. The Reader/Associate Professor in a dental college shall attend teachers training program once in three years.
5. The Senior Residents with post-graduate qualification or Diplomate of National Board recognised by the Council, in the speciality having teaching experience in dental colleges may be considered equivalent to Lecturer/Assistant Professor.
6. Teaching experience in a private dental institution for less than one year shall not be considered relevant for post-graduate faculty.
7. The maximum age limit upto which a person can be appointed or granted extension or re-employed in service against the posts of dental teachers or Dean or Principal, as the case shall be, sixty five years.

Table - 1

	Category	Points
	Category I: (1) Journals Indexed to Pubmed – Medline Please see- www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed (2) Journals published by Indian/International Dental Speciality Associations approved by Dental Council of India.	15

	<p>Category II: (1) Medical / Dental Journals published by Government Health Universities awarding dental degree or Govt. Universities awarding dental degree (2) Original Research/Study approved by I.C.M.R/Similar Govt. Bodies (3) Author of Text / Reference Book concerned to respective specialty (4) PhD. or any other similar additional qualification after MDS</p>	10
	<p>Category III: (1) Journals published by Deemed Universities / Dental Institutions / Indian Dental Association (2) Contribution of Chapters in the Text Book</p>	5

Note:-

1. For any publication, except original research, first author (principal author) shall be given 100% points and remaining authors (co-authors) shall be given 50% points and upto a maximum of 5 co-authors will be considered.
2. For original research, all authors shall be given equal points and upto a maximum of 6 authors shall be considered.
3. Maximum of 3 publications shall be considered for allotting points in Category III.
4. Publication in tabloids / souvenirs / dental news magazines / abstracts of conference proceedings / letter of acceptance shall not be considered for allotment of points.

Total Score Required:

For Head of Department:	40 marks
Professor:	30 marks
Reader/Associate Professor:	20 marks

IMPORTANT:

1. A post-graduate teacher would be re-evaluated every three years and shall have at least an additional 15 points in their score.
2. A **Journal Review Expert Committee** may be formed which shall enlist all the available international and Indian dental journals in various categories. The list would be displayed on the Council's website. The Committee shall also be responsible for making annual review of the list of journals and shall continuously monitor the standard of publications in various journals and the categories of publications may be upgraded / downgraded, if the standard is not maintained by the journal. In case of any dispute, the recommendation of the Expert Committee shall be reviewed by the Executive Committee and decision of the Executive Committee would be final.

**PART – V
EXAMINATIONS**

18. EXAMINATIONS._

(a) ELIGIBILITY:

The following requirements shall be fulfilled by the candidate to become eligible for the final examination.

- (i) Attendance: Every candidate shall secure (80% attendance during each academic year).
- (ii) Progress and conduct: Every candidate shall participate in seminars, journal review meetings, symposia, conferences, case presentations, clinics and didactic lectures during each year organised by the concerned department.
- (iii) Work diary and log book: Every candidate shall maintain a work diary and log book as per Annexure-I appended to these regulations for recording his or her

participation in the training programmes conducted by the department. The work diary and log book shall be verified and certified by the Head of the Department of the institution. The certification of satisfactory progress is based on the work diary and log book.

(b) UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION._

The university examination shall consist of theory, practical and clinical examination and viva-voce and Pedagogy

(i) Theory:

Part-I: Shall consist of one paper

There shall be a theory examination in the Basic Sciences at the end of 1st year of course. The question papers shall be set and evaluated by the concerned Department/Specialty. The candidates shall have to secure a minimum of 50% in the Basic Sciences and shall have to pass the **Part-I** examination at least six months prior to the final (Part-II) examination.

Part-II: Shall consist of three papers, namely:–

- (ii) Practical and Clinical Examination;
- (iii) Viva-voce; and
- (iv) Pedagogy.

A candidate who wishes to study in a second speciality, shall have to undergo the full course of three years duration in that speciality.

(c) DISSERTATION:

Every candidate appearing for the post-graduate degree examination shall at least six months prior to the examinations, submit with his form for examination, four typewritten copies of the dissertation undertaken by the candidate, prepared under the direction and guidance of his/her guide. The dissertation so submitted shall be referred to the examiners for their examination and acceptance of it shall be a condition precedent to allow the candidate to appear for the written part of the examination:

Provided that a candidate whose dissertation has been accepted by the examiner, but declared failed at the examination, shall be permitted to re-appear at the subsequent examination without a new dissertation:

Provided further that if the dissertation is rejected by the examiner, the examiner shall assign reasons therefor with suggestions for its improvement to the candidate and such candidate shall re-submit his/ her dissertation to the examiner who shall accept it before appearing in the examination.

(d) CLINICAL/PRACTICAL EXAMINATION:

Clinical/practical examination is designed to test the clinical skill, performance and competence of the candidate in skills such as communication, clinical examination, medical/dental procedures or prescription, exercise prescription, latest techniques, evaluation and interpretation of results so as to undertake independent work as a specialist. The affiliating university shall ensure that the candidate has been given ample opportunity to perform various clinical procedures.

The practical/clinical examination in all the specialities shall be conducted for six candidates in two days:

Provided that practical/clinical examination may be extended for one day, if it is not complete in two days.

(e) VIVA-VOCE EXAMINATION:

Viva voce examination aims at assessing the depth of knowledge, logical reasoning, confidence and communication skill of the students.

(f) SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

Theory: Part-I: Basic Sciences Paper - **100 Marks**
Part-II: Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III - **300 Marks** (100 Marks for each Paper)

Written examination shall consist of Basic Sciences (Part-I) of three hours duration shall be conducted at the end of First year of MDS course. Part-II Examination shall be conducted at the end of Third year of MDS course. Part-II Examination shall consist of Paper-I, Paper-II and Paper-III, each of three hours duration. Paper-I & Paper-II shall consist of two long answer questions carrying 25 marks each and five questions carrying 10 marks each. Paper-III will be on Essays. In Paper-III three Questions will be given and student has to answer any two questions. Each question carries 50 marks. Questions on recent advances may be asked in any or all the papers. Distribution of topics for each paper will be as follows:

Part-I : Applied Basic Sciences: Applied Anatomy, embryology, growth and development Genetics, Immunology, anthropology, Physiology, nutrition & Biochemistry, Pathology & Microbiology, virology, Applied pharmacology, Research Methodology and bio statistics,. Applied Dental anatomy & histology, Oral pathology & oral Microbiology, Adult and geriatric psychology. Applied dental materials.

Part-II

Paper-I : Removable Prosthodontics and Implant supported prosthesis (Implantology), Geriatric dentistry and Cranio facial Prosthodontics
Paper-II : Fixed Prosthodontics, occlusion, TMJ and esthetics.
Paper-III : Essays

**The topics assigned to the different papers are generally evaluated under those sections. However a strict division of the subject may not be possible and some overlapping of topics is inevitable. Students should be prepared to answer overlapping topics.*

(g) DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS:

Theory : **(Total 400 Marks)**

(1) Part I University Examination (100 Marks):-

There shall be 10 questions of 10 marks each (Total of 100 Marks)

(2) Part II (3 papers of 100 Marks):-

- (i) Paper-I: 2 long essay questions of 25 marks each and 5 short essays of 10 marks each. (Total of 100 Marks)
- (ii) Paper-II: 2 long essay questions of 25 marks each and 5 short essays of 10 marks each. (Total of 100 Marks)
- (iii) Paper III: 2 out of 3 essay questions (50 x 2 = 100 Marks)

Practical and Clinical Examination: 200 Marks

Viva-voce and Pedagogy : 100 Marks

19. EXAMINERS:

Part I: There shall be one internal and one external examiner for three students appointed by the affiliating university for evaluating the answer scripts of the same speciality. However, the number of examiner/s may be increased with the corresponding increase in number of students.

Part II: There shall be four examiners in each subject. Out of them, two (50%) shall be external examiners and two (50%) shall be internal examiners. Both external examiners shall be from a university other than the affiliating university and one examiner shall be from a university of different State.

20. QUALIFICATION AND EXPERIENCE FOR EXAMINERS:

The qualification and experience for appointment of an examiner shall be as under:-

- (i) shall possess qualification and experience of a Professor in a post-graduate degree programme;
- (ii) a person who is not a regular post-graduate teacher in the subject shall not be appointed as an examiner;
- (iii) the internal examiner in a subject shall not accept external examinership in a college for the same academic year;
- (iv) no person shall be appointed as an external examiner for the same institution for more than two consecutive years. However, if there is a break of one year, the person can be re-appointed.

21. EXAMINATION CENTRE:

- (1) In the event of university exam being conducted in the same city or town having more than one post-graduate institution under the same university, one central examination centre shall be fixed by the university and the students from all the institutions of the city shall take the examination in that center: Provided that the clinical and viva-voce shall be conducted at their institute.
- (2) Rotation of the institutions as center of examination shall be as per direction of the university.

22. VALUATION OF ANSWER BOOKS:

Part-I : Answer book/s shall be evaluated by the internal and external examiner/s

Part-II : Answer books shall be evaluated by four examiners, two internal and two external and the average marks shall be computed.

23. CRITERIA FOR PASS CERTIFICATE:

To pass the university examination, a candidate shall secure in both theory examination and in practical/clinical including viva voce independently with an aggregate of 50% of total marks allotted (50 out of 100 marks in Part I examination and 150 marks out of 300 in Part II examination in theory and 150 out of 300, clinical plus viva voce together). A candidate securing marks below 50% as mentioned above shall be declared to have failed in the examination.

A candidate who is declared successful in the examination shall be granted a Degree of Master of Dental Surgery in the respective speciality.

PART – VI SYLLABUS

The syllabus for post-graduate course includes both Applied Basic Sciences and subjects of concerned speciality. The syllabus in Applied Basic Sciences shall vary according to the particular speciality, similarly the candidates shall also acquire adequate knowledge in other subjects related to their respective speciality.

24. SYLLABUS DISTRIBUTION IN VARIOUS SPECIALITIES:

(i) PROSTHODONTICS AND CROWN & BRIDGE

Part-I

Paper-I : **Applied Basic Sciences:** Applied anatomy, embryology, growth and development Genetics, Immunology, anthropology, Physiology, nutrition and Biochemistry, Pathology and Microbiology, virology, Applied pharmacology, Research Methodology and bio statistics,. Applied Dental anatomy and histology, Oral pathology & oral Microbiology, Adult and geriatric psychology. Applied dental materials.

Part-II

Paper-I : Removable Prosthodontics and Implant supported prosthesis(Implantology), Geriatric dentistry and Cranio facial Prosthodontics

Paper-II : Fixed Prosthodontics, occlusion, TMJ and esthetics.

Paper-III : Descriptive and analysing type question

(ii) PERIODONTOLOGY

Part- I

Paper-I : **Applied Basic Sciences:** Applied Anatomy, Physiology, and Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Research Methodology and Biostatistics.

Part-II

Paper I : Normal Periodontal structure, Etiology and Pathogenesis of Periodontal diseases, epidemiology as related to Periodontics

Paper II : Periodontal diagnosis, therapy and Oral implantology

Paper III : Descriptive and analysing type question

(iii) ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY

Part-I

Paper-I : **Applied Basic Sciences:** Applied Anatomy, Physiology, & Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Research Methodology and Biostatistics.

Part- II:

Paper-I : Minor Oral Surgery and Trauma

Paper-II : Maxillo-facial Surgery

Paper-III : Descriptive and analysing type question

(iv) CONSERVATIVE DENTISTRY AND ENDODONTICS

Part-I

Paper-I : **Applied Basic Sciences:** Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology including Oral Microbiology, Pharmacology, Biostatistics and Research Methodology and Applied Dental Materials.

Part-II

Paper-I : Conservative Dentistry

Paper-II : Endodontics

Paper-III : Descriptive and analysing type question

(v) ORTHODONTICS AND DENTOFACIAL ORTHOPEDICS

Part-I

Paper-I : **Applied Basic Sciences:** Applied anatomy, Physiology, Dental Materials, Genetics, Pathology, Physical Anthropology, Applied Research methodology, Bio-Statistics and Applied Pharmacology.

Part-II

Paper-I : Orthodontic history, Concepts of occlusion and esthetics, Child and Adult Psychology, Etiology and classification of malocclusion, Dentofacial Anomalies, Diagnostic procedures and treatment planning in Orthodontics, Practice management in Orthodontic

Paper II : Clinical Orthodontics

Paper III : Descriptive and analysing type question

(vi) ORAL AND MAXILLOFACIAL PATHOLOGY AND ORAL MICROBIOLOGY:

Part-I

Paper-I : **Applied Basic Sciences:** Applied anatomy, Physiology (General and oral), Cell Biology, General Histology, Biochemistry, General Pathology, General and Systemic Microbiology, Virology, Mycology, Basic Immunology, Oral Biology (oral and dental histology), Biostatistics and Research Methodology

Part-II:

Paper-I : Oral pathology, Oral Microbiology and Immunology and Forensic Odontology

Paper-II : Laboratory techniques and Diagnosis and Oral Oncology

Paper-III : Descriptive and analysing type question

(vii) PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY

Part-I

Paper-I : **Applied Basic Sciences:** Applied Anatomy and Histology, Applied Physiology and Biochemistry, Applied Pathology, Microbiology, Oral Pathology, Physical and Social Anthropology, Applied Pharmacology and Research Methodology and Biostatistics.

Part-II:

Paper-I : Public Health

Paper-II : Dental Public Health

Paper-III : Descriptive and analysing type question

(viii) PEDIATRIC DENTISTRY

Part-I

Paper I : **Applied Basic Sciences** : Applied Anatomy, Physiology, and Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Research Methodology and Biostatistics Growth and Development and Dental plaque, Genetics.

Part-II:

Paper-I	:	Clinical Pedodontics
Paper-II	:	Preventive and Community Dentistry as applied to pediatric dentistry
Paper-III	:	Descriptive and analysing type question

(ix) ORAL MEDICINE AND RADIOLOGY

Part-I

Paper I	:	Applied Basic Sciences: Applied Anatomy, Physiology, and Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Research Methodology and Biostatistics
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Part-II:

Paper-I	:	Oral and Maxillofacial Radiology
Paper-II	:	Oral Medicine, therapeutics and laboratory investigations
Paper-III	:	Descriptive and analysing type question

The following provision has been inserted in terms of (3rd Amendment) notification published on 26.08.2019 in the Gazette of India

“(x) The detailed syllabus for all the specialities is annexed as SCHEDULE-IX to these regulations.”

CHAPTER - VII

GOALS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE CURRICULUM

(25) GOALS._

The goals of the post-graduate training in various specialities is to train the graduate in Dental Surgery who will,

- (i) practice respective speciality efficiently and effectively, backed by scientific knowledge and skill;
- (ii) exercise empathy and a caring attitude and maintain high ethical standards;
- (iii) continue to evince keen interest in professional education in the speciality and allied specialities whether in teaching or practice;
- (iv) willing to share the knowledge and skills with any learner, junior or a colleague;
- (v) to develop the faculty for critical analysis and evaluation of various concepts and views and to adopt the most rational approach.

(26) OBJECTIVES._

The objective of the post-graduate training is to train a student so as to ensure higher competence in both general and special area of interest and prepare him or her for a career in teaching, research and speciality practice. A student must achieve a high degree of clinical proficiency in the subject and develop competence in research and its methodology in the concerned field.

The objectives to be achieved by the candidate on completion of the course may be classified as under:–

- (a) Knowledge (Cognitive domain)
- (b) Skills (Psycho motor domain)
- (c) Human values, ethical practice and communication abilities

(a) KNOWLEDGE._

- (i) demonstrate understanding of basic sciences relevant to speciality;
- (ii) describe etiology, pathophysiology, principles of diagnosis and management of common problems within the speciality in adults and children;
- (iii) identify social, economic, environmental and emotional determinants in a given case and take them into account for planned treatment;
- (iv) recognise conditions that may be outside the area of speciality or competence and to refer them to the concerned specialist;
- (v) update knowledge by self study and by attending courses, conferences and seminars pertaining to speciality;
- (vi) undertake audit, use information technology and carry out research in both basic and clinical with the aim of publishing or presenting the work at various scientific gathering;

(b) SKILLS:

- (i) take a proper clinical history, examine the patient, perform essential diagnostic procedures and order relevant tests and interpret them to come to a reasonable diagnosis about the condition;
- (ii) acquire adequate skills and competence in performing various procedures as required in the speciality.

(c) HUMAN VALUES, ETHICAL PRACTICE AND COMMUNICATION ABILITIES.

- (i) adopt ethical principles in all aspects of practice;
- (ii) foster professional honesty and integrity;
- (iii) deliver patient care irrespective of social status, caste, creed, or religion of the patient;
- (iv) develop communication skills, to explain various options available and obtain a true informed consent from the patient;
- (v) provide leadership and get the best out of his team in a congenial working atmosphere;
- (vi) apply high moral and ethical standards while carrying out human or animal research;
- (vii) be humble and accept the limitations in his knowledge and skill and to ask for help from colleagues when needed;
- (viii) respect patient's rights and privileges including patient's right to information and right to seek a second opinion.

**PART-VIII
SPECIALITIES**

27. The following specialties for the post-graduate course to be followed by the university / institute are detailed asunder:-

(i) Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge:

Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge is a branch of dental art and science pertaining to the restoration and maintenance of oral function, health, comfort and appearance by the replacement of missing or lost natural teeth and associated tissues either by fixed or removable artificial substitutes.

(ii) Periodontology:

Periodontology is the science dealing with the health and diseases of the investing and supporting structures of the teeth and oral mucous membrane.

(iii) Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery:

Oral and Maxillofacial surgery deals with the diagnosis and surgical and adjunctive treatment of diseases, injuries and defects of the human jaws and associated oral and facial structures.

(iv) Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics:

Conservative dentistry deals with prevention and treatment of the diseases and injuries of the hard tissues and the pulp of the tooth and associated periapical lesions, alongwith restoration of those teeth to normal form function and aesthetics .

(v) Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopedics:

Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopedics deals with prevention and correction of oral anomalies and malocclusion and the harmonising of the structures involved, so that the dental mechanisms function in a normal way.

(vi) Oral & Maxillofacial Pathology and Oral Microbiology

Oral & Maxillofacial Pathology and Oral Microbiology deals with the nature of oral diseases, their causes, processes and effects. It relates the clinical manifestation of oral diseases to the physiologic and anatomic changes associated with these diseases.

(vii) Public Health Dentistry

Public Health Dentistry is the science and art of preventing and controlling dental diseases and promoting dental health through organised community efforts.

(viii) Pediatric and Preventive Dentistry

Pediatric and Preventive Dentistry deals with prevention and treatment of oral and dental ailments that may occur during childhood.

(ix) Oral Medicine and Radiology

Oral Medicine is a speciality of dentistry concerned with the basic diagnostic procedures and techniques useful in recognising the diseases of the oral tissues of local and constitutional origin and their medical management.

Radiology is a science dealing with x-rays and their uses in diagnosis and treatment of diseases in relation to orofacial diseases.

28. CLINICAL MATERIAL . _

The minimum requirement of clinical material in each speciality of the post-graduate course is detailed in schedule-VIII of these regulations.

(Dr. Sabyasachi Saha)
Secretary

[F. No. _____]

SCHEDULE – I
(See clause (b) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 11)

MODEL CHECKLIST FOR EVALUATION OF JOURNAL REVIEW PRESENTATIONS.

Name of the Trainee :

Date :

Name of the Faculty / Observer :

Sl. No.	Items for observation during presentation	Poor 0	Below Average 1	Average 2	Good 3	Very Good 4
1.	Article chosen was					
2.	Extent of understanding of scope and objectives of the paper by the candidate.					
3.	Whether cross-references have been consulted.					
4.	Whether other relevant publications consulted.					
5.	Ability to respond to questions on the paper / subject.					
6.	Audio – Visual aids used.					
7.	Ability to defend the paper.					
8.	Clarity of presentation.					
9.	Any other observation.					
	Total Score					

SCHEDULE-II

(See clause (c) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 11)

MODEL CHECK LIST FOR EVALUATION OF SEMINAR PRESENTATIONS

Name of the Trainee :

Date :

Name of the Faculty / Observer :

Sl. No.	Items for observation during presentation	Poor	Below Average	Average	Good	Very Good
		0	1	2	3	4
1.	Completeness & Preparation.					
2.	Clarity of presentation.					
3.	Understanding of subject.					
4.	Whether other relevant publications consulted.					
5.	Whether cross-references have been consulted.					
6.	Ability to answer the questions.					
7.	Time scheduling.					
8.	Appropriate use of audio – visual aids.					
9.	Overall performance.					
10.	Any other observation.					
	Total Score					

SCHEDULE-III

(See clause (e) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 11)

(a) MODEL CHECK LIST FOR EVALUATION OF CLINICAL WORK IN Outpatient Department

(To be completed once a month by respective unit heads including posting in other department)

Name of the Trainee :

Date :

Name of the Unit Head :

Sl. No.	Items for observation during presentation	Poor	Below Average	Average	Good	Very Good
		0	1	2	3	4
1.	Regularity of attendance.					
2.	Punctuality.					
3.	Interaction with colleagues and supportive staff.					
4.	Maintenance of case records.					
5.	Presentation of cases.					
6.	Investigations work up.					
7.	Chair-side manners.					
8.	Rapport with patients.					
9.	Over all quality of clinical work.					
	Total Score					

(b) EVALUATION OF CLINICAL CASE PRESENTATION

Name of the Trainee :
Name of the Faculty / Observer :

Date :

Sl. No.	Items for observation during presentation	Poor 0	Below Average 1	Average 2	Good 3	Very Good 4
1.	Completeness of history.					
2.	Whether all relevant points elicited.					
3.	Clarity of presentation.					
4.	Logical order.					
5.	Mentioned all positive and negative points					
6.	Accuracy of general physical examination.					
7.	Diagnosis: Whether it follows logically from history and findings.					
8.	Investigations required.					
	Complete list.					
	Relevant order.					
	Interpretation of investigations.					
9.	Ability to react to questioning Whether it follows logically from history and findings.					
10.	Ability to defend diagnosis.					
11.	Ability to justify differential diagnosis.					
12.	Others.					
	Grand Total					

Note: Please use a separate sheet for each faculty member.

SCHEDULE-IV

(See clause (h) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 11)

MODEL CHECKLIST FOR EVALUATION OF TEACHING SKILL

Name of the Trainee :
Name of the Faculty / Observer :

Date :

Sl. No	Items for observation	Poor 0	Below Average 1	Average 2	Good 3	Very Good 4
1.	Communication of the purpose of the talk					
2.	Evokes audience interest in the subject.					
3.	The introduction.					
4.	The sequence of ideas.					
5.	The use of practical examples and / or illustrations.					
6.	Speaking style (enjoyable, monotonous, etc. specify)					
7.	Attempts audience participation.					
8.	Summary of the main points at the end.					
9.	Asks questions.					
10.	Answers questions asked by the audience.					
11.	Rapport of speaker with his audience.					
12.	Effectiveness of the talk.					
13.	Uses audio-visual aids appropriately.					

SCHEDULE-V
(See clause (I) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 11)

(a) MODEL CHECKLIST FOR DISSERTATION PRESENTATION

Name of the Trainee :

Date :

Name of the Faculty / Observer :

Sl. No.	Prints to be considered.	Poor 0	Below Average 1	Average 2	Good 3	Very Good 4
1	Interest shown in selecting topic.					
2	Appropriate review.					
3	Discussion with guide and other faculty.					
4	Quality of protocol.					
5	Preparation of proforma					
	Total Score					

(b) CONTINUOUS EVALUATION OF DISSERTATION WORK BY GUIDE / CO-GUIDE

Name of the Trainee :

Date :

Name of the Faculty / Observer :

Sl. No.	Items for observation during presentation	Poor 0	Below Average 1	Average 2	Good 3	Very Good 4
1	Periodic consultation with guide / co-guide.					
2	Regular collection of case material					
3	Depth of analysis / discussion.					
4	Quality of final output.					
5	Others					
	Total Score					

SCHEDULE-VI
(See clause (I) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 11)

OVERALL ASSESSMENT SHEET

Date :

Sl. No.	Faculty Member	Name of Trainee and Mean Score									
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1											
2											
3											

Signature of Head of the Department

Signature of Principal

Note: The overall assessment sheet used along with the logbook shall form the basis for certifying satisfactory completion of course of study, in addition to the attendance required.

KEY:

Faculty member : Name of the faculty doing the assessment.

Mean score : Sum total of all the scores of checklists.

A, B,.... : Name of the trainee.

SCHEDULE-VII

(See sub-regulations (2) of regulation 14)

EQUIPMENTS

DEPARTMENT: PROSTHODONTICS AND CROWN & BRIDGE

S. No.	NAME	SPECIFICATION	Quantity		Availability
			1 Unit	2 Units	
1.	Electrical Dental Chairs and Units	With shadowless lamp, spittoon, 3 way syringe, instrument tray and motorized suction, micromotor and airtor attachment with handpieces.	One chair and unit per PG student and two chairs with unit for the faculty.		
			1 Unit	2 Units	
2.	Articulators – semi adjustable/ adjustable with face bow		6	12	
3.	Micromotor – (Lab Type can also be attached (fixed) to wall		2	4	
4.	Ultrasonic scaler		2	2	
5.	Light cures		2	2	
6.	Hot air oven		1	1	
7.	Autoclave		2	2	
8.	Surveyor		2	2	
9.	Refrigerator		1	1	
10.	X-ray viewer		1	2	
11.	Pneumatic, Crown bridge remover		2	3	
12.	Needle destroyer		1	2	
13.	Intra oral camera		1	1	
14.	Digital SLR camera		1	1	
15.	Computer with internet connection with attached printer and scanner		1	1	
16.	LCD projector		1	1	
Clinical Lab for Prosthetics					
1.	Plaster dispenser		2	2	
2.	Model trimmer with carborandum Disc		1	2	
3.	Model trimmer with diamond disc		1	2	
4.	High speed lathe		2	3	
5.	Vibrator		2	4	
6.	Acrylizer		1	2	
7.	Dewaxing unit		1	2	
8.	Hydraulic press		1	1	
9.	Mechanical press		1	1	
10.	Vacuum mixing machine		1	1	
11.	Micro motor lab type		2	3	
12.	Curing pressure pot		1	1	
13.	Pressure molding machine		1	1	

Chrome – Cobalt Lab Equipment					
1.	Duplicator		1	1	
2.	Pindex system		1	1	
3.	Burn-out furnace		1	1	
4.	Welder		1	1	
5.	Sandblaster	Micro and macro	1	1	
6.	Electro – polisher		1	1	
7.	Model trimmer with carborandum disc		1	1	
8.	Model trimmer with diamond disc		1	1	
9.	Model trimmer with double disc (one Carborandum and one diamond disc)		1	1	
10.	Casting machine, motor cast with the safety door closure, gas blow torch with regulator		1	1	
11.	Dewaxing furnace		1	1	
	Induction casting machine with vacuum pump, capable of casting titanium chrome cobalt precision metal		1	1	
12.	Spot welder with soldering, attachment of cable		1	1	
13.	Steam cleaner		1	1	
14.	Vacuum mixing machine		1	1	
15.	Spindle grinder 24,000 RPM with vacuum suction		1	1	
16.	Wax heater		2	3	
17.	Wax carvers (Full PKT Set)		2	3	
18.	Milling machine		1	1	
19.	Stereo microscope		1	1	
20.	Magnifying work lamp		1	1	
21.	Heavy duty lathe with suction		1	1	
22.	Preheating furnace		1	1	
23.	Dry model trimmer		1	1	
24.	Die cutting machine		1	2	
25.	Ultrasonic cleaner		1	1	
26.	Composite curing unit		1	1	
Ceramic Lab Equipment					
1.	Fully programmable porcelain furnace with vacuum pump		1	1	
2.	Ceramic kit (instruments)		3	3	
3.	Ceramic materials (kit)		1	1	
4.	Ceramic polishing kit		2	2	
Implant Equipment					
1.	Electrical dental chair and unit		1	1	
2.	Physio dispenser		1	1	
3.	Implant kit	Minimum 2 systems	2	2	
4.	Implants		10	10	
5.	Prosthetic components		10	10	
6.	Unit mount light cure		1	2	
7.	X-ray viewer		1	2	
8.	Needle destroyer		1	2	
9.	Ultrasonic cleaner capacity 3.5 lts		1	1	
10.	Autoclave programmable for all recommended cycles		1	2	

11.	X-ray machine with RVG		1	1	
12.	Refrigerator		1	1	
13.	Surgical kit/prosthetic kit		2	2	
14.	Educating models		1	1	
15.	Implant removing instruments		1	1	

DEPARTMENT: PERIODONTOLOGY

S. No.	NAME	SPECIFICATION	Quantity		Availability
			1 Unit	2 Units	
1.	Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated with shadowless lamp, spittoon, 3 way syringe, instrument tray and motorized suction, micromotor attachment with contra angle handpiece, airoter attachment, ultrasonic scaler (Piezo) with detachable autoclavable hand piece	One chair and unit per post-graduate student and Two chairs with unit for the faculty		
			1 Unit	2 Units	
2.	Auto clave (fully automatic) front loading		1	2	
3.	Steel bin		4	6	
4.	Airoter hand pieces		2	2	
5.	UV chamber		1	1	
6.	Formalin chamber		1	1	
7.	W.H.O probe		2	2	
8.	Nabers probe		2	2	
9.	Williams probe		2	2	
10.	UNC-15 probe		4	4	
11.	Gold Man fox probe		1	1	
12.	Pressure sensitive probe		1	1	
13.	Marquis color coded probe		1	1	
14.	Supra gingival scalers	set	2	2	
15.	Sub gingival scaler	set	2	2	
16.	Arkansas sharpening stone		1	1	
	Surgical Instruments				
1.	Routine surgical instrument kit (Benquis periosteal elevator, periotome)	set	2	3	
2.	Surgery trolleys		6	6	
3.	X ray viewer		1	2	
4.	Surgical cassette with sterilisation pouches		4	6	
5.	Electro surgery unit		1	1	
	Special Surgical Instruments				
1.	Kirkland's knife	set	1	1	
2.	Orban's knife	set	1	1	

3.	Paquette blade handle		1	1	
4.	Krane kaplan pocket marker	set	1	1	
5.	Mc Calls universal curettes	set	1	1	
6.	Gracey's curettes (No.1-18)	set	2	2	
7.	Mini five curettes	set	1	1	
8.	Cumine scalar		1	1	
9.	Mallet		1	1	
10.	Chisel		1	1	
11.	Oschenbein chisel	straight, curved	1	1	
12.	Schluger bone file		1	1	
13.	Bone fixation screw kit		1	1	
14.	Bone scrapper		1	1	
15.	Bone trephines for harvesting autografts	1 set	1	1	
16.	Bone regenerative materials	Bone graft and GTR membranes	5	5	
17.	Local drug delivery systems	At least two different agents	1 each	1	
18.	Root conditioning agent	At least two different agents	2	2	
19.	Micro needle holder		1	1	
20.	Micro scissors		1	1	
21.	Magnifying loop (2.5 – 3.5)		1	2	
22.	Operating microscope	optional	1	1	
23.	3 rd generation digital probe	optional	1	1	
24.	Bone expander and bone crester	optional	1	1	
25.	Distraction osteogenesis kit	optional	1	1	
26.	Bone mill	optional	1	1	
27.	Bone graft / membrane placement spoon		1	1	
28.	Bone condenser		1	1	
29.	Peizo-surgery unit	optional	1	1	
30.	Centrifuge for PRP/PRF preparation	optional	1	1	
31.	Soft tissue laser (8 watt)		1	1	
32.	Osteotome	set optional	1	1	
MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUMENTS					
1.	Composite gun with material kit		1	1	
2.	Splinting kit with material		2	3	
3.	Composite finishing kit		1	1	
4.	Glass ionomer cement		1	1	
5.	Digital camera		1	1	
6.	Intra Oral camera		1	1	
7.	Ultrasonic cleaner		1	1	
8.	Emergency kit		1	1	
9.	Refrigerator		1	1	

10.	X-ray viewer		2	2	
11.	LCD projector		1	1	
12.	Computer with internet connection with attached printer and scanner		1	1	
13.	Implant Equipment				
14.	Electrical dental chair and unit		1	1	
	Physio dispenser		1	1	
15.	Implant kit	At least two different systems	2	2	
16.	Implants		10	10	
17.	Implant maintenance kit (plastic instruments)		1 set	1 set	
18.	Implant guide		1	1	
19.	X-ray viewer		1	2	
20.	Needle destroyer		1	2	
21.	Ultrasonic cleaner capacity 3.5 lts		1	1	
22.	Autoclave programmable for all recommended cycles		1	1	
23.	RVG with x-ray machine		1	1	
24.	Refrigerator		1	1	
25.	Surgical kit		2	2	
26.	Sinus lift kit		1	1	
27.	Educating models		1	1	
28.	Implant removing kit		1	1	

DEPARTMENT: ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY

S.No.	NAME	SPECIFICATION	Quantity		Availability
			1 Unit	2 Units	
1.	Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated with shadowless lamp, spittoon, 3 way syringe, instrument tray and high otorized suction, with micromotor and micro motor attachment	One chair and unit per post-graduate student and Two chairs with unit for the faculty		
			1 Unit	2 Units	
2.	Autoclave	Front loading	2	3	
3.	Fumigators		1	1	
4.	Oscillating saw	With all hand pieces	1	1	
5.	Surgical instruments General surgery kit including tracheotomy kit Minor oral surgery kit Osteotomy kit Cleft surgery kit Bone grafting kit Emergency kit Trauma set including bone plating kit Implantology kit with implants	Minimum systems	2 5 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 10	2 10 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 10	

6.	Distraction osteogenesis kit		1	1	
7.	Peizo surgical unit		1	1	
8.	Magnifying loops		1	1	
9.	Operating microscope and Microsurgery kit	desirable	1	1	
10.	Dermatomes		1	1	
11.	Needle destroyer		2	3	
12.	Ultrasonic Cleaner capacity 3.5 lts		1	1	
13.	Formalin chamber		1	1	
14.	Pulse oxymeter		1	1	
15.	Ventilator		1	1	
16.	Major operation theatre with all facilities		1	1	
17.	Recovery and Intensive Care Unit with all necessary life support equipments		2 beds	2 beds	
18.	Fibrooptic light		1	1	
19.	Inpatient beds		20	20	
20.	Fiber optic laryngoscope		1	1	
21.	Computer with internet connection with attached printer and scanner		1	1	
22.	LCD projector		1	1	
23.	Refrigerator		1	1	

DEPARTMENT : CONSERVATIVE DENTISTRY AND ENDODONTICS

S.No.	NAME	SPECIFICATION	Quantity		Availability
1.	Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated with shadowless lamp, spittoon, 3 way syringe, instrument tray and motorized suction, micromotor, airtor attachment with hand pieces	One chair & unit per post-graduate student and two chairs with unit for the faculty		
			1 Unit	2 Units	
2.	ENDOSONIC HANDPIECES – Micro endosonic Tips, retro treatment		2	3	
3.	Mechanised rotary instruments including hand pieces (speed and torque control) and hand instruments various systems		3	6	
4.	Rubber dam kit		1 per chair	1 per chair	
5.	Autoclaves for bulk instrument sterilization vacuum (Front loading)		2	3	
6.	Autoclaves for hand piece sterilization		1	1	
7.	Apex locators one for every two chairs		2	4	

8.	Pulp tester		2	4	
9.	Equipments for injectable thermoplasticized gutta percha		1	2	
10.	Operating microscopes 3 step or 5 step magnification		1	1	
11.	Surgical endo kits (Microsurgery)		2	2	
12.	Set of hand instruments (specifications required)		1	2	
13.	Sterilizer trays for autoclave		4	4	
14.	Ultrasonic cleaner capacity 3.5 lts		1	1	
15.	Variable Intensity polymerization equipments - VLC units	Desirable	1	1	
16.	Conventional VLC units one for every two chairs		2	4	
17.	Needle destroyer		2	2	
18.	Magnifying loupes one for students and one for faculty		1	2	
19.	LCD projector		1	1	
20.	Composite kits with different shades and polishing kits		2	4	
21.	Ceramic finishing kits, metal finishing kits	In ceramic labs	2	3	
22.	Amalgam finishing kits		2	3	
23.	RVG with x-ray machine developing kit		1	1	
24.	Chair side micro abrasion		1	1	
25.	Bleaching unit		1	1	
26.	Instrument retrieval kits		1	1	
27.	Computer with internet connection with attached printer and scanner		1	1	
28.	Refrigerator		1	1	
29.	Equipments for casting procedures				
30.	Equipments for ceramics including induction casting machines/ burnout preheat furnaces/ wax elimination furnaces		1	1	
31.	Lab micro motor/ metal grinders / sand blasters/ polishing lathes/ duplicator equipment/ vacuum investment equipments		1	1	
32.	Laser (preferably hard tissue)		1	1	
33.	Face bow with semi adjustable articulator		1	2	

DEPARTMENT : ORTHODONTICS AND DENTOFACIAL ORTHOPEDICS

S. No.	NAME	SPECIFICATION	Quantity	Availability
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1.	Dental Chairs and Unit	Electrically operated with shadow less lamp, spittoon, 3 way syringe, instrument tray and motorized suction	One chair & unit per PG student and Two chairs with unit for the faculty	
2.			1 Unit	2 Units
3.	Vacuum /pressure moulding unit		1	1
4.	Hydrogen soldering unit		1	1
5.	Lab micromotor		3	5
6.	Spot welders		3	5
7.	Model trimmer (Double disc)		2	3
8.	Light curing unit		2	2
9.	High intensity light curing unit		1	2
10.	Polishing lathes		2	3
11.	Tracing tables		3	5
12.	SLR digital camera		1	1
13.	Scanner with transparency adapter		1	1
14.	X-ray viewer		3	4
15.	LCD projector		1	1
16.	Autoclaves for bulk instrument Sterilization vacuum (Front loading)		1	1
17.	Needle destroyer		1	1
18.	Dry heat sterilizer		1	1
19.	Ultrasonic scaler		1	1
20.	Sets of Orthodontic pliers		3	3
21.	Orthodontic impression trays		3	5
22.	Ultrasonic cleaner capacity 3.5 lts		1	1
23.	Electropolisher		1	1
24.	Typodonts with full teeth set		3	3
25.	Anatomical articulator with face bow attachments		1	1
26.	Free plane articulators		1	1
27.	Hinge articulators		4	4
28.	Computer software for cephalometrics		1	1
29.	Computer with internet connection with attached printer and scanner		1	1
30.	Refrigerator		1	1

DEPARTMENT: ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL PATHOLOGY AND ORAL MICROBIOLOGY

S. No.	NAME	SPECIFICATION	Quantity		Availability
1.			1 Unit	2 Units	

2.	Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated with shadow less lamp, spittoon, 3 way syringe, instrument tray and suction	3	6	
2.	Adequate laboratory glassware's as required for processing of biopsy specimens and staining.	Reasonable quantity should be made available			
3.	Adequate tissue capsules / tissue embedding cassettes	Reasonable quantity should be made available			
4.	Paraffin wax bath	thermostatically controlled	1	1	
5.	Leuckhart pieces		10	10	
6.	Block holders		25	25	
7.	Microtome	Manual	1	1	
8.	Microtome	semi – automated	1	1	
9.	Tissue floatation water bath	thermostatically controlled	1	1	
10.	Slide warming table		1	1	
11.	Steel slide racks for staining		5	5	
12.	Diamond glass marker		2	2	
13.	Research microscope with phase contrast, dark field, polarization, image analyzer , photomicrography attachments		1	1	
14.	Multi head microscope	Penta headed	1	1	
15.	Binocular compound microscope		2 for faculty and one per student	4 for faculty and one per student	
16.	Stereo microscope		1	1	
17.	Aluminum slide trays		5	5	
18.	Wooden / plastic slide boxes		5	5	
19.	Wax block storing cabinet		5,000 capacity	10,000 capacity	
20.	Slide storing cabinet		5,000 capacity	10,000 capacity	
21.	Refrigerator		1	1	
22.	Pipettes		5	5	
23.	Surgical kit for biopsy		3	6	
24.	Immuno histo chemistry lab		1	1	
25.	Computer with Internet Connection with attached printer and scanner		1	1	
26.	LCD projector		1	1	
27.	Desirable Equipment				
28.	Cryostat		1	1	
29.	Fluorescent microscope		1	1	

30.	Hard tissue microtome		1	1	
31.	Tissue storing cabinet (frozen)		1	1	
32.	Microwave		1	1	

DEPARTMENT : PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY

S. No.	NAME	SPECIFICATION	Quantity	Availability	
	Instruments in the department for comprehensive Oral health care programme				
1.	Dental chairs	Electrically operated with shadowless lamp, spittoon, 3 way syringe, instrument tray and motorized suction, micromotor attachment with contra angle handpiece, airoter attachment, ultrasonic scaler (Piezo) with detachable autoclavable hand piece with min 3 tips.	One chair and unit per post-graduate student and one chair with unit for the faculty		
2.			1 Unit	2 Units	
3.	Extraction forceps		4 sets	6 sets	
4.	Filling instruments		4 sets	6 sets	
5.	Scaling instruments	Supra gingival scaling	4 sets	6 sets	
6.	Amalgamator		1	1	
7.	Pulp tester		1	1	
8.	Autoclave		1	1	
9.	X-ray viewer		1	1	
10.	Instrument cabinet		1	1	
11.	LCD or DLP multimedia projector		1	1	
12.	Computer with internet connection with attached printer and scanner		1	1	
13.	For peripheral dental care or field programme				
14.	Staff bus		1	1	
15.	Mobile dental clinic fitted with at least 2 dental chairs with complete dental unit with fire extinguisher		1	1	
16.	Ultrasonic scaler,		1	2	
17.	Ultrasonic cleaner capacity 3.5 lts		1	1	
18.	Compressor	One with chair			
19.	Generator		1	1	
20.	Public address system,		1	1	

	audio-visual aids				
21.	Television		1	1	
22.	Digital Versatile Disc Player		1	1	
23.	Instrument cabinet, emergency medicine kits, Blood pressure apparatus		1	1	
24.	Portable oxygen cylinder		1	1	
25.	Portable chair		1	1	
26.	Refrigerator		1	1	

DEPARTMENT : PAEDODONTICS AND PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

S. No.	NAME	SPECIFICATION	Quantity		Availability
1.	Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated with shadowless lamp, spittoon, 3 way syringe, and motorised suction, micromotor attachment with contra angle miniature handpiece, airtor attachment with miniature handpiece, dental operator stool (40% dental chairs shall be pedo chairs)	One chair and unit per post-graduate student and Two chairs with unit for the faculty		
2.			1 Unit	2 Units	
3.	Pedo extraction forceps sets		3	4	
4.	Autoclaves for bulk instrument sterilization vacuum (Front loading)		1	2	
5.	RVG with intra oral x-ray unit		1	1	
6.	Automatic developer		1	1	
7.	Pulp tester		2	3	
8.	Apex locator		1	1	
9.	Rubber dam kit	One set per student	1	1	
10.	Injectable GP condenser		1	1	
11.	Endodontic pressure syringe		1	1	
12.	Glass bead steriliser		2	4	
13.	Spot welder		2	3	
14.	Ultrasonic scalers		2	4	
15.	Needle destroyer		1	1	
16.	Formalin chamber		1	1	
17.	Ultrasonic cleaner capacity 3.5 lts		1	1	
18.	X-ray viewer		2	3	
19.	Amalgamator		1	2	
20.	Plaster dispenser		2	2	
21.	Dental lathe		1	2	
22.	Vibrator		2	3	

23.	Typodonts	One set per student	1	1	
24.	Soldering unit		1	1	
25.	Band pinching beak pliers		2 Sets	2 Sets	
26.	Proximal contouring pliers		2	3	
27.	Crown crimping pliers		2	3	
28.	Double beak pliers anterior and posterior		2	3	
29.	Lab micro motor		2	3	
30.	Acryliser		1	2	
31.	Magnifying loupes		1	1	
32.	Conscious sedation unit	Desirable	1	1	
33.	Pulse oxymeter		1	1	
34.	Phantom head table with attached Light, Airtor and micro motor	One set per each P.G. Student	1	1	
35.	Computer with internet connection with attached printer and scanner		1	1	
36.	LCD projector		1	1	
37.	Refrigerator		1	1	

DEPARTMENT: ORAL MEDICINE AND RADIOLOGY

S. No.	NAME	SPECIFICATION	Quantity		Availability
1.	Dental Chairs and Units	Electrically operated with shadowless lamp, spittoon, 3 way syringe, instrument tray and suction	One chair and unit per post-graduate student and one chair with unit for the faculty		
2.			1 Unit	2 Units	
3.	RVG with intra oral radiography machine (FDA Approved)	55-70 kVp with digital compatibility	1	1	
4.	Extra oral radiography machine	100 kvp	1	1	
5.	Panoramic radiography (OPG) machine with cephalometric and TMJ attachment with printer	Digital compatibility	1	1	
	Intra-oral camera		1	2	
	Pulp tester		2	4	
	Autoclave		1	1	
	Punch biopsy tool		2	3	
	Biopsy equipment		1	2	
	Surgical trolley		2	2	
	Emergency medicines kit		1	1	
	Extra oral cassettes with intensifying screens (Conventional and rare earth)		4	6	
	Lead screens		2	2	
	Lead aprons		2	2	
	Lead gloves		2	2	
	Radiographic filters (Conventional and rare		1	1	

	earth)				
	Dark room with safe light facility		1	1	
	Automatic radiographic film processors		2	2	
	Radiographic film storage lead containers		1	1	
	Thyroid collars		1	1	
	Digital sphygmomanometer		1	1	
	Digital blood glucose tester		1	1	
	Digital camera		1	1	
	X-ray viewer boxes		2	3	
	Lacrimal probes		2 sets	2 Sets	
	Sialography cannula		2 sets	2 Sets	
	Illuminated mouth mirror and probe		2	2	
	Computer with internet connection with attached printer and scanner		1	1	
	LCD projector		1	1	
	Refrigerator		1	1	

SCHEDULE-VIII
(See regulation 28)

CLINICAL MATERIAL

FOR COLLEGES WITH 50 UG ADMISSIONS
Minimum Requirement (both UG & PG together)

Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics

Unit	Starting MDS	1 st Renewal	2 nd & 3 rd Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	35	40	50	50
2 nd Unit	60	70	80	80

Oral Medicine & Radiology

Unit	Starting MDS	1 st Renewal	2 nd & 3 rd Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	75	80	90	100
2 nd Unit	110	120	130	130

Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery

Unit	Starting MDS	1 st Renewal	2 nd & 3 rd Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	30 (1+4)	35 (1+8)	40 (2+10)	40 (2+10)
2 nd Unit	50 (2+12)	60 (2+14)	70 (2+16)	70 (2+16)

The average of Major Surgeries + Minor Surgeries per week are mentioned above in the brackets

Oral & Maxillofacial Pathology and Oral Microbiology

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	1+2+3	1+3+3	1+3+5	1+3+5
2 nd Unit	2+4+6	2+5+8	2+6+10	2+6+10

* (Biopsy + Cytology + Hematology per week)

Orthodontics & Dentofacial Orthopedics

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	15	20	25	25

2 nd Unit	30	35	40	40
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Pediatric Dentistry

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	20	25	30	30
2 nd Unit	35	40	45	45

Periodontology

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	30	35	40	40
2 nd Unit	50	60	70	70

Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	20	25	30	30
2 nd Unit	35	40	50	50

Public Health Dentistry (including Patients in Satellite Clinics)

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	30	35	40	40
2 nd Unit	50	55	60	60

**FOR COLLEGES WITH 100 UG ADMISSIONS:
Minimum Requirement (both UG & PG together)**

Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	50	60	70	70
2 nd Unit	80	90	100	100

Oral Medicine & Radiology

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
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1 st Unit	100	120	140	150
2 nd Unit	160	170	180	180

Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	40 (1+4)	50 (1+8)	60 (2+10)	60 (2+10)
2 nd Unit	70 (2+12)	80 (2+14)	100 (2+16)	100 (2+16)

The average of Major Surgeries + Minor Surgeries per week are mentioned above in the brackets()

Oral & Maxillofacial Pathology and Oral Microbiology

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	1+3+5	1+6+5	2+6+10	2+6+10
2 nd Unit	3+6+12	3+7+12	3+7+14	3+7+14

* (Biopsy + Cytology + Hematology per week)

Orthodontics & Dentofacial Orthopedics

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	20	25	30	30
2 nd Unit	40	45	50	50

Pediatric Dentistry

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	30	35	40	40
2 nd Unit	50	55	60	60

Periodontology

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
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1 st Unit	40	50	60	60
2 nd Unit	80	90	100	100

Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	30	35	40	40
2 nd Unit	50	55	60	60

Public Health Dentistry (including Patients in Satellite Clinics)

Unit	Starting MDS	2 nd Renewal	3 rd & 4 th Renewal	Recognition
1 st Unit	40	45	50	50
2 nd Unit	60	65	70	70

LOG BOOK

TABLE 1

ACADEMIC ACTIVITIES ATTENDED

Name :

Admission Year:

College :

Date	Type of activity (Specify Seminar, Journal club, presentation, under-graduate teaching)	Particulars

TABLE 2

ACADEMIC PRESENTATIONS MADE BY THE TRAINEE

Name :

Admission Year:

College :

Date	Topic	Type of activity (Specify Seminar, Journal club, presentation, under-graduate teaching)

TABLE 3

DIAGNOSTIC AND OPERATIVE PROCEDURES PERFORMED

Name:

Admission Year:

College:

Date	Name	OP No	Procedure	Category O, A, PA, PI

Key:

O-Washed up and observed-Initial six months of admission

A-Assisted senior surgeon-I year MDS

PA- Performed procedure under the direct supervision of a senior surgeon-II year MDs

PI-Performed independently –III year MDS

SCHEDULE – IX

(See regulation 24)

29. SYALLBUS FOR M.D.S. IN VARIOUS SPECIALTIES

The syllabus for MDS course includes both Applied Basic Sciences and subjects of concerned specialty. The syllabus in Applied Basic Sciences shall vary according to the particular specialty; similarly the candidates shall also acquire adequate knowledge in other subjects related to their respective specialty.

1. PROSTHODONTICS AND CROWN & BRIDGE

AIM:

To train the dental graduates so as to ensure higher level of competence in both general and specialty areas of Prosthodontics and prepare candidates with teaching, research and clinical abilities including prevention and after care in Prosthodontics – removable dental prosthodontics, fixed dental prosthodontics (Crown & Bridge), implantology, maxillofacial prosthodontics and esthetic dentistry.

GENERAL OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

Training program for the dental graduates in Prosthetic dentistry– removable dental prosthodontics, fixed dental prosthodontics (Crown & Bridge), implantology, maxillofacial prosthodontics and esthetic dentistry and Crown & Bridge including Implantology is structured to achieve knowledge and skill in theoretical and clinical laboratory, attitude, communicative skills and ability to perform research with a good understanding of social, cultural, educational and environmental background of the society.

- To have adequate acquired knowledge and understanding of applied basic and systemic medical sciences, both in general and in particularly of head and neck region.
- The postgraduates should be able to provide Prosthodontic therapy for patients with competence and working knowledge with understanding of applied medical, behavioral and clinical science, that are beyond the treatment skills of the general BDS graduates and MDS graduates of other specialties,
- To demonstrate evaluative and judgment skills in making appropriate decisions regarding prevention, treatment, after care and referrals to deliver comprehensive care to patients.

KNOWLEDGE:

The candidate should possess knowledge of applied basic and systemic medical sciences.

- On human anatomy, embryology, histology, applied in general and particularly to head and neck, Physiology & Biochemistry, Pathology Microbiology & virology; health and diseases of various systems of the body (systemic) principles in surgery and medicine, pharmacology, nutrition, behavioral science, age changes, genetics, Immunology, Congenital defects & syndromes and Anthropology, Bioengineering, Bio-medical & Biological Principles
- The student shall acquire knowledge of various Dental Materials used in the specialty and be able to provide appropriate indication, understand the manipulation characteristics, compare with other materials available, be adept with recent advancements of the same.
- Students shall acquire knowledge and practice of history taking, Diagnosis, treatment planning, prognosis, record maintenance of oral, craniofacial and systemic region.
- Ability for comprehensive rehabilitation concept with pre prosthetic treatment plan including surgical re-evaluation and prosthodontic treatment planning, impressions, jaw relations, utility of face bows, articulators, selection and positioning of teeth, teeth

arrangement for retention, stability, esthetics, phonation, psychological comfort, fit and insertion.

- Instructions for patients in after care and preventive Prosthodontics and management of failed restorations shall be possessed by the students.
- Understanding of all the applied aspects of achieving physical, psychological well-being of the patients for control of diseases and / or treatment related syndromes with the patient satisfaction and restoring function of Cranio mandibular system for a quality life of a patient.
- Ability to diagnose and plan treatment for patients requiring Prosthodontic therapy
- Ability to read and interpret radiographs, and other investigations for the purpose of diagnosis and treatment planning.
- The theoretical knowledge and clinical practice shall include principles involved for support, retention, stability, esthetics, phonation, mastication, occlusion, behavioral, psychological, preventive and social aspects of Prosthodontics science of Oral and Maxillofacial Prosthodontics and Implantology
- Tooth and tooth surface restorations, Complete denture Prosthodontics, removable partial denture Prosthodontics, fixed prosthodontics and maxillofacial and Craniofacial Prosthodontics, implants and implant supported Prosthodontics, T.M.J. and occlusion, craniofacial esthetics, and biomaterials, craniofacial disorders, problems of psychogenic origin.
- Should have knowledge of age changes, geriatric psychology, nutritional considerations and prosthodontic therapy in the aged population.
- Should have ability to diagnose failed restoration and provide prosthodontic therapy and after care.
- Should have essential knowledge on ethics, laws, and Jurisprudence and Forensic Odontology in Prosthodontics.
- Should know general health conditions and emergency as related to prosthodontics treatment like allergy of various materials and first line management of aspiration of prosthesis
- Should identify social, cultural, economic, environmental, educational and emotional determinants of the patient and consider them in planning the treatment.
- Should identify cases, which are outside the area of his specialty / competence, refer them to appropriate specialists and perform interdisciplinary case management.
- To advice regarding case management involving surgical and interim treatment
- Should be competent in specialization of team management in craniofacial prosthesis design.
- To have adequate acquired knowledge, and understanding of applied basic, and systemic medical science knowledge in general and in particular to head and neck regions.
- Should attend continuing education programmes, seminars and conferences related to Prosthodontics, thus updating himself/herself.
- To teach and guide his/her team, colleagues and other students.
- Should be able to use information technology tools and carry out research both in basic and clinical areas, with the aim of publishing his/ her work and presenting his/her work at various scientific forums.
- Should have an essential knowledge of personal hygiene, infection control, prevention of cross infection and safe disposal of waste, keeping in view the risk of transmission of potential communicable and transmissible infections like Hepatitis and HIV.
- Should have an ability to plan and establish Prosthodontics clinic/hospital teaching department and practice management.
- Should have a sound knowledge (of the applications in pharmacology, effects of drugs on oral tissues and systems of body and in medically compromised patients.

SKILLS:

- The candidate should be able to examine the patients requiring Prosthodontic therapy, investigate the patient systemically, analyze the investigation results, radiographs, diagnose the ailment, plan the treatment, communicate it with the patient and execute it.

- To understand the prevalence and prevention of diseases of craniomandibular system related to prosthetic dentistry.
- The candidate should be able to restore lost functions of stomatognathic system like mastication, speech, appearance and psychological comforts by understanding biological, biomedical, bioengineering principles and systemic conditions of the patients to provide quality health care in the craniofacial regions.
- The candidate should be able to demonstrate good interpersonal, communication skills **and** team approach in interdisciplinary care by interacting with other specialties including medical specialty for planned team management of patients for craniofacial & oral acquired and congenital defects, temporomandibular joint syndromes, esthetics, Implant supported Prosthetics and problems of Psychogenic origins.
- Should be able to demonstrate the clinical competence necessary to carry out appropriate treatment at higher level of knowledge, training and practice skills currently available in their specialty area with a patient centered approach.
- Should be able to interpret various radiographs like IOPA, OPG, CBCT and CT. Should and be able to plan and modify treatment plan based on radiographic findings
- Should be able to critically appraise articles published and understand various components of different types of articles and be able to gather the weight of evidence from the same
- To identify target diseases and create awareness amongst the population regarding Prosthodontic therapy.
- To perform Clinical and Laboratory procedures with a clear understanding of biomaterials, tissue conditions related to prosthesis and have required dexterity & skill for performing clinical and laboratory all procedures in fixed, removable, implant, maxillofacial, TMJ and esthetics Prosthodontics.
- To carry out necessary adjunctive procedures to prepare the patient before prosthesis like tissue preparation and preprosthetic surgery and to prepare the patient before prosthesis / prosthetic procedures
- To understand demographic distribution and target diseases of Cranio mandibular region related to Prosthodontics.

ATTITUDES:

- To adopt ethical principles in Prosthodontic practice, Professional honesty, credibility and integrity are to be fostered. Treatment to be delivered irrespective of social status, caste, creed or religion of patient.
- Should be willing to share the knowledge and clinical experience with professional colleagues.
- Should develop an attitude towards quality, excellence, **non-compromising** in treatment.
- Should be able to self-evaluate, reflect and improve on their own.
- Should pursue research in a goal to contribute significant, relevant and useful information, concept or methodology to the scientific fraternity.
- Should be able to demonstrate **evidence-based** practice while handling cases
- Should be willing to adopt new methods and techniques in prosthodontics from time to time based on scientific research, which are in patient's best interest.
- Should respect patient's rights and privileges, including patient's right to information and right to seek second opinion.

COMMUNICATIVE ABILITIES:

- To develop communication skills, in particular **and** to explain treatment options available in the management.
- To provide leadership and get the best out of his / her group in a congenial working atmosphere.
- Should be able to communicate in simple understandable language with the patient and explain the principles of prosthodontics to the patient. He/She should be able to guide and counsel the patient with regard to various treatment modalities available.

- To develop the ability to communicate with professional colleagues through various media like Internet, e-mails, videoconferences etc. to render the best possible treatment. Should demonstrate good explanatory and demonstrating ability as a teacher in order to facilitate learning among students

COURSE CONTENTS:

The course content has been identified and categorized as essential knowledge given below.

ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE:

The topics to be considered are Applied Basic Sciences, Oral and Maxillofacial Prosthodontics and Implantology

APPLIED BASIC SCIENCES:

Should develop thorough knowledge on the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology particularly head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology, Virology, Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental Material Science, congenital defects and Syndromes and Anthropology, Biomaterial Sciences, Bio-engineering and Bio-medical and Research Methodology as related to Masters degree Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge including Implantology

It is desirable to have adequate knowledge in Bio-statistics, Research Methodology and use of computers to develop necessary teaching skills in the specialty of Prosthodontics including crown and bridge.

APPLIED ANATOMY OF HEAD AND NECK:

General Human Anatomy –Gross Anatomy, anatomy of Head and Neck in detail:Cranial and facial bones, TMJ and function, muscles of mastication and facial expression, muscles of neck and back including muscles of deglutition and tongue, arterial supply and venous drainage of the head and neck, anatomy of the Para nasal sinuses in relation to the Vth cranial nerve. General considerations of the structure and function of the brain, brief considerations of V, VII, XI, XII, cranial nerves and autonomic nervous system of the head and neck. The salivary glands, Pharynx, Larynx Trachea, Oesophagus, Functional Anatomy of masticatory muscles, Deglutition, speech, respiration, and circulation, teeth eruption, morphology, occlusion and function. Anatomy of TMJ, its movements and myofacial pain dysfunction syndrome.

Embryology –Development of the face, tongue, jaws, TMJ, Paranasal sinuses,pharynx, larynx, trachea, esophagus, Salivary glands, Development of oral and Para oral tissues including detailed aspects of tooth formation.

Growth & Development –Facial form and Facial growth and development overview ofDentofacial growth process and physiology from foetal period to maturity and old age,. General physical growth, functional and anatomical aspects of the head, changes in craniofacial skeletal development, relationship between development of the dentition and facial growth.

Dental Anatomy –Anatomy of primary and secondary dentition, concept of occlusion,mechanism of articulation, and masticatory function. Detailed structural and functional study of the oral and Para oral tissues, normal occlusion, development of occlusion in deciduous mixed and permanent dentitions, root length, root configuration & tooth-numbering systems.

Histology –histology of enamel, dentin, Cementum, periodontal ligament and alveolarbone, pulpal anatomy, histology and biological consideration. Salivary glands and Histology of epithelial tissues including glands.

Histology of general and specific connective tissue including bone, , Salivary glands, Histology of skin, oral mucosa, respiratory mucosa, connective tissue, bone, cartilage, cellular elements of blood vessels, blood, lymphatics, nerves, muscles, tongue and tooth

Cell biology –Brief study of the structure and function of the mammalian cell Components of the cell and functions of various types of cells and their consequences with tissue injury

APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY AND NUTRITION :

Introduction, Mastication, deglutition, digestion and assimilation, Homeostasis, fluid and electrolyte balance, blood composition, volume, function, blood groups and hemorrhage, Blood transfusion, circulation, Heart, Pulse, Blood pressure, capillary and lymphatic circulation. Shock, respiration, control, anoxia, hypoxia, asphyxia, artificial respiration. Endocrine glands in particular reference to pituitary, parathyroid and thyroid glands and sex hormones. Role of calcium and Vit D in growth and development of teeth, bone and jaws. Role of Vit. A, C and B complex in oral mucosal and periodontal health. Physiology and function of the masticatory system. Speech mechanism, mastication, swallowing and deglutition mechanism, salivary glands and Saliva

Endocrines – General principles of endocrine activity and disorders relating to pituitary, thyroid, pancreas, parathyroid, adrenals, gonads, including pregnancy and lactation. Physiology of saliva, urine formation, normal and abnormal constituents, Physiology of pain, Sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system, neuromuscular co-ordination of the stomatognathic system.

Applied Nutrition – General principles, balanced diet, effect of dietary deficiencies and starvation, Diet, digestion, absorption, transportation and utilization & diet for elderly patients.

APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY:

General principles governing the various biological activities of the body, such as osmotic pressure, electrolytic dissociation, oxidation-reduction Carbohydrates, proteins, liquids and their metabolism, Enzymes, Vitamins, and minerals, Hormones, Blood, Metabolism of inorganic elements, Detoxification in the body & anti metabolites.

APPLIED PHARMACOLOGY AND THERAPEUTICS:

Dosage and mode of administration of drugs. Action and fate of drugs in the body, Drug addiction, tolerance and hypersensitive reactions, Drugs acting on the central nervous system, general anesthetics hypnotics, analeptics and tranquilizers. Local anesthetics, Chemotherapeutics and antibiotics, Antitubercular and anti syphilitic drugs, Analgesics and antipyretics, Antiseptics, styptics, Sialogogues and antisialogogues, Haematinics, Cortisones, ACTH, insulin and other antidiabetics vitamins: A, D, B – complex group C, K etc. Chemotherapy and Radiotherapy. Drug regime for antibiotic prophylaxis and infectious endocarditis and drug therapy following dental surgical treatments like placement of implants, pre and peri prosthetic surgery

APPLIED PATHOLOGY:

Inflammation, repair and degeneration, Necrosis and gangrene, Circulatory disturbances, Ischaemia, hyperaemia, chronic venous congestion, oedema, thrombosis, embolism and infarction. Infection and infective granulomas, Allergy and hypersensitive reactions, Neoplasms; Classification of tumors, Carcinogenesis, characteristics of benign and malignant tumors, spread of tumors. Applied histo pathology and clinical pathology.

APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY:

Immunity, knowledge of organisms commonly associated with diseases of the oral cavity (morphology cultural characteristics etc) of strepto, staphylo, , Clostridia group of organisms, Spirochaetes, organisms of tuberculosis, leprosy, diphtheria, actinomycosis and moniliasis etc. Virology, Cross infection control, sterilization and hospital waste management

APPLIED ORAL PATHOLOGY:

Developmental disturbances of oral and Para oral structures, Regressive changes of teeth, Bacterial, viral and mycotic infections of the oral cavity. Dental caries, diseases of pulp and periapical tissues, Physical and chemical injuries of the oral cavity, oral manifestations of metabolic and endocrine disturbances, Diseases of the blood and blood forming organism in relation to the oral cavity, Periodontal diseases, Diseases of the skin, nerves and muscles in relation to the Oral cavity.

LABORATORY DETERMINATIONS:

Blood groups, blood matching, R.B.C. and W.B.C. count, Bleeding and clotting time, PT, PTT and INR Smears and cultures – urine analysis and culture. Interpretation of RBS, Glycosylated Hb, GTT

BIostatISTICS:

Characteristics and limitations of statistics, planning of statistical experiments, sampling, collection, classification and presentation of data (Tables, graphs, pictograms etc) & Analysis of data, parametric and non parametric tests

Introduction to Biostatistics - Scope and need for statistical application to biological data. Definition of selected terms – scale of measurements related to statistics, Methods of collecting data, presentation of the statistical diagrams and graphs.

Frequency curves, mean, mode of median, Standard deviation and co-efficient of variation, Correlation – Co-efficient and its significance, Binominal distributions normal distribution and Poisson's distribution, Tests of significance.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY:

Understanding and evaluating dental research, scientific method and the behavior of scientists, understanding to logic – inductive logic – analogy, models, authority, hypothesis and causation,. Measurement and Errors of measurement, presentation of results, Reliability, Sensitivity and specificity diagnosis tests and measurements, Research Strategies, Observation, Correlation, Experimentation and Experimental design. Logic of statistical in(ter)ferences, balance judgements, judgement under uncertainty, clinical vs., scientific judgement, problems with clinical judgement, forming scientific judgements, the problem of contradictory evidence, citation analysis as a Means of literature evaluation, influencing judgement :

Protocol writing for experimental, observational studies, survey including hypothesis, PICO statement, aim objectives, sample size justification, use of control/placebo, standardization techniques, bias and its elimination, blinding, evaluation, inclusion and exclusion criteria.

APPLIED RADIOLOGY:

Introduction, radiation, background of radiation, sources, radiation biology, somatic damage, genetic damage, protection from primary and secondary radiation, Principles of X-ray production, Applied principles of radio therapy and after care.

ROENTGENOGRAPHIC TECHNIQUES:

Intra oral, extra oral roentgenography, Methods of localization digital radiology and ultra sounds. Normal anatomical landmarks of teeth and jaws in radiograms, temporomandibular joint radiograms, neck radiograms.

Use of CT and CBCT in prosthodontics

APPLIED MEDICINE:

Systemic diseases and (its) their influence on general health and oral and dental health. Medical emergencies like syncope, hyperventilation, angina, seizure, asthma and allergy/anaphylaxis in the dental offices – Prevention, preparation, medico legal consideration, unconsciousness, respiratory distress, altered consciousness, seizures, drug related emergencies, chest pain, cardiac arrest, premedication, prophylaxis and management of ambulatory patients, resuscitation, applied psychiatry, child, adult and senior citizens.

APPLIED SURGERY & ANESTHESIA:

General principles of surgery, wound healing, incision wound care, hospital care, control of hemorrhage, electrolyte balance. Common bandages, sutures, splints, shifting of critically ill patients, prophylactic therapy, bone surgeries, grafts, etc, surgical techniques, nursing assistance, anesthetic assistance.

Principles in speech therapy, surgical and radiological craniofacial oncology, applied surgical ENT and ophthalmology.

APPLIED PLASTIC SURGERY:

Applied understanding and assistance in programs of plastic surgery for prosthodontics therapy.

APPLIED DENTAL MATERIALS:

- Students should have understanding of all materials used for treatment of craniofacial disorders – Clinical, treatment, and laboratory materials, associated materials, technical considerations, shelf life, storage, manipulations, sterilization, and waste management.
- Students shall acquire knowledge of testing biological, mechanical and other physical properties of all materials used for the clinical and laboratory procedures in prosthodontic therapy.
 - Students shall acquire full knowledge and practice of Equipments, instruments, materials, and laboratory procedures at a higher level of competence with accepted methods.

All clinical practices shall involve personal and social obligation of cross infection control, sterilization and waste management.

ORAL AND MAXILLOFACIAL PROSTHODONTICS AND IMPLANTOLOGY:

I. NON-SURGICAL AND SURGICAL METHODS OF PROSTHODONTICS AND IMPLANTOLOGY

- a. Prosthodontic treatment for completely edentulous patients – Complete dentures, immediate complete dentures, single complete dentures, tooth supported complete dentures & Implant supported Prosthesis for completely edentulous patients for typical and atypical cases
- b. Prosthodontic treatment for partially edentulous patients: - Clasp-retained acrylic and cast partial dentures, transitional dentures, immediate dentures,

intra coronal and extra coronal precision attachments retained partial dentures & maxillofacial prosthesis for typical and atypical cases

Prosthodontic treatment for edentulous patients: - Complete Dentures and Implant supported Prosthesis.

Complete Denture Prosthesis – Definitions, terminologies, G.P.T., Boucher's clinical dental terminology

Scope of Prosthodontics – The Cranio Mandibular system and its functions, the reasons for loss of teeth, consequences of loss of teeth and treatment modality with various restorations and replacements

- a) **Edentulous Predicament**, Biomechanics of the edentulous state, Support mechanism for the natural dentition and complete dentures, Biological considerations, Functional and Para functional considerations, Esthetic, behavioral and adaptive responses, Temporomandibular joints changes.
- b) **Effects of aging of edentulous patients** –aging population, distribution and edentulism in old age, impact of age on edentulous mouth – Mucosa, Bone, saliva, jaw movements in old age, taste and smell, nutrition, aging, skin and teeth, concern for personal appearance in old age
- c) **Sequelae caused by wearing complete denture** –the denture in the oral environment – Mucosal reactions, altered taste perception, burning mouth syndrome, gagging, residual ridge (reduction) resorption, denture stomatitis, flabby ridge, denture irritation hyperplasia, traumatic Ulcers, Oral cancer in denture wearers, nutritional deficiencies, masticatory ability and performance, nutritional status and masticatory functions.
- d) **Temporomandibular disorders in edentulous patients** –Epidemiology, etiology and management, Pharmacotherapy, Physical modalities, and Bio-behavioral modalities
- e) **Nutrition Care for the denture wearing patient** –Impact of dental status on food intake, Gastrointestinal functions, nutritional needs and status of older adults, Calcium and bone health, vitamin and herbal supplementation, dietary counseling and risk factor for malnutrition in patients with dentures and when teeth are extracted.
- f) **Preparing patient for complete denture patients** –Diagnosis and treatment planning for edentulous and partially edentulous patients – familiarity with patients, principles of perception, health questionnaires and identification data, problem identification, prognosis and treatment identification data, problem identification, prognosis and treatment planning – contributing history – patient's history, social information, medical status –

systemic status with special reference to debilitating diseases, diseases of the joints, cardiovascular disorders, diseases of the skin, neurological disorders, oral malignancies, climacteric, use of drugs, mental health – mental attitude, psychological changes, adaptability, geriatric changes – physiologic, pathological, pathological and intra oral changes. Intra oral health – mucus membrane, alveolar ridges, palate and vestibular sulcus and dental health.

Data collection and recording, visual observation, radiography, palpation, measurement of sulci or fossae, extra oral measurement, the vertical dimension of occlusion, diagnostic casts.

Specific observations – existing dentures, soft tissue health, hard tissue health – teeth, bone

Biomechanical considerations – jaw relations, border tissues, saliva, muscular development – muscle tone, neuromuscular co-ordination, tongue, cheek and lips. Interpreting diagnostic findings and treatment planning

- g) **Pre prosthetic surgery** –Improving the patients denture bearing areas and ridge relations.
- h) **Non surgical methods** –rest for the denture supporting tissues, occlusal correction of the old prosthesis, good nutrition, conditioning of the patients musculature,
- i) **Surgical methods** –Correction of conditions, that preclude optimal prosthetic function – hyperplastic ridge – epulis fissuratum and papillomatosis, frenular attachments

and pendulous maxillary tuberosities, ridge augmentation, maxillary and mandibular oral implants, corrections of congenital deformities, discrepancies in jaw size, relief of pressure on the mental foramen, enlargement of denture bearing areas, vestibuloplasty, ridge augmentation, replacement of tooth roots with Osseo integrated denture implants.

- j) **Immediate Denture** –Advantages, Disadvantages, Contraindications,Diagnosis, treatment planning and Prognosis, Explanation to the patient, Oral examinations, Examination of existing prosthesis, Tooth modification, Prognosis, Referrals/adjunctive care, oral prophylaxis and other treatment needs.

First visit, preliminary impressions and diagnostic casts, management of loose teeth, custom trays, final impressions and master casts, two tray or sectional custom impression tray, location of posterior limit and jaw relation records, setting of the posterior denture teeth / verifying jaw relations and the patient try in.

Laboratory phase, setting of anterior teeth, Wax contouring, flasking and boil out, processing and finishing, surgical templates, surgery and immediate denture insertion, post operative care and patient instructions, subsequent service for the patient on the immediate denture.

- k) **Over dentures** (tooth supported complete dentures)–indications and treatment planning, advantages and disadvantages, selection of abutment teeth, loss of abutment teeth, tooth supported complete dentures. Non-coping abutments, abutment with copings, abutments with attachments, submerged vital roots, preparations of the retained teeth.

- l) **Single Dentures:** Single Mandibular denture to oppose natural maxillary teeth, single complete maxillary denture to oppose natural Mandibular teeth to oppose a partially edentulous Mandibular arch with fixed prosthesis, partially edentulous Mandibular arch with removable partial dentures. Opposing existing complete dentures, preservation of the residual alveolar ridge, necessity for retaining maxillary teeth and preventing mental trauma.

- m) **Art of communication in the management of the edentulous predicament** – Communication–scope, a model of communication, why communication is important? What are the elements of effective communication? special significance of doctor / patient communication, doctor behavior, The iatro sedative (doctor & act of making calm) recognizing and acknowledging the problem, exploring and identifying the problem, interpreting and explaining the problem, offering a solution to the problem for mobilizing their resources to operate in a most efficient way, recognizing and acknowledging the problem, interpreting and explaining the problem, offering a solution to the problem.

- n) **Materials prescribed in the management of edentulous patients** - Denture base materials, General requirements of biomaterials for edentulous patients, requirement of an ideal denture base, chemical composition of denture base resins, materials used in the fabrication of prosthetic denture teeth, requirement of prosthetic denture teeth, denture lining materials and tissue conditioners, cast metal alloys as denture bases – base metal alloys.

- o) **Articulators – Evolution of concepts**, Classification, selection, limitations, precision, accuracy and sensitivity, and Functions of the articulator and their uses. Recent advancements including virtual articulator

- p) **Fabrication of complete dentures** –complete denture impressions–muscles of facial expressions and anatomical landmarks, support, retention, stability, aims and objectives of preservation, support, stability, aesthetics, and retention. Impression materials and techniques – need of 2 impressions the preliminary impression and final impressions.

Developing an analogue / substitute for the maxillary denture bearing area – anatomy of supporting structures – mucous membrane, hard palate, residual ridge, shape of the supporting structure and factors that influence the form and size of the supporting bones, incisive foramen, maxillary tuberosity, sharp spiny process, torus palatinus, Anatomy of peripheral or limiting structures, labial vestibule, Buccal vestibule, vibrating lines. Preliminary and final impressions, impression making, custom tray and refining the custom tray, preparing the tray to secure the final impression, making the final impression, boxing impression and making the casts

Developing an analogue / substitute for the Mandibular denture bearing area-anatomy of supporting structure, crest of the residual ridge, buccal shelf, shape of

supporting structure, mylohyoid ridge, mental foramen, genial tubercles, torus mandibularis, Anatomy of peripheral or limiting structure – labial vestibule, Buccal vestibule, lingual border, mylohyoid muscle, retromylohyoid fossa, sublingual gland region, alveolingual sulcus, Mandibular impressions – preliminary impressions, custom tray, refining, preparing the tray\, final impressions.

- q) **Mandibular movements, Maxillo mandibular relations and concepts of occlusion** – Gnathology, identification of shape and location of arch form–Mandibular and maxillary occlusion rims, level of occlusal plane and recording of trail denture base, tests to determine vertical dimension of occlusion, interocclusal & centric relation records. Biological and clinical considerations in making jaw relation records and transferring records from the patients to the articulator, Recording of Mandibular movements – influence of opposing tooth contacts, temporomandibular joint, muscular involvements, neuromuscular regulation of Mandibular motion, the envelope of motion, rest position.
- Maxillo – Mandibular relations – the centric, eccentric, physiologic rest position, vertical dimension, occlusion, recording methods – mechanical, physiological, Determining the horizontal jaw relation – Functional graphics, tactile or interocclusal check record method, Orientation / sagittal relation records, Arbitrary / Hinge axis and face bow record, significance and requirement, principles and biological considerations and securing on articulators.
- r) **Selecting and arranging artificial teeth and occlusion for the edentulous patient** – anterior tooth selection, posterior tooth selection, and principles in arrangement of teeth, and factors governing the position of teeth – horizontal & vertical relations. The inclinations and arrangement of teeth for aesthetics, phonetics and mechanics – to concept of occlusion.
- s) **The Try in** –verifying vertical dimension, centric relation, establishment of posterior palatal seal, creating a facial and functional harmony with anterior teeth, harmony of spaces of individual teeth position, harmony with sex, personality and age of the patient, co-relating aesthetics and incisal guidance.
- t) **Speech considerations with complete dentures & speech production** –structural and functional demands, neuropsychological background, speech production and the roll of teeth and other oral structures – bilabial sounds, labiodental(s) sounds, linguodental sounds, linguoalveolar sound, articulatoric characteristics, acoustic characteristics, auditory characteristics, linguopalatal and linguoalveolar sounds, speech analysis and prosthetic considerations.
- u) **Waxing contouring and processing the dentures their fit and insertion and after care** –laboratory procedure–wax contouring, flasking and processing, laboratory remount procedures, **selective grinding**, finishing and polishing.
- Critiquing the finished prosthesis – doctors evaluation, patients evaluation, friends evaluation, elimination of basal surface errors, errors in occlusion, interocclusal records for remounting procedures – verifying centric relation, eliminating occlusal errors.
- Special instructions to the patient – appearance with new denture, mastication with new dentures, speaking with new dentures, oral hygiene with dentures, preservation of residual ridges and educational material for patients, maintaining the comfort and health of the oral cavity in the rehabilitated edentulous patients. Twenty-four hours oral examination and treatment and (preventive) Prosthodontic – periodontic recall for oral examination 3 to 4 months intervals and yearly intervals.
- v) **Implant supported Prosthesis for partially edentulous patients** –Science of Osseo integration, clinical protocol (**diagnostic, surgical and prosthetic**) for treatment with implant supported over dentures, managing problems and complications. Implant Prosthodontics for edentulous patients: current and future directions.
- Implant supported prosthesis for partially edentulous patients – Clinical and laboratory protocol: Implant supported prosthesis, managing problems and complications
- Introduction and Historical Review
 - Biological, clinical and surgical aspects of oral implants
 - Diagnosis and treatment planning

- Radiological interpretation for selection of fixtures
- Splints for guidance for surgical placement of fixtures
- **Surgical and** Intra oral plastic surgery, if any
- Guided bone and Tissue regeneration consideration for implants fixture.
- Implant supported prosthesis for complete edentulism and partial edentulism
- Occlusion for implant supported prosthesis.
- Peri-implant tissue and Management of peri-implantitis
- Maintenance and after care
- Management of failed restoration.
- Work authorization for implant supported prosthesis – definitive instructions, legal aspects, delineation of responsibility.

Prosthodontic treatment for partially edentulous patients – Removable partial Prosthodontics –

- a. **Scope, definition** and terminology, Classification of partially edentulous arches - requirements of an acceptable method of classification, Kennedy's classification, Applegate's rules for applying the Kennedy classification
- b. **Components of RPD –**
 - i) major connector—mandibular and maxillary
 - ii) minor connectors, design, functions & form and location of major and minor connectors, tissue stops, finishing lines, reaction of tissue to metallic coverage
 - iii) Rest and rest seats – form of the Occlusal rest and rest seat, interproximal Occlusal rest seats, internal Occlusal rests, possible movements of partial dentures, support for rests, lingual rests on canines and incisor teeth, incisal rest and rest seat.
 - iv) Direct retainers- Internal attachments & extracoronal direct retainers. Relative uniformity of retention, flexibility of clasp arms, stabilizing reciprocal clasp, criteria for selecting a given clasp design, the basic principles of clasp design, circumferential clasp, bar clasp, combination clasp and other type of retainers.
 - v) Indirect Retainers – denture rotation about an axis, factors influencing effectiveness of indirect retainers, forms of indirect retainers, auxiliary Occlusal rest, canine extensions from Occlusal rests, canine rests, continuous bar retainers and linguoplasts, modification areas, rugae support, direct – indirect retention.
 - (vi) Teeth and denture bases – types, materials, advantages and dis-advantages, indications and contraindications and clinical use.
Principles of removable partial Denture design – Bio mechanical considerations, and the factors influencing after mouth preparations – Occlusal relationship of remaining teeth, orientation of Occlusal plane, available space for restoration, arch integrity, tooth morphology, response of oral structure to previous stress, periodontal conditions, abutment support, tooth supported and tooth and tissue supported, need for indirect retention, clasp design, need for rebasing, secondary impression, need for abutment tooth modification, type of major connector, type of teeth selection, patients past experience, method of replacing single teeth or missing anterior teeth.
Difference between tooth supported and tissue supported partial dentures. Essentials of partial denture design, components of partial denture design, tooth support, tissue support, stabilizing components, guiding planes, use of splint bar for denture support, internal clip attachments, overlay abutment as support for a denture base, use of a component partially to gain support.
- c. **Education of patient**
- d. **Diagnosis and treatment planning**
- e. **Design, treatment sequencing and mouth preparation**
- f. **Surveying** –Description of dental surveyor, purposes of surveying, Aims and objectives in surveying of diagnostic cast and master cast, Final path of insertion, factors that determine path of insertion and removal, Recording relation of cast to surveyor, measuring amount of retentive area Blocking of

master cast – paralleled blockout, shaped blockout, arbitrary blockout and relief.

- g. **Diagnosis and treatment planning** –Infection control and cross infection barriers – clinical and laboratory and hospital waste management, Objectives of prosthodontic treatment, Records, systemic evaluation, Oral examination, preparation of diagnostic cast, interpretation of examination data, radiographic interpretation, periodontal considerations, caries activity, prospective surgical preparation, endodontic treatment, analysis of occlusal factors, fixed restorations, orthodontic treatment, need for determining the design of components, impression procedures and occlusion, need for reshaping remaining teeth, reduction of unfavorable tooth contours, differential diagnosis : fixed or removable partial dentures, choice between complete denture and removable partial dentures, choice of materials
- h. **Preparation of Mouth for removable partial dentures** –Oral surgical preparation, conditioning of abused and irritated tissues, periodontal preparation – objectives of periodontal therapy, periodontal diagnosis, control therapy, periodontal surgery.
- i. **Preparation of Abutment teeth** –Classification of abutment teeth, sequence of abutment preparations on sound enamel or existing restorations, conservative restorations using crowns, splinting abutment teeth, utilization, temporary crowns to be used as abutment.
- j. **Impression Materials and Procedures for Removable Partial Dentures** –Rigid materials, thermoplastic materials, Elastic materials, Impressions of the partially edentulous arch, Tooth supported, tooth tissue supported, Individual impression trays.
- k. **Support for the Distal Extension Denture Base** –Distal extension removable partial denture, Factors influencing the support of distal extension base, Methods of obtaining functional support for the distal extension base.
- l. **Laboratory Procedures** –Duplicating a stone cast, Waxing the partial denture framework, Anatomic replica patterns, Spruing, investing, burnout, casting and finishing of the partial denture framework, making record bases, occlusion rims, making a stone occlusal template from a functional occlusal record, arranging posterior teeth to an opposing cast or template, arrangement of anterior teeth, waxing and investing the partial denture before processing acrylic resin bases, processing the denture, remounting and occlusal correction to an occlusal template, polishing the denture.
- m. **Initial placement, adjustment and servicing of the removable partial denture** –adjustments to bearing surfaces of denture framework, adjustment of occlusion in harmony with natural and artificial dentition, instructions to the patient, follow – up services
- n. **Relining and Rebasing the removable partial denture** –Relining tooth supported dentures bases, relining distal extension denture bases, methods of reestablishing occlusion on a relined partial denture.
- o. **Repairs and additions to removable partial dentures** –Broken clasp arms, fractured occlusal rests, distortion or breakage of other components – major and minor connectors, loss of a tooth or teeth not involved in the support or retention of the restoration, loss of an abutment tooth necessitating its replacement and making a new direct retainer, Other types of repairs & repair by soldering.
- p. **Removable partial denture considerations in maxillofacial prosthetics** – Maxillofacial prosthetics, intra oral prosthesis, design considerations, maxillary prosthesis, Obturators, speech aids, palatal lifts, palatal augmentations, mandibular prosthesis, treatment planning, framework design, class I resection, Class II resection, mandibular flange prosthesis, jaw relation records.
- q. **Management of failed restorations and work authorization details.**

II. MAXILLOFACIAL REHABILITATION:

Scope, terminology, definitions, cross infection control and hospital waste management, work authorization.

Behavioral and psychological issues in Head and neck cancer, Psychodynamic interactions between clinician and patient. **Cancer Chemotherapy:** Oral Manifestations, Complications, and management, **Radiation therapy of head and neck tumors:** Oral effects, Dental manifestations and dental treatment: Etiology, treatment and rehabilitation (restoration).

Acquired defects of the mandible, acquired defects of hard palate, soft palate, clinical management of edentulous and partially edentulous maxillectomy patients, Facial defects, Restoration of speech, Velopharyngeal function, cleft lip and palate, cranial implants, maxillofacial trauma, Lip and cheek support prosthesis, Laryngectomy aids, Obstructive sleep apnoea, Tongue prosthesis, Oesophageal prosthesis, radiation carriers, Burn stents, Nasal stents, Vaginal and anal stents, Auditory inserts, Trismus appliances, mouth controlled devices for assisting the handicapped, custom prosthesis, conformers, and orbital prosthesis for ocular and orbital defects. Osseo integrated supported facial and maxillofacial prosthesis. Resin bonding for maxillofacial prosthesis, cranial prosthesis Implant rehabilitation of the mandible compromise by radiotherapy, Prosthodontic treatment, Material and laboratory procedures for maxillofacial prosthesis.

III. OCCLUSION

EVALUATION, DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT OF OCCLUSAL PROBLEMS:

Scope, definition, terminology, optimum oral health, anatomic harmony, functional harmony, occlusal stability, causes of deterioration of dental and oral health. Anatomical, physiological, neuro – muscular, psychological considerations of teeth; muscles of mastication; temporomandibular joint; intra oral and extra oral and facial musculatures and the functions of Cranio mandibular system.

Occlusal therapy, the stomatognathic system, centric relation, vertical dimension, the neutral zone, the occlusal plane, differential diagnosis of temporomandibular disorders, understanding and diagnosing intra articular problems, relating treatment to diagnosis of internal derangements of TMJ, Occlusal splints. Selecting instruments for occlusal diagnosis and treatment, mounting casts, Pankey-Mann-Schuyler philosophy of complete occlusal rehabilitation, long

centric, anterior guidance, restoring lower anterior teeth, restoring upper anterior teeth, determining the type of posterior occlusal contours, methods for determining the plane of occlusion, restoring lower posterior teeth, restoring upper posterior teeth, functionally generated path techniques for recording border movements intra orally, occlusal equilibration.

Bruxism, Procedural steps in restoring occlusion, requirements for occlusal stability, solving occlusal problems through programmed treatment planning, splinting, solving – occlusal wear problems, deep overbite problems, anterior overjet problems, anterior open bite problems. Treating – end to end occlusion, splaed anterior teeth, cross bite problems, Crowded, irregular, or interlocking anterior bite. Using Cephalometric for occlusal analysis, solving severe arch malrelationship problems, transcranial radiography, postoperative care of occlusal therapy.

IV. FIXED PROSTHODONTICS

Scope, definitions and terminology, classification and principles, design, mechanical and biological considerations of components – Retainers, connectors, pontics, work authorization.

- **Diagnosis and treatment planning** –patients history and interview, patients desires and expectations and needs, systemic and emotional health, clinical examinations – head and neck, oral – teeth, occlusal and periodontal, Preparation of diagnostic cast, radiographic interpretation, Aesthetics, endodontics considerations, abutment selection – bone support, root proximities and inclinations, selection of abutments for cantilever, pier

abutments, splinting, available tooth structures and crown morphology, TMJ and muscles of mastication and comprehensive planning and prognosis.

- **Management of Carious teeth** –caries in aged population, caries control,removal caries, protection of pulp, reconstruction measure for compromised teeth – retentive pins, horizontal slots, retentive grooves, prevention of caries, diet, prevention of root caries and vaccine for caries.
- **Periodontal considerations** –attachment units, ligaments, prevention ofgingivitis, periodontitis. Microbiological aspect of periodontal diseases, marginal lesion, occlusal trauma, periodontal pockets in attached gingiva, interdental papilla, gingival embrasures, gingival/periodontal prosthesis, radiographic interpretations of Periodontia, intraoral, periodontal splinting – Fixed prosthodontics with periodontially compromised dentitions, placement of margin restorations.
- **Biomechanical principles of tooth preparation** –individual tooth preparations - Complete metal Crowns – P.F.C., All porcelain – Cerestore crowns, dicor crowns, inceram etc. porcelain jacket crowns; partial 3/4, 7/8, telescopic, pin– ledge, laminates, inlays, onlays. Preparations for restoration of teeth– amalgam, glass ionomer and composite resins. Resin bond retainers, Gingival marginal preparations – Design, material selection, and biological and mechanical considerations – intracoronar retainer and precision attachments – custom made and prefabricated.
- **Isolation and fluid control** – Rubber dam application(s), tissue dilation–softtissue management for cast restoration, impression materials and techniques, provisional restorations, interocclusal records, laboratory support for fixed Prosthodontics, Occlusion, Occlusal equilibration, articulators, recording and transferring of occlusal relations, cementing of restorations.
- **Resins, Gold and gold alloys, glass ionomer, restorations.**
- **Restoration of endodontically treated teeth, Stomatognathic Dysfunction and management**
- **Management of failed restorations**
 - **Osseo integrated supported fixed Prosthodontics** –Osseo integratedsupported and tooth supported fixed Prosthodontics
- **CAD – CAM Prosthodontics**

V. TMJ – Temporomandibular joint dysfunction – Scope, definitions, and terminology

Temporomandibular joint and its function, Orofacial pain, and pain from the temporomandibular joint region, temporomandibular joint dysfunction, temporomandibular joint sounds, temporomandibular joint disorders, Anatomy related, trauma, disc displacement, Osteoarthritis/Osteoarthritis, Hyper mobility and dislocation, infectious arthritis, inflammatory diseases, Eagle’s syndrome (Styloid – stylohyoid syndrome), Synovial chondromatosis, Osteochondrosis disease, Osteonecrosis, Nerve entrapment process, Growth changes, Tumors, Radiographic imaging

- Etiology, diagnosis and cranio mandibular pain, differential diagnosis and management of orofacial pain – pain from teeth, pulp, dentin, muscle pain, TMJ pain – psychologic, physiologic – endogenous control, acupuncture analgesia, Placebo effects on analgesia, Trigeminal neuralgia, Temporal arteritis
- Occlusal splint therapy – construction and fitting of occlusal splints, management of occlusal splints, therapeutic effects of occlusal splints, occlusal splints and general muscles performance, TMJ joint uploading and anterior repositioning appliances, use and care of occlusal splints.
- Occlusal adjustment procedures – Reversible – occlusal stabilization splints and physical therapies, jaw exercises, jaw manipulation and other physiotherapy or irreversible therapy – occlusal repositioning appliances, orthodontic treatment,

Orthognathic surgery, fixed and removable prosthodontic treatment and occlusal adjustment, removable prosthodontic treatment and occlusal adjustment. Indication for occlusal adjustment, special nature of orofacial pain, Psychopathological considerations, occlusal adjustment philosophies, mandibular position, excursive guidance, occlusal contact scheme, goals of occlusal adjustment, significance of a slide in centric, Preclinical procedures, clinical procedures for occlusal adjustment.

VI. ESTHETICS

SCOPE, DEFINITIONS :

Morpho psychology and esthetics, structural esthetic rules –facial components, dental components, gingival components and physical components. Esthetics and its relationship to function – Crown morphology, physiology of occlusion, mastication, occlusal loading and clinical aspect in bio esthetic aspects, Physical and physiologic characteristic and muscular activities of facial muscle, perioral anatomy and muscle retaining exercises Smile – classification and smile components, smile design, esthetic restoration of smile, Esthetic management of the dentogingival unit, intraoral materials for management of gingival contours, and ridge contours, Periodontal esthetics, Restorations – Tooth colored restorative materials, the clinical and laboratory aspects, marginal fit, anatomy, inclinations, form, size, shape, color, embrasures & contact point.

Prosthodontic treatment should be practiced by developing skills, by treating various and more number of patients to establish skill to diagnose and treatment and after care with bio-mechanical, biological, bio-esthetics, bio-phonetics. All treatments should be carried out in more numbers for developing clinical skills.

- Infection control, cross infection barrier – clinical & lab ; hospital & lab waste management

Teaching / Learning Activities:

The post graduate is expected to complete the following at the end of :

I YEAR M.D.S.

- Theoretical exposure of all applied sciences
- **Pre-clinical** exercises involved in prosthodontic therapy for assessment
- Commencement of library assignment within six months
- To carry out short epidemiological study relevant to prosthodontics.
- Acquaintance with books, journals and referrals.
- To differentiate various types of articles published in and critically appraise based on standard reference guidelines.
- To develop the ability to gather evidence from published articles.
- To acquire knowledge of published books, journals and websites for the purpose of gaining knowledge and reference – in the field of **Oral and Maxillofacial Prosthodontics and Implantology**
- Acquire knowledge of instruments, equipment, and research tools in Prosthodontics.
- To acquire knowledge of Dental Material Science – Biological and biomechanical & bio-esthetics, knowledge of using material in laboratory and clinics including testing methods for dental materials.
- Submit a protocol for their dissertation before Institutional Review Board and Institutional Ethics Committee.
- Participation and presentation in seminars, didactic lectures.

II YEAR M.D.S.

- Acquiring confidence in obtaining various phases and techniques in removable and fixed prosthodontics therapy
- Acquiring confidence by clinical practice with sufficient number of patients requiring tooth and tooth surface restorations
- Fabrication of adequate number of complete denture prosthesis following, higher clinical approach by utilizing semi-adjustable articulators, face bow and graphic tracing.
- Understanding the use of dental surveyor and its application in diagnosis and treatment plan in R.P.D.
- Adequate number of R.P.D's covering all partially edentulous situations.
- Adequate number of Crowns, Inlays, laminates, **FDP (fixed dental prosthesis)** covering all clinical situations.
- Selection of cases and following principles in treatment of partially or complete edentulous patients by implant supported prosthesis.
- Treating single edentulous arch situations by implant supported prosthesis.
- Diagnosis and treatment planning for implant prosthesis.
- Ist stage and IInd stage implant surgery
- Understanding the maxillofacial **Prosthodontics, treating craniofacial and management of orofacial defects**
- Prosthetic management of TMJ syndrome
- Occlusal rehabilitation
- Management of failed restorations.
- Prosthodontic management of patient with psychogenic disorder.
- Practice of child and geriatric prosthodontics.
- Participation and presentation in seminars, didactic and non didactic Teaching and Training students.

III YEAR M.D.S

- Clinical and laboratory practice continued from IInd year.
- Occlusion equilibration procedures – fabrication of stabilizing splint for parafunctional disorders, occlusal disorders and TMJ functions.
- Practice of dental, oral and facial esthetics
- The clinical practice of all aspects of Prosthodontic therapy for elderly patients.
- Implants Prosthodontics – Rehabilitation of Partial Edentulism, Complete edentulism and craniofacial rehabilitation.
- Failures in all aspects of Prosthodontics and their management and after care.
- Team management for esthetics, TMJ syndrome and Maxillofacial & Craniofacial Prosthodontics
- Management of Prosthodontic emergencies, resuscitation.
- Candidate should complete the course by attending a large number and variety of patients to master the prosthodontic therapy. This includes the practice management, examinations, treatment planning, communication with patients, clinical and laboratory techniques materials and instrumentation required in different aspects of prosthodontic therapy, Tooth and Tooth surface restoration, Restoration of root treated teeth, splints for periodontal rehabilitations and fractured jaws, complete dentures, R.P.D's, F.D.P's, Immediate dentures, over dentures, implant supported prosthesis, maxillofacial and body prosthesis, occlusal rehabilitation.
- Prosthetic management of TMJ syndrome
- Management of failed restorations
- Should complete and submit Main Dissertation assignment 6 months prior to examination.

- Candidates should acquire complete theoretical and clinical knowledge through seminars, symposium, workshops and reading.
- Participation and presentation in seminars, didactic lectures

PROSTHODONTIC TREATMENT MODALITIES

- 1) Diagnosis and treatment planning prosthodontics
- 2) Tooth and tooth surface restorations
 - Fillings
 - Veneers – composites and ceramics
 - Inlays- composite, ceramic and alloys
 - Onlay – composite, ceramic and alloys
 - Partial crowns – $\frac{3}{4}$ th, $\frac{4}{5}$ th, $\frac{7}{8}$ th, Mesial $\frac{1}{2}$ crowns
 - Pin-ledge
 - Radicular crowns
 - Full crowns

3) Tooth replacements

	Partial	Complete
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tooth supported • Tissue supported 	Fixed partial denture Interim partial denture Intermediate partial denture	Overdenture Complete denture Immediate denture Immediate complete denture Overdenture
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tooth and tissue Supported 	Cast partial denture Precision attachment	Overdenture
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implant supported 	Cement retained Screw retained Clip attachment	Bar attachment Ball attachment
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tooth and implant Supported 	Screw retained Cement retained	Screw retained Cement retained
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Root supported 	Dowel and core Pin retained	Over denture

- Precision attachments
 - Intra coronal attachments
 - Extra coronal attachments
 - Bar – slide attachments
 - Joints and hinge joint attachments

4) Tooth and tissue defects (Maxillo- facial and Cranio-facial prosthesis)

A. Congenital Defects

- a. Cleft lip and palate
- b. Pierre Robin Syndrome
- c. Ectodermal dysplasia
- d. Hemifacial microstomia
- e. Anodontia
- f. Oligodontia
- g. Malformed teeth



cast partial dentures
 implant supported prosthesis
 complete dentures
 fixed partial dentures

B. Acquired defects

- a. Head and neck cancer patients – prosthodontic splints and stents
- b. Restoration of facial defects
 - Auricular prosthesis
 - Nasal prosthesis
 - Orbital prosthesis
 - Craniofacial implants
- c. Midfacial defects
- d. Restoration of maxillofacial trauma

- e. Hemimandibulectomy
- f. Maxillectomy
- g. Lip and cheek support prosthesis



cast partial denture
 implant supported
 complete dentures

- h. Ocular prosthesis
- i. Speech and Velopharyngeal prosthesis
- j. Laryngectomy aids
- k. Esophageal prosthesis
- l. Nasal stents
- m. Tongue prosthesis
- n. Burn stents
- o. Auditory inserts
- p. Trismus appliances

5) T.M.J and Occlusal disturbances

- a. Occlusal equilibration
- b. Splints - Diagnostic
 - Repositioners / Deprogrammers
- c. Anterior bite planes
- d. Posterior bite planes
- e. Bite raising appliances
- f. Occlusal rehabilitation

6) Esthetic/Smile designing

- a. Laminates / Veneers
- b. Tooth contouring (peg laterals, malformed teeth)
- c. Tooth replacements
- d. Team management

7) Psychological therapy

- a. Questionnaires
- b. Charts, papers, photographs
- c. Models
- d. Case reports
- e. Patient counseling
- f. Behavioral modifications
- g. Referrals

8) Geriatric Prosthodontics

- a. Prosthodontics for the elderly
- b. Behavioral and psychological counseling
- c. Removable Prosthodontics
- d. Fixed Prosthodontics
- e. Implant supported Prosthodontics
- f. Maxillofacial Prosthodontics
- g. Psychological and physiological considerations

9) Preventive measures

- a. Diet and nutrition modulation and counseling
- b. Referrals

The bench work should be completed before the start of clinical work during the first year of the MDS Course

I. Complete dentures

1. Arrangements on adjustable articulator for
 - Class I
 - Class II
 - Class III
2. Various face bow transfers to adjustable articulators
3. Processing of characterized anatomical dentures

II. Removable partial dentures

1. Design for Kennedy's Classification
(Survey, block out and design)
 - a. Class I
 - b. Class II
 - c. Class III
 - d. Class IV
2. Designing of various components of RPD
3. Wax pattern on refractory cast
 - a. Class I
 - b. Class II
 - c. Class III
 - d. Class IV
4. Casting and finishing of metal frameworks
5. Acrylisation on metal frameworks for
Class I
Class III with modification

III. Fixed Partial Denture

1. Preparations on ivory teeth / natural teeth
 - FVC for metal
 - FVC for ceramic
 - Porcelain jacket crown
 - Acrylic jacket crown
 - PFM crown
 - 3/4th (canine, premolar and central)

- 7/8th posterior
 - Proximal half crown
- Inlay – Class I, II, V
 - Onlay – Pin ledged, pinhole
 - Laminates
2. Preparation of different die systems
 3. Fabrication of wax patterns by drop wax build up technique
 - Wax in increments to produce wax coping over dies of tooth preparations on substructures
 - Wax additive technique
 - 3-unit wax pattern (maxillary and Mandibular)
 - Full mouth
 4. Pontic designs in wax pattern
 - Ridge lap
 - Sanitary
 - Modified ridge lap
 - Modified sanitary
 - Spheroidal or conical
 5. Fabrication of metal frameworks
 - Full metal bridge for posterior (3 units)
 - Coping for anterior (3 unit)
 - Full metal with acrylic facing
 - Full metal with ceramic facing
 - Adhesive bridge for anteriors
 - Coping for metal margin ceramic crown
 - Pin ledge crown
 6. Fabrication of crowns
 - All ceramic crowns with characterisation
 - Metal ceramic crowns with characterisation
 - Full metal crown
 - Precious metal crown
 - Post and core
 7. Laminates
 - Composites with characterisation
 - Ceramic with characterisation
 - Acrylic
 8. Preparation for composites
 - Laminates
 - Crown
 - Inlay
 - Onlay
 - Class I
 - Class II
 - Class III
 - Class IV
 - Fractured anterior tooth

IV. Maxillofacial prosthesis

- Eye

- Ear
- Nose
- Face
- Body defects
 - Cranial
 - Maxillectomy
 - Hemimandibulectomy
 - Finger prosthesis
 - Guiding flange
 - Obturator

V. Implant supported prosthesis

1. Step by step procedures – **Surgical and** laboratory phase

VI. Other exercises

1. TMJ splints – stabilization appliances, maxillary and Mandibular repositioning appliances
2. Anterior disocclusion appliances
3. Chrome cobalt and acrylic resin stabilization appliances
4. Modification in accommodation of irregularities in dentures
5. Occlusal splints
6. Periodontal splints
7. Precision attachments – custom made
8. Over denture coping
9. Full mouth rehabilitation (by drop wax technique, ceramic build up)
10. TMJ appliances – stabilization appliances

ESSENTIAL SKILLS:

*Key

O – Washes up and observes

A – Assists a senior

PA – Performs procedure under the direct supervision of a senior specialist

PI – Performs independently

The following list of procedures are expected of the post graduate to complete in the post graduate programme under faculty guidance [PA] or independently [PI] . Each of the following procedures should be evaluated for the competencies like critical thinking, patient centered approach, use of evidence based approach, professionalism, systems based practice approach and communication skills of the student. The mentioned numbers denote minimal requirement. However, the head of the department has the discretion to fix the quota and assess them systematically. There may be procedures which the student has observed [O] or assisted [A]. The student can however make his entry into his log book or portfolio wherein he/she can make his comments with remarks of the facilitator in the form of a feedback which would reinforce his learning.

PROCEDURE	CATEGORY			
	O	A	PA	PI
Tooth and tooth surface restoration a) Composites – fillings, laminates, inlay, onlay b) Ceramics – laminates, inlays, onlays c) Glass Ionomer				5 5 5
CROWNS				

FVC for metal				10
FVC for ceramic				10
Precious metal crown or Galvanoformed crown	1	-	1	5
Intraradicular crowns (central, lateral, canine, premolar, and molar)		-	-	5
Crown as implant supported prosthesis	As many	5	5	5
FIXED PARTIAL DENTURES				
Porcelain fused to metal (anterior and posterior)				10
Multiple abutments – maxillary and Mandibular full arch				5
Incorporation of custom made and prefabricated precision attachments			2	
Adhesive bridge for anterior/posterior		-		5
CAD – CAM Anterior/Posterior FPD	-	-		5
Interim provisional restorations (crowns and FPDs)				for all crowns and bridges
Immediate fixed partial dentures (interim) with ovate pontic		-	-	5
Fixed prosthesis as a retention and rehabilitation means for acquired and congenital defects – maxillofacial Prosthetics				5
Implant supported prosthesis		-		1
Implant – tooth supported prosthesis		-		1
REMOVABLE PARTIAL DENTURE				
Provisional partial denture prosthesis				10
Cast removable partial denture (for Kennedy's Applegate classification with modifications)				3
Removable bridge with precision attachments and Telescopic crowns for anterior and posterior edentulous Spaces				1
Immediate RPD				5
Partial denture for medically compromised and Handicapped patients				2
COMPLETE DENTURES				
Anatomic characterized prosthesis (by using semi adjustable articulator)	-	-		25
Single dentures	-	-		5
Overlay dentures	-	-		5
Interim complete dentures as a treatment prosthesis for abused denture supporting tissues	-	-		5
Complete denture prosthesis (for abnormal ridge relation, ridge form and ridge size)	-	-		5

Complete dentures for patients with TMJ syndromes	-	-		2
Complete dentures for medically compromised and handicapped patients	-	-		2
GERIATRIC PATIENTS				
Handling geriatric patients requiring nutritional counseling, psychological management and management of co-morbidity including xerostomia and systemic problems. Palliative care to elderly.				
IMPLANT SUPPORTED COMPLETE PROSTHESIS				
Implant supported complete prosthesis (maxillary and Mandibular)	-	-		1
MAXILLOFACIAL PROSTHESIS				

e.g. Guiding flange/ obturators/ Speech and palatal lift prosthesis/ Eye/ Ear/ Nose/ Face/Finger/Hand/Foot	5 different types as PI			
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TMJ SYNDROME MANAGEMENT				
Splints – periodontal, teeth, jaws	-	-	1	1
TMJ supportive and treatment prosthesis	-	-	1	1
Stabilization appliances for maxilla and mandible with freedom to move from IP to CRCP	-	-	-	1
In IP without the freedom to move to CRCP	-	-	-	1
Repositioning appliances, anterior disocclusion appliances	-	-	-	1
Chrome cobalt and acrylic resin stabilization appliances for modification to accommodate for the irregularities in the dentition	-	-	-	1
Occlusal adjustment and occlusal equilibrium appliances	-	-	1	4
FULL MOUTH REHABILITATION				
Full mouth rehabilitation – restoration of esthetics and function of stomatognathic system	-	-	1	2
INTER-DISCIPLINARY TREATMENT MODALITIES				
Inter-disciplinary management – restoration of Oro craniofacial defects for esthetics, phonation, mastication and psychological comforts	-	-	1	2
MANAGEMENT OF FAILED RESTORATION				
Tooth and tooth surface restorations	-	-	-	5

Removable prosthesis	-	-	-	5
Crowns and fixed prosthesis	-	-	-	5
Maxillofacial prosthesis	-	-	-	2
Implant supported prosthesis	-	-	-	1
Occlusal rehabilitation and TMJ syndrome	-	-	-	2
Restoration failures of psychogenic origin	-	-	-	2
Restoration failures to age changes	-	-	-	2

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

- A. Theory:** Part-I : Basic Sciences Paper - **100 Marks**
 Part-II : Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III - **300 Marks**
 (100 Marks for each Paper)

Written examination shall consist of Basic Sciences Paper (Part-I) of three hours duration and should be conducted at the end of First year of **MDS course. Part 1 examination consists of two essays of 25 marks each and 10 short answers of 5 marks each. Part-II Examination will be conducted at the end of Third year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will consist of Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III, each of three hours duration. Paper-I , Paper-II and Paper III shall consist of two long answer questions carrying 25 marks each and five questions carrying 10 marks each. Distribution of topics for each paper will be as follows:**

Part-I : Applied Basic Sciences: Applied Anatomy
 Nutrition & Biochemistry, Pathology & Microbiology, virology, Applied Dental anatomy & histology, Oral pathology & oral Microbiology, Adult and geriatric psychology. Applied dental materials.

Part-II

Paper-I : Removable Prosthodontics and Implant supported prosthesis (Implantology), Geriatric dentistry and Cranio facial Prosthodontics

Paper-II : Fixed Prosthodontics, Occlusion, TMJ and esthetics.

Paper-III : Essays (descriptive and analyzing type questions)

**The topics assigned to the different papers are generally evaluated under those sections. However a strict division of the subject may not be possible and some overlapping of topics is inevitable. Students should be prepared to answer overlapping topics.*

- A. Practical / Clinical Examination : 200 Marks**
- 1. Presentation of treated patients and records during their 3 years Training period 35 Marks**
 - a. C.D. 1 mark
 - b. R. P.D. 2 marks
 - c. F.P.D. including single tooth and surface restoration 2 marks
 - d. I.S.P. 5 marks
 - e. Occlusal rehabilitation 5 marks
 - f. T.M.J. 5 marks
 - g. Maxillofacial Prosthesis 5 marks
 - h. Pre Clinic Exercises 10 marks

**2. Presentation of Clinical Exam CD patient's prosthesis including insertion
75 Marks**

1.	Discussion on treatment plan and patient review	10 marks
2.	Tentative jaw relation records	5 marks
3.	Face Bow – transfer	5 marks
4.	Transferring it on articulators	5 marks
5.	Extra oral tracing and securing centric and protrusive/lateral, record	15 marks
6.	Transferring records on articulator and programming.	5 marks
7.	Selection of teeth	5 marks
8.	Arrangement of teeth	10 marks
9.	Waxed up denture trial	10 marks
10.	Check of Fit, insertion and instruction of previously processed characterised, anatomic complete denture Prosthesis	5 marks

ALL STEPS WILL INCLUDE CHAIRSIDE, LAB AND VIVA VOCE

3. Fixed Partial Denture 35 Marks

- a. Case discussion including treatment planning and selection of patient for F.P.D. 5 Marks
- b. Abutment preparation isolation and fluid control 15 marks
- c. Gingival retraction and impressions (conventional/ CAD CAM impressions) 10 marks
- d. Cementation of provisional restoration 5 marks

4. Removable Partial Denture 25 Marks

- a. Surveying and designing of partial dentate cast. 5 marks
- b. Discussion on components and material selection including occlusal schemes. 10 marks

5. Implant supported prosthesis (2nd stage- protocol) 30 marks

- a. Case discussion including treatment planning and selection of patient for ISP 10 marks
- b. II stage preparation, Abutment selection, placement, evaluation 10 marks
- c. Implant impression and making of cast 10 marks

B. Viva Voce : 100 Marks

I. Viva-Voce examination: 80 marks

All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expressions, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.

II. Pedagogy

20 marks

2. PERIODONTOLOGY:

OBJECTIVES:

The following objectives are laid out to achieve the goals of the course

A) KNOWLEDGE:

Discuss historical perspective to advancement in the subject proper and related topics.

- Describe etiology, pathogenesis, diagnosis and management of common periodontal diseases with emphasis on Indian population
- Familiarize with the biochemical, microbiologic and immunologic genetic aspects of periodontal pathology
- Describe various preventive periodontal measures
- Describe various treatment modalities of periodontal disease from historical aspect to currently available ones
- Describe interrelationship between periodontal disease and various systemic conditions
- Describe periodontal hazards due to estrogenic causes and deleterious habits and prevention of it
- Identify rarities in periodontal disease and environmental/Emotional determinates in a given case
- Recognize conditions that may be outside the area of his/her Speciality/ competence and refer them to an appropriate Specialist
- Decide regarding non-surgical or surgical management of the case
- Update the student by attending courses, conferences and seminars relevant to periodontics or by self-learning process.
- Plan out/ carry out research activity both basic and clinical aspects with the aim of publishing his/her work in scientific journals
- Reach to the public to motivate and educate regarding periodontal disease, its prevention and consequences if not treated
- Plan out epidemiological survey to assess prevalence and incidence of early onset periodontitis and adult periodontitis in Indian population (Region wise)
- Shall develop knowledge, skill in the science and practice of Oral Implantology
- Shall develop teaching skill in the field of Periodontology and Oral Implantology
- Principals of Surgery and Medical Emergencies.
- To sensitize students about inter disciplinary approach towards the soft tissues of the oral cavity with the help of specialist from other departments.

B) SKILLS:

- Take a proper clinical history, thorough examination of intra oral, extra oral, medical history evaluation, advice essential diagnostic procedures and interpret them to come to a reasonable diagnosis
- Effective motivation and education regarding periodontal disease maintenance after the treatment
- Perform both non-surgical & education regarding periodontal disease, maintenance after the treatment
- Perform both non-surgical and surgical procedures independently
- Provide Basic Life Support Service (BLS) recognizes the need for advance life support and does the immediate need for that.
- Human values, ethical practice to communication abilities

- Adopt ethical principles in all aspects of treatment modalities; Professional honesty & integrity are to be fostered. Develop Communication skills to make awareness regarding periodontal disease Apply high moral and ethical standards while carrying out human or animal research, Be humble, accept the limitations in his/her knowledge and skill, and ask for help from colleagues when needed, Respect patients rights and privileges, including patients right to information and right to seek a second opinion.
- To learn the principal of lip repositioning and perio esthetics surgeries.

COURSE CONTENTS:

PART-I:

APPLIED BASIC SCIENCES

APPLIED ANATOMY:

1. Development of the Periodontium
2. Micro and Macro structural anatomy and biology of the periodontal tissues
3. Age changes in the periodontal tissues
4. Anatomy of the Periodontium
 - Macroscopic and microscopic anatomy
 - Blood supply of the Periodontium
 - Lymphatic system of the Periodontium
 - Nerves of the Periodontium
5. Temporomandibular joint, Maxillae and Mandible
6. Tongue, oropharynx
7. Muscles of mastication / Face
8. Blood Supply and Nerve Supply of Head & Neck and Lymphatics.
9. Spaces of Head & Neck

PHYSIOLOGY:

1. Blood
2. Respiratory system – knowledge of the respiratory diseases which are a cause of periodontal diseases (periodontal Medicine)
3. Cardiovascular system
 - a. Blood pressure
 - b. Normal ECG
 - c. Shock
4. Endocrinology – hormonal influences on Periodontium
5. Gastrointestinal system
 - a. Salivary secretion – composition, function & regulation
 - b. Reproductive physiology
 - c. Hormones – Actions and regulations, role in periodontal disease
 - d. Family planning methods
6. Nervous system
 - a. Pain pathways
 - b. Taste – Taste buds, primary taste sensation & pathways for sensation
7. Hemostasis

BIOCHEMISTRY:

1. Basics of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, vitamins, enzymes and minerals
2. Diet and nutrition and periodontium
3. Biochemical tests and their significance
4. Calcium and phosphorus

PATHOLOGY:

1. Cell structure and metabolism
2. Inflammation and repair, necrosis and degeneration
3. Immunity and hypersensitivity
4. Circulatory disturbances – edema, hemorrhage, shock, thrombosis, embolism, infarction and hypertension
5. Disturbances of nutrition
6. Diabetes mellitus
7. Cellular growth and differentiation, regulation
8. Lab investigations
9. Blood

MICROBIOLOGY:

1. General bacteriology
 - a. Identification of bacteria
 - b. Culture media and methods
 - c. Sterilization and disinfection
2. Immunology and Infection
3. Systemic bacteriology with special emphasis on oral microbiology – staphylococci, genus actinomyces and other filamentous bacteria and actinobacillus actinomycetum comitans
4. Virology
 - a. General properties of viruses
 - b. Herpes, Hepatitis, virus, HIV virus
5. Mycology
 - a. Candidiasis
6. Applied microbiology
7. Diagnostic microbiology and immunology, hospital infections and management

PHARMACOLOGY:

1. General pharmacology
 - a. Definitions – Pharmacokinetics with clinical applications, routes of administration including local drug delivery in Periodontics
 - b. Adverse drug reactions and drug interactions
2. Detailed pharmacology of
 - a. Analgesics – opioid and nonopioid
 - b. Local anesthetics
 - c. Haematinics and coagulants, Anticoagulants
 - d. Vit D and Calcium preparations
 - e. Antidiabetics drugs
 - f. Steroids
 - g. Antibiotics
 - h. Antihypertensive
 - i. Immunosuppressive drugs and their effects on oral tissues
 - j. Antiepileptic drugs
3. Brief pharmacology, dental use and adverse effects of
 - a. General anesthetics
 - b. Antipsychotics
 - c. Antidepressants
 - d. Anxiolytic drugs
 - e. Sedatives
 - f. Antiepileptics
 - g. Antihypertensives
 - h. Antianginal drugs
 - i. Diuretics

- j. Hormones
- k. Pre-anesthetic medications
- 4. Drugs used in Bronchial asthma, cough
- 5. Drug therapy of
 - a. Emergencies
 - b. Seizures
 - c. Anaphylaxis
 - d. Bleeding
 - e. Shock
 - f. Diabetic ketoacidosis
 - g. Acute addisonian crisis
- 6. Dental Pharmacology
 - a. Antiseptics
 - b. Astringents
 - c. Sialogogues
 - d. Disclosing agents
 - e. Antiplaque agents
- 7. Fluoride pharmacology

BIOSTATISTICS:

1. Introduction, definition and branches of biostatistics
2. Collection of data, sampling, types, bias and errors
3. Compiling data-graphs and charts
4. Measures of central tendency (mean, median and mode), standard deviation and variability
5. Tests of significance (chi square test, t-test and z-test)
Null hypothesis

PART II

PAPER 1

ETIOPATHOGENESIS:

1. Classification of periodontal diseases and conditions
2. Epidemiology of gingival and periodontal diseases
3. Defense mechanisms of gingival
4. Periodontal microbiology
5. Basic concepts of inflammation and immunity
6. Microbial interactions with the host in periodontal diseases
7. Pathogenesis of plaque associated periodontal diseases
8. Dental calculus
9. Role of iatrogenic and other local factors
10. Genetic factors associated with periodontal diseases
11. Influence of systemic diseases and disorders of the periodontium
12. Role of environmental factors in the etiology of periodontal disease
13. Stress and periodontal diseases
14. Occlusion and periodontal diseases
15. Smoking and tobacco in the etiology of periodontal diseases
16. AIDS and periodontium
17. Periodontal medicine
18. Dentinal hypersensitivity

PAPER-II

CLINICAL AND THERAPEUTIC PERIODONTOLOGY AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

Please note:

Clinical periodontology includes gingival diseases, periodontal diseases, periodontal instrumentation, diagnosis, prognosis and treatment of periodontal diseases.

(i) GINGIVAL DISEASES

1. Gingival inflammation
2. Clinical features of gingivitis
3. Gingival enlargement
4. Acute gingival infections
5. Desquamative gingivitis and oral mucous membrane diseases
6. Gingival diseases in the childhood

(ii) PERIODONTAL DISEASES

1. Periodontal pocket
2. Bone loss and patterns of bone destruction
3. Periodontal response to external forces
4. Masticatory system disorders
5. Chronic periodontitis
6. Aggressive periodontitis
7. Necrotising ulcerative periodontitis
8. Interdisciplinary approaches
 - Orthodontic
 - Endodontic

(iii) TREATMENT OF PERIODONTAL DISEASES

- A. History, examination, diagnosis, prognosis and treatment planning
 1. Clinical diagnosis
 2. Radiographic and other aids in the diagnosis of periodontal diseases
 3. Advanced diagnostic techniques
 4. Risk assessment
 5. Determination of prognosis
 6. Treatment plan
 7. Rationale for periodontal treatment
 8. General principles of anti-infective therapy with special emphasis on infection control in periodontal practice
 9. Halitosis and its treatment
 10. Bruxism and its treatment
- B. Periodontal instrumentation
 1. Periodontal Instruments
 2. Principles of periodontal instrumentation
- C. Periodontal therapy
 1. Preparation of tooth surface
 2. Plaque control
 3. Anti microbial and other drugs used in periodontal therapy and wasting diseases of teeth
 4. Periodontal management of HIV infected patients
 5. Occlusal evaluation and therapy in the management of periodontal diseases
 6. Role of orthodontics as an adjunct to periodontal therapy
 7. Special emphasis on precautions and treatment for medically compromised patients
 8. Periodontal splints

9. Management of dentinal hypersensitivity
- D. Periodontal surgical phase – special emphasis on drug prescription
 1. General principles of periodontal surgery
 2. Surgical anatomy of periodontium and related structures
 3. Gingival curettage
 4. Gingivectomy technique
 5. Treatment of gingival enlargements
 6. Periodontal flap
 7. Osseous surgery (resective and regenerative)
 8. Furcation; Problem and its management
 9. The periodontic – endodontic **continuum**
 10. Periodontic plastic and esthetic surgery
 11. Recent advances in surgical techniques
 - E. Future directions and controversial questions in periodontal therapy
 1. Future directions for infection control
 2. Research directions in regenerative therapy
 3. Future directions in anti-inflammatory therapy
 4. Future directions in measurement of periodontal diseases
 - F. Periodontal maintenance phase
 1. Supportive periodontal treatment
 2. Results of periodontal treatment

(iv) ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

1. Introduction and historical review
2. Biological, clinical and surgical aspects of dental implants
3. Diagnosis and treatment planning
4. Implant surgery
5. Prosthetic aspects of dental implants
6. Diagnosis and treatment of Peri implant complications
7. Special emphasis on plaque control measures in implant patients
8. Maintenance phase

(v) MANAGEMENT OF MEDICAL EMERGENCIES IN PERIODONTAL PRACTICE

Periodontology treatment should be practiced by various treatment plans and more number of patients to establish skill for diagnosis and treatment and after care with bio-mechanical, biological, bio-esthetics, bio-phonetics and all treatment should be carried out in more number for developing clinical skill.

TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES:

The post graduate is expected to complete the following at the end of :

S.NO	Year Wise	ACTIVITIES WORKS TO BE DONE
1.	Module 1 (First Year)	Orientation to the PG program Pre-clinical work (4 months) a. Dental 1. Practice of incisions and suturing techniques on the typodont models. 2. Fabrication of bite guards and splints. 3. Occlusal adjustment on the casts mounted on the

		<p>articulator</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. X-ray techniques and interpretation. 5. Local anaesthetic techniques. 6. Identification of Common Periodontal Instruments. 7. To learn science of Periodontal Instruments maintenance (Sharpening , Sterilization and Storage) 8. Concept of Biological width <p>a. Typhodont Exercise</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Class II Filling with Band and Wedge Application (ii) Crown cuttings <p>b. Medical</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Basic diagnostic microbiology and immunology, collection and handling of sample and culture techniques. 2. Introduction to genetics, bioinformatics. 3. Basic understanding of cell biology and immunological diseases. <p>Clinical work</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Applied periodontal indices 10 cases 2. Scaling and root planning:- with Proper written history <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Manual 20 Cases b. Ultrasonic 20 Cases 3. Observation / assessment of all periodontal procedures including implants
2.	Module 2 (First Year)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interpretation of various bio-chemical investigations. 2. Practical training and handling medical emergencies and basic life support devices. 3. Basic biostatistics – Surveying and data analysis. <p>Clinical</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Case history and treatment planning 10 cases 2. Root planning 50 cases 3. Observation / assessment of all periodontal procedures including implant. 4. Selection of topic for Library dissertation and submission of Dissertation Synopsis.
3.	Module 3 (First Year)	<p>Minor surgical cases 20 cases</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Gingival Depigmentation 3 Cases (ii) Gingival Curettage no limits (iii) ENAP 1 Case (iv) Gingivectomy/ Gingivoplasty 5 cases (v) Operculectomy 3 cases <p>Poster Presentation at the Speciality conference</p>
4.	Module 4 (Second Year)	<p>Clinical work</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Case history and treatment planning 10 cases 2. Occlusal adjustments 10 cases 3. Perio splints 10 cases 4. Local drug delivery techniques 5 cases 5. Screening cases for dissertation
5.	Module 5 (Second Year)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Periodontal surgical procedures. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Basic flap procedures 20 cases 2. Periodontal plastic and esthetic 10 cases <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Increasing width of attached gingival 5 cases

		b. Root coverage procedures / Papilla Preservation and Reconstruction 5 cases c. Crown lengthening procedures 5 cases d. Frenectomy 5 cases e. Vestibuloplasty 5 cases 3. Furcation treatment (Hemisection, Rootsection, Tunelling) 5 cases 4. Surgical closure of diastema. 2 cases
6.	Module 6 (Third Year)	1. Ridge augmentation procedures 5 cases 2. Implants Placements and monitoring 5 cases 3. Sinus lift procedures 2 cases 4. Case selection, preparation and investigation of implants. 5. Interdisciplinary Periodontics 2 each (i) Ortho – Perio (ii) Endo – Perio (iii) Restorative Perio (iv) Preprosthetic (v) Crown Prep 6. Osseous Surgery 2 each (i) Resective (ii) Regenerative 7. Scientific paper/ poster presentation at the conference.
7.	Module 7 (Third Year)	Clinical work 1. Flap surgeries & regenerative techniques 25 cases (using various grafts & barrier membranes) 2. Assistance / observation of advanced surgical procedure 5 each 3. Micro Surgery 5 each 4. Record maintenance & follow-up of all treated cases including implants. 5. Submission of dissertation – 6 months before completion of III year. 6. Scientific paper presentation at conferences.
8.	Module 8 (Third Year)	1. Refining of surgical skills. 2. Publication of an article in a scientific journal. 3. Preparation for final exams.
9.	Module 9 (Third Year)	1. Preparation for final exams. 2. University exam

Note: Maintenance of Work Diary / Check list / Log books as prescribed.

ASSESSMENT EXAMINATION:

In addition to regular evaluation, log book etc., Assessment examination should be conducted after every 3 modules & progress of the student monitored.

MONITORING LEARNING PROGRESS:

It is essential to monitor the learning progress of each candidate through continuous appraisal and regular assessment. It not only helps teachers to evaluate students, but also students to evaluate themselves. The monitoring is to be done by the staff of the department based on participation of students in various teaching / learning activities. It may be structured and assessment be done using checklists that assess various aspects.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

A. Theory: Part-I: Basic Sciences Paper - 100 Marks

Part-II: Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III - **300 Marks** (100 Marks for each Paper)

Written examination shall consist of Basic Sciences Paper (Part-I) of three hours duration and should be conducted at the end of First year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will be conducted at the end of Third year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will consist of Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III, each of three hours duration. Paper-I & Paper-II shall consist of two long answer questions carrying 25 marks each and five questions carrying 10 marks each. Paper-III will be on Essays. In Paper-III three Questions will be given and student has to answer any two questions. Each question carries 50 marks. Questions on recent advances may be asked in any or all the papers. Distribution of topics for each paper will be as follows:

Part-I : Applied Basic Sciences: Applied Anatomy, Physiology, & Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Research Methodology and Biostatistics.

Part-II

Paper I: Normal Periodontal structure, Etiology & Pathogenesis of Periodontal diseases, epidemiology as related to Periodontics

Paper II: Periodontal diagnosis, therapy & Oral Implantology

Paper III: Essays (descriptive and analyzing type questions)

**The topics assigned to the different papers are generally evaluated under those sections. However a strict division of the subject may not be possible and some overlapping of topics is inevitable. Students should be prepared to answer overlapping topics.*

B. Practical / Clinical Examination :

200 Marks

The clinical examination shall be of two days duration

1st day

Case discussion

- Long case - One
- Short case - One

Periodontal surgery – Periodontal Surgery on a previously prepared case after getting approval from the examiners

2nd day

Post-surgical review and discussion of the case treated on the 1st day

Presentation of dissertation & discussion

All the examiners shall participate in all the aspects of clinical examinations / Viva Voce

Distribution of Marks for Clinical examination (recommended)

a) Long Case discussion	75		
b) 1 short case	25		
c) Periodontal surgery	1.	Anesthesia	10
	2.	Incision	20
	3.	Post Surgery Evaluation	25
	4.	Sutures	10

	5.	Pack (if any)	10
Post – operative review		25	
Total		200	

C. Viva Voce : **100**

Marks

i. Viva-Voce examination: **80**
marks

All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expression, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.

ii. Pedagogy Exercise : **20**
marks

A topic will be given to each candidate in the beginning of clinical examination. He/she is asked to make a presentation on the topic for 8-10 minutes.

3. ORAL AND MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY

OBJECTIVES:

The training program in Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery is structured to achieve the following five objectives-

- Knowledge
- Skills
- Attitude
- Communicative skills and ability
- Research

Knowledge:

- To have acquired adequate knowledge and understanding of the etiology, pathophysiology and diagnosis, treatment planning of various common oral and Maxillofacial surgical problems both minor and major in nature
- To have understood the general surgical principles like pre and post surgical management, particularly evaluation, post surgical care, fluid and electrolyte management, blood transfusion and post surgical pain management.
- Understanding of basic sciences relevant to practice of oral and maxillofacial surgery
- Able to identify social, cultural, economic, genetic and environmental factors and their relevance to disease process management in the oral and Maxillofacial region.
- Essential knowledge of personal hygiene and infection control, prevention of cross infection and safe disposal of hospital waste keeping in view the high prevalence of hepatitis and HIV.

Skills:

- To obtain proper clinical history, methodical examination of the patient, perform essential diagnostic procedures and order relevant laboratory tests and interpret them and to arrive at a reasonable diagnosis about the surgical condition.
- To perform with competence minor oral surgical procedures and common maxillofacial surgery. To treat both surgically and medically the problems of the oral and Maxillofacial and the related area.
- Capable of providing care for maxillofacial surgery patients.

Attitude:

- Develop attitude to adopt ethical principles in all aspect of surgical practice, professional honesty and integrity are to be fostered. Surgical care is to be delivered irrespective of the social status, caste, creed or religion of the patient.
- Willing to share the knowledge and clinical experience with professional colleagues.
- Willing to adopt new techniques of surgical management developed from time to time based on scientific research which are in the best interest of the patient
- Respect patient right and privileges, including patients right to information and right to seek a second opinion.
- Develop attitude to seek opinion from an allied medical and dental specialists as and when required.

Communication Skills:

- Develop adequate communication skills particularly with the patients giving them the various options available to manage a particular surgical problem and obtain a true informed consent from them for the most appropriate treatment available at that point of time
- Develop the ability to communicate with professional colleagues.
- Develop ability to teach undergraduates.

COURSE CONTENT:

The speciality of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery deals with the diagnosis and management of the diseases of stomatognathic system, jaw bones, cranio-maxillofacial region, salivary glands and temporomandibular joints etc. Within this framework it also supports many vital organs like eye, oropharynx, nasopharynx and major blood vessels and nerves. The traumatic injuries of maxillofacial skeleton are independently managed by Oral & Maxillofacial Surgeons. Whenever there are orbital injuries the ophthalmologists are trained only to tackle injuries of the eye ball (globe) but if there are associated injuries of the orbital skeleton, the Maxillofacial Surgeon is involved in its re-construction. Similarly, nasal bone fracture may be managed by ENT surgeons. Most of the time nasal bone fractures are associated with fractures of the maxilla, mandible and zygomatic bones which are being managed by Oral & Maxillofacial Surgeons. The maxillofacial facial injuries at times are associated with head injuries also. The Oral & maxillofacial Surgeon is involved in the management of cleft lip & cleft palate, orthognathic surgery, micro vascular surgery, reconstructive and oncological surgical procedures of maxillofacial region. The speciality of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery is a multi disciplinary speciality and needs close working in co-ordination with Neurosurgeons, Oncosurgeons, Ophthalmologists, ENT Surgeons and Plastic Surgeons. The Oral & Maxillofacial Surgeons, Ophthalmologist, ENT Surgeons, Plastic Surgeons, Neuro-Surgeons and Oncologists complement each other by performing Surgical Procedures with their respective expertise and knowledge thereby benefiting the patients and students of the respective specialities.

The program outline addresses both the knowledge needed in Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery and allied medical specialties in its scope. A minimum of three years of formal training through a graded system of education as specified will equip the trainee with skill and knowledge at its completion to be able to practice basic oral and Maxillofacial surgery competently and have the ability to intelligently pursue further apprenticeship towards advanced Maxillofacial surgery.

The topics are considered as under:-

- A) Applied Basic sciences
- B) Oral and Maxillofacial surgery
- C) Allied specialties

A) Applied Basic Sciences:

Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry, General and Oral Pathology and Microbiology, Pharmacology and Knowledge in Basic Statistics.

Applied Anatomy:

1. Surgical anatomy of the scalp, temple and face
2. Anatomy of the triangles of neck and deep structures of the neck
3. Cranial and facial bones and its surrounding soft tissues with its applied aspects in maxillofacial injuries.
4. Muscles of head and neck; chest, lower and upper extremities (in consideration to grafts/flaps)
5. Arterial supply, venous drainage and lymphatics of head and neck

6. Congenital abnormalities of the head and neck
7. Surgical anatomy of the cranial nerves
8. Anatomy of the tongue and its applied aspects
9. Surgical anatomy of the temporal and infratemporal regions
10. Anatomy and its applied aspects of salivary glands, pharynx, thyroid and parathyroid gland, larynx, trachea, esophagus
11. Tooth eruption, morphology, and occlusion.
12. Surgical anatomy of the nose.
13. The structure and function of the brain including surgical anatomy of intra cranial venous sinuses.
14. Autonomous nervous system of head and neck
15. Functional anatomy of mastication, deglutition, speech, respiration and circulation
16. Development of face, paranasal sinuses and associated structures and their anomalies
17. TMJ: surgical anatomy and function

Physiology:

1. Nervous system

- Physiology of nerve conduction, pain pathway, sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system, hypothalamus and mechanism of controlling body temperature

2. Blood

- Composition
- Haemostasis, various blood dyscrasias and management of patients with the same
- Hemorrhage and its control
- Capillary and lymphatic circulation.
- Blood grouping, transfusing procedures.

3. Digestive system

- Saliva - composition and functions of saliva
- Mastication, deglutition, digestion, assimilation
- Urine formation, normal and abnormal constituents

4. Respiration

- Control of ventilation, anoxia, asphyxia, artificial respiration
- Hypoxia – types and management

5. CardioVascular System

- Cardiac cycle,
- Shock
- Heart sounds,
- Blood pressure,
- Hypertension:

6. Endocrinology

- General endocrinal activity and disorder relating to thyroid gland,
- Parathyroid gland, adrenal gland, pituitary gland, pancreas and gonads:
- Metabolism of calcium

7. Nutrition

- General principles of a balanced diet, effect of dietary deficiency, protein energy malnutrition, Kwashiorkor, Marasmus.
- Fluid and Electrolytic balance in maintaining haemostasis and significance in minor and major surgical procedures.

Biochemistry:

- General principles governing the various biological activities of the body, such as osmotic pressure, electrolytes, dissociation, oxidation, reduction etc.
- General composition of the body
- Intermediary metabolism
- Carbohydrates, proteins, lipids, and their metabolism
- Nucleoproteins, nucleic acid and nucleotides and their metabolism
- Enzymes, vitamins and minerals
- Hormones
- Body and other fluids.
- Metabolism of inorganic elements.
- Detoxification in the body.
- Antimetabolites.

Pathology:**1. Inflammation –**

- Repair and regeneration, necrosis and gangrene
- Role of component system in acute inflammation,
- Role of arachidonic acid and its metabolites in acute inflammation,
- Growth factors in acute inflammation
- Role of molecular events in cell growth and intercellular signaling cell surface receptors
- Role of NSAIDs in inflammation,
- Cellular changes in radiation injury and its manifestation:

2. Haemostasis

- Role of endothelium in thrombogenesis,
- Arterial and venous thrombi,
- Disseminated Intravascular coagulation

3. Shock:

- Pathogenesis of hemorrhagic, neurogenic, septic, cardiogenic shock
- Circulatory disturbances, ischemia, hyperemia, venous congestion, edema, infarction

4. Chromosomal abnormalities:

- Marfans Syndrome, Ehler's Danlos Syndrome, Fragile X- Syndrome

5. Hypersensitivity:

- Anaphylaxis, type 2 hypersensitivity, type 3 hyper sensitivity and cell mediated reaction and its clinical importance, systemic lupus erythematosus.
- Infection and infective granulomas.

6. Neoplasia:

- Classification of tumors.
- Carcinogenesis and carcinogens- chemical, viral and microbial
- Grading and staging of cancers, tumor Angiogenesis, Paraneoplastic syndrome, spread of tumors
- Characteristics of benign and malignant tumors

7. Others:

- Sex linked agammaglobulinemia.
- AIDS
- Management of immuno deficiency patients requiring surgical procedures
- De George Syndrome

- Ghons complex, post primary pulmonary tuberculosis – pathology and pathogenesis.

Oral Pathology:

- Developmental disturbances of oral and Para oral structures
- Regressive changes of teeth.
- Bacterial, viral and mycotic infections of oral cavity
- Dental caries,, diseases of pulp and periapical tissues
- Physical and chemical injuries of the oral cavity
- Oral manifestations of metabolic and endocrinal disturbances
- Diseases of jawbones and TMJ
- Diseases of blood and blood forming organs in relation to oral cavity
- Cysts of the oral cavity
- Salivary gland diseases
- Role of laboratory investigations in oral surgery

Microbiology:

- Immunity
- Knowledge of organisms commonly associated with diseases of oral cavity.
- Morphology cultural characteristics of strepto, staphylo, pneumo, gono, meningo, clostridium group of organisms, spirochetes, organisms of TB, leprosy, diphtheria, actinomycosis and moniliasis
- Hepatitis B and its prophylaxis
- Culture and sensitivity test
- Laboratory determinations
- Blood groups, blood matching, RBC and WBC count
- Bleeding and clotting time etc, smears and cultures,
- Urine analysis and cultures.

Applied Pharmacology and Therapeutics:

1. Definition of terminologies used
2. Dosage and mode of administration of drugs.
3. Action and fate of drugs in the body
4. Drug addiction, tolerance and hypersensitivity reactions.
5. Drugs acting on the CNS
6. General and local anesthetics, hypnotics, analeptics, and tranquilizers.
7. Chemo therapeutics and antibiotics
8. Analgesics and antipyretics
9. Antitubercular and antisyphilitic drugs.
10. Antiseptics, sialogogues and antisialogogues
11. Haematinics
12. Antidiabetics
13. Vitamins A, B-complex, C, D, E, K

B) Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery:

- Evolution of Maxillofacial surgery.
- Diagnosis, history taking, clinical examination, investigations.
- Informed consent/medico-legal issues.
- Concept of essential drugs and rational use of drugs.

- Communication skills with patients- understanding, clarity in communication, compassionate explanations and giving emotional support at the time of suffering and bereavement
- Principles of surgical audit – understanding the audit of process and outcome. Methods adopted for the same. Basic statistics.
- Principles of evidence based surgery- understanding journal based literature study; the value of textbook, reference book articles, value of review articles; original articles and their critical assessment, understanding the value of retrospective, prospective, randomized control and blinded studies, understanding the principles and the meaning of various Bio-statistical tests applied in these studies.
- Principles of surgery- developing a surgical diagnosis, basic necessities for surgery, aseptic technique, incisions, flap designs, tissue handling, hemostasis, dead space management, decontamination and debridement, suturing, edema control, patient general health and nutrition.
- Medical emergencies – Prevention and management of altered consciousness, hyper sensitivity reaction, chest discomfort, respiratory difficulty.
- Pre operative workup – Concept of fitness for surgery; basic medical work up; work up in special situation like diabetes, renal failure, cardiac and respiratory illness; risk stratification
- Surgical sutures, drains
- Post operative care- concept of recovery room care, Airway management, Assessment of Wakefulness, management of cardio vascular instability in this period, Criteria for shifting to the ward, pain management
- Wound management- Wound healing, factors influencing healing, basic surgical techniques, Properties of suture materials, appropriate use of sutures.
- Surgical Infections – Asepsis and antisepsis, Microbiological principles, Rational use of antibiotics, special infections like Synergistic Gangrene and Diabetic foot infection, Hepatitis and HIV infection and cross infection.
- Airway obstruction/management – Anatomy of the airway, principles of keeping the airway patent, mouth to mouth resuscitation, Oropharyngeal airway, endotracheal intubation, Cricothyroidectomy, Tracheostomy.
- Anesthesia – stages of Anesthesia, pharmacology of inhalation, intravenous and regional anesthetics, muscle relaxants.
- Facial pain; Facial palsy and nerve injuries.
- Pain control – acute and chronic pain, cancer and non-cancer pain, patient controlled analgesia
- General patient management – competence in physical assessment of patients of surgery, competence in evaluation of patients presenting with acute injury, particularly to maxillofacial region. Competence in the evaluation of management of patients for Anesthesia
- Clinical oral surgery – all aspects of dento alveolar surgery
- Pre-prosthetic surgery – A wide range of surgical reconstructive procedures involving their hard and soft tissues of the edentulous jaws.
- Temporomandibular joint disorders – TMJ disorders and their sequelae need expert evaluation, assessment and management. It is preferable to be familiar with diagnostic and therapeutic arthroscopic surgery procedures.
- Tissue grafting – Understanding of the biological mechanisms involved in autogenous and heterogeneous tissue grafting.
- Reconstructive oral and maxillofacial surgery – hard tissue and soft tissue reconstruction.
- Cyst and tumors of head and neck region and their management – including principles of tumor surgery, giant cell lesion of jaw bones, fibro osseous lesions of jaw.

- Neurological disorders of maxillofacial region-diagnosis and management of Trigeminal Neuralgia, MPDS, Bells palsy, Frey's Syndrome, Nerve injuries
- Maxillofacial trauma – basic principles of treatment, primary care, diagnosis and management of hard and soft tissue injuries, Comprehensive management including polytrauma patients
- Assessment of trauma-multiple injuries patient, closed abdominal and chest injuries, penetrating injuries, pelvic fractures, urological injuries, vascular injuries.
- Orthognathic surgery – The trainee must be familiar with the assessment and correcting of jaw deformities
- Laser surgery – The application of laser technology in the surgical treatment of lesions amenable to such therapy
- Distraction osteogenesis in maxillofacial region.
- Cryosurgeries – Principles, the application of cryosurgery in the surgical management of lesions amenable to such surgeries.
- Cleft lip and palate surgery- detailed knowledge of the development of the face, head and neck, diagnosis and treatment planning, Current concepts in the management of cleft lip and palate deformity, knowledge of nasal endoscopy and other diagnostic techniques in the evaluation of speech and hearing, concept of multi disciplinary team management.
- Aesthetic facial surgery – detailed knowledge of structures of face & neck including skin and underlying soft tissues, diagnosis and treatment planning of deformities and conditions affecting facial skin, underlying facial muscles, bone, eyelids, external ear etc., surgical management of post acne scaring, face lift, blepharoplasty, otoplasty, facial bone recountouring etc.
- Craniofacial surgery – basic knowledge of developmental anomalies of face, head and neck, basics concept in the diagnosis and planning of various head and neck anomalies including facial cleft, craniosynostosis, syndromes, etc., Current concepts in the management of craniofacial anomalies.
- Head and neck oncology – understanding of the principles of management of head and neck oncology including various pre cancerous lesions, Experience in the surgical techniques of reconstruction following ablative surgery.
- Micro vascular surgery.
- Implantology – principles, surgical procedures for insertion of various types of implants.
- Maxillofacial radiology/ radio diagnosis
- Other diagnostic methods and imaging techniques

C) Allied Specialties:

- General medicine: General assessment of the patient including children with special emphasis on cardiovascular diseases, endocrinal, metabolic respiratory and renal diseases, Blood dyscrasias
- General surgery: Principles of general surgery, exposure to common general surgical procedures.
- Neuro – surgery: Evaluation of a patient with head injury, knowledge & exposure of various Neuro – surgical procedures
- ENT/Ophthalmology: Examination of ear, nose, throat, exposure to ENT surgical procedures, ophthalmic examination and evaluation, exposure to ophthalmic surgical procedures.

- Orthopedic: basic principles of orthopedic surgery, bone diseases and trauma as relevant to Maxillofacial surgery, interpretation of radiographs, CT, MRI and ultrasound
- Anesthesiology: Evaluation of patients for GA technique, general anesthetic drugs use and complications, management of emergencies, various IV sedation techniques.
- Plastic Surgery- Basic Principles

TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES:

The post graduate is expected to complete the following at the end of :

I Year

Study of applied basic sciences including practicals (wherever necessary), basic computer sciences, exodontia, seminars on basic topics, selection of dissertation topic, library assignment topic, attending O.T, ward rounds, Medical Record keeping, Pre-clinical exercises, preparation of synopsis and its submission within the six months after admission to the university as per calendar of events.

Rotation and postings in other departments:

General medicine	- 1 month
General surgery	- 1 month
Ophthalmology	- 15 days
Neuro Surgery	- 15 days
ENT	- 15 days
Orthopedic	- 15 days
Plastic Surgery	- 15 days
Casualty	- 15 days
Anesthesia (ICU)	- 15 days
Radiology (CT, MRI, USG)	- 15 days

II Year

- Minor oral surgery and higher surgical training
- Submission of library assignment
- Oncology posting – 1 month

III Year

- Maxillofacial surgery
- Submission of dissertation to the university, six months before the final examination.

It is desirable to enter general surgical skills and operative procedures that are observed, assisted or performed in the log book in the format as given below:-

Sl.No	Procedure	Category	Number
1	Injection I.M. and I.V.	PI	50, 20
2	Minor suturing and removal of sutures	PI	N,A
3	Incision & drainage of an abscess	PI	10
4	Surgical extraction	PI	15
5	Impacted teeth	PI, A	30,20

6	Pre prosthetic surgery- corrective procedures ridge extension ridge reconstruction	PI A A	10 3 3
7	OAF closure	PI, A	3,2
8	Cyst enucleation	PI,A	5,5
9	Mandibular fractures	PI,A	10,10
10	Peri-apical surgery	PI,A	5
11	Infection management	PI,A	3,3
12	Biopsy procedures	PI, A	10, 3
13	Removal of salivary calculi	A	3
14	Benign tumors	A	3,3
15	mid face fractures	PI,A	3,5
16	Implants	PI,A	5,5
17	Tracheotomy	A	2
18	Skin grafts	PI,A	2,2
19	Orthognathic surgery	A,O	3,5
20	Harvesting bone & cartilage grafts	A,O A,O	3,5 3,3
	Iliac crest	A,O	2,2
	Rib	A,O	2,2
	Calvarial		
	Fibula		
21	T.M. Joint surgery	A	3
22	Jaw resections	A,O	3,5
23	Onco surgery	A,O	3,3
24	Micro vascular anastomosis	A,O	2,2
25	Cleft lip & palate	A,O	3,5
26	Distraction osteogenesis	A,O	2,3
27	Rhinoplasty	A,O	2,3
28	Access osteotomies and base of skull surgeries	A,O	1,3
29	Emergency Management for OMFS Patients in Casualty / Accident & Emergency	PI,O	5,5

PI:- Performed Independently

A:- Assisted

O:- Observed

Monitoring Learning Progress:

It is essential to monitor the learning progress to each candidate through continuous appraisal and regular assessment. It not only helps teachers to evaluate students, but also students to evaluate themselves. The monitoring to be done by the staff of the department based on participation of students in various teaching / learning activities. It may be structured and assessment be done using checklists that assess various aspects. Checklists are given in Section IV.

Paper wise distribution of syllabus:

PART- I:

Applied Basic Sciences

PART-II:**Paper– I: Minor Oral Surgery and Maxillofacial Trauma****Minor Oral Surgery:**

- **Principles of Surgery:** Developing A Surgical Diagnosis, Basic Necessities For Surgery, Aseptic Technique, Incisions, Flap Design Tissue Handling, Haemostasis, Dead Space Management, Decontamination And Debridement, Suturing, Oedema Control, Patient General Health And Nutrition.
- **Medical Emergencies:** Prevention and management of altered consciousness (syncope, orthostatic hypotension, seizures, diabetes mellitus, adrenal insufficiency), hypersensitivity reactions, chest discomfort, and respiratory difficulty.
- **Examination and Diagnosis:** Clinical history, physical and radiographic, clinical and laboratory diagnosis, oral manifestations of systemic diseases, implications of systemic diseases in surgical patients.
- **Haemorrhage and Shock:** Applied physiology, clinical abnormalities of coagulation, extra vascular hemorrhage, and hemorrhagic lesions, management of secondary hemorrhage, shock.
- **Exodontia:** Principles of extraction, indications and contraindications, types of extraction, complications and their management, principles of elevators and elevators used in oral surgery.
- **Impaction:** Surgical anatomy, classification, indications and contraindications, diagnosis, procedures, complications and their management.
- **Surgical aids to eruption of teeth:** Surgical exposure of unerupted teeth, surgical repositioning of partially erupted teeth.
- **Transplantation of teeth**
- **Surgical Endodontics:** Indications and contraindications, diagnosis, procedures of periradicular surgery
- **Preprosthetic Surgery:** Requirements, types (alvoplasty, tuberosity reduction, mylohyoid ridge reduction, genial reduction, removal of exostosis, vestibuloplasty)
- **Procedures to Improve Alveolar Soft Tissues:** Hypermobility tissues- operative / sclerosing method, epulis fissuratum, frenectomy and frenotomy
- **Infections of Head and Neck:** Odontogenic and non Odontogenic infections, factors affecting spread of infection, diagnosis and differential diagnosis, management of facial space infections, Ludwig angina, cavernous sinus thrombosis.
- **Chronic infections of the jaws:** Osteomyelitis (types, etiology, pathogenesis, management) osteoradionecrosis
- **Maxillary Sinus:** Maxillary sinusitis – types, pathology, treatment, closure of Oro – antral fistula, Caldwell- luc operation
- **Cysts of the Orofacial Region:** Classification, diagnosis, management of OKC, dentigerous, radicular, non Odontogenic, ranula
- **Neurological disorders of the Maxillofacial Region:** Diagnosis and management of trigeminal neuralgia, MPDS, bell's palsy, Frey's syndrome, nerve injuries.
- **Implantology:** Definition, classification, indications and contraindications, advantages and disadvantages, surgical procedure.
- **Anesthesia**

Local Anesthesia:

Classification of local anesthetic drugs, mode of action, indications and contra indications, advantages and disadvantages, techniques, complications and their management.

General Anesthesia:

Classification, stages of GA, mechanism of action, indications, and contra indications, advantages and disadvantages, post anesthetic complications and emergencies, anesthetic for dental procedures in children, pre medication, conscious sedation, legal aspects for GA

Maxillofacial Trauma:

- Surgical Anatomy of Head and Neck.
- Etiology of Injury.
- Basic Principles of Treatment
- Primary Care: resuscitation, establishment of airway, management of hemorrhage, management of head injuries and admission to hospital.
- Diagnosis: clinical, radiological
- Soft Tissue Injury of Face and Scalp: classification and management of soft tissue wounds, injuries to structure requiring special treatment.
- Dento Alveolar Fractures: examination and diagnosis, classification, treatment, prevention.
- Mandibular Fractures: classification, examination and diagnosis, general principles of treatment, complications and their management
- Fracture of Zygomatic Complex: classification, examination and diagnosis, general principles of treatment, complications and their management.
- Orbital Fractures: blow out fractures
- Nasal Fractures
- Fractures of Middle Third of the Facial Skeleton: emergency care, fracture of maxilla, and treatment of le fort I, II, III, fractures of Naso orbito ethmoidal region.
- Ophthalmic Injuries: minor injuries, non-perforating injuries, perforating injuries, retro bulbar hemorrhage, and traumatic optic neuropathy.
- Traumatic Injuries To Frontal Sinus: diagnosis, classification, treatment
- Maxillofacial Injuries in Geriatric and Pediatric Patients.
- Gun Shot Wounds and War Injuries
- Osseointegration in Maxillofacial Reconstruction
- Metabolic Response to Trauma: neuro endocrine responses, inflammatory mediators, clinical implications
- Healing of Traumatic Injuries: soft tissues, bone, cartilage, response of peripheral nerve to injury
- Nutritional consideration following Trauma.
- Tracheostomy: indications and contraindications, procedure, complications and their management.

Paper – II :Maxillofacial Surgery**a) Salivary gland**

- Sialography
- Salivary fistula and management
- Diseases of salivary gland – developmental disturbances, cysts, inflammation and sialolithiasis
- Mucocele and Ranula
- Tumors of salivary gland and their management
- Staging of salivary gland tumors
- Parotidectomy

b) Temporomandibular Joint

- Etiology, history signs, symptoms, examination and diagnosis of temporomandibular joint disorders
- Ankylosis and management of the same with different treatment modalities
- MPDS and management
- Condylectomy – different procedures
- Various approaches to TMJ
- Recurrent dislocations – Etiology and Management

c) Oncology

- Biopsy
- Management of pre-malignant tumors of head and neck region
- Benign and Malignant tumors of Head and Neck region
- Staging of oral cancer and tumor markers
- Management of oral cancer
- Radical Neck dissection
- Modes of spread of tumors
- Diagnosis and management of tumors of nasal, paranasal, neck, tongue, cheek, maxilla and mandible
- Radiation therapy in maxillofacial regions
- Lateral neck swellings

d) Orthognathic surgery

- Diagnosis and treatment planning
- Cephalometric analysis
- Model surgery
- Maxillary and mandibular repositioning procedures
- Segmental osteotomies
- Management of apertognathia
- Genioplasty
- Distraction osteogenesis

e) Cysts and tumors of oro facial region

- Odontogenic and non-Odontogenic tumors and their management
- Giant Cell lesions of jawbone
- Fibro osseous lesions of jawbone
- Cysts of jaw

f) Laser surgery

- The application of laser technology in surgical treatment of lesions

g) Cryosurgery

- Principles, applications of cryosurgery in surgical management

h) Cleft lip and palate surgery

- Detailed knowledge of the development of the face, head and neck
- Diagnosis and treatment planning
- Current concepts in the management of cleft lip and palate deformity
- Knowledge of Naso endoscopy and other diagnostic techniques in the evaluation of speech and hearing
- Concept of multidisciplinary team management

i) Aesthetic facial surgery

- Detailed knowledge of the structures of the face and neck including skin and underlying soft tissue
- Diagnosis and treatment planning of deformities and conditions affecting facial skin
- Underlying facial muscles, bone, Eyelids, external ear
- Surgical management of post acne scarring, facelift, blepharoplasty, otoplasty, facial bone recontouring, etc

j) Craniofacial surgery

- Basic knowledge of developmental anomalies of the face, head and neck
- Basic concepts in the diagnosis and planning of various head and neck anomalies including facial clefts, craniosynostosis, syndromes, etc.
- Current concept in the management of Craniofacial anomalies

Paper – III : Essays (descriptive and analyzing type questions)

Scheme of Examination:

A. Theory: Part-I: Basic Sciences Paper	-	100 Marks
Part-II: Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III	-	300 Marks
		(100 Marks for each Paper)

Written examination shall consist of Basic Sciences Paper (Part-I) of three hours duration and should be conducted at the end of First year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will be conducted at the end of Third year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will consist of Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III, each of three hours duration. Paper-I & Paper-II shall consist of two long answer questions carrying 25 marks each and five questions carrying 10 marks each. Paper-III will be on Essays. In Paper-III three Questions will be given and student has to answer any two questions. Each question carries 50 marks. Questions on recent advances may be asked in any or all the papers. Distribution of topics for each paper will be as follows: *

PART-I : Applied Basic Sciences: Applied Anatomy, Physiology, & Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Research Methodology and Biostatistics.

PART- II

Paper – I : Minor Oral Surgery and Maxillofacial Trauma

Paper – II : Maxillofacial Surgery

Paper – III : Essays (descriptive and analyzing type questions)

**The topics assigned to the different papers are generally evaluated under those sections. However a strict division of the subject may not be possible and some overlapping of topics is inevitable. Students should be prepared to answer overlapping topics.*

B. Practical / Clinical Examination	-	200 Marks
1. Minor Oral Surgery	-	100 Marks

Each candidate is required to perform the minor oral surgical procedures under local anaesthesia. The minor surgical cases may include removal of impacted lower third

molar, cyst enucleation, any similar procedure where students can exhibit their professional skills in raising the flap, removing the bone and suturing the wound.

2. Case presentation and discussion:	-	100 Marks
(a) One long case	-	60 Marks
(b) Two short cases	-	40 Marks (20 marks each)

C. Viva Voce - **100 Marks**

i. Viva-Voce examination: 80 Marks

All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expression, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.

ii. Pedagogy: 20 Marks

A topic be given to each candidate in the beginning of clinical examination. He/she is asked to make a presentation on the topic for 8-10 minutes.

4. CONSERVATIVE DENTISTRY AND ENDODONTICS

OBJECTIVES:

The following objectives are laid out to achieve the goals of the course. These are to be achieved by the time the candidate completes the course. These objectives may be considered under the following subtitles.

Knowledge:

At the end of 36 months of training, the candidates should be able to:

- Describe etiology, pathophysiology, periapical diagnosis and management of common restorative situations, endodontic situations that will include contemporary management of dental caries, management of trauma and pulpal pathosis including periodontal situations.
- Demonstrate understanding of basic sciences as relevant to conservative / restorative dentistry and Endodontics.
- Identify social, economic, environmental and emotional determinants in a given case or community and take them into account for planning and execution at individual and community level.
- Ability to master differential diagnosis and recognize conditions that may require multi disciplinary approach or a clinical situation outside the realm of the specialty, which he or she should be able to recognize and refer to appropriate specialist.
- Update himself by self-study and by attending basic and advanced courses, conferences, seminars, and workshops in the specialty of Conservative Dentistry-Endodontics-Dental Materials and Restorative Dentistry.
- Ability to teach/guide, colleagues and other students.
Use information technology tools and carry out research both basic and clinical with the aim of his publishing his work and presenting the same at scientific platform.

Skills:

- Take proper chair side history, examine the patient and perform medical and dental diagnostic procedures as well as perform relevant tests and interpret to them to come to a reasonable diagnosis about the dental condition in general and Conservative Dentistry – Endodontics in particular. And undertake complete patient monitoring including preoperative as well as post operative care of the patient.
- Perform all levels of restorative work, surgical and non-surgical Endodontics as well as endodontic-periodontal surgical procedures as part of multidisciplinary approach to clinical condition.
- Provide basic life saving support in emergency situations.
- Manage acute pulpal and pulpo periodontal situations.
- Have a thorough knowledge of infection control measures in the dental clinical environment and laboratories.
- Should have proper knowledge of sterilization procedures

Human Values, Ethical Practice and Communication Abilities

- Adopt ethical principles in all aspects of restorative and contemporary Endodontics including non-surgical and surgical Endodontics.
- Professional honesty and integrity should be the top priority.
- Dental care has to be provided regardless of social status, caste, creed or religion of the patient.
- Develop communication skills in particular to explain various options available for management and to obtain a true informed consent from the patient.
- Apply high moral and ethical standards while carrying on human or animal research.

- He/She shall not carry out any heroic procedures and must know his limitations in performing all aspects of restorative dentistry including Endodontics. Ask for help from colleagues or seniors when required without hesitation.
- Respect patient's rights and privileges including patients right to information.

COURSE CONTENTS:

PART-I:

Applied Basic Sciences:

Applied Anatomy of Head and Neck:

- Development of face, paranasal sinuses and the associated structures and their anomalies, cranial and facial bones, TMJ anatomy and function, arterial and venous drainage of head and neck, muscles of face and neck including muscles of mastication and deglutition, brief consideration of structures and function of brain. Brief consideration of all cranial nerves and autonomic nervous system of head and neck. Salivary glands, Functional anatomy of mastication, deglutition and speech. Detailed anatomy of deciduous and permanent teeth, general consideration in physiology of permanent dentition, form, function, alignment, contact, occlusion.
- Internal anatomy of permanent teeth and its significance.
- Applied histology – histology of skin, oral mucosa, connective tissue, bone, cartilage, blood vessels, lymphatics, nerves, muscles, tongue.

Anatomy and Development of Teeth:

- Enamel – development and composition, physical characteristics, chemical properties, structure.
- Age changes – clinical structure.
- Dentin – development, physical and chemical properties, structure type of dentin, innervations, age and functional changes and clinical considerations.
- Pulp – development, histological structures, innervations, functions, regressive changes, clinical considerations.
- Dentin and pulp complex.
- Cementum – composition, cementogenesis, structure, function, clinical considerations.
- Knowledge of internal anatomy of permanent teeth, anatomy of root apex and its implications in endodontic treatment.
- Periodontal ligament – development, structure, function and clinical considerations.
- Salivary glands – structure, function, clinical considerations.

Applied Physiology:

- Mastication, deglutition, digestion and assimilation, fluid and electrolyte balance.
- Blood composition, volume, function, blood groups, haemostasis, coagulation, blood transfusion, circulation, heart, pulse, blood pressure, shock, respiration-control, anoxia, hypoxia, asphyxia, artificial respiration, and endocrinology – general principles of endocrine activity and disorders relating to pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenals including pregnancy and lactation.
- Physiology of saliva – composition, function, clinical significance.
- Clinical significance of vitamins, diet and nutrition – balanced diet.
- Physiology of pain, sympathetic and Para sympathetic nervous system, pain pathways, physiology of pulpal pain, Odontogenic and non Odontogenic pain, pain disorders – typical and atypical.
- Biochemistry such as osmotic pressure, electrolytic dissociation, oxidation, reduction etc. Carbohydrates, proteins, lipids and their metabolism, nucleoproteins, nucleic acid and

their metabolism. Enzymes, vitamins and minerals, metabolism of inorganic elements, detoxification in the body, anti metabolites, chemistry of blood lymph and urine.

Pathology:

- Inflammation, repair, degeneration, necrosis and gangrene.
- Circulatory disturbances – ischemia, hyperemia, edema, thrombosis, embolism, infarction, allergy and hypersensitivity reaction.
- Neoplasms – classifications of tumors, characteristics of benign and malignant tumors, spread of tumors.
- Blood dyscrasias.
- Developmental disturbances of oral and Para oral structures, dental caries, regressive changes of teeth, pulp, periapical pathology, pulp reaction to dental caries and dental procedures.
- Bacterial, viral, mycotic infections of the oral cavity.

Microbiology:

- Pathways of pulpal infection, oral flora and micro organisms associated with endodontic diseases, pathogenesis, host defense, bacterial virulence factors, healing, theory of focal infections, microbes relevance to dentistry – strepto, staphylococci, lactobacilli, corynebacterium, actinomycetes, clostridium, neisseria, vibrio, bacterioids, fusobacteria, spirochetes, mycobacterium, virus and fungi.
- Cross infection, infection control, infection control procedure, sterilization and disinfection.
- Immunology – antigen antibody reaction, allergy, hypersensitivity and anaphylaxis, auto immunity, grafts, viral hepatitis, HIV infections and aids. Identification and isolation of microorganisms from infected root canals. Culture medium and culturing technique (Aerobic and anaerobic interpretation and antibiotic sensitivity test).

Pharmacology:

- Dosage and route of administration of drugs, actions and fate of drug in body, drug addiction, tolerance of hypersensitivity reactions.
- Local anesthesia – agents and chemistry, pharmacological actions, fate and metabolism of anaesthetic, ideal properties, techniques and complications.
- General anesthesia – pre medications, neuro muscular blocking agents, induction agents, inhalation anesthesia, and agents used, assessment of anesthetic problems in medically compromised patients.
- Anaesthetic emergencies
- Antihistamines, corticosteroids, chemotherapeutic and antibiotics, drug resistance, haemostasis, and haemostatic agents, anticoagulants, sympathomimetic drugs, vitamins and minerals (A, B, C, D, E, K IRON), anti sialogogue, immunosuppressants, drug interactions, antiseptics, disinfectants, anti viral agents, drugs acting on CNS.

Biostatistics:

- Introduction, Basic concepts, Sampling, Health information systems – collection, compilation, presentation of data. Elementary statistical methods – presentation of statistical data, Statistical averages – measures of central tendency, measures of dispersion, Normal distribution. Tests of significance – parametric and non – parametric tests (Fisher exact test, Sign test, Median test, Mann Whitney test, Kruskal Wallis one way analysis, Friedmann two way analysis, ANOVA, Regression analysis), Correlation and regression, Use of computers.

Research Methodology:

- Essential features of a protocol for research in humans
- Experimental and non-experimental study designs

- Ethical considerations of research

Applied Dental Materials:

- Physical and mechanical properties of dental materials, biocompatibility.
- Impression materials, detailed study of various restorative materials, restorative resin and recent advances in composite resins, bonding- recent developments, tarnish and corrosion, dental amalgam, direct filling gold, casting alloys, inlay wax, die materials, investments, casting procedures, defects, dental cements for restoration and pulp protection (luting, liners, bases) cavity varnishes.
- Dental ceramics-recent advances, finishing and polishing materials.
- Dental burs – design and mechanics of cutting – other modalities of tooth preparation. Methods of testing biocompatibility of materials used.

PART-II:

Paper-I: Conservative Dentistry

1. Examination, diagnosis and treatment plan
2. Occlusion as related to conservative dentistry, contact, contour, its significance. Separation of teeth, matrices, used in conservative dentistry.
3. Dental caries- epidemiology, recent concept of etiological factors, pathophysiology, histopathology, diagnosis, caries activity tests, prevention of dental caries and management – recent methods.
4. Hand and rotary cutting instruments, development of rotary equipment, speed ranges, hazards.
5. Dental burs and other modalities of tooth reparation- recent developments (air abrasions, lasers etc.)
6. Infection control procedures in conservative dentistry, isolation equipments etc.
7. Direct concepts in tooth preparation for amalgam, composite, GIC and restorative techniques, failures and management.
8. Biologic response of pulp to various restorative materials and operative procedures.
9. Direct and indirect composite restorations.
10. Indirect tooth colored restorations- ceramic, inlays and onlays, veneers, crowns, recent advances in fabrication and gingival tissue management.
11. Impression procedures used for indirect restorations.
12. Cast metal restorations, indications, contraindications, tooth preparation for class II inlay, onlay, full crown restorations.
Restorative techniques, direct and indirect methods of fabrication including materials used for fabrication like inlay wax, investment materials and casting.
13. Direct gold restorations.
14. Recent advances in restorative materials.
15. Esthetics including smile design
16. Management of non-cariou lesions.
17. Management of discolored tooth
18. Minimal intervention dentistry.
19. Recent advances in restoration of endodontically treated teeth and grossly mutilated teeth.
20. Hypersensitivity-theories, causes and management.
21. Lasers in Conservative Dentistry.
22. CAD-CAM in restorative dentistry.
23. Digital imaging and its applications in restorative dentistry.
24. Clinical Photography.

Paper-II: Endodontics

1. Rationale of endodontics.

2. Pulp and periapical pathology.
3. Pathobiology of periapex.
4. Diagnostic procedures – Orofacial dental pain emergencies: endodontic diagnosis and management, recent advances used for diagnosis.
5. Case selection and treatment planning.
6. Endodontic microbiology.
7. Infection control procedures used in Endodontics (aseptic techniques such as rubber dam, sterilization of instruments etc.)
8. Endodontic emergencies and management.
9. Access cavity preparation – objectives and principles
10. Endodontic instruments and instrumentation – recent developments, detailed description of hand, rotary, sonic, ultra sonic etc.
11. Working length determination, cleaning and shaping of root canal system and recent developments in techniques of canal preparation.
12. Root canal irrigants and intra canal medicaments.
13. Obturation materials, techniques and recent advances.
14. Traumatic injuries and management – endodontic treatment for young permanent teeth.
15. Endodontic surgeries, recent developments in technique and devices and wound healing.
16. Endoperio interrelationship and management.
17. Lasers in Endodontics.
18. Multidisciplinary approach to endodontic situations.
19. Radiology and CBCT in endodontic practice.
20. Procedural errors in endodontics and their management.
21. Endodontic failures and retreatment.
22. Resorptions and its management.
23. Microscopes and Microsurgery in endodontics.
24. Single visit endodontics, current concepts and controversies.
25. Regenerative Endodontics

Paper-III: Essays (descriptive and analyzing type questions)

TEACHING / LEARNING ACTIVITIES:

The post graduate is expected to complete the following at the end of :

The following is the minimum required to be completed before the candidate can be considered eligible to appear for final MDS exam.

First Year

- **Pre Clinical Work – Conservative and Endodontics**
 - **Preclinical work on typhodont teeth**
1. Class II amalgam cavities
 - a. Conservative preparation - 03
 - b. Conventional preparation - 03
 2. Inlay cavity preparation including wax pattern and casting on premolars and molars – MO, DO, MOD - 02
 3. Onlay preparation on molars including wax pattern and casting - 02
 4. Full Crown

- a. Anterior - 02
 - b. Posterior - 02
- (1 each to be processed)

● **Pre Clinical work on natural teeth**

1. Wax Carving of all permanent teeth
2. Inlay on molars and premolars MO, DO, and MOD including wax pattern and casting - 05
3. Amalgam cavity preparation
 - a. Conventional - 02
 - b. Conservative - 02
4. Complex amalgam on molar teeth - 02
5. Onlay on molars including wax pattern and casting - 02
(1 to be processed)
6. Full crown premolars and molars (metal, PFM & Ceramic) - 04
7. Full crown anterior (PFM, composite & Ceramic) - 03
8. Veneers anterior teeth - 02
9. Composite
 - a. Composite Filling (Class I,II,III & V) -05 (each)
 - b. Inlay (Class I & II) -02
 - c. Veneer -02
 - d. Diastema Closure -02
 - e. Angle Buildups -02

Endodontics:

1. Sectioning of all maxillary and mandibular teeth (vertical & horizontal).
2. Access cavity opening in relation to maxillary and mandibular permanent teeth.
3. Access cavity preparation, BMP and Obturation
 - a) Anterior (3 maxillary and 3 mandibular) - 06
 - Conventional prep - 02
 - Step back - 02
 - Crown down - 02
 - Obturation - 03

(2 lateral compaction and 1 thermoplasticized)
 - b) Premolar - 04
(2 upper and 2 lower) obturation 1 each
 - c) Molar - 06
(3 upper – 2 first molars and 1 second molar
3 lower – 2 first molars and 1 second molar) obturation 1 each
4. Post and core preparation and fabrication in relation to anterior and posterior teeth
 - a. Anterior 10 (Cast Post 5 and prefabricated post 5)
 - b. Posterior 05 (Cast Post 2 and prefabricated post 5)
5. Removable dies - 04

Note : Technique work to be completed in the first four months

Clinical Work:

A	Composite restorations	30
B	GIC Restorations	30

C	Complex amalgam restorations	05
D	Composite inlay + veneers (direct and indirect)	10
E	Ceramic jacket crowns	05
F	Post and core for anterior teeth	10
G	Bleaching vital	05
	Non vital	05
H	RCT Anterior	20
I	Endo surgery – observation and assisting	05

Presentation of:

- Seminars – 5 seminars by each student – should include topics in dental materials, conservative dentistry and endodontics
- Journal clubs – 5 by each student
- Submission of synopsis at the end of 6 months
- Library assignment work
- Internal assessment – theory and clinicals.

Second Year**Case discussion- 5**

1	Ceramic jacket crowns	10
2	Post and core for anterior teeth	10
3	Post and core for posterior teeth	05
4	Composite restoration	15
5	Full crown for posterior teeth	15
6	Cast gold inlay	05
7	Other special types of work such as splinting - Reattachment of fractured teeth etc.	10
8	Anterior RCT	30
9	Posterior RCT	40
10	Endo surgery performed independently	05
11	Management of endo – Perio problems	05
12	Angle build up composite	05
13	Diastema closure	05
14	Composite Veneers	05

- Under graduate teaching program as allotted by the HOD
- Seminars – 5 by each student
- Journal club – 5 by each student
- Dissertation work
- Prepare scientific paper / poster and present in conference and clinical meeting
- Library assignment to be submitted 18 months after starting of the course
- Internal assessment – theory and clinical

Third Year

Dissertation work to be submitted 6 months before final examination.

Clinical work

- Cast gold inlay- Onlay, cuspal restoration 10
- Post and core 20
- Molar endodontics 50
- Endo surgery 05
- Diastema Closure 05

- Angle Build up 05
- All other types of surgeries including crown lengthening, perioesthetics, hemi sectioning, splinting, replantation.

Presentation of:

- Seminars – 5 by each student
- Journal club – 5 by each student
- Under graduate teaching program as allotted by the HOD
- Internal assessment – theory and clinical

Monitoring Learning Progress:

It is essential to monitor the learning progress of each candidate through continuous appraisal and regular assessment. It not only helps teachers to evaluate students, but also students to evaluate themselves. The monitoring be done by the staff of the department based on participation of students in various teaching / learning activities. It may be structured and assessment be done using checklists that assess various aspects. Checklists are given in Section IV.

Scheme of Examination:

A. Theory: Part-I: Basic Sciences Paper	-	100 Marks
Part-II: Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III	-	300 Marks
		(100 Marks for each Paper)

Written examination shall consist of Basic Sciences Paper (Part-I) of three hours duration and should be conducted at the end of First year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will be conducted at the end of Third year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will consist of Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III, each of three hours duration. Paper-I & Paper-II shall consist of two long answer questions carrying 25 marks each and five questions carrying 10 marks each. Paper-III will be on Essays. In Paper-III three Questions will be given and student has to answer any two questions. Each question carries 50 marks. Questions on recent advances may be asked in any or all the papers. Distribution of topics for each paper will be as follows: *

PART-I : Applied Basic Sciences: Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology including Oral Microbiology, Pharmacology, Biostatistics and Research Methodology and Applied Dental Materials.

PART-II

Paper-I	:	Conservative Dentistry
Paper-II	:	Endodontics
Paper-III	:	Essays (descriptive and analyzing type questions)

**The topics assigned to the different papers are generally evaluated under those sections. However a strict division of the subject may not be possible and some overlapping of topics is inevitable. Students should be prepared to answer overlapping topics.*

B. Practical / Clinical Examination : 200 Marks

The duration of Clinical and Viva Voce examination will be 2 days for a batch of four students. If the number of candidates exceeds 4, the programme can be extended to 3rd day.

Day 1

Clinical Exercise I – Random case discussion – (2) - 10+10 Marks

(Diagnosis, Treatment, Planning & Discussion)

Cast core preparation		
(i) Tooth Preparation	-	20 marks
(ii) Direct Wax Pattern	-	10 marks
(iii) Casting	-	10 marks
(iv) Cementation	-	05 marks
(v) Retraction & Elastomeric Impression	-	05 marks
Clinical Exercise II	-	30 Marks
(Inlay Exercise)		
(i) Tooth preparation for Class II Inlay (Gold or Esthetic)	-	20 marks
(ii) Fabrication of Indirect Pattern	-	10 marks
Day 2		
Clinical Exercise III	-	100 Marks
(Molar Endodontics)		
(i) Local Anaesthesia and Rubber Dam application	-	20 marks
(ii) Access Cavity	-	20 marks
(iii) Working length determination	-	20 marks
(iv) Canal Preparation	-	20 marks
(v) Master cone selection	-	20 marks
C. Viva Voce	:	100 Marks
<i>i. Viva-Voce examination</i>	:	80 marks
All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expression, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.		
<i>ii. Pedagogy Exercise</i>	:	20 marks
A topic be given to each candidate in the beginning of clinical examination. He/she is asked to make a presentation on the topic for 8-10 minutes.		

5. ORTHODONTICS AND DENTOFACIAL ORTHOPEDICS

OBJECTIVES:

The training programme in Orthodontics is to structure and achieve the following four objectives

Knowledge:

1. The dynamic interaction of biologic processes and mechanical forces acting on the stomatognathic system during orthodontic treatment
2. The etiology, pathophysiology, diagnosis and treatment planning of various common Orthodontic problems
3. Various treatment modalities in Orthodontics – preventive, interceptive and corrective.
4. Basic sciences relevant to the practice of Orthodontics
5. Interaction of social, cultural, economic, genetic and environmental factors and their relevance to management of oro – facial deformities
6. Factors affecting the long-range stability of orthodontic correction and their management
7. Personal hygiene and infection control, prevention of cross infection and safe disposal of hospital waste, keeping in view the high prevalence of Hepatitis and HIV and other highly contagious diseases.

Skills:

1. To obtain proper clinical history, methodical examination of the patient, perform essential diagnostic procedures, and interpret them and arrive at a reasonable diagnosis about the Dento-facial deformities.
2. To be competent to fabricate and manage the most appropriate appliance – intra or extra oral, removable or fixed, mechanical or functional, and active or passive – for the treatment of any orthodontic problem to be treated singly or as a part of multidisciplinary treatment of oro-facial deformities.

Attitude:

1. Develop an attitude to adopt ethical principles in all aspects of Orthodontic practice.
2. Professional honesty and integrity are to be fostered
3. Treatment care is to be delivered irrespective of the social status, cast, creed and religion of the patients.
4. Willingness to share the knowledge and clinical experience with professional colleagues
5. Willingness to adopt, after a critical assessment, new methods and techniques of orthodontic management developed from time to time based on scientific research, which are in the best interest of the patient
6. Respect patients' rights and privileges, including patients right to information and right to seek a second opinion
7. Develop attitude to seek opinion from allied medical and dental specialists as and when required

Communication Skills:

1. Develop adequate communication skills particularly with the patients giving them the various options available to manage a particular Dento-facial problem and to obtain a true informed consent from them for the most appropriate treatment available at that point of time.
2. Develop the ability to communicate with professional colleagues, in Orthodontics or other specialties through various media like correspondence, Internet, e-video, conference, etc. to render the best possible treatment.

COURSE CONTENT:

The program outlined, addresses both the knowledge needed in Orthodontics and allied Medical specialties in its scope.

Spread of the Curriculum:**PART-I:****A. Applied Basic Sciences:****Applied Anatomy:**

- a. Prenatal growth of head:
Stages of embryonic development, origin of head, origin of face, origin of teeth.
- b. Postnatal growth of head:
Bones of skull, the oral cavity, development of chin, the hyoid bone, general growth of head, growth of the face.
- c. Bone growth:
Origin of bone, composition of bone, units of bone structure, schedule of Ossification, mechanical properties of bone, roentgen graphic appearance of bone
- d. Assessment of growth and development:
Growth prediction, growth spurts, the concept of normality and growth increments of growth, differential growth, gradient of growth, methods of gathering growth data. Theories of growth and recent advances, factors affecting physical growth.
- e. Muscles of mastication:
Development of muscles, muscle change during growth, muscle function and facial development, muscle function and malocclusion
- f. Development of dentition and occlusion:
Dental development periods, order of tooth eruption, chronology of permanent tooth formation, periods of occlusal development, pattern of occlusion.
- g. Assessment of skeletal age.

Physiology:

- a. Endocrinology and its disorders:
Growth hormone, thyroid hormone, parathyroid hormone, ACTH.
- b. Calcium and its metabolism:
- c. Nutrition-metabolism and their disorders:
Proteins, carbohydrates, fats, vitamins and minerals
- d. Muscle physiology:
- e. Craniofacial Biology:
Adhesion molecules and mechanism of adhesion
- f. Bleeding disorders in orthodontics: Hemophilia

Dental Materials:

- a. Gypsum products:
Dental plaster, dental stone and their properties, setting reaction etc.
- b. Impression materials:
Impression materials in general and particularly of alginate impression material.
- c. Acrylics:
Chemistry, composition physical properties

- d. Composites:
Composition types, properties, setting reaction
- e. Banding and bonding cements:
- f. Wrought metal alloys:
Deformation, strain hardening, annealing, recovery, recrystallization, grain growth, properties of metal alloys
- g. Orthodontic arch wires
- h. Elastics:
Latex and non-latex elastics.
- i. Applied physics, Bioengineering and metallurgy:
- j. Specification and tests methods used for materials used in Orthodontics:
- k. Survey of all contemporary literature and recent advances in above mentioned materials:

Genetics:

- a. Cell structure, DNA, RNA, protein synthesis, cell division
- b. Chromosomal abnormalities
- c. Principles of orofacial genetics
- d. Genetics in malocclusion
- e. Molecular basis of genetics
- f. Studies related to malocclusion
- g. Recent advances in genetics related to malocclusion
- h. Genetic counseling
- i. Bioethics and relationship to Orthodontic management of patients.

Physical Anthropology:

- a. Evolutionary development of dentition
- b. Evolutionary development of jaws.

Pathology:

- a. Inflammation
- b. Necrosis

Biostatistics:

- a. Statistical principles
 - Data Collection
 - Method of presentation
 - Method of Summarizing
 - Methods of analysis – different tests/errors
- b. Sampling and Sampling technique
- c. Experimental models, design and interpretation
- d. Development of skills for preparing clear concise and cogent scientific abstracts and publication

Applied Research Methodology In Orthodontics:

- a. Experimental design
- b. Animal experimental protocol
- c. Principles in the development, execution and interpretation of methodologies in Orthodontics
- d. Critical Scientific appraisal of literature.

Applied Pharmacology

Definitions & terminologies used – Dosage and mode of administration of drugs. Action and fate of drugs in the body, Drug addiction, tolerance and hypersensitive reactions, Drugs acting on the central nervous system, general anesthetics hypnotics, analeptics and tranquilizers. Local anesthetics, Chemotherapeutics and antibiotics. Vitamins: A, D, B – complex group, C & K etc.

PART-II:

Paper-I:Basic Orthodontics

OrthodonticHistory:

- a. Historical perspective,
- b. Evolution of orthodontic appliances,
- c. Pencil sketch history of Orthodontic peers
- d. History of Orthodontics in India

Concepts of Occlusion and Esthetics:

- a. Structure and function of all anatomic components of occlusion,
- b. Mechanics of articulation,
- c. Recording of masticatory function,
- d. Diagnosis of Occlusal dysfunction,
- e. Relationship of TMJ anatomy and pathology and related neuromuscular physiology.

Etiology and Classification of Malocclusion:

- a. A comprehensive review of the local and systemic factors in the causation of malocclusion
- b. Various classifications of malocclusion

Dentofacial Anomalies:

- a. Anatomical, physiological and pathological characteristics of major groups of developmental defects of the orofacial structures.

Diagnostic Procedures and Treatment Planning in Orthodontics:

- a. Emphasis on the process of data gathering, synthesis and translating it into a treatment plan
- b. Problem cases – analysis of cases and its management
- c. Adult cases, handicapped and mentally retarded cases and their special problems
- d. Critique of treated cases.

Cephalometrics

- a. Instrumentation
- b. Image processing
- c. Tracing and analysis of errors and applications
- d. Radiation hazards
- e. Advanced Cephalometrics techniques including digital cephalometrics
- f. Comprehensive review of literature
- g. Video imaging principles and application.

Practice Management in Orthodontics:

- a. Economics and dynamics of solo and group practices
- b. Personal management
- c. Materials management
- d. Public relations

- e. Professional relationship
- f. Dental ethics and jurisprudence
- g. Office sterilization procedures
- h. Community based Orthodontics.

Paper-II: Clinical Orthodontics

Myofunctional Orthodontics:

- a. Basic principles
- b. Contemporary appliances –design, manipulation and management
- c. Case selection and evaluation of the treatment results
- d. Review of the current literature.

Dentofacial Orthopedics:

- a. Principles
- b. Biomechanics
- c. Appliance design and manipulation
- d. Review of contemporary literature

Cleft lip and palate rehabilitation:

- a. Diagnosis and treatment planning
- b. Mechanotherapy
- c. Special growth problems of cleft cases
- d. Speech physiology, pathology and elements of therapy as applied to orthodontics
- e. Team rehabilitative procedures.

Biology of tooth movement:

- a. Principles of tooth movement-review
- b. Review of contemporary literature
- c. Applied histophysiology of bone, periodontal ligament
- d. Molecular and ultra cellular consideration in tooth movement

Orthodontic / Orthognathic surgery:

- a. Orthodontist's role in conjoint diagnosis and treatment planning
- b. Pre and post-surgical Orthodontics
- c. Participation in actual clinical cases, progress evaluation and post retention study
- d. Review of current literature

Ortho / Perio / Prostho/Endo inter relationship:

- a. Principles of interdisciplinary patient treatment
- b. Common problems and their management

Basic principles of mechanotherapy includes removable appliances and fixed appliances:

- a. Design
- b. Construction
- c. Fabrication
- d. Management
- e. Review of current literature on treatment methods and results

Applied preventive aspects in Orthodontics:

- a. Caries and periodontal disease prevention
- b. Oral hygiene measures

- c. Clinical procedures

Interceptive Orthodontics:

- a. Principles
- b. Growth guidance
- c. Diagnosis and treatment planning
- d. Therapy emphasis on:
 - Dento-facial problems
 - Tooth material discrepancies
 - Minor surgery for Orthodontics

Evidence Based Orthodontics:

Different types of fixed Mechanotherapy:

Orthodontic Management of TMJ problems, sleep-apnoea etc.:

Retention and relapse:

- a. Mechanotherapy – special reference to stability of results with various procedures
- b. Post retention analysis
- c. Review of contemporary literature

Recent Advances :

- a. Use of implants
- b. Lasers
- c. Application of F.E.M.
- d. Distraction Osteogenesis
- e. Invisible Orthodontics
- f. 3D imaging Digital Orthodontics, Virtual Treatment Planning
- g. CAD-CAM bracket Customization
- h. Robotic Wire Bending
- i. Accelerated Orthodontics
 - Surgical
 - Device assisted or mechanical stimulation
 - Biochemical Mediators
- j. Lingual Orthodontics

Paper-III: Essays (descriptive and analyzing type questions)

PRE – CLINICAL EXERCISES

(Should be completed within 3 months)

A general outline of the type of exercises is given here:

1. General Wire bending exercises to develop the manual dexterity.
2. Clasps, Bows and springs used in the removable appliances.
3. Soldering and welding exercises.
4. Fabrication of removable, habit breaking, mechanical and functional appliances, also all types of space maintainers and space regainers.
5. Bonwill Hawley Ideal arch preparation.
6. Construction of orthodontic models trimmed and polished.
7. Cephalometric tracing and various Analyses, also superimposition methods –
8. Fixed appliance typodont exercises.

- a) Training shall be imparted in one basic technique i.e. Standard Edgewise / Begg technique or its derivative / Straight wire etc., with adequate exposure to other techniques.
- b) Typodont exercise
 - Band making
 - Bracket positioning and placement
 - Different stages in treatment appropriate to technique taught
9. Clinical photography
10. Computerized imaging
11. Preparation of surgical splints, and splints for TMJ problems.
12. Handling of equipment like vacuum forming appliances and hydro solder etc.

Basic Pre-Clinical Exercise Work for the MDS Students:

1. Clasps:

Sl.No	Exercise	No.
1	¾ Clasps	1
2.	Triangular Clasps	1
3.	Adam's clasp	2
4.	Modification of Adam's – With Helix	2
5.	Southend Clasp	1

2. Labial Bows:

Sl.No.	Exercise	No.
1	Short labial bow (upper & lower)	1
2	Long labial bow (upper & lower)	1
3.	Split high labial bow	1

3. Springs:

Sl.No.	Exercise	No.
1	Double cantilever spring	1
2	Coffin spring	1
3	T spring	1

4. Appliances:

Sl.No.	Exercise	No.
1.	Hawley's retention appliance with anterior bite plane	1
2.	Upper Hawley's appliance with posterior bite plane	1
3.	Upper expansion appliance with expansion screw	1
4.	Habit breaking appliance with tongue crib	1
5.	Oral screen and double oral screen	1
6.	Lip bumper	1
7.	Splint for Bruxism	1
8.	Catalans appliance	1
9.	Activator	1
10.	Bionator	1
11.	Frankel-FR 1 & 2 appliance	2
12.	Twin block	1
13.	Lingual arch	1
14.	TPA	1

15.	Quad helix	1
16.	Utility arches	1
17.	Pendulum appliance	1
18.	Canine Retractor(Marcotte & PG Spring)	1

5. Soldering exercises:

Sl.No.	Exercise	No.
1	Star/Comb/Christmas tree	1

6. Study model preparation:

7. Model analysis – Mixed and permanent Dentition:

8. Cephalometrics:

Sl.No.	Exercise
1	Lateral cephalogram to be traced in different colors and super imposed to see the accuracy of tracing
2	Vertical and Antero-Posterior Cephalometric analysis
3	Soft tissue analysis – Holdaway and Burstone
4	Various superimposition methods

9. Basics of Clinical Photography including Digital Photography:

10. Typodont exercises: Begg or P.E.A. method/Basic Edgewise:

Sl.No	Exercise
1	Teeth setting in Class-II division I malocclusion with maxillary anterior Proclination and mandibular anterior crowding
2	Band pinching, welding brackets and buccal tubes to the bands
3	Different Stages dependent on the applied technique

CLINICAL WORK:

Once the basic pre-clinical work is completed in three months, the students can take up clinical cases and the clinical training.

Each postgraduate student should start with a minimum of 50 fixed orthodontics cases and 20 removable including myofunctional cases of his/her own. Additionally he/she should handle a minimum of 25 transferred cases.

The type of cases can be as follows:

- Removable active appliances
- Class-I malocclusion with Crowding
- Class-I malocclusion with bi-maxillary protrusion
- Class-II division – 1
- Class-II division – 2
- Class-III (Orthopedic, Surgical, Orthodontic cases)
- Inter disciplinary cases
- Removable functional appliance cases like activator, Bionator, functional regulator, twin block and new developments
- Fixed functional appliances – Herbst appliance, jasper jumper etc
- Dento-facial orthopedic appliances like head gears, rapid maxillary expansion, NiTi expander etc.,
- Appliance for arch development such as molar distalization

- Fixed mechano therapy cases (Begg, PEA, Tip edge, Edgewise, lingual)
- Retention procedures of above treated cases.

Scheme of examination:

A. Theory: Part-I: Basic Sciences Paper	-	100 Marks
Part-II: Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III	-	300 Marks
		(100 Marks for each Paper)

Written examination shall consist of Basic Sciences Paper (Part-I) of three hours duration and should be conducted at the end of First year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will be conducted at the end of Third year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will consist of Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III, each of three hours duration. Paper-I & Paper-II shall consist of two long answer questions carrying 25 marks each and five questions carrying 10 marks each. Paper-III will be on Essays. In Paper-III three Questions will be given and student has to answer any two questions. Each question carries 50 marks. Questions on recent advances may be asked in any or all the papers. Distribution of topics for each paper will be as follows: *

PART-I: Applied Basic Sciences: Applied anatomy, Physiology, Dental Materials, Genetics, Pathology, Physical Anthropology, Applied Research methodology, Bio-Statistics and Applied Pharmacology.

PART-II

Paper I: Orthodontic history, Concepts of occlusion and esthetics, Child and Adult Psychology, Etiology and classification of malocclusion, Dentofacial Anomalies, Diagnostic procedures and treatment planning in Orthodontics, Practice management in Orthodontics

Paper II : Clinical Orthodontics

Paper III : Essays (descriptive and analyzing type questions)

* *The topics assigned to the different papers are generally evaluated under those sections. However a strict division of the subject may not be possible and some overlapping of topics is inevitable. Students should be prepared to answer overlapping topics.*

B. Practical / Clinical Examination : **200 Marks**

Exercise No: 1 **50 Marks**

Functional Case :

Selection of case for functional appliance and recording of construction bite.
Fabrication and delivery of the appliance the next day.

Exercise No: 2 : **50 Marks**

1. III stage with auxiliary springs/Wire bending of any stage of fixed orthodontics (OR)
2. Bonding of SWA brackets and construction of suitable arch wire.

Exercise No. 3 **75 Marks**

Display of records of the treated cases
(Minimum of 5 cases)

Exercise No: 4 **25 Marks**

Long case discussions

Time allotted for each exercise:

No	Exercise	Marks allotted	Approximate Time
1	Functional appliance	50	1 hour (each day)
2	III stage mechanics / Bonding and arch wire fabrication	50	1 hr 30 min
3	Display of case records (a minimum of 5 cases to be presented along with all the patients and records)	75	1 hour
4	Long cases	25	2 hours

Note: The complete records of all the cases should be displayed (including transferred cases)

C. Viva Voce : **100 Marks**
i. Viva-Voce examination: **80 marks**

All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expression, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.

ii. Pedagogy Exercise: **20 marks**
 A topic be given to each candidate in the beginning of clinical examination. He/she is asked to make a presentation on the topic for 8-10 minutes.

6. ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL PATHOLOGY AND ORAL MICROBIOLOGY

Objectives:

- To train a post graduate dental surgeon so as to ensure higher competence in both general and special pathology dealing with the nature of oral diseases, their causes, processes and effects.
- An oral pathologist is expected to perform routine histopathological evaluation of specimens relating to oral and perioral tissues, to carry out routine diagnostic procedures including hematological, cytological, microbiological, Immunological and ultra structural investigations.
- He/she is expected to have an understanding of current research methodology, collection and interpretation of data, ability to carry out research projects on clinical and or epidemiological aspects, a working knowledge on current databases, automated data retrieval systems, referencing and skill in writing scientific papers.
- He/she is expected to present scientific data pertaining to the field, in conferences both as poster and verbal presentations and totake part in group discussions.

Teaching / Learning Activities:

Broad Outline of Theoretical, Clinical and Practical Courses

I MDS:

1. *Biostatistics and Research Methodology:*

- Basic principles of biostatistics and study as applied to dentistry and research
- Collection/ organization of data/ measurement scales / presentation of data and analysis
- Measures of central tendency
- Measures of variability
- Sampling and planning of health survey
- Probability, normal distribution & indicative statistics
- Estimating population values
- Tests of significance(parametric/non-parametric qualitative methods)
- Analysis of variance
- Association, correlation and regression

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures

2. *Applied Gross Anatomy of head and neck, histology and genetics :*

- Temporo-mandibular joint
- Trigeminal nerve and facial nerve
- Muscles of mastication
- Tongue
- Salivary glands
- Nerve supply, blood supply, lymphatic drainage & venous drainage of oro-dental tissues
- Development of face, palate, mandible, maxilla, tongue and applied aspects of the same
- Development of teeth & dental tissues and developmental defects of oral and maxilla-facial region & abnormalities of teeth
- Maxillary sinus
- Jaw muscles and facial muscles

- Introduction to genetics
- Modes of inheritance
- Chromosomal anomalies of oral tissues & single gene disorders

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures
- Postings in the Department of Anatomy for dissection of Head, Face and Neck

3. *Physiology (General & Oral) :*

- Saliva
- Pain
- Mastication
- Taste
- Deglutition
- Wound healing
- Vitamins (influence on growth, development and structure of oral soft and hard tissues & paraoral tissues)
- Calcium metabolism
- Theories of mineralization
- Tooth eruption and shedding
- Blood and its constituents
- Hormones (influence on growth, development and structure of oral soft and hard tissues & paraoral tissues)

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures

4. *Cell Biology :*

- Cell structure and function (ultra structural & molecular aspects)
- Intercellular junctions
- Cell cycle and division
- Cell cycle regulators
- Cell–cell & cell-extracellular matrix interactions
- Detailed molecular aspects of DNA,RNA and intracellular organelles, transcription and translation and molecular biology techniques

Approach:

- Seminars & Didactic Lectures

5. *General Histology :*

- Light & electron microscopy considerations of epithelial tissues and glands,bone.
- Light & electron microscopy considerations of hemopoetic system, lymphatic system, muscle, neural tissue, endocrinal system (thyroid, pituitary, parathyroid)

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures
- Postings in the Department of Anatomy & Histology for slide discussion
- Record book to be maintained

6. *Biochemistry :*

- Chemistry of carbohydrates, lipids and proteins

- Methods of identification and purification
- Metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids and proteins
- Biological oxidation
- Various techniques-cell fractionation and ultra filtration, centrifugation, electrophoresis, spectrophotometry and radioactive techniques

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures
- Postings in the Department of Biochemistry to familiarize with various techniques
- Record book to be maintained

7. General Pathology :

- Inflammation and chemical mediator
- Thrombosis
- Embolism
- Necrosis
- Repair
- Degeneration
- Shock
- Hemorrhage
- Pathogenic mechanisms at molecular level
- Blood dyscrasias
- Carcinogenesis and neoplasia

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures & Seminars

8. General Microbiology :

- Definitions of various types of infections
- Routes of infection and spread
- Sterilization ,disinfection and antiseptics
- Bacterial genetics
- Physiology, growth of microorganisms

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures & Seminars

9. Basic Immunology :

- Basic principles of immunity, antigen and antibody reaction
- Cell mediated and humoral immunity
- Immunology of hypersensitivity
- Immunological basis of auto immune phenomena
- Immunodeficiency with relevance to opportunistic infections
- Basic principles of transplantation and tumor immunity

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures & Seminars

10. Systemic Microbiology / Applied Microbiology :

Morphology, classification, pathogenicity, mode of transmission, methods of prevention, collection and transport of specimen for laboratory diagnosis, staining methods, common culture media, interpretation of laboratory reports and antibiotic sensitivity tests.

- Staphylococci
- Streptococci
- Corynebacterium diphtheria
- Mycobacteria
- Clostridia, bacteroids & fusobacteria
- Actinomycetales
- Spirochetes
- General structure, broad classification of viruses, pathogenesis, pathology of viral infections
- Herpes virus
- Hepatitis virus
- HIV
- General properties of fungi
- Superficial, subcutaneous, deep opportunistic infections
- General principles of fungal infections, method of collection of samples, diagnosis and examination of fungi

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures & Seminars
- Postings in the Department of Microbiology to familiarize with relevant diagnostic methods
- Record book to be maintained

11. Oral biology (Oral and Dental Histology) :

- Study of morphology of permanent and deciduous teeth
- Structure and function of oral, dental and paraoral tissues including their ultra structure, molecular and biochemical aspects

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures & Seminars
- Slide discussion on histological appearance of normal oral tissues
- Record book to be maintained

12. Basic Histo-Techniques and Microscopy :

- Routine hematological tests and clinical significance of the same
- Biopsy procedures for oral lesions
- Tissue processing
- Microtome and principles of microtomy
- Various stains used in histopathology and their applications
- Microscope, principles and theories of microscopy
- Light microscopy and various other types including electron microscopy
- Fixation and fixatives
- Ground sections and decalcified sections
- Cytological smears

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures & Seminars
- Postings in Clinical Pathology and Microbiology for relevant training
- Preparation of Ground and decalcified sections, tissue processing, sectioning and staining
- Tooth Carving (Permanent Dentition)
- Record book to be maintained

II MDS:**1. Oral and Dental Pathology:**

- Developmental disorders of oral and paraoral structures
- Potentially malignant disorders
- Benign and malignant tumors of the oral cavity
- Odontogenic cysts and tumors
- Pathology of salivary glands
- Regressive alterations of teeth
- Bacterial, fungal, viral and protozoal infections of the oral cavity
- Dental caries
- Diseases of pulp and periapical region
- Spread of oral infection
- Healing of oral wounds
- Physical and chemical injuries of oral cavity
- Oral aspects of metabolic diseases
- Diseases of bones and joints
- Diseases of skin and mucous membrane
- Diseases of periodontia
- Diseases of blood and blood forming organs
- Diseases of nerves and muscles
- Oro-facial pain
- Immunological diseases of oral cavity including tumor immunology
- Molecular pathology
- Oral Microbiology

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures & Seminars
- Postings in the Department of Dermatology of a Medical College
- Postings in a Cancer Centre

2. Basic histo-techniques and microscopy:

- Enzyme histochemistry
- Principles, techniques and applications of immunofluorescence
- Principles, techniques and applications of immunohistochemistry
- Preparation of frozen sections
- Museum set up
- Quality control
- Animal models

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures & Seminars
- Training to be imparted in the Department or in other institutions having the facility
- Visit to the centre of animal experimentation to be familiarize with laboratory techniques, upkeep and care of animals
- Record book to be maintained

3. Recent Molecular Techniques:

- Basic principles, techniques and applications of –
 - PCR
 - BLOTS
 - Hybridization
 - Recombinant DNA technology
 - Micro array
 - DNA sequencing
 - Cell culture and cloning

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures & Seminars
- Training to be imparted in the Department or in other institutions having the facility
- Record book to be maintained

4. Recording of Case History and Clinico-Pathological Discussions:

Approach:

- Postings in the Department of Oral Medicine, Diagnosis & Radiology
- Record of minimum 10 case histories to be maintained

5. Histopathology – Slide discussion:

- Record book to be maintained

III MDS:

- Forensic odontology
- Giant cell lesions
- Clear cell lesions
- Round cell lesions
- Spindle cell lesions
- Pigmented lesions
- Fibro-osseous lesions
- Mechanism of formation and expansion of cysts of orofacial region
- Mechanism of growth and metastasis of tumors
- Lab diagnosis of bacterial infections
- Lab diagnosis of viral infections
- Lab diagnosis of fungal infections
- Hamartomas
- Phakomatoses
- Vascular tumors of oro-facial region
- Genodermatoses
- Tumor markers
- Histogenesis of salivary gland tumors
- Tumor angiogenesis
- Concept of premalignancy
- Blue cell lesions
- Molecular basics of oral squamous cell carcinoma
- Matrix remodelling in pathological condition
- Etiopathogenesis of developmental defects of teeth
- Viral oncogenesis
- Lesions associated with impacted and missing teeth
- Syndromes affecting oro-facial region
- Hereditary oral defects

- Techniques to assess the prognosis of neoplastic lesions
- Vesiculo-bullous lesions
- Lymphoreticular malignancy
- Haemopoietic malignancy
- Micronutrients
- Oral aspects of metabolic disorders
- Hormones and oro-maxillofacial lesions
- Matrix metalloproteinases
- Current concepts in HIV related oral diseases
- Current concepts in OSMF
- Epithelial –connective tissue interaction
- Stem cell research

Approach:

- Didactic Lectures & Seminars
- Postings in the Department of Forensic Medicine / Sciences
- Record book to be maintained

Monitoring Learning Progress:

It is essential to monitor the learning progress of each candidate through continuous appraisal and regular assessment. It not only helps teachers to evaluate students, but also students to evaluate themselves. The monitoring should be done by the staff of the department based on participation of students in various teaching / learning activities. It may be structured and assessment is done using checklists that assess various aspects. Checklists are given in Section IV.

Scheme of Examination:

A. Theory: Part-I: Basic Sciences Paper	-	100 Marks
Part-II: Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III	-	300 Marks
		(100 Marks for each Paper)

Written examination shall consist of Basic Sciences Paper (Part-I) of three hours duration and should be conducted at the end of First year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will be conducted at the end of Third year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will consist of Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III, each of three hours duration. Paper-I & Paper-II shall consist of two long answer questions carrying 25 marks each and five questions carrying 10 marks each. Paper-III will be on Essays. Three Questions will be given and student has to answer any two questions. Each question carries 50 marks. Questions on recent advances may be asked in any or all the papers. Distribution of topics for each paper will be as follows: *

PART-I : Applied Basic Sciences: Applied Anatomy, Physiology (General and oral), Cell Biology, General Histology, Biochemistry, General Pathology, General Pharmacology specially related to drug induced oral mucosal lesions, General and systemic Microbiology, Virology, Mycology, Basic Immunology, Oral Biology (Oral and Dental Histology), Biostatistics and Research Methodology

PART-II

Paper-I : Oral pathology, Oral Microbiology & Immunology and Forensic Odontology
Paper-II : Laboratory techniques & Diagnosis and Oral Oncology
Paper-III : Essays (descriptive and analyzing type questions)

* The topics assigned to the different papers are generally evaluated under those sections. However a strict division of the subject may not be possible and some overlapping of topics is inevitable. Students should be prepared to answer overlapping topics.

B. Practical/Clinical Examination	– 200 Marks
1. Case Presentation	
a) Long case	– 20 marks
b) Short case	– 10 marks
2. Clinical Hematology (any two investigations)	– 20 Marks
Hb%, bleeding time, clotting time, Total WBC count, Differential WBC count and ESR	
3. Smear Presentation	– 20 marks
Cytology or microbial smear and staining	
4. Paraffin sectioning and H & E Staining	– 30 Marks
5. Histopathology slide discussion	– 100 Marks
C. Viva Voce	– 100 Marks
i. Viva-Voce examination	– 80 marks
All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expression, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents.	
ii. Pedagogy Exercise	– 20 marks
A topic be given to each candidate in the beginning of clinical examination. He/she is asked to make a presentation on the topic for 8-10 minutes.	

7. PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of 3 years of training the candidate should be able to:

Knowledge:

- Applied basic sciences knowledge regarding etiology, diagnosis and management of the prevention, promotion and treatment of all the oral conditions at the individual and community level.
- Identify social, economic, environmental and emotional determinants in a given individual patient or a community for the purpose of planning and execution of Community Oral Health Program.
- Ability to conduct Oral Health Surveys in order to identify all the oral health problems affecting the community and find solutions using multi – disciplinary approach.
- Ability to act as a consultant in community Oral Health, teach, guide and take part in research (both basic and clinical), present and publish the outcome at various scientific conferences and journals, both national and international level.

Skills:

The candidate should be able to

1. Take history, conduct clinical examination including all diagnostic procedures to arrive at diagnosis at the individual level and conduct survey of the community at state and national level of all conditions related to oral health to arrive at community diagnosis.
2. Plan and perform all necessary treatment, prevention and promotion of Oral Health at the individual and community level.
3. Plan appropriate Community Oral Health Program, conduct the program and evaluate, at the community level.
4. Ability to make use of knowledge of epidemiology to identify causes and plan appropriate preventive and control measures.
5. Develop appropriate person power at various levels and their effective utilization.
6. Conduct survey and use appropriate methods to impart Oral Health Education.
7. Develop ways of helping the community towards easy payment plan, and followed by evaluation for their oral health care needs.
8. Develop the planning, implementation, evaluation and administrative skills to carry out successful community Oral Health Programs.

Values:

1. Adopt ethical principles in all aspects of Community Oral Health Activities.
2. To apply ethical and moral standards while carrying out epidemiological researches.
3. Develop communication skills, in particular to explain the causes and prevention of oral diseases to the patient.
4. Be humble and accept the limitations in his knowledge and skill and to ask for help from colleagues when needed and promote teamwork approach.
5. Respect patient's rights and privileges including patients right to information and right to seek a second opinion.

COURSE CONTENTS:

A) Applied Basic Sciences:**Applied Anatomy and Histology:**

a) Applied Anatomy in relation to:

- Development of face
- Bronchial arches
- Muscles of facial expression
- Muscles of mastication
- TMJ
- Salivary gland
- Tongue
- Hard and soft palate
- Infratemporal fossa
- Paranasal air sinuses
- Pharynx and larynx
- Cranial and spinal nerves- with emphasis on trigeminal, facial, glossopharyngeal and hypoglossal nerve
- Osteology of maxilla and mandible
- Blood supply, venous and lymphatic drainage of head and neck
- Lymph nodes of head and neck
- Structure and relations of alveolar process and edentulous mouth
- Genetics-fundamentals

b) Oral Histology:

- Development of dentition, Innervations of dentin and pulp
- Periodontium-development, histology, blood supply, nerve supply and lymphatic drainage
- Oral mucous membrane
- Pulp-periodontal complex

Applied Physiology and Biochemistry:

- Cell
- Mastication and deglutition
- Food and nutrition
- Metabolism of carbohydrates, proteins and fats
- Vitamins and minerals
- Saliva and Oral health
- Fluid and electrolyte balance
- Pain pathway and mechanism-types, properties
- Blood composition and functions, clotting mechanism and erythropoiesis, Blood groups and transfusions, Pulse and blood pressure,
- Dynamics of blood flow
- Cardiovascular homeostasis-heart sounds
- Respiratory system: Normal physiology and variations in health and diseases, Asphyxia and artificial respiration
- Endocrinology: thyroid, parathyroid, adrenals, pituitary, sex hormones and pregnancy, Endocrine regulation of blood sugar.

Applied Pathology:

- Pathogenic mechanism of molecular level
- Cellular changes following injury
- Inflammation and chemical mediators
- Oedema, thrombosis and embolism
- Hemorrhage and shock
- Neoplasia and metastasis
- Blood disorders
- Histopathology and pathogenesis of dental caries, periodontal disease, oral mucosal lesions, and malignancies
- HIV
- Propagation of dental infection

Microbiology:

- Microbial flora of oral cavity
- Bacteriology of dental caries and periodontal disease
- Methods of sterilization
- Infection control in dental office / camps
- Virology of HIV, herpes, hepatitis
- Parasitology
- Basic immunology – basic concepts of immune system in human body
 - Cellular and humoral immunity
 - Antigen and antibody system
 - Hypersensitivity
 - Autoimmune diseases

Oral Pathology:

- Detailed description of diseases affecting the oral mucosa, teeth, supporting tissues and jaws.

Physical and Social Anthropology:

Anthropology is a part of Social Sciences, which also constitutes behavioral sciences i.e., Psychology and Sociology. Behavioral Sciences has been mentioned in Public Health.

- Introduction and definition
- Appreciation of the biological basis of health and disease
- Evolution of human race, various studies of different races by anthropological methods

Applied Pharmacology:

- Definition, scope and relations to other branches of medicine, mode of action, bioassay, standardization, pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics.
- Chemotherapy of bacterial infections and viral infections – sulphonamides and antibiotics.
- Local anesthesia
- Analgesics and anti-inflammatory drugs
- Hypnotics, tranquilizers and antipyretics
- Important hormones-ACTH, cortisone, insulin and oral antidiabetics.
- Drug addiction and tolerance
- Important pharmacological agents in connection with autonomic nervous system-adrenaline, noradrenaline, atropine
- Brief mention of antihypertensive drugs
- Emergency drugs in dental practice
- Vitamins and haemopoietic drugs

- Effect of drugs on oral health

Research Methodology and Biostatistics:

Health Informatics– basic understanding of computers and its components, operating software (Windows), Microsoft office, preparation of teaching materials like slides, project, multimedia knowledge. Operative skills in analyzing the data.

Research Methodology – definitions, types of research, designing written protocol for research, objectivity in methodology, quantification, records and analysis.

Biostatistics – introduction, applications, uses and limitations of bio – statistics in Public Health dentistry, collection of data, presentation of data, measures of central tendency, measures of dispersion, methods of summarizing, parametric and non parametric tests of significance, correlation and regression, multivariate analysis, sampling and sampling techniques – types, errors, bias, trial and calibration

B) Public Health

Public Health:

- Definition, concepts and philosophy of dental health
- History of public health in India and at international level
- Terminologies used in public health

Health:

- Definition, concepts and philosophy of health
- Health indicators
- Health determinants
- Community and its characteristics and relation to health

Disease:

- Definition, concepts
- Multifactorial causation, natural history, risk factors
- Disease control and eradication, evaluation and causation, infection of specific diseases
- Vaccines and immunization

General Epidemiology:

- Definition and aims, general principles
- Multifactorial causation, natural history, risk factors
- Methods in epidemiology, descriptive, analytical, experimental and classic epidemiology of specific diseases, uses of epidemiology
- Duties of epidemiologist
- General idea of method of investigating chronic diseases, mostly non-infectious nature, epidemic, endemic, and pandemic.
- Ethical conversation in any study requirement
- New knowledge regarding ethical subjects
- Screening of diseases and standard procedures used

Environmental Health:

- Impact of important components of the environment of health
- Principles and methods of identification, evaluation and control of such health hazards
- Pollution of air, water, soil, noise, food
- Water purification, international standards of water
- Domestic and industrial toxins, ionizing radiation

- Occupational hazards
- Waster disposal- various methods and sanitation

Public Health Education:

- Definition, aims, principles of health education
- Health education, methods, models, contents, planning health education programs

Public Health Practice and Administration System in India.

Ethics and Jurisprudence:

- Basic principles of law
- Contract laws- dentist – patient relationships & Legal forms of practice
- Dental malpractice
- Person identification through dentistry
- Legal protection for practicing dentist
- Consumer protection act

Nutrition in Public Health:

- Study of science of nutrition and its application to human problem
- Nutritional surveys and their evaluations
- Influence of nutrition and diet on general health and oral health, dental caries, periodontal disease and oral cancers
- Dietary constituents and cariogenicity
- Guidelines for nutrition

Behavioral Sciences:

- Definition and introduction
- Sociology: social class, social group, family types, communities and social relationships, culture, its effect on oral health.
- Psychology: definition, development of child psychology, anxiety, fear and phobia, intelligence, learning, motivation, personalities, fear, dentist-patient relationship, modeling and experience

Hospital Administration:

- Departmental maintenance, organizational structures
- Types of practices
- Biomedical waste management

Health Care Delivery System:

- International oral health care delivery systems – Review
- Central and state system in general and oral health care delivery system if any
- National and health policy
- National health programmes
- Health Planning and Evaluation
- Primary health care – concepts, oral health in PHC and its implications
- National and international health organizations
- Dentists Act 1928, Dental council of India, Ethics, Indian Dental Association
- Role of W.H.O. and Voluntary organizations in Health Care for the Community

Oral Biology and Genetics:

- A detailed study of cell structure
- Introduction to Genetics, Gene structure, DNA, RNA
- Genetic counseling, gene typing
- Genetic approaches in the study of oral disorders

- Genetic Engineering - Answer to current health problems

Demography & Family Planning:

Demographic trends, family planning methods, milestones in population control in India.

Health Economics:

Health benefit analysis and Cost effective analysis

C) Dental Public Health:

Dental Public Health:

- History
- Definition and concepts of dental public health
- Differences between clinical and community dentistry
- Critical review of current practice
- Dental problems of specific population groups such as chronically ill, handicapped and institutionalized group

Epidemiology of Oral Diseases and Conditions:

- Dental caries, gingival, periodontal disease malocclusion, dental Fluorosis, oral cancer, TMJ disorders and other oral health related problems.

Oral Survey Procedures:

- Planning
- Implementation
- WHO basic oral health methods 1997
- Indices for dental diseases and conditions
- Evaluation

Delivery of Dental Care:

- Dental person power – dental auxiliaries
- Dentist – population ratios,
- Public dental care programs
- School dental health programs- Incremental and comprehensive care
- Private practice and group practice
- Oral health policy – National and international policy

Payment for Dental Care:

- Prepayment
- Post-payment
- Reimbursement plans
- Voluntary agencies
- Health insurance

Evaluation of Quality of Dental Care:

- Problems in public and private oral health care system program
- Evaluation of quality of services, governmental control

Preventive Dentistry:

- Levels of prevention
- Preventive oral health programs screening, health education and motivation
- Prevention of all dental diseases-dental caries, periodontal diseases, oral cancer, malocclusion and Dentofacial anomalies
- Role of dentist in prevention of oral diseases at individual and community level.
- Fluoride

- History
- Mechanism of action
- Metabolism
- Fluoride toxicity
- Fluorosis
- Systemic and topical preparations
- Advantages and disadvantages of each
- Update regarding Fluorosis
- Epidemiological studies
- Methods of fluoride supplements
- Defluoridation techniques
- Antifluoridation lobby
- Plaque control measures-
 - Health Education
 - Personal oral hygiene
 - Tooth brushing technique
 - Dentifrices, mouth rinses
- Pit and fissure sealant, ART, Preventive resin restoration
- Preventive oral health care for medically compromised individual
- Update on recent preventive modalities
- Caries vaccines
- Dietary counseling

Practice Management:

- Definition
- Principles of management of dental practice and types
- Organization and administration of dental practice
- Ethical and legal issues in dental practice
- Current trends
- Infection control in dental practice

Tobacco Counseling:

- Health Consequences
- Tobacco dependence
- Benefits of intervention
- Tobacco cessation
- Role of dentist

Health Man Power Planning:

Structured Training Schedule:

FIRST YEAR

Seminars:

- 5 seminars in basic sciences subject,
- To conduct 10 journal clubs
- Library assignment on assigned topics – 2
- Submission of synopsis for dissertation-within 6 months
- Periodic review of dissertation at two monthly intervals

Clinical Training:

1. Clinical assessment of patient

2. Learning different criteria and instruments used in various oral indices assessing oral hygiene, periodontal disease, wasting disease, flourosis and malocclusion – 5 cases each
 - Oral Hygiene Index – Greene and Vermillion
 - Oral Hygiene Index – Simplified
 - DMF – DMF (T), DMF (S)
 - def t/s
 - Fluorosis Indices – Dean’s Fluorosis Index, Tooth Surface Index for Fluorosis, Thylstrup and Fejerskov Index
 - Community Periodontal Index (CPI)
 - Plaque Index-Silness and Loe, gingival index – Loe and Silness
 - Russels periodontal disease index
 - WHO Oral Health Assessment Form – 1997
 - Carrying out treatment (under comprehensive oral health care) of 10 patients
 - maintaining complete records.

Field Programme:

- Carrying out preventive programs and health education for school children of the adopted school.
- School based preventive programs-
 - Topical Fluoride application-Sodium Fluoride, Stannous Fluoride, Acidulated Phosphate Fluoride preparations and Fluoride varnishes, Fluoride mouth rinses
 - Pit and Fissure Sealant – chemically cured (GIC), light cured
 - Minimal Invasive Treatment-Preventive Resin Restorations (PRR), Atraumatic Restorative Treatment (ART)
 - Organizing and carrying out dental camps in both urban and rural areas.
- 3. Visit to slum, water treatment plant, sewage treatment plant, and Milk dairy, Public Health Institute, Anti-Tobacco Cell, Primary Health Center and submitting reports.
- 4. In additions the postgraduate shall assist and guide the under graduate students in their clinical and field programs.

SECOND YEAR

Seminars:

- Seminars in Public Health and Dental Public Health topics
- Conducting journal clubs
- Short term research project on assigned topics – 2
- Periodic review of dissertation at monthly reviews

Clinical Training-Continuation of the Clinical Training:

1. Clinical assessment of patient
2. Learning different criteria and instruments used in various oral indices assessing oral hygiene, periodontal disease, wasting disease, flourosis and malocclusion – 5 each
 - Oral Hygiene Index – Greene and Vermillion
 - Oral Hygiene Index – Simplified
 - DMF – DMF (T), DMF (S)
 - def t/s
 - Fluorosis Indices – Dean’s Fluorosis Index, Tooth Surface Index for Fluorosis, Thylstrup and Fejerskov Index
 - Community Periodontal Index (CPI)
 - Plaque Index-Silness and Loe, gingival index – Loe and Silness
 - Russels periodontal disease index

- WHO Oral Health Assessment Form – 1987
- Carrying out treatment (under comprehensive oral health care) of 10 patients – maintaining complete records

Field Program – Continuation of Field Program:

- Carrying out school dental health education
- School based preventive programs-
 - Topical Fluoride application-Sodium Fluoride, Stannous Fluoride, Acidulated Phosphate Fluoride preparations and Fluoride varnishes, Fluoride mouth rinses
 - Pit and Fissure Sealant – chemically cured (GIC), light cured
 - Minimal Invasive Treatment-Preventive Resin Restorations (PRR), Atraumatic Restorative Treatment (ART)
 - Organizing and carrying out dental camps in both urban and rural areas.
- Assessing oral health status of various target groups like School children, Expectant mothers Handicapped, Underprivileged, and geriatric populations. Planning dental manpower and financing dental health care for the above group.
- Application of the following preventive measures in clinic-10 Cases each.
 - Topical Fluoride application – Sodium Fluoride, Stannous Fluoride, Acidulated Phosphate Fluoride preparations and Fluoride varnishes.
 - Pit and Fissure Sealant
- Planning total health care for school children in an adopted school:
 - Periodic surveying of school children
 - Incremental dental care
 - Comprehensive dental care
- Organizing and conducting community oral health surveys for all oral conditions-3 surveys
- In addition the post graduate shall assist and guide the under graduate students in their clinical and field programs
- To take lecture classes (2) for Undergraduate students in order to learn teaching methods (pedagogy) on assigned topic.

THIRD YEAR:

Seminars:

- Seminars on recent advances in Preventive Dentistry and Dental Public Health
- Critical evaluation of scientific articles – 10 articles
- Completion and submission of dissertation

Clinical Training:

- Clinical assessment of patient
- Learning different criteria and instruments used in various oral indices assessing oral hygiene, periodontal disease, wasting disease, fluorosis and malocclusion – 5 each
 - Oral Hygiene Index – Greene and Vermillion
 - Oral Hygiene Index – Simplified
 - DMF – DMF (T), DMF (S)
 - def t/s
 - Fluorosis Indices – Dean’s Fluorosis Index, Tooth Surface Index for Fluorosis, Thylstrup and Fejerskov Index
 - Community Periodontal Index (CPI)
 - Plaque Index-Silness and Loe, gingival index – Loe and Silness
 - Russels periodontal disease index

- WHO Oral Health Assessment Form – 1987
- Carrying out treatment (under comprehensive oral health care) of 10 patients – maintaining complete records
- Carrying out school dental health education
- School based preventive programs-
 - Topical Fluoride application – Sodium Fluoride, Stannous Fluoride, Acidulated Phosphate Fluoride preparations and Fluoride varnishes.
 - Pit and Fissure Sealant
 - Minimal Invasive Techniques – Preventive Resin Restorations (PRR), Atraumatic Restorative Treatment (ART)
- To take lecture classes (2) for Undergraduate students in order to learn teaching methods (pedagogy) on assigned topic
- Exercise on solving community health problems – 10 problems
- Application of the following preventive measures in clinic – 10 cases each.
 - Topical Fluoride application – Sodium Fluoride, Stannous Fluoride, Acidulated Phosphate Fluoride preparations
 - Pit and Fissure sealants
- Dental – health education training of school teachers, social workers, health workers,
- Posting at dental satellite centers/ nodal centers
- In addition the post graduate shall assist and guide the under graduate students in their clinical and field programs.

Monitoring Learning Process:

It is essential to monitor the learning progress of each candidate through continuous appraisal and regular assessment. It not only helps teachers to evaluate students, but also students to evaluate themselves. The monitoring be done by the staff of the department based on participation of students in various teaching / learning activities. It may be structured and assessment be done using checklists that assess various aspects. Checklists are given in Section IV.

Scheme of Examination

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Part-II: Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III	-	300 Marks
		(100 Marks for each Paper)

Written examination shall consist of Basic Sciences Paper (Part-I) of three hours duration and should be conducted at the end of First year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will be conducted at the end of Third year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will consist of Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III, each of three hours duration. Paper-I & Paper-II shall consist of two long answer questions carrying 25 marks each and five questions carrying 10 marks each. Paper-III will be on Essays. In Paper-III three Questions will be given and student has to answer any two questions. Each question carries 50 marks. Questions on recent advances may be asked in any or all the papers. Distribution of topics for each paper will be as follows: *

PART-I : Applied Basic Sciences: Applied Anatomy and Histology, Applied Physiology and Biochemistry, Applied Pathology, Microbiology, Oral Pathology, Physical and Social Anthropology, Applied Pharmacology and Research Methodology and Biostatistics.

PART-II :

Paper-I : Public Health

Paper-II : Dental Public Health

Paper-III : Essays (descriptive and analyzing type questions)

** The topics assigned to the different papers are generally evaluated under those sections. However a strict division of the subject may not be possible and some overlapping of topics is inevitable. Students should be prepared to answer overlapping topics.*

B. Practical / Clinical Examination : 200 Marks

1. Clinical examination of at least 2 patients representing the community – includes history, main complaints, examination and recording of the findings, using indices for the assessment of oral health and presentation of the observation including diagnosis, comprehensive treatment planning. (50 Marks – 1 ½ Hrs)
2. Performing (50 Marks– 1 ½ Hrs)
 - a. One of the treatment procedures as per treatment plan. (Restorative, surgical, rehabilitation)
 - b. Preventive oral health care procedure.
 - c. One of the procedures specified in the curriculum
3. Critical evaluation of a given research article published in an international journal
 - Marks – 1 Hour)
4. Problem solving – a hypothetical oral health situation existing in a community is given with sufficient data. The student as a specialist in community dentistry is expected to suggest practical solutions to the existing oral health situation of the given community. (50 Marks – 1 ½ Hours)

C. Viva Voce : 100 Marks

- i. Viva-Voce examination : 80 marks**
All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expression, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.
- ii. Pedagogy Exercise : 20 marks**
A topic be given to each candidate in the beginning of clinical examination. He/she is asked to make a presentation on the topic for 8-10 minutes.

8. PEDIATRIC AND PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of 3 years of training the candidate should be able to

1. Create not only a good oral health in the child but also a good citizen tomorrow.
2. Instill a positive attitude and behavior in children
3. Understand the principles of prevention and preventive dentistry right from birth to adolescence
4. Guide and counsel the parents in regards to various treatment modalities including different facets of preventive dentistry
5. Prevent and intercept developing malocclusion

Skills:

1. Obtain proper clinical history, methodological examination of the child patient, perform essential diagnostic procedures and interpret them. and arrive at a reasonable diagnosis and treat appropriately
2. Be competent to treat dental diseases which are occurring in child patient.
3. Manage to repair and restore the lost / tooth structure to maintain harmony between both hard and soft tissues of the oral cavity.
4. Manage the disabled children effectively and efficiently, tailored to the needs of individual requirement and conditions.
5. To acquire skills in managing efficiently life threatening conditions with emphasis on basic life support measures.

Attitudes:

1. Develop an attitude to adopt ethical principles in all aspects of Pedodontic practice.
2. Professional honesty and integrity are to be fostered
3. Treatment care is to be delivered irrespective of the social status, cast, creed, and religion of the patients.
4. Willingness to share the knowledge and clinical experience with professional colleagues.
5. Willingness to adopt, after a critical assessment, new methods and techniques of Pedodontic management developed from time to time, based on scientific research, which are in the best interest of the child patient.
6. Respect child patient's rights and privileges, including child patients right to information and right to seek a second opinion.
7. Develop an attitude to seek opinion from allied medical and dental specialities, as and when required

COURSE CONTENTS:

A) Applied Basic Sciences:

Applied Anatomy of Head and Neck:

- Anatomy of the scalp, temple and face
- Anatomy of the triangles of neck and deep structures of the neck
- Cranial and facial bones and its surrounding soft tissues with its applied aspects
- Muscles of head and neck
- Arterial supply, venous drainage and lymphatics of head and neck
- Congenital abnormalities of the head and neck
- Anatomy of the cranial nerves

- Anatomy of the tongue and its applied aspects
- Anatomy and its applied aspects of salivary glands, pharynx, thyroid and parathyroid gland, larynx, trachea, esophagus
- Autonomous nervous system of head and neck
- Functional anatomy of mastication, deglutition, speech, respiration and circulation
- TMJ: anatomy and function

Applied Physiology:

Introduction, Mastication, deglutition, digestion and assimilation, Homeostasis, fluid and electrolyte balance. Blood composition, volume, function, blood groups and hemorrhage, Blood transfusion, circulation, Heart, Pulse, Blood pressure, Normal ECG, capillary and lymphatic circulation, shock, respiration, control, anoxia, hypoxia, asphyxia, artificial respiration. Endocrine glands in particular reference to pituitary, parathyroid and thyroid glands and sex hormones. Role of calcium and Vit D in growth and development of teeth, bone and jaws. Role of Vit. A, C and B complex in oral mucosal and periodontal health. Physiology and function of the masticatory system. Speech mechanism, swallowing and deglutition mechanism, salivary glands and Saliva

Applied Pathology:

Inflammation and chemical mediators, Thrombosis, Embolism, Necrosis, Repair, Degeneration, Shock, Hemorrhage, Blood dyscrasias, Pathogenesis of Dental Caries, Periodontal diseases, tumors, oral mucosal lesions etc. in children

Applied Microbiology:

Microbiology & Immunology as related to Oral Diseases in Children: Basic concepts, immune system in human body, Auto Immune diseases and Immunology of Dental caries.

Applied Nutrition & Dietetics:

- General principles, balanced diet, effect of dietary deficiencies and starvation, protein energy, malnutrition, Kwashiorkor, Marasmus.
- Fluid and Electrolytic balance in maintaining haemostasis
- Diet, digestion, absorption, transportation and utilization

Genetics:

- Introduction to genetics
- Cell structure, DNA, RNA, protein synthesis, cell division
- Modes of inheritance
- Chromosomal anomalies of oral tissues & single gene disorders

Growth & Development:

Prenatal and Postnatal development of cranium, face, jaws, teeth and supporting structures. Chronology of dental development and development of occlusion. Dimensional changes in dental arches. Cephalometric evaluation of growth.

B) Pediatric Dentistry:

- Child Psychology:

Development & Classification of behavior, personality, intelligence in children, theories of child psychology, stages of psychological child development, fear, anxiety, apprehension & its management.

- Behavior Management: Non- pharmacological & Pharmacological methods.

- Child Abuse & Dental Neglect:
- Conscious Sedation:
- Deep Sedation & General Anesthesia in Pediatric Dentistry: (Including Other Drugs, Synergic & Antagonistic Actions of Various Drugs Used in Children)

Preventive Pedodontics:

Concepts, chair side preventive measures for dental diseases, high-risk caries including rampant & extensive caries – Recognition, Features & Preventive Management, Pit and Fissures Sealants, Oral Hygiene measures, Correlation of brushing with dental caries and periodontal diseases. Diet & Nutrition as related to dental caries. Diet Counseling

Dental Plaque:

Definition, Initiation, Pathogenesis, Biochemistry, and Morphology & Metabolism.

Gingival & Periodontal diseases in Children:

- Normal Gingiva & Periodontium in children.
- Gingival & Periodontal diseases – Etiology, Pathogenesis, Prevention & Management

Pediatric Operative Dentistry:

- Principle of Operative Dentistry along with modifications of materials/past, current & latest including tooth colored materials.
- Modifications required for cavity preparation in primary and young permanent teeth.
- Various Isolation Techniques
- Restorations of decayed primary, young permanent and permanent teeth in children using various restorative material like Glass Ionomer, Composites, Silver, Amalgam & latest material (gallium)
- Stainless steel, Polycarbonate & Resin Crowns / Veneers & fibre post systems.

Pediatric Endodontics:

- Primary Dentition: - Diagnosis of pulpal diseases and their management – Pulp capping, Pulpotomy, Pulpectomy (Materials & Methods), Controversies & recent concepts.
- Young permanent teeth and permanent teeth, Pulp capping, Pulpotomy, Apexogenesis, Apexification, Concepts, Techniques and Materials used for different procedures.
- Recent advances in Pediatric diagnosis and Endodontics.
Prosthetic consideration in Pediatric Dentistry.

Traumatic Injuries in Children:

- Classifications & Importance.
- Sequelae & reaction of teeth to trauma.
- Management of Traumatized teeth with latest concepts.
- Management of jaw fractures in children.

Interceptive Orthodontics:

- Concepts of occlusion and esthetics: Structure and function of all anatomic components of occlusion, mechanics of articulations, recording of masticatory function, diagnosis of Occlusal dysfunction, relationship of TMJ anatomy and pathology and related neuromuscular physiology.

- A comprehensive review of the local and systemic factors in the causation of malocclusion.
- Recognition and management of normal and abnormal developmental occlusions in primary, mixed and permanent dentitions in children (Occlusal Guidance).
- Biology of tooth movement: A comprehensive review of the principles of teeth movement. Review of contemporary literature. Histopathology of bone and Periodontal ligament, Molecular and ultra cellular consideration in tooth movement.
- Myofunctional appliances: Basic principles, contemporary appliances: Design & Fabrication
- Removable appliances: Basic principles, contemporary appliances: Design & Fabrication
- Case selection & diagnosis in interceptive Orthodontics (Cephalometrics, Image processing, Tracing, Radiation hygiene, Video imaging & advance Cephalometric techniques).
- Space Management: Etiology, Diagnosis of space problems, analysis, Biomechanics, Planned extraction in interceptive orthodontics.

Oral Habits in Children:

- Definition, Etiology & Classification
- Clinical features of digit sucking, tongue thrusting, mouth breathing & various other secondary habits.
- Management of oral habits in children

Dental care of Children with special needs:

Definition, Etiology, Classification, Behavioral, Clinical features & Management of children with:

- Physically handicapped conditions
- Mentally compromising conditions
- Medically compromising conditions
- Genetic disorders

Oral manifestations of Systemic Conditions in Children & their Management

Management of Minor Oral Surgical Procedures in Children

Dental Radiology as related to Pediatric Dentistry

Cariology:

- Historical background
- Definition, Aetiology & Pathogenesis
- Caries pattern in primary, young permanent and permanent teeth in children.
- Rampant caries, early childhood caries and extensive caries. Definition, aetiology, Pathogenesis, Clinical features, Complications & Management.
- Role of diet and nutrition in Dental Caries
- Dietary modifications & Diet counseling.
- Subjective & objective methods of Caries detection with emphasis on Caries Activity tests, Caries prediction, Caries susceptibility & their clinical Applications

Pediatric Oral Medicine & Clinical Pathology: Recognition & Management of developmental dental anomalies, teething disorders, stomatological conditions, mucosal lesions, viral infections etc.

Congenital Abnormalities in Children: Definition, Classification, Clinical features & Management.

Dental Emergencies in Children and their Management.

Dental Materials used in Pediatric Dentistry.

C) Preventive Dentistry:

- Definition
- Principles & Scope
- Types of prevention
- Different preventive measures used in Pediatric Dentistry including fissure sealants and caries vaccine.

Dental Health Education & School Dental Health Programmes:

Dental health concepts, Effects of civilization and environment, Dental Health delivery system, Public Health measures related to children along with principles of Pediatric Preventive Dentistry

Fluorides:

- Historical background
- Systemic & Topical fluorides
- Mechanism of action
- Toxicity & Management.
- Defluoridation techniques.

Medico legal aspects in Pediatric Dentistry with emphasis on informed consent.

Counseling in Pediatric Dentistry

Case History Recording: Outline of principles of examination, diagnosis & treatment planning.

Epidemiology: Concepts, Methods of recording & evaluation of various oral diseases. Various national & global trends of epidemiology of oral diseases.

Comprehensive Infant Oral Health Care.

Principles of Bio-Statistics & Research Methodology & Understanding of Computers and Photography

Comprehensive cleft care management with emphasis on counseling, feeding, nasoalveolar bone remodeling, speech rehabilitation.

Setting up of Pediatric Dentistry Clinic.

Emerging concepts in Pediatric Dentistry of scope of lasers / minimum invasive procedures in Pediatric Dentistry.

Preclinical Work

(Duration – first 6 Months of First Year MDS)

(One on Each Exercise)

1. Carving of all deciduous teeth
2. Basic wire bending exercises (Clasps, Bows, Retractors and Springs, etc., on patient models)
3. Basics for Spot welding exercises
4. Fabrication of
 - a. Maxillary bite plate / Hawley's'
 - b. Maxillary expansion screw appliance
 - c. Canine retractor appliance

- d. All habit breaking appliances
 - Removable type
 - Fixed type
 - Partially fixed and removable
- e. Myofunctional appliances – Twin block, Activator, Lip bumper, Oral Screen
- f. Making of inclined plane appliance
- g. Feeding appliances
5. Basic soldering exercises – making of a lamppost of stainless steel wire pieces of different gauges soldered on either side of heavy gauge main post.
6. Fabrication of space maintainers
 - a. Removable type-
 - Unilateral Non – Functional space maintainer
 - Bilateral Non-Functional space maintainer
 - b. Space Regainers –
 - Gerber or Opencoil space regainer
 - c. Fixed Space maintainers
 - Band & loop space maintainer
 - Transpalatal arch space maintainer
 - Nance Palatal holding arch
 - Distal shoe appliance
7. Basics for spot welding exercise
8. Collection of extracted deciduous and permanent teeth
 - a. Sectioning of the teeth at various levels and planes
 - b. Drawing of section and shapes of pulp
 - c. Phantom Head Exercises : Performing ideal cavity preparation for various restorative materials for both Deciduous and permanent teeth
 - d. Performing pulpotomy, root canal treatment and Apexification procedure
 - i) Tooth preparation and fabrication of various temporary and permanent restorations on fractured anterior teeth.
 - ii) Preparation of teeth for various types of crowns
 - iii) Laminates/veneers
 - iv) Bonding & banding exercise
9. Performing of behavioral rating and IQ tests for children.
10. Computation of: -
 - a. Caries index and performing various caries activity tests.
 - b. Oral Hygiene Index
 - c. c. Fluorosis Index
11. Surgical Exercises :
 - a. Fabrication of splints
 - b. Type of Wiring
 - c. Suturing
12. a. Taking of periapical, occlusal, bitewing radiographs of children
 - b. Developing and processing of films, thus obtained
 - c. Tracing of soft tissue dental and skeletal landmarks as observed on Cephalometric radiographs and drawing of various planes and angles, further interpretation of Cephalometric radiographs.
 - d. Mixed dentition cast analysis
13. Library assignment
14. Synopsis

Clinical work Requirements from 7 to 36 months

The following is the minimum requirement to be completed before the candidate can be considered eligible to appear in the final M.D.S Examinations:

S.	Clinical Work	Total	7 To 12	13 To 24	25 To 36
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			Months	Months	Months
1.	Behavior Management of different age groups children with complete records.	17	2	10	5
2.	Detailed Case evaluation with complete records, treatment planning and presentation of cases with chair side and discussion	17	2	10	5
3.	Step-by-step chair side preventive dentistry scheduled for high risk children with gingival and periodontal diseases & Dental Caries	11	1	5	5
4.	Practical application of Preventive dentistry concepts in a class of 35-50 children & Dental Health Education & Motivation.	7	1	4	2
5.	Pediatric Operative Dentistry with application of recent concepts. (a). Management of Dental Caries				
	(I) Class I	50	30	10	10
	(II) Class II	100	40	50	10
	(III) Other Restorations	100	20	50	30
	(b). Management of traumatized anterior teeth	15	04	06	05
	(c) Aesthetic Restorations	25	05	10	10
	(d). Pediatric Endodontic Procedures				
	Deciduous teeth				
	Pulpotomy / Pulpectomy	150	30	50	70
	Permanent Molars	20	3	7	10
	Permanent Incisor	15	2	3	10
	Apexification & Apexogenesis	20	02	08	10
6.	Stainless Steel Crowns	50	10	20	20
7.	Other Crowns	05	01	02	02
8.	Fixed : Space Maintainers Habit breaking appliances	30	08	12	10
9.	Removable : Space Maintainers Habit breaking appliances	20	05	07	08
10.	Functional Appliances	05	01	02	02
11.	Preventive measures like fluoride applications & Pit & Fissure Sealants applications with complete follow-up and diet counseling	20	08	08	04
12.	Special Assignments	03	01	01	01
	(i) School Dental Health Programmes				
	(ii) Camps etc.,	02	01	01	-
13	Library usage				
14	Laboratory usage				
15	Continuing Dental Health Programmes				

(The figures given against Sl. No. 4 to 12 are the minimum number of recommended procedures to be performed)

Monitoring Learning Progress:

It is essential to monitor the learning progress of each candidate through continuous appraisal and regular assessment. It not only helps teachers to evaluate students, but also students to evaluate themselves. The monitoring is to be done by the staff of the department based on participation of students in various teaching / learning activities. It may be

structured and assessment be done using checklists that assess various aspects. Checklists are given in Section IV

Scheme of Examination:

A. Theory: Part-I: Basic Sciences Paper	-	100 Marks
Part-II: Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III	-	300 Marks
		(100 Marks for each Paper)

Written examination shall consist of Basic Sciences Paper (Part-I) of three hours duration and should be conducted at the end of First year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will be conducted at the end of Third year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will consist of Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III, each of three hours duration. Paper-I & Paper-II shall consist of two long answer questions carrying 25 marks each and five questions carrying 10 marks each. Paper-III will be on Essays. In Paper-III three Questions will be given and student has to answer any two questions. Each question carries 50 marks. Questions on recent advances may be asked in any or all the papers. Distribution of topics for each paper will be as follows: *

Part-I: Applied Basic Sciences – Applied Basic Sciences: Applied Anatomy, Physiology, & Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Research Methodology and Biostatistics Growth & Development and Dental plaque, Genetics.

Part-II:

Paper-I : Clinical Paedodontics

1. Conscious sedation, Deep Sedation & General Anesthesia in Pediatric Dentistry
2. Gingival & Periodontal Diseases in Children
3. Pediatric Operative Dentistry
4. Pediatric Endodontics
5. Traumatic Injuries in Children
6. Interceptive Orthodontics
7. Oral Habits in children
8. Dental Care of Children with special needs
9. Oral Manifestations of Systemic Conditions in Children & their Management
10. Management of Minor Oral Surgical Procedures in Children
11. Dental Radiology as Related to Pediatric Dentistry
12. Pediatric Oral Medicine & Clinical Pathology
13. Congenital Abnormalities in Children
14. Dental Emergencies in Children & Their Management
15. Dental Materials Used in Pediatric Dentistry
16. Case History Recording
17. Setting up of Paedodontic & Preventive Dentistry Clinic

Paper-II: Preventive and Community Dentistry as applied to Pediatric Dentistry

1. Child Psychology
2. Behavior Management
3. Child Abuse & Dental Neglect
4. Preventive Paedodontics
5. Cariology
6. Preventive Dentistry
7. Dental Health Education & School Dental Health Programmes:
8. Fluorides
9. Epidemiology
10. Comprehensive Infant Oral Health Care/Comprehensive cleft care
11. Principles of Bio-Statistics & Research Methodology & Understanding of Computers and Photography

Paper-III: Essays (descriptive and analyzing type questions)

* *The topics assigned to the different papers are generally evaluated under those sections. However a strict division of the subject may not be possible and some overlapping of topics is inevitable. Students should be prepared to answer overlapping topics.*

B. Practical / Clinical Examination : 200 Marks

The Clinical / Practical and Viva-Voce Examinations are conducted for a minimum of two days.

First Day:

1. Case Discussion, Pulp Therapy i.e. Pulpectomy on a Primary Molar.

Case Discussion	: 20 marks
Rubber Dam application	: 10 marks
Working length X-ray	: 20 marks
Obturation	: 20 marks
Total	<u>70 marks</u>

2. Case Discussion, Crown preparation on a Primary Molar for Stainless steel crown and cementation of the same.

Case discussion	: 10 marks
Crown Preparation	: 20 marks
Crown selection and Cementation	: 20 marks
Total	<u>50 marks</u>

3. Case Discussion, band adaptation for fixed type of space maintainer and impression making.

Case discussion	: 20 marks
Band adaptation	: 20 marks
Impression	: 20 marks
Total	<u>60 marks</u>

Second Day:

1. Evaluation of Fixed Space Maintainer and Cementation : 20 marks

C. Viva Voce : 100 Marks

***i. Viva-Voce examination* : 80 marks**

All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expression, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.

***ii. Pedagogy Exercise* : 20 marks**

A topic be given to each candidate in the beginning of clinical examination. He/she is asked to make a presentation on the topic for 8-10 minutes.

9. ORAL MEDICINE AND RADIOLOGY

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of 3 years of training the candidate should be able to acquire adequate knowledge of the discipline.

Knowledge:

Theoretical, Clinical and practical knowledge of all oral mucosal lesions, skeletal involvement of maxillofacial region, diagnostic procedures pertaining to them and latest information of imaging modules.

Skills:

Three important skills need to be imparted in maxillofacial diseases

1. Diagnostic skill in recognition of oral diseases with radiographic diagnosis and their management
2. Research skills in handling scientific problems pertaining to oral treatment
3. Clinical and Didactic skills in encouraging younger doctors to attain learning objectives

Attitudes:

The positive mental attitude and the persistence of continued learning need to be inculcated

COURSE CONTENTS:

A) Applied Basic Sciences:

Applied Anatomy:

1. Gross anatomy of the face:
 - a. Muscles of Facial Expression and Muscles of Mastication
 - b. Facial nerve
 - c. Facial artery
 - d. Facial vein
 - e. Parotid gland and its relations
 - f. Sub mandibular salivary gland and its relations
2. Neck region:
 - a. Triangles of the neck with special reference to Carotid, Digastric triangles and midline structures
 - b. Facial spaces
 - c. Carotid system of arteries, Vertebral Artery, and Subclavian arteries
 - d. Jugular system
 - Internal jugular
 - External jugular
 - e. Lymphatic drainage
 - f. Cervical plane
 - g. Muscles derived from Pharyngeal arches
 - h. Infratemporal fossa in detail and temporomandibular joint
 - i. Endocrine glands
 - Pituitary
 - Thyroid
 - Parathyroid
 - j. Exocrine glands
 - Parotid
 - Thyroid

- Parathyroid
- k. Sympathetic chain
- l. Cranial nerves- V, VII, IX, XI, & XII
- 3. Oral Cavity:
 - a. Vestibule and oral cavity proper
 - b. Tongue and teeth
 - c. Palate – soft and hard
- 4. Nasal Cavity
 - a. Nasal septum
 - b. Lateral wall of nasal cavity
 - c. Paranasal air sinuses
- 5. Pharynx:
- 6. Gross salient features of brain and spinal cord with references to attachment of cranial nerves to the brainstem
Detailed study of the cranial nerve nuclei of V, VII, IX, X, XI, XII
- 7. Osteology:
 - a) Comparative study of fetal and adult skull
 - b) Mandible: Development, ossification, age changes and evaluation of mandible in detail

Embryology:

1. Development of face, palate, nasal septum and nasal cavity, paranasal air sinuses
2. Pharyngeal apparatus in detail including the floor of the primitive pharynx
3. Development of tooth in detail and the age changes
4. Development of salivary glands
5. Congenital anomalies of face must be dealt in detail.

Histology:

1. Study of epithelium of oral cavity and the respiratory tract
2. Connective tissue
3. Muscular tissue
4. Nervous tissue
5. Blood vessels
6. Cartilage
7. Bone and tooth
8. Tongue
9. Salivary glands
10. Tonsil, thymus, lymph nodes

Physiology:

1. General Physiology:
 - a. Cell
 - b. Body Fluid Compartments
 - c. Classification
 - d. Composition
 - e. Cellular transport
 - f. RMP and action potential
2. Muscle Nerve Physiology:
 - a. Structure of a neuron and properties of nerve fibers
 - b. Structure of muscle fibers and properties of muscle fibers
 - c. Neuromuscular transmission
 - d. Mechanism of muscle contraction
3. Blood:

- a. RBC and Hb
 - b. WBC – Structure and functions
 - c. Platelets – functions and applied aspects
 - d. Plasma proteins
 - e. Blood Coagulation with applied aspects
 - f. Blood groups
 - g. Lymph and applied aspects
4. Respiratory System:
 - a. Air passages, composition of air, dead space, mechanics of respiration with pressure and volume changes
 - b. Lung volumes and capacities and applied aspects
 - c. Oxygen and carbon dioxide transport
 - d. Neural regulation of respiration
 - e. Chemical regulation of respiration
 - f. Hypoxia, effects of increased barometric pressure and decreased barometric pressure
 5. Cardio-Vascular System:
 - a. Cardiac Cycle
 - b. Regulation of heart rate/ Stroke volume / cardiac output / blood flow
 - c. Regulation of blood pressure
 - d. Shock, hypertension, cardiac failure
 6. Excretory System:
 - a. Renal function tests
 7. Gastro – intestinal tract:
 - a. Composition, functions and regulation of:
 - Saliva
 - Gastric juice
 - Pancreatic juice
 - Bile and intestinal juice
 - Mastication and deglutition
 8. Endocrine System:
 - a. Hormones – classification and mechanism of action
 - b. Hypothalamic and pituitary hormones
 - c. Thyroid hormones
 - d. Parathyroid hormones and calcium homeostasis
 - e. Pancreatic hormones
 - f. Adrenal hormones
 9. Central Nervous System:
 - a. Ascending tract with special references to pain pathway
 10. Special Senses:
 - a. Gustation and Olfaction

Biochemistry:

1. Carbohydrates – Disaccharides specifically maltose, lactose, sucrose
 - a. Digestion of starch/absorption of glucose
 - b. Metabolism of glucose, specifically glycolysis, TCA cycle, gluconeogenesis
 - c. Blood sugar regulation
 - d. Glycogen storage regulation

- e. Glycogen storage diseases
 - f. Galactosemia and fructosemia
2. Lipids
 - a. Fatty acids- Essential/non essential
 - b. Metabolism of fatty acids- oxidation, ketone body formation, utilization ketosis
 - c. Outline of cholesterol metabolism- synthesis and products formed from cholesterol
 3. Protein
 - a. Amino acids- essential/non essential, complete/ incomplete proteins
 - b. Transamination/ Deamination (Definition with examples)
 - c. Urea cycle
 - d. Tyrosine-Hormones synthesized from tyrosine
 - e. In born errors of amino acid metabolism
 - f. Methionine and transmethylation
 4. Nucleic Acids
 - a. Purines/Pyrimidines
 - b. Purine analogs in medicine
 - c. DNA/RNA – Outline of structure
 - d. Transcription/translation
 - e. Steps of protein synthesis
 - f. Inhibitors of protein synthesis
 - g. Regulation of gene function
 5. Minerals
 - a. Calcium/Phosphorus metabolism specifically regulation of serum calcium levels
 - b. Iron metabolism
 - c. Iodine metabolism
 - d. Trace elements in nutrition
 6. Energy Metabolism
 - a. Basal metabolic rate
 - b. Specific dynamic action (SDA) of foods
 7. Vitamins
 - a. Mainly these vitamins and their metabolic role- specifically vitamin A, Vitamin C, Vitamin D, Thiamin, Riboflavin, Niacin, Pyridoxine

Pathology:

1. Inflammation:
 - a. Repair and regeneration, necrosis and gangrene
 - b. Role of complement system in acute inflammation
 - c. Role of arachidonic acid and its metabolites in acute inflammation
 - d. Growth factors in acute inflammation
 - e. Role of molecular events in cell growth and intercellular signaling cell surface receptors
 - f. Role of NSAIDS in inflammation
 - g. Cellular changes in radiation injury and its manifestations
2. Homeostasis:
 - a. Role of Endothelium in thrombo genesis
 - b. Arterial and venous thrombi
 - c. Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation

- d. Shock: Pathogenesis of hemorrhagic, neurogenic, septic, cardiogenic shock, circulatory disturbances, ischemic hyperemia, venous congestion, edema, infarction
3. Chromosomal Abnormalities:
 - a. Marfan's syndrome
 - b. Ehler's Danlos Syndrome
 - c. Fragile X Syndrome
4. Hypersensitivity:
 - a. Anaphylaxis
 - b. Type II Hypersensitivity
 - c. Type III Hypersensitivity
 - d. Cell mediated Reaction and its clinical importance
 - e. Systemic Lupus Erythmatosus
 - f. Infection and infective granulomas
5. Neoplasia:
 - a. Classification of Tumors
 - b. Carcinogenesis & Carcinogens – Chemical, Viral and Microbial
 - c. Grading and Staging of Cancer, tumor Angiogenesis, Paraneoplastic Syndrome
 - d. Spread of tumors
 - e. Characteristics of benign and malignant tumors
6. Others:
 - a. Sex linked agamaglobulinemia
 - b. AIDS
 - c. Management of Immune deficiency patients requiring surgical procedures
 - d. De George's Syndrome
 - e. Ghons complex, post primary pulmonary tuberculosis – pathology and pathogenesis

Pharmacology:

1. Definition of terminologies used
2. Dosage and mode of administration of drugs
3. Action and fate of drugs in the body
4. Drugs acting on CNS
5. Drug addiction, tolerance and hypersensitive reactions
6. General and local anesthetics, hypnotics, antiepileptics and tranquilizers
7. Chemotherapeutics and antibiotics
8. Analgesics and anti – pyretics
9. Anti – tubercular and anti – syphilitic drugs
10. Antiseptics, sialogogues, and anti – sialogogues
11. Haematinics
12. Anti – diabetics
13. Vitamins – A, B Complex, C, D, E & K
14. Steroids

B) Oral and Maxillofacial Radiology:

Study includes Seminars / lectures / Demonstrations

1. History of radiology, structure of x – ray tube, production of x – ray, property of x – rays

2. Biological effects of radiation
3. Films and recording media
4. Processing of image in radiology
5. Design of x –ray department, dark room and use of automatic processing units
6. Localization by radiographic techniques
7. Faults of dental radiographs and concept of ideal radiograph
8. Quality assurance and audit in dental radiology
9. Extra – oral-imaging techniques
10. OPG and other radiologic techniques
11. Advanced imaging techniques like **CBCT**, CT Scan, MRI, Ultrasound
12. Basic Anatomy of sectional imaging with case interpretations of CT / CBCT / MRI
13. Radio nucleotide techniques
14. Contrast radiography in salivary gland, TMJ, and other radiolucent pathologies
15. Radiation protection and ICRP guidelines
16. Art of radiographic report, writing and descriptors preferred in reports
17. Radiograph differential diagnosis of radiolucent, radio opaque and mixed lesions
18. Digital radiology and its various types of advantages

C) Oral Medicine, therapeutics and laboratory investigations:

Study includes seminars / lectures / discussion

1. Methods of clinical diagnosis of oral and systemic diseases as applicable to oral tissues including modern diagnostic techniques
2. Laboratory investigations including special investigations of oral and oro – facial diseases
3. Teeth in local and systemic diseases, congenital, and hereditary disorders
4. Oral manifestations of systemic diseases
5. Oro – facial pain
6. Psychosomatic aspects of oral diseases
7. Management of medically compromised patients including medical emergencies in the dental chair
8. Congenital and Hereditary disorders involving tissues of oro facial region
9. Systemic diseases due to oral foci of infection
10. Hematological, Dermatological, Metabolic, Nutritional, & Endocrinal conditions with oral manifestations
11. Neuromuscular diseases affecting oro –facial region
12. Salivary gland disorders
13. Tongue in oral and systemic diseases
14. TMJ dysfunction and diseases
15. Concept of immunity as related to oro – facial lesions, including AIDS
16. Cysts, Neoplasms, Odontomes, and fibro – osseous lesions
17. Oral changes in Osteo – dystrophies and chondro – dystrophies
18. Pre malignant and malignant lesions of oro facial region
19. Allergy and other miscellaneous conditions
20. Therapeutics in oral medicine –clinical pharmacology
21. Forensic odontology
22. Computers in oral diagnosis and imaging
23. Evidence based oral care in treatment planning
24. Molecular Biology

Essential Knowledge:

Basic medical subjects, Oral Medicine, Clinical Dentistry, Management of Medical Emergencies, Oral Radiology techniques and Interpretation, Diagnosis of Oro – facial disorders

Procedural and Operative Skills:**1st Year:**

1. Examination of Patient	- Case history recordings	–	100
	- FNAC	–	50
	- Biopsy	–	50
	- Observe, Assist, & Perform under supervision		
2. Intra – oral radiographs:	- Perform and interpretation	–	500
3. Full mouth intra oral radiograph tracings		–	3
4. Age estimation using radiographs		–	10

2nd Year:

1. Dental treatment to medically compromised patients		–	2
	- Observe, assist, and perform under supervision		
2. Extra oral radiographs, digital radiography		–	20
	- Observe, assist and perform under supervision, Interpretation		
3. Extra Oral radiographs tracings		–	3
4. CBCT Interpretations		–	5

Operative skills:

1. Giving intra muscular and intravenous injections
2. Administration of oxygen and life saving drugs to the patients
3. Performing basic CPR and certification by Red Cross or similar authorized organization

3rd Year

All the above

- Performed independently – Case history: Routine cases	–	100
- Interesting Cases	–	25
- OPG	–	50
- Periapical view	–	100
- Bitewing view	–	50
- Occlusal view	–	50
- Extra – oral radiographs of different views	–	25
- CBCT Interpretations	–	10
- Treatment of mucosal lesions with LASER	–	3

Monitoring Learning Progress:

It is essential to monitor the learning progress of each candidate through continuous appraisal and regular assessment. It not only helps teachers to evaluate students, but also students to evaluate themselves. The monitoring is to be done by the staff of the department based on participation of students in various teaching / learning activities. It may be structured and assessment be done using checklists that assess various aspects. Checklists are given in Section IV

Schemes of Examination:

A. Theory: Part-I: Basic Sciences Paper	-	100 Marks
Part-II: Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III	-	300 Marks
		(100 Marks for each Paper)

Written examination shall consist of Basic Sciences Paper (Part-I) of three hours duration and should be conducted at the end of First year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will be conducted at the end of Third year of MDS course. Part-II Examination will consist of Paper-I, Paper-II & Paper-III, each of three hours duration. Paper-I & Paper-II shall consist of two long answer questions carrying 25 marks each and five questions carrying 10 marks each. Paper-III will be on Essays. In Paper-III three Questions will be given and student has to answer any two questions. Each question carries 50 marks. Questions on recent advances may be asked in any or all the papers. Distribution of topics for each paper will be as follows: *

PART-I : **Applied Basic Sciences:**Applied Basic Sciences:Applied Anatomy, Physiology, & Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Research Methodology and Biostatistics

PART-II :

Paper-I : Oral and Maxillofacial Radiology

Paper-II : Oral Medicine, therapeutics and laboratory investigations

Paper-III : Essays (descriptive and analyzing type questions)

* The topics assigned to the different papers are generally evaluated under those sections. However a strict division of the subject may not be possible and some overlapping of topics is inevitable. Students should be prepared to answer overlapping topics.

B. Practical / Clinical Examination

: 200 Marks

1st Day

Clinical Case Presentation

2 Spotters 2 x 10 = 20 Marks

2 Short Cases 2 x 15 = 30 Marks

1 Long Case 1 x 50 = 50 Marks

Total = 100 Marks

Radiology Exercise

I. A) One Intra Oral Radiograph : 10 Marks

B) One Occlusal Radiograph :30 Marks

II. A) Two Extra Oral Radiograph :2 x 30 = 60 Marks

Including technique and interpretation

2nd Day

C. Viva Voce

: 100 Marks

i. Viva-Voce examination

: 80 marks

All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expression, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.

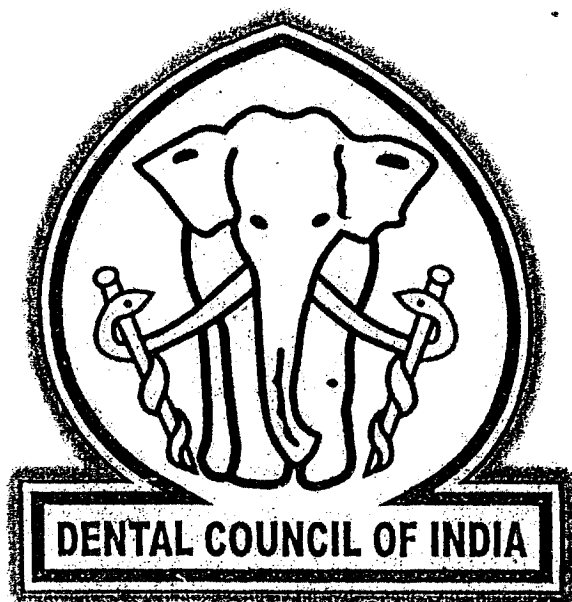
ii. Pedagogy Exercise

: 20 marks

A topic be given to each candidate in the beginning of clinical examination. He/she is asked to make a presentation on the topic for 8-10 minutes.

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COURSE REGULATION 2008



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भारतीय दंत परिषद

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 22 जुलाई, 2008

संख्या डीई-130-2007.—दंतचिकित्सक अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 16) के खंड 20 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए भारतीय दंत परिषद, केन्द्रीय सरकार की पूर्व मंजूरी से निम्न विनियम बनाती है:

1. लघु शीर्ष और प्रवर्तन

- (1) इन नियमों को भारतीय दंत परिषद स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम विनियम, 2008 कहा जाएगा।
- (2) ये विनियम सरकारी राजपत्र में प्रकाशित होने की तारीख से लागू होंगे।

खंड-1

डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रमों के लिए विनियम

पात्रता:

डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम में दाखिले के इच्छुक उम्मीदवार के पास भारतीय दंत परिषद की मान्यताप्राप्त किसी कालेज अथवा विश्वविद्यालय से बीडीएस (दंत शल्यक्रिया में स्नातक) की डिग्री अथवा भारतीय दंत परिषद की मान्यताप्राप्त कोई समतुल्य अर्हता होनी चाहिए। जिन उम्मीदवारों के पास उक्त प्रयोजनों के लिए मान्यताप्राप्त दन्त्य अर्हता नहीं है, उन्हें भारत में किसी भी विश्वविद्यालय में डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम में दाखिला प्राप्त करने से पूर्व, अपनी अर्हताओं के संबंध में भारतीय दंत परिषद का पूर्व अनुमोदन प्राप्त करना होगा।

पाठ्यक्रम की अवधि:

दंत चिकित्सा की विभिन्न विशेषज्ञताओं में स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम की अवधि दो वर्ष की होगी जिसे और आगे निम्नानुसार चार सेमेस्टर्स में विभाजित कर दिया जाएगा:

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर पूर्व वैद्यकिक कार्य तथा अल्पकाल वृत्तियादी विज्ञान

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर नैदानिक उपाय

स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा के सभी उम्मीदवारों से यह अपेक्षा की जाती है कि वे, विभागाध्यक्ष के निर्देशन में जोकि उस विशेषज्ञता का मान्यताप्राप्त स्नातकोत्तर अध्यापक होना जरूरी है बीडीएस के लिए मान्यताप्राप्त तथा एमडीएस के लिए अनुमोदित/मान्यताप्राप्त संस्थान में पूर्णकालिक उम्मीदवारों के रूप में कम से कम दो शैक्षणिक वर्षों का निर्धारित पाठ्यक्रम पूरा करेंगे।

छात्रों का चयन

- (1) स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रमों के लिए उम्मीदवारों का चयन उनके शैक्षणिक योग्यता-क्रम के आधार पर किया जाएगा।
- (2) शैक्षणिक योग्यता-क्रम का निर्धारण करने के लिए विश्वविद्यालय/संस्थान स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रमों के लिए निम्न में कोई एक क्रियाविधि अपना सकता है:
 - (i) राज्य सरकार द्वारा अथवा राज्य सरकार द्वारा नियुक्त सक्षम प्राधिकारी द्वारा अथवा उसी राज्य में विश्वविद्यालय/संस्थान द्वारा आयोजित प्रतियोगी परीक्षा में, यथानिर्धारित योग्यता-क्रम के आधार पर;
 - (ii) राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर आयोजित केन्द्रीकृत प्रतियोगी परीक्षा में यथानिर्धारित योग्यता-क्रम के आधार पर;
 - (iii) बीडीएस की प्रथम, द्वितीय तथा अंतिम परीक्षा में उम्मीदवार के संचयी निष्पादन के आधार पर बशर्ते कि उसने ऐसी परीक्षा उसी विश्वविद्यालय से पास की हो; अथवा
 - (iv) (i) तथा (ii) का मिश्रण।

स्टाफिंग पद्धति:

डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम केवल भारतीय दंत परिषद द्वारा बीडीएस के लिए मान्यताप्राप्त तथा एमडीएस के अनुमोदित/मान्यताप्राप्त संस्थान के स्नातकोत्तर विभागों में ही आयोजित किए जाएंगे। स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम की प्रत्येक सीट के लिए एक अतिरिक्त रीडर की जरूरत होगी।

जिस विभाग में उपर्युक्त स्टाफ पद्धति नहीं है, वह विभाग उस विशेषज्ञता में स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम शुरू नहीं करेगा।

1. परीक्षा:

पात्रता: अंतिम परीक्षा में बैठने के निमित्त पात्र होने के लिए प्रत्येक उम्मीदवार को निम्न अपेक्षाएं पूरी करनी होंगी:

उपस्थिति: प्रत्येक उम्मीदवार ने भारतीय दंत परिषद तथा संबंधित विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित न्यूनतम उपस्थिति (डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम के प्रत्येक शैक्षणिक वर्ष में 80% उपस्थिति) पूरी की हो।

प्रगति और आचरण: प्रत्येक उम्मीदवार ने प्रति वर्ष संबंधित विभाग द्वारा आयोजित संगोष्ठियों, पत्रिका समीक्षा बैठकों, विचारगोष्ठियों, सम्मेलनों, मामला प्रस्तुतियों, क्लीनिकों और शिक्षात्मक भाषणों में भाग लिया हो।

की कार्य-विधि तथा लाग-बुक प्रत्येक उम्मीदवार को विभाग द्वारा आवृत्तित प्रमाणित प्रतिलिपि के साथ ही उपरोक्त प्रमाणित रिपोर्ट करने के लिए एक कार्य-साथी तथा लाग-बुक रखनी होगी। कार्य-साथी और लाग-बुक विभागध्यक्ष तथा संस्थान के अध्यक्ष द्वारा सत्यापित और प्रमाणित की जाएगी। सततपूर्ण प्रतिलिपि का प्रमाणन कार्य-साथी और लाग-बुक पर आधारित है।

2. विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा:

दो वर्षों की समाप्ति पर एक परीक्षा होगी।

विश्वविद्यालय वर्ष में दो बार परीक्षाएं आयोजित करेंगे जिनके बीच कम से कम चार महीने का अंतराल रहेगा।

विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा में निम्न घटक होंगे:

(क) लिखित

(ख) नैदानिक तथा/अथवा प्रायोगिक

(ग) मौखिक परीक्षा

लिखित परीक्षा:

लिखित परीक्षा में तीन प्रश्न-पत्र होंगे जिनमें से दो विशेषज्ञता में, एक अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान में होगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न-पत्र की अवधि तीन घंटे की होगी और उसमें हाल के नए घटनाक्रम शामिल होंगे।

नैदानिक/प्रायोगिक परीक्षा: इसका उद्देश्य उम्मीदवारों के नैदानिक कौशलों और क्षमताओं की जांच करना होगा ताकि इस बात का जायजा लिया जा सके कि क्या उम्मीदवार एक विशेषज्ञ के रूप में स्वतंत्र रूप से काम कर सकेगा। विभिन्न विशेषज्ञताओं में नैदानिक परीक्षा का वास्तविक स्वरूप विभिन्न विश्वविद्यालयों द्वारा तैयार किया जा सकता है और ऐसा करते समय उन्हें यह सुनिश्चित करना होगा कि उम्मीदवार को विभिन्न नैदानिक क्रियाविधियां करने के लिए प्रचुर अवसर दिए जाएं। परिषद् यह चाहती है कि विश्वविद्यालयों द्वारा उम्मीदवारों को परीक्षा से काफी पहले उसके वास्तविक स्वरूप अवगत करा दिया जाए।

मौखिक परीक्षा: मौखिक परीक्षा का उद्देश्य ज्ञान, की गहराई, तर्कशक्ति परीक्षण, आत्मविश्वास और मौखिक संघार कौशलों का आकलन करना होगा।

परिषद् यह चाहती है कि एक समय में दो दलों के रूप में केवल दो परीक्षकों को मौखिक परीक्षा लेनी चाहिए, प्रत्येक दल 20-20 मिनट तक मौखिक परीक्षा लेगा।

जब एक परीक्षक मौखिक परीक्षा ले रहा हो तो दूसरा परीक्षक पूछे गए प्रश्न और निष्पादन का स्तर नोट कर सकता है ताकि सही आकलन किया जा सके और सही अंक दिए जा सकें।

विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा में अंकों का विभाजन

सैद्धांतिक:

प्रश्न-पत्र-I 100 अंक

प्रश्न-पत्र-II 100 अंक

प्रश्न-पत्र-III 100 अंक

योग 300 अंक

नैदानिक परीक्षा 200 अंक

मौखिक परीक्षा 100 अंक

परीक्षक: प्रत्येक विषय में कम से कम तीन परीक्षक होंगे। इनमें से दो बाह्य तथा एक आंतरिक परीक्षक होगा। परीक्षक के रूप में नियुक्ति के लिए अर्हता और शिक्षण अनुभव भारतीय दंत परिषद् तथा संबंधित विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा यथानिर्धारित होंगे।

उत्तर पुस्तिकाओं का मूल्यांकन: सभी उत्तर पुस्तिकाओं का सभी तीनों परीक्षकों द्वारा मूल्यांकन किया जाएगा और औसत अंकों की गणना की जाएगी।

पास घोषित करने के लिए मानदंड:

उम्मीदवार को विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा में तभी सफल घोषित किया जाता है जबकि उसने अलग-अलग तौर पर पास होने के लिए प्रत्येक शीर्ष में कम से कम 50% अंक प्राप्त किए हों (अर्थात् प्रत्येक सैद्धांतिक और मौखिक परीक्षा-प्रश्न-पत्र में आर्बिट्ररी कुल अंकों में से 50% अंक तथा नैदानिक परीक्षा में कुल अंकों में से 50% अंक) जिसमें नैदानिक परीक्षा सहित मौखिक परीक्षा और प्रायोगिक परीक्षा सहित सैद्धांतिक परीक्षा शामिल होगी तथा कुल मिलाकर 50% अंक प्राप्त किए हों। दूसरे शब्दों में उम्मीदवार को 400 अंकों में से 200 अंक (सैद्धांतिक में 300 और मौखिक परीक्षा में 100) और प्रायोगिक परीक्षा में 200 में से 100 अंक प्राप्त करने चाहिए। इससे कम अंक प्राप्त करने वाले उम्मीदवार को परीक्षा में असफल घोषित कर दिया जाएगा। जो उम्मीदवार फेल हो गया हो और जिसने 50% से कम अंक प्राप्त किए हों उसे पूरी परीक्षा (अर्थात् सैद्धांतिक, प्रायोगिक और मौखिक परीक्षा) देनी होगी।

डिप्लोमा परीक्षा में सफल घोषित उम्मीदवार को विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा संबंधित विशेषज्ञता में स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा प्रदान किया जाएगा।

आचारिक-तंत्र और कार्यात्मक अपेक्षाएं

डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम चलाने वाले सभी स्नातकोत्तर विभागों को स्नातकोत्तर छात्रों के प्रशिक्षण के लिए मौजूद सुविधाओं के अलावा डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम में दाखिल प्रत्येक छात्र के लिए एक अतिरिक्त दत्त कुर्मी और ऐसे अन्य उपकरण उपलब्ध कराने होंगे जोकि नैदानिक प्रशिक्षण के लिए जरूरी होते हैं।

खंड-II

लक्ष्य और उद्देश्य

डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम प्रशिक्षण का मुख्य उद्देश्य एक ऐसा विशेषज्ञ निदानविद् तैयार करना है जोकि प्रशिक्षण पूरा करने पर निम्न कार्य करेगा:

लक्ष्य:

- वैज्ञानिक ज्ञान और कौशल से समर्थित रहते हुए संबंधित विशेषज्ञता को प्रमाणी और कारगर ढंग से व्यवहार में लाएगा।
- समानुभूति और अपनत्व की प्रवृत्ति का परिचय देगा और उच्च नैतिक मानक बनाए रखेगा।
- विशेषज्ञता में तथा संबद्ध विशेषज्ञताओं में व्यावसायिक शिक्षा को चाहे शिक्षण में अथवा व्यवहार में जारी रखने में गहन रुचि का परिचय देगा।
- किसी भी सीखने वाले, कनिष्ठ अथवा सहकर्मी के साथ ज्ञान और कौशलों का आदान-प्रदान करने का इच्छुक होगा।
- विभिन्न अवधारणाओं के गहन विश्लेषण और मूल्यांकन के लिए अभिवृत्ति विकसित करना जिससे कि सर्वाधिक युक्तियुक्त दृष्टिकोण अपनाया जा सके।

उद्देश्य:

उद्देश्य यह है कि उम्मीदवार को इस तरह प्रशिक्षित किया जाए ताकि रुचि के सामान्य और विशेष क्षेत्र—दोनों में उच्चतर क्षमता सुनिश्चित हो सके और उम्मीदवार को विशेषज्ञता व्यवहार में एक जीवनवृत्ति के लिए तैयार किया जा सके। यह जरूरी है कि उम्मीदवार ने विशेषज्ञता के क्षेत्र में उच्च स्तरीय नैदानिक दक्षता अर्जित कर ली हो।

उम्मीदवार द्वारा पाठ्यक्रम पूरा कर लेने तक उपर्युक्त उद्देश्यों की पूर्ति कर ली जानी चाहिए। उद्देश्यों पर निम्नानुसार विचार किया जा सकता है:

1. ज्ञान (संज्ञानात्मक क्षेत्र)
2. कौशल (मनोप्रेरक क्षेत्र)
3. मानवीय मूल्य, नैतिक व्यवहार और संचार योग्यताएं
4. अभ्यर्थी दन्तचिकित्सा में अवर स्नातक छात्रों को पढाने के लिए रीडर के पद का पात्र हो सकता है बशर्ते कि उसके पास किसी दंत संस्थान में लेक्चरर के रूप में पाँच वर्ष का शिक्षण अनुभव प्राप्त हो। अभ्यर्थी को रीडर से उच्चतर पद के लिए स्वीकार नहीं किया जाएगा और उसके अधीन किसी भी स्नातकोत्तर छात्र को पंजीकृत नहीं किया जाएगा।

ज्ञान:

- विशेषज्ञता से संबंधित बुनियादी विज्ञानों की समझ प्रदर्शित करना।
- विशेषज्ञता के भीतर वयस्कों तथा बच्चों को लेकर आम समस्याओं की हेतुकी, चिरकारी शरीरक्रिया, निदान और प्रबंध के सिद्धांतों का वर्णन करना।
- किसी एक मामले में सामाजिक, आर्थिक, पर्यावरणात्मक तथा संवेगात्मक निर्धारक तत्वों की पहचान करना और उपचार की योजना बनाते समय उन्हें ध्यान में रखना।
- ऐसी स्थितियों को पहचानना जोकि विशेषज्ञता/क्षमता से बाहर हों और उन्हें एक उपयुक्त विशेषज्ञ को भेजना।
- स्व-अध्ययन द्वारा तथा विशेषज्ञता के लिए संगत पाठ्यक्रमों, सम्मेलनों और विचारगोष्ठियों में भाग लेकर ज्ञान को अद्यतन बनाना।
- आडिट करना, सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी का प्रयोग करना तथा बुनियादी और नैदानिक—दोनों प्रकार का अनुसंधान करना ताकि कार्य प्रकाशित किया जा सके अथवा विभिन्न वैज्ञानिक सम्मेलनों में प्रस्तुत किया जा सके।

कौशल:

- एक सही नैदानिक इतिवृत्त लेना, रोगी की जांच करना, अनिवार्य नैदानिक क्रियाविधियां करना और संगत परीक्षणों का आदेश देना तथा स्थिति के बारे में एक समुचित निदान तक पहुंचने के लिए इनकी व्याख्या करना।
- विशेषज्ञता में यथा-अपेक्षित विभिन्न क्रियाविधियां करने के लिए समुचित कौशल अर्जित करना।

मानवीय मूल्य, नैतिक व्यवहार और संचार योग्यताएं

- व्यवहार के सभी पक्षों में नैतिक व्यवहार का पालन करें।
- व्यावसायिक ईमानदारी और निष्ठा को बढ़ावा दिया जाना चाहिए।

रोगी को सामाजिक स्थिति जैसी पश्य कर उसे से उत्तर उत्तर रोगी देखभाल करने की जगह बाहिए।

- संचार कौशल विशेष रूप से प्रबंध के उपलब्ध विभिन्न विकल्प स्पष्ट करने का कौशल विकसित करना और रोगी से एक सच्ची सुविज्ञ सहमति प्राप्त करना।
- नेतृत्व प्रदान करना और एक सजातीय कामकाजी वातावरण में दल में से सर्वोत्तम प्राप्त करना।
- मानवीय अथवा पशु अनुसंधान करते समय अत्यंत नैतिक और नीतिशास्त्रीय मानक लागू करना।
- विनम्र बनना और अपने ज्ञान और कौशल की सीमाओं को स्वीकार करना और जरूरत पड़ने पर सहकर्मियों से सहायता मांगना।
- रोगी के अधिकारों और विशेष अधिकारों का, जिनमें रोगी का सूचना का अधिकार तथा दूसरी राय प्राप्त करने का अधिकार शामिल है आदर करना।

डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम की विशेषज्ञताएं निम्नानुसार हैं:

- (i) प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स, क्राउन ब्रिज, सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा तथा मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान।
- (ii) पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी तथा मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान।
- (iii) मुखीय तथा मैक्सिलोफेशियल शल्यक्रिया तथा मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान।
- (iv) संरक्षी, एंडोडॉटिक्स तथा सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा।
- (v) आर्थोडॉटिक्स तथा डेंटोफेशियल विकलांग विज्ञान।
- (vi) सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य दंत चिकित्सा।
- (vii) पीडोडॉटिक्स तथा निवारक दंत चिकित्सा।
- (viii) मुखीय औषधि तथा विकिरण विज्ञान।

खंड-III

अनुशंसित पुस्तकें और संदर्भ (नवीनतम संस्करण जब कभी प्रकाशित)

प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स, क्राउन ब्रिज, सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा तथा मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान
पूर्ण कृत्रिम दातावली तथा निकाली जा सकने योग्य आंशिक कृत्रिम दातावली संबंधी

1. रीबर्ट द्वारा विरचित हैंड बुक आफ इम्पिडिएट ओवर डेन्चर्स
2. ऐलन द्वारा विरचित ओवर डेंचर
3. जॉन द्वारा विरचित आयक्यूसल करेक्शन प्रिंसीपल्स एंड प्रैक्टिस
4. ऐल्बर्ट द्वारा विरचित इम्पिडिएट एंड रिफ्लेसमेंट डेन्चर्स
5. मुराओका द्वारा विरचित ए कलर एटलस आफ कंप्लीट डेंचर फैंडीकेशन
6. डेंटल लेबोरेटरी प्रासीजर्स रिमूवल पार्शियल डेंचर्स-रड्ड
7. फिनिशिंग एंड पालिशिंग दि फ्रेम वर्क-रड्ड

स्थिर आंशिक कृत्रिम दातावली संबंधी

1. मैनेजमेंट आफ एंडोडॉटिकली ट्रीटेड टीथ-शीलिंगबाग
2. कंटम्पेरी फिक्स्ड प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स-स्टीफन रोसेंसटील
3. प्रेंसीजन अटैचमेंट्स-गैरथ
4. ए कलर एटलस आफ सिरामो-मेटल टेक्नोलॉजी-कुवाता
5. एस्थेटिक्स आफ एंटीरियर फिक्स्ड प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स-जेराल्ड

मैक्सिलोफेशियल तथा रोपण

1. कंटम्पेरी इम्प्लांट डेंटिस्ट्री-मिश
2. ए कलर एटलस आफ दि ब्रेनमार्क सिस्टम आर ओरल रीकंस्ट्रक्शन-जार्ज ए. जार्ब
3. डेंटल इम्प्लांट्स कलर एटलस फंडामेंटल्स एंड एडवॉस लेबोरेटरी टेक्नोलॉजी-राबर्ट
4. मैक्सिलोफेशियल रीहैबिलिटेशन (प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स एंड सर्जिकल फंक्शनल फंसीडरेशन)-जॉन थ्यूमस-III

अस्थायी अग्रोहन संधि तथा अंतरौघ

1. इवैल्यूएशन, डाएग्नोसिस एंड ट्रीटमेंट आफ ऑक्ल्यूसल प्राबलम्स-पीटर डसन
2. मैनेजमेंट आफ टी.एम.जे. डिसऑर्डर्स एंड अक्लूजन-जेफरी जे. ऑकसन

प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स

1. डेंटल मैटीरियल्स प्रापर्टीज एंड मैनीफेस्टेशंस-विलियम ओ. ब्रीन
2. प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स ट्रीटमेंट फार एडेंटुलस पेशेंट-बाउचर
3. सिलेबस आफ कंप्लीट डेंचर-हार्टवेल
4. डेंटल सीक्रेट्स-स्टीफन
5. इनलेज क्राउन एंड ब्रिजेज-क्रांतीरोविच
6. एडवॉस रीस्टोरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-बैकम
7. ओरल इम्प्लांटोलॉजी-एंड्रे
8. प्रोस्थेटिक रीहैबिलिटेशन कीथ थॉमस

9. इम्प्लांट्स इन डेंटिस्ट्री-माइकल एस. ब्राक
10. अक्लूजन प्रिंसीपल्स एंड कांसेप्ट्स जोस डस संतोस जेआर
11. फिक्स्ड एंड रीमूवेबल प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स-बाडी
12. सेवशनल डेंचर्स-ए क्लीनिकल एंड ट्रीटमेंट मैनुअल-पुलेन
13. लेबोरेटरी प्रांसीजर्स फार फुल एंड पार्शियल डेंचर्स-डेरेक स्टेनाउट
14. लेबोरेटरी प्रांसीजर्स फार इनलेज, क्राउन एंड ब्रिजेज-डेरेक स्टेनाउट
15. द साइंस एंड आर्ट आफ - डेंटल सेरामिक्स वाल्यूम I एंड II-जॉन मैकलेन
16. मास्टरिंग दि आर्ट आफ कॉप्लीट डेंचर्स-एलेक्जेंडर
17. ओरल रीहैबिलिटेशन एंड क्लीनिकल डिटरमिनेशन आफ अक्लूसन-होबो
18. डेंटल लेबोरेटरी प्रांसीजर्स इन कॉप्लीट डेंचर्स-वाल्यूम I एंड II-राबर्ट जॉन
19. प्रिंसीपल फिक्स्ड प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स - क्लीनिकल एंड लेबोरेटरी आस्पेक्ट्स-मार्टिगनोनी
20. एंडोस्टील डेंटल इम्प्लांट-राल्फ मैकेनी
21. मेटल सेरामिक क्राउन एंड फिक्स्ड पार्शियल डेंचर्स-कैलोइन
22. फिक्स्ड ब्रिज प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स-राबर्टस
23. कलर एटलस आफ रीमूवेबल पार्शियल डेंचर्स-जे. सी. डेवनपोर्ट
24. एसेशियल्स आफ - क्लीनिकल डेंटल असिस्टिंग-जोसेफ
25. फंडामेंटल्स आफ - रीमूवेबल पार्शियल डेंचर्स-ओवन
26. गार्डन डेंटल असिस्टिंग-टीरर्स
27. ओवर डेंचर्स मेड ईजीली-हेराल्ड
28. डिजाइनिंग पार्शियल डेंचर्स-डेविड
29. लेबोरेटरी मैनुअल फार फिक्स्ड पार्शियल डेंचर्स-डगलस
30. ओरल रीहैबिलिटेशन-सुमिया
31. एडवांस्ड रीमूवेबल पार्शियल डेंचर्स-जेम्स बुडविक
32. पोसिलेन एंड कॉपोजिट इनलेज एंड आन लेज-ग्रेबर एंड गोल्डस्टीन
33. इम्प्लांट थिरेपी-मैचान
34. ऐडेसिव मेटल प्री रीस्टोरेशन-डिची एंड स्प्रफिको
35. गाइडेड बोन रीजनरेशन - इन इम्प्लांट डेंटिस्ट्री-डेनियल बसर
36. इम्प्रेसंस फार कॉप्लीट डेंचर्स-बर्नार्ड लेविन
37. एस्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री एंड सेरामिक रीस्टोरेशंस-बर्नार्ड टैटी
38. प्रिजर्वेशन एंड रीस्टोरेशन आफ दूथ स्ट्रक्चर्स-ग्राहम जे. मांट
39. डेंटल इम्प्लांट्स-विकेल्मन
40. पार्शियल डेंचर्स-सिंगर
41. सेरागो मेटल फिक्स्ड पार्शियल डेंचर्स-जार्ज
42. एस्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री - सेरामिक रीस्टोरेशंस-टोरालिक
43. एस्थेटिक इन डेंटिस्ट्री-गोल्डस्टीन

पेरियोडॉंटोलाजी तथा मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

1. टेक्स्टबुक आफ क्लीनिकल पेरियोडॉंटोलाजी एंड इम्प्लांट डेंटिस्ट्री-जानसिडे, निकलस लंग एंड थोरविल्ड के., फ्रस्ट एडिशन, 1997
2. द पेरियोडॉन्टयन-स्करोडर
3. पेरियोडॉन्टल लिगामेंट-बर्कोविज
4. कंटम्परेरी पेरियोडॉटिक्स-जेनियो आर. जे. एंड कोहेन एस.
5. पेरियोडॉटिक्स-ग्रांट, स्टर्न एंड लिस्टगार्टन
6. पेरियोडॉन्टल रीजनरेशन-करेंट कांसेप्ट्स-फर्दर डेप्रेकेशंस-अबन पोलसन
7. पेरियोडॉन्टल इन्स्ट्रुमेंटारियम-गिल एंड जिजर
8. पेरियोडॉन्टालॉजी इन मेन एंड अदर एनीमल्स-पेज एंड स्करोडर
9. क्रैविकुलर फ्लूड अपडेटेड-सीमासन
10. कलर एटलस आफ पेरियोडॉन्टल सर्जरी-कोहेन ई.
11. कलर एटलस आफ पेरियोडॉन्टल सर्जरी-कोहेन ई.
12. एडवांसेज इन पेरियोडॉटिक्स-विल्सन एंड कार्नमैन

मुख्य तथा मैक्सिलोफेशियल शल्यक्रिया तथा मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

1. प्रिंसीपल्स आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी; वाल्यूम 1, 2 एंड 3; पीटर्ससन आई.जे. तथा अन्य
2. रो एंड विलियम्स मैक्सिलोफेशियल इंजरीज वाल्यूम 1 एंड 2; विलियम्स ज्लाइड
3. हैंडबुक आफ मेडीकल इमरजेंसीज इन द डेंटल आफिस; मालामेड एस. एफ.
4. प्लास्टिक सर्जरी; वाल्यूम 1-5; मैककार्थी जेजी

1. कैसर आफ दि फेस एंड माउथ, मैकग्रेगर आईए एंड एमसी
 6. ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी वाल्यूम 1 एंड 2 लसकिन डीएम
 7. ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी वाल्यूम 1 एंड 2: फॉसेका आरजे एंड डेविस
 8. ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल इन्फेक्शंस, टोपाजियन आरजी एंड गोल्डबर्ग एमएच
 9. सर्जिकल करेक्शन आफ डेंटोफेशियल डेफार्मिटीज वाल्यूम 1, 2 एंड 3: बेल डब्ल्यूएच तथा अन्य
 10. सर्जरी आफ दि माउथ एंड जाज, मूरे जेआर
 11. डेंटोफेशियल डिफार्मिटीज-इंटग्रेटेड आर्थोडॉंटिक एंड सर्जिकल करेक्शन; वाल्यूम 1 टू 4, एपकर बीएन एंड फिश एलसी
 12. मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी; पीटर वार्डबुथ
- संक्षी, एंडोडॉंटिक्स तथा सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा**

1. फ्रैक्चर्स आफ दि टीथ, प्रिवेंशन एंड ट्रीटमेंट आफ दि वाइटल एंड नान-वाइटल पल्प-बासरांनी
2. टेक्स्टबुक आफ आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-बॉम
3. डेंटिन एंड पल्प इन रिस्टोरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-ब्रैनस्टार्म
4. प्रिंसीपल्स एंड प्रैक्टिस आफ आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-चारबेनाउ
5. आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-गिलमोर
6. एस्थेटिक कंपोजिट बांडिंग-जार्डन
7. आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री:माडर्न थ्योरी एंड प्रैक्टिस-मार्जुक
8. आर्ट, साइंस एंड प्रैक्टिस आफ आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-स्टरदेवांत
9. एटलस आफ आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-ग्री क्लीनिकल एंड क्लीनिकल प्रासीजर्स-एवन्स एंड वेट्ज
10. न्यू कांसेप्ट्स इन आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-फुसियामा
11. हैंडबुक आफ क्लीनिकल एंडोडॉंटिक्स-बेंस
12. पाथवेज आफ दि पल्प-कोहेन एंड बर्न्स
13. ब्लीचिंग टीथ-फोनमैन
14. एंडोडॉंटिक्स प्रैक्टिस-ग्रासमैन
15. प्रॉब्लम साॉल्विंग इन एंडोडॉंटिक्स, प्रिवेंशन, आइडेंटिफिकेशन एंड मैनेजमेंट-गटमैन
16. एंडोडॉंटिक्स इन क्लीनिकल प्रैक्टिस-हार्टी
17. एंडोडॉंटिक्स-इंगल एंड टेंटर
18. एंडोडॉंटिक्स - साइंस एंड प्रैक्टिस-स्क्रोडर
19. एंडोडॉंटोलॉजी - बायोलॉजिक कंसीडरेशंस इन एंडोडॉंटिक प्रोसीजर्स-सेल्टजर
20. रिस्टोरेशन आफ दि एंडोडॉंटिकली ट्रीटेड टूथ-सीलिंगबर्ग एंड केसलर
21. प्रिंसीपल्स एंड प्रैक्टिस आफ एंडोडॉंटिक्स-वाल्टन एंड तोराबिनेजाद
22. एंडोडॉंटिक थिरेपी-वेने
23. कलर एटलस आफ एंडोडॉंटिक्स-मेसिंग एंड स्टाक
24. द डेंटल पल्प-सेल्टजर एंड बेंडर
25. एक्सपेरिमेंटल एंडोडॉंटिक्स-स्वंगबर्ग
26. कैरियोलाजी-न्यून्न
27. सिल्वर एमलगम इन क्लीनिकल प्रैक्टिस-गेन्सफोर्ड
28. ग्लास लोनोमर सीमेंट-विल्सन एंड मैकलीन
29. प्रेडियाट्रिक आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-केनेडी
30. फलूराइड्स इन कैरीज प्रिवेंशन-मूरे एंड रग-जीन
31. कलर एटलस एंड टेक्स्ट आफ एंडोडॉंटिक्स-स्टाक

संदर्भ:

1. व्हाई रुट कॅनल थिरेपी?-बर्न्स 1986
2. कंटेम्परेरी एस्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री-प्रैक्टिस फंडामेंटल्स-क्रिसपिन 1994
3. एनामेल माइक्रो एब्रेसन-क्रॉल 1991
4. एडवांसेज इन ग्लास लोनोमर्स-डेविडसन 1991
5. कंप्लीट डेंटल ब्लीचिंग-गोल्डस्टीन 1995
6. फाइबर रेनफोर्ड कंपोजिट इन क्लीनिकल डेंटिस्ट्री-फ्रेलिक 2000
7. डेंटल सेरागिक्स-मैकलीन 1983
8. लेजर इन डेंटिस्ट्री-मिसरेंडिड 1995
9. एस्थेटिक एप्रोच टू मेटल सेरामिक रिस्टोरेशंस-मूटस्थीस 1990
10. लाइफ एंड टाइम्स आफ जी. वी. ब्लैक-पप्पास 1983
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12. फंडामेंटल्स आफ टूथ प्रिवेंशन-सीलिंगबर्ग 1996

13. एस्थेटिक्स विद इनडाइरेक्ट प्रोसेसिंग्स सीन 1992
14. सर्जीकल एंडोडॉटिक्स बार्न 1991
15. आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-मार्चुक 1996
16. इनलेज, क्राउंस एंड ब्रिजेस-जी. एफ. कांटोरोविच 1993

आर्थोडॉटिक्स तथा डेंटोफेशियल विकलांग विज्ञान

1. कंटम्पेरी आर्थोडॉटिक्स-डब्ल्यू. प्राफिट
2. आर्थोडॉटिक्स-करेंट प्रिंसीपल्स एंड टेक्निकस-ग्रेबर एंड वानर्सडल
3. आर्थोडॉटिक सिफालोमेट्री-एथेनासिउ
4. ए टेक्स्ट बुक रिसेटेड दू दि फिक्स्ड मेकानो-थिरेपी मेनली टाट ई.जी. बेग आर्थोडॉटिक थ्योरी एंड प्रैक्टिस - बेग एंड केसलिंग, आर्थोडॉटिक मैनेजमेंट आफ दि डेंटेशन विद दि प्री एडजस्टेड अप्लायंस - एम. बेनेट एंड मैकलाफिन, एलेक्जेंटर डीसीप्लिन - आर. जी. एलेक्जेंटर ईटीसी.
5. फेशियल ग्रोथ - डी. एनलो
6. डेंटोफेशियन आर्थोपेडिक्स विद फंक्शनल अप्लायंस-ग्रेबर, प्रोटोविक एंड राकसोई
7. आर्थोडॉटिक ट्रीटमेंट विद शीयूवेबल अप्लायंस-इसाक्सन एंड एम. हाउस्टन
8. फिक्स्ड डेंटेशन ट्रीटमेंट-जेम्स मैकनमारा

सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य दंत चिकित्सा

1. डेंटिस्ट्री, डेंटल प्रैक्टिस एंड कम्प्यूनिटी-स्ट्रुफलर डीएफ
2. प्राइमरी प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-हैरिस एन एंड क्रिश्चन एजी
3. कम्प्यूनिटी डेंटल हेल्थ-जांग एडब्ल्यू
4. प्रिंसीपल्स आफ डेंटल पब्लिक हेल्थ वाल्यूम 1 पार्ट 1 एंड 2 वाल्यूम 2-डनिंग जेएम
5. डेंटल पब्लिक हेल्थ: एन इंट्रोडक्शन दू कम्प्यूनिटी डेंटिस्ट्री-स्लैक जी.आई.
6. फ्लूराइड इन डेंटिस्ट्री-फेजर्सकर ओके तथा अन्य
7. फ्लूराइड्स एंड डेंटल कैरीज-तिवारी ए
8. टेक्स्ट बुक आफ प्रिवेंटिव एंड सोशल मेडीसिन-महाजन बीके एंड गुप्ता एमसी
9. डेंटल हेल्थ एजुकेशन-डब्ल्यूएचओ एक्सपर्ट कमिटी
10. मेटाबोलिज्म एंड टॉक्सिटी आफ फ्लूराइड वाल्यूम 1-व्हिटफोर्ड जीएम
11. एपिडेमिओलाजी बायो-स्टैटिस्टिक्स एंड प्रिवेंटिव मेडीसिन-जेकल जेएफ तथा अन्य
12. इंट्रोडक्शन दू ओरल प्रिवेंटिव मेडीसिन: ए प्रोग्राम फार दि फर्स्ट क्लीनिकल एक्सपीरिएंस
13. टेक्स्ट बुक आफ प्रिवेंटिव मेडीसिन-स्टैलार्ड सीई
14. हँडबुक आफ डेंटल ज्यूरिसप्रुडेंस एंड रिस्क मैनेजमेंट-पोलाक बीआर ईडी
15. फ्लूराइड्स एंड ह्यूमन हेल्थ-वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
16. एप्रोप्रिएट यूज आफ फ्लूराइड्स फार ह्यूमन हेल्थ-मूरी जेजे ईडी
17. कम्प्यूनिटी हेल्थ-ग्रीन एलडब्ल्यू
18. प्रिवेंशन आफ डेंटल डिसेसेज-मूरी जेजे ईडी
19. कलर एटलस आफ फारेंसिक डेंटिस्ट्री-व्हिटकर डीके एंड डीएसी डोनाल्ड डीजी
20. हेल्थ रिसर्च डिजाइन एंड मेथोडोलाजी-ओकोलो ईएन
21. आक्सफोर्ड टेक्स्ट बुक आफ पब्लिक हेल्थ वाल्यूम 3-हार्लेड डब्ल्यूडब्ल्यू तथा अन्य
22. गाइडलाइंस फार ड्रिंकिंग वाटर क्वालिटी वाल्यूम 1 रेकमन्डेसंस-डब्ल्यूएचओ
23. इंट्रोडक्शन दू बायो-स्टैटिस्टिक्स-महाजन बी.के.
24. गाइडलाइंस फार ड्रिंकिंग वाटर क्वालिटी वाल्यूम 2 हेल्थ क्रिटिकल एंड अदर सपोर्टिंग इन्फार्मेशन-डब्ल्यूएचओ
25. डेंटिस्ट्री, डेंटल प्रैक्टिस एंड दि कम्प्यूनिटी-बर्ट बीए तथा अन्य
26. आकूपेशनल हेल्थ इन्सुलर दू डेंटल स्टाफ-स्कली सी
27. फारेंसिक डेंटिस्ट्री-कैमरून जेएम
28. रिसर्च मेथोडोलाजी: मेथड्स एंड टेक्निकस-कोठारी आर
29. ला एंड इथिक्स इन डेंटिस्ट्री-शेयर जे एंड वाल्टर्स एल
30. हेल्थ रिसर्च मेथोडोलाजी: ए गाइड फार ट्रेनिंग इन रिसर्च मेथड्स (वेस्टर्न पैसिफिक एजुकेशन इन एक्शन सीरिज नं.5)-डब्ल्यूएचओ
31. कम्प्यूनिटी ओरल हेल्थ-पाइन सीएम
32. पार्स टेक्स्ट बुक आफ प्रिवेंटिव एंड सोशल मेडीसिन-पार्क के
33. एपिडेमिओलाजी, बायो-स्टैटिस्टिक्स एंड प्रिवेंटिव मेडीसिन-काट्ज डीआई
34. ओरल हेल्थ सर्वेज बेसिक मेथड्स-डब्ल्यूएचओ
35. एसेशियल्स आफ प्रिवेंटिव एंड कम्प्यूनिटी डेंटिस्ट्री-पीटर एस
36. फ्लूराइड्स इन कैरीज प्रिवेंशन-मूरी जेआई ईडी
37. प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-फाररेर जान ओ

36. फ्लूरीन एंड क्लोराइड्स- रिपोर्टे वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
37. प्लानिंग एंड इवैल्यूएशन आफ पब्लिक हेल्थ सर्विसेस- ए टैक्निकल रिपोर्टे वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
38. प्रिवेंशन मेथड्स एंड प्रोग्राम्स फार ओरल डिस्जीजेस- ए टैक्निकल रिपोर्टे वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
39. कम्युनिटी पेरियोडेंटल इंडेक्स आफ ट्रीटमेंट नीड्स डेवलपमेंट, फील्ड-टेस्टिंग एंड स्टैटिकली इवैल्यूएशन-वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
40. प्लानिंग ओरल हेल्थ सर्विसेज-वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
41. गाइड टू एपिडेमिओलाजी एंड डाएग्नोसिस आफ ओरल म्यूकोसल डिस्जीजेस- एंड कंडीशंस-वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
42. कम्युनिटी डेंटिस्ट्री (पीजी हंड बुक सिरीज वाल्यूम 8-सिलवरम एसएल एंड ट्रायन एएफ. ईडी. पेडोडॉटिक्स तथा निवारक दंत चिकित्सा
 1. पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री (इनफैन्सी थू एडोलोसेंस)-पिंखम
 2. केनेडीज पेडियाट्रिक आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-केनेडी एंड कर्जन
 3. अक्लुसल गाइडेंस इन पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री-स्टीफन एच. वेल्.
 4. क्लीनिकल यूज आफ फ्ल्यूइड्स-स्टीफन एच. वेल्.
 5. पेडियाट्रिक ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी-कवान
 6. पेडियाट्रिक मेडीकल इमरजेंसीज-पी. एस. व्हाट
 7. अंडरस्टैंडिंग आफ डेंटल कॅरीज-निकी फोरुक
 8. एन एटलस आफ ग्लास लोनोमर सीमेंट्स-जी. जे. मार्टेट
 9. क्लीनिकल पेडोडॉटिक्स-फिन
 10. टेक्स्टबुक आफ पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री-ब्राहम मोरिस
 11. प्राइमरी प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-नार्मन ओ. हैरिस
 12. हंडबुक आफ क्लीनिकल पेडोडॉटिक्स-केनेथ डी.
 13. प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-फार्रेस्टर
 14. द मेटाबोलिज्म एंड टाक्सिसिटी आफ फ्लूराइड-गैरी एम. व्हिटफोर्ड
 15. डेंटिस्ट्री फार दि चाइल्ड एंड एडोलोसेंस-मैक डोनाल्ड
 16. पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री-डामेल एस. जी.
 17. बिहैवियर मैनेजमेंट-राइट
 18. पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री-मैथ्यूसन
 19. ट्रामैटिक इंजरीज-एंडरसन
 20. अक्लुसल गाइडेंस इन पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री-नकाता
 21. पेडियाट्रिक ड्रग थिरेपी-तोमर
 22. कंटम्पेरी आर्थोडॉटिक्स-प्राफिट
 23. एंडोडॉटिक्स प्रैक्टिस-ग्रासमैन
 24. एंडोडॉटिक्स-इंगल
 25. पाथवेज आफ पल्प-कोहेन
 26. मैनेजमेंट आफ ट्रामेटाइज्ड एंटीरियर टीथ-हरग्रीवज
 27. एसेंशियल्स आफ कम्युनिटी एंड प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-साबेन पीटर्स
 28. पोस्ट ग्रेजुएट हंड बुक-बारबर
 29. साइंटिफिक फाउंडेशन आफ पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री-स्टीवर्ट एंड बारबर
 30. डाइट एंड न्यूट्रीशन इन डेंटिस्ट्री-स्तगन
 31. प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-गुरे

मुख्य औषधि तथा विकिरण विज्ञान

(क) मुख्य निदान, मुख्य औषधि तथा मुख्य विकृति विज्ञान

1. बर्किट-ओरल मेडीसिन-जे.बी. लिपिनकॉट कंपनी
2. कोलमैन-प्रिंसीपल्स आफ ओरल डाएग्नोसिस-मारबी इयर बुक
3. जोन्स-ओरल मैनीफेस्टेशंस आफ सिस्टमैटिक डिस्जीजेस-डब्ल्यू.बी. सॉडर्स कंपनी
4. बुड एंड गोर्ज-डिफेंशियल डाएग्नोसिस आफ ओरल लेशंस-मारबी इयर बुक
5. लंगलाइज-ओरल डाएग्नोसिस/ओरल मेडीसिन एंड ट्रीटमेंट प्लानिंग ली एंड फेबिगर एंड वेयरली कंपनी
6. मिशेल - ओरल डाएग्नोसिस एंड ओरल मेडीसिन
7. पिंडबर्ग - सिंड्रोम्स आफ दि हेड एंड नेक
8. स्टोंस - ओरल डिस्जीजेस
9. इरविन वाल्टर रकफ - ओरल मेडीसिन

10. केर - ओरल डाएग्नोसिस
11. भिलर - ओरल डाएग्नोसिस एंड ट्रीटमेंट
12. बेनियर - डिफरेंशियल डाएग्नोसिस एंड ओरल लेशन्स
13. मनफोर्ड - ओरोफेशियल पेन
14. बेल - ओरल फेशियन पेन
15. टलमेन - सिस्टेमिक डिस्सीसेज इन डेंटल ट्रीटमेंट
16. मीन - डिस्सीसेज आफ दि माउथ
17. हर्विसन - क्लीनिकल मेथड्स
18. मैकलाएड्स - क्लीनिकल एग्जामिनेशन
19. चैबरलिन - सिपटंस एंड साईंस आफ क्लीनिकल मेडीसिन
20. डेविडसन - प्रिंसीपल्स एंड प्रैक्टिस आफ मेडीसिन
21. हरीसन - प्रिंसीपल्स आफ इंटर्स मेडीसिन
22. स्वीटनर - ओरल रीहैबिलिटेशन प्रोग्राम केसेस
23. बर्कहाडर्ट - ओरल कैंसर
24. डोल्बी - ओरल म्यूकोसा इन हेल्थ एंड डिस्सीसेज
25. सोनिस एस. टी., फेजियो, आर. सी. एंड फॉग एल. - प्रिंसीपल्स एंड प्रैक्टिस आफ ओरल मेडीसिन
26. नैली एफ. एफ. एंड एगल्सटन-डी. जे. - ए मैन्युअल आफ ओरल मेडीसिन
27. प्रभु एस. आर. एट आल - ओरल डिस्सीसेज इन दि ट्रापिक्स
28. समरनाएके एल. पी. तथा अन्य - ओरल कैंडीडोसिस

(ख) मुख्य विकिरण विज्ञान

1. क्लाइट एंड कोज - ओरल रेडियोलॉजी - मोस्बी इयर बुक
2. वेहर्मन - डेंटल रेडियोलॉजी - सी. वी. मोस्बी कंपनी
3. स्टफने - ओरल रॉन्टेजिनोग्राफी डाएग्नोसिस - डब्ल्यू. बी. सौडर्स कंपनी
4. लैंगलेयर्स - डाएग्नोस्टिक इमेजिंग आफ दी जाज - विलियम एंड विलकिंस
5. स्निथ - डेंटल रेडियोग्राफी - ब्लैकवेल साइंटिफिक पब्लिकेशन
6. एरिक वेट्स - एसेंशियल्स आफ डेंटल रेडियोग्राफी - चर्चिल लिब्रिंगस्टोन
7. सोनिस एस.टी., फेजियो, आर. सी. एंड फॉग एल. - प्रिंसीपल्स एंड प्रैक्टिस आफ ओरल मेडीसिन
8. मालामेड एस. एफ. - बुक आफ मेडीकल इमरजेंसीज इन दि डेंटल
9. कासन आर. ए. एंड स्कली सी. एम. - मेडीकल प्रोब्लम्स इन डेंटिस्ट्री
10. पिंडबर्ग जे. जे. - एटलस आफ डिस्सीसेज आफ दि ओरल म्यूकोसा
11. लिच एम. ए. - ईटीएस ओरल मेडीसिन, डाएग्नोसिस एंड ट्रीटमेंट
12. दयाल पी. के. - टेक्स्ट बुक आफ ओरल मेडीसिन

(सी) अपराध विज्ञान ओर्डीनोलॉजी

1. डेरक एच. क्लार्क - प्रैक्टिकल फॉरेंसिक ओर्डीनोलॉजी - राइट
2. काटन स्टैंडिश - आउटलाइन आफ फॉरेंसिक डेंटिस्ट्री
3. व्हिटकर - ए कलर एटलस आफ फॉरेंसिक डेंटिस्ट्री

पत्रिकाएं:

व्यावसायिकों को, अपनी-अपनी विशेषज्ञताओं में ताजा घटनाक्रम और प्रवृत्तियों से अवगत रखने की दृष्टि से पत्रिकाएं जानकारी का सर्वोत्तम स्रोत होती हैं। पत्रिकाओं का जो प्रमाणात्मी प्रदर्शन उपलब्ध है, उस पर विचार करते हुए परिषद यह चाहती है कि संस्थानों को न्यूनतम अपेक्षा के रूप में निम्न सूची में निर्दिष्ट पत्रिकाएं उपलब्ध करानी चाहिए:

दंत्य शिक्षा और व्यवहार संबंधी

1. जर्नल आफ इंडियन डेंटल एसोसिएशन
2. ब्रिटिश डेंटल जर्नल
3. जर्नल आफ अमेरिकन डेंटल एसोसिएशन
4. जर्नल आफ डेंटिस्ट्री
5. डेंटल क्लीनिक्स आफ नार्थ अमेरिका
6. जर्नल आफ डेंटल एजुकेशन
7. डेंटल एक्सट्रैक्ट्स
8. जर्नल आफ डेंटल रिसर्च
9. डेंटल इंडेक्स
10. क्विंटेसेंस इंटरनेशनल
11. इंटरनेशनल डेंटल जर्नल

12. वास्तुशिल्पियन डेंटल जर्नल
13. जर्नल आफ डेंटल मैटीरियल्स
14. जर्नल आफ प्रोस्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री
15. जर्नल आफ क्लेफन पैलेट

प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स, क्राउन ब्रिज तथा मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

1. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल इम्प्लांट्स
2. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स
3. जर्नल आफ डेंटल मैटीरियल्स
4. जर्नल आफ जेरियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री
5. जर्नल आफ प्रोस्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री
6. जर्नल आफ प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स
7. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियन सर्जरी
8. जर्नल आफ क्लिनिकल पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी
9. जर्नल आफ पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी
10. डेंटल टेक्नीशियन
11. जर्नल आफ एंडोडॉटिक्स
12. यूरोपियन जर्नल आफ प्रोस्थेटिक्स एंड रीस्टोरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री
13. द जर्नल आफ एडेसिव डेंटिस्ट्री
14. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ एंडोडॉटिक्स
15. जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी

पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी तथा मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

1. जर्नल आफ पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी
2. जर्नल आफ क्लिनिकल पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी
3. जर्नल आफ पेरियोडॉटल रिसर्च
4. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ पेरियोडॉटिक्स
5. जर्नल आफ इंडियन सोसायटी आफ पेरियोडॉटिक्स
6. जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियन इम्प्लांट्स
7. पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी 2000
8. एनल्स आफ पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी

मुख्य तथा मैक्सिलोफेशियल शल्यक्रिया तथा मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

1. जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी
2. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी
3. जर्नल आफ क्रोनियो मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी
4. ब्रिटिश जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी
5. ओरल सर्जरी, ओरल मेडीसिन, ओरल पैथोलॉजी
6. ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल क्लिनिक्स आफ नार्थ अमेरिका
7. जर्नल आफ ओरो-फेशियल पेन
8. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल इम्प्लांट्स
9. इंडियन जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी
10. प्लास्टिक एंड रीकंस्ट्रक्टिव सर्जरी
11. कैंसर

संक्षी, एंडोडॉटिक्स तथा सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा

1. एंडोडॉटिक्स एंड डेंटल ट्रामेटोलॉजी
2. इंटरनेशनल एंडोडॉटिक जर्नल
3. आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री
4. एस्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री
5. एंडोडॉटोलॉजी
6. डेंटल मैटीरियल्स
7. ओरल सर्जरी, ओरल मेडीसिन, ओरल पैथोलॉजी
8. ओरल रिडियोलॉजी एंड एंडोडॉटिक्स
9. जर्नल आफ प्रास्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री
10. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ प्रास्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री
11. पेरियोडॉटिक्स एंड रीस्टोरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री
12. इडेक्स टू डेंटल ट्रिटरेचर

आयोडॉटिक्स तथा डेंटोफेशियल विकलांग विज्ञान

1. अमेरिकन जनरल आफ आर्थोडॉटिक्स एंड डेंटलशियल आर्थोपेडिक्स
2. एंगल आर्थोडोटिस्ट
3. जनरल आफ क्लीनिकल आर्थोडॉटिक्स
4. जनरल आफ आर्थोडॉटिक्स फार्मली ब्रिटिश जनरल आफ आर्थोडॉटिक्स
5. जनरल आफ इंडियन आर्थोडॉटिक्स सोसायटी

सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य दंत चिकित्सा

1. जनरल आफ कम्युनिटी डेंटिस्ट्री एंड ओरल एपिडेमियोलॉजी
2. जनरल आफ पब्लिक हेल्थ डेंटिस्ट्री
3. फ्लूराइड जनरल आफ इंटरनेशनल सोसायटी
4. जनरल आफ कम्युनिटी डेंटल हेल्थ
5. जनरल आफ फ्लूराइड रिसर्च
6. जनरल आफ क्लीनिकल प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री

पेडोडॉटिक्स तथा निवारक दंत चिकित्सा

1. एएसडीसी जनरल आफ डेंटिस्ट्री फार चिल्ड्रेन
2. इंटरनेशनल जनरल आफ पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री
3. पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री
4. जनरल आफ इंडियन सोसायटी आफ पेडोडॉटिक्स एंड प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री

मुखीय औषधि तथा विकिरण विज्ञान

1. जनरल आफ ओरल पैथोलॉजी/ओरल मेडीसिन एंड रेडियोलॉजी/ओरल सर्जरी
2. जनरल आफ ओरल डिस्सीसेज
3. जनरल आफ ओरल पैथोलॉजी/मेडीसिन
4. जनरल आफ कम्युनिटी डेंटिस्ट्री एंड ओरल एपिडेमियोलॉजी
5. जनरल आफ इंडियन एकेडमी अफ ओरल मेडीसिन एंड रेडियोलॉजी
6. जनरल आफ इंडियन एसोसिएशन आफ ओरल पैथोलॉजी

खंड-IV

1. प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स, क्राउन ब्रिज तथा मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उक्ताक विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और न-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।

जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान। क्राउन तथा ब्रिज और रोपण विज्ञान सहित प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स में आवश्यक शिक्षण कौशल निर्मित करना।

बी: पूर्व-नैदानिक कार्य

- (क) प्रयोगशाला प्रौद्योगिकी में पूर्व-नैदानिक प्रवेश। केनेडी वर्गीकरण के विभिन्न डिजाइनों के लिए आइबोराइन दांत का मूल दंत पूर्वास्थापन।
- (ख) दंत्य माडलों का सर्वेक्षण और अपसारणीय आंशिकों की आयोजना।
- (ग) इलैस्टोमरिक छाप सामग्री के लिए कस्टम ट्रेज का निर्माण।
- (घ) विभिन्न स्थिर पुनःस्थापनों जैसेकि पूर्ण विनीयर, क्राउन, आंशिक विनीयर क्राउन, मूलसूत्रीय क्राउन के वास्ते दंत पूर्वावस्थापन।
- (ङ.) धातु फ्रेमवर्क तथा विभिन्न धातु क्राउन ढालना।
- (च) दंत्य सिरमिक सामग्री का हस्तोपचार।

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

- (क) लुप्त दांतों वाले रोगियों का उपचार
- (ख) छाप क्रियाविधियां
- (ग) अंतः अंतरोध रिकार्ड
- (घ) जबड़ा संबंधी रिकार्ड
- (ङ.) जबड़ा प्रेरक युक्ति का घयन
- (च) उपचार डिजाइन का मूल कारण
- (छ) कृत्रिम अंग का अंतर्वेशन

बी: विभिन्न अपसारणीय तथा स्थिर उपचार के लिए नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छ संगोष्ठियों और छ पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

३. विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा से तीन बर्षों के पहले आचार्यक पुरस्कार परीक्षाएं।

अनिवार्य नैदानिक कार्य

सिरेमिक्स-लैमिनेट्स, इनलेस आउलेस - 05

घातु के लिए एफवीसी - 05

सिरेमिक के लिए एफवीसी - 05

कीमती घातु क्राउन - 01

टैलिस्कोपिक क्राउन - 01

इंफ्रान्ट समर्थित कृत्रिम अंग के रूप में क्राउन - 01

ठले हुए पोर्सलिन (तीन इकाई) - 02

ठली हुई घातु (तीन इकाई) - 02

पोर्सलिन समेकित घातु (अग्र तथा पश्च) - 05

बहु-रेबटमेंट (मैक्सिलरी तथा मँडीब्यूलर आर्क) - 02

अनतिम अस्थायी पुनःस्थापन (क्राउन तथा एफपीडी) - 05

अस्थायी आंशिक कृत्रिम दंतावली कृत्रिम-अंग - 05

ठली हुई अपसारणीय आंशिक कृत्रिम दंतावली (केनेडी) के ऐपलगेट वर्गीकरण के लिए संशोधन सहित) - 02

तात्कालिक आरपीडी - 02

चिकित्सीय रूप से समाविष्ट तथा विकलांग रोगियों के लिए आंशिक कृत्रिम दंतावली - 01

एकल कृत्रिम दंतावली - 02

ओवरले कृत्रिम दंतावली - 02

पूर्ण दंत्य कृत्रिम अंग (असाधारण रिज संबंध, रिज रूप और रिज आकार के लिए) - 02

चिकित्सीय रूप से समाविष्ट तथा विकलांग रोगियों के लिए पूर्ण कृत्रिम दंतावली - 02

वृद्धि रोगियों के लिए दंत और दंत सतह पुनःस्थापन, क्राउन, स्थिर कृत्रिम अंग, अपसारणीय कृत्रिम अंग, पूर्ण

मुख पुनर्स्थापन-सौंदर्यपरक पुनःस्थापन तथा स्टोमेटोग्नेथिक प्रणाली का कार्य - 01

असफल पुनःस्थापन का प्रबंध-अपसारणीय कृत्रिम अंग - 05

क्राउन और स्थिर कृत्रिम अंग - 02

आयु परिवर्तनों के कारण पुनःस्थापन असफलता - 01

मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उतक विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन,

विकृति विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण

में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य

सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा

जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।

जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: सामग्री विज्ञान

सामग्रियों की जैव-वैज्ञानिक अनुकूलता की अवधारणा

घातु घयन और सतही विशेषताएं

हाइड्रोक्सी ऐपेटाइट तथा अन्य अस्थि प्रतिस्थापन

घातु विज्ञान

सिरेमिक्स तथा अन्य विनीयरिंग सामग्रियां

सी: आसियोइंटेंग्रेसन

आसियोइंटेंग्रेसन का परिचय

रोपण अटैचमेंट्स की प्रकृति

अस्थि उतक प्रतिक्रियाएं

रोपणों की कार्यात्मक प्रतिक्रिया

रोपण प्रणालियों का डिजाइन

डी: निम्न पर विशेष बल

स्वतंत्रता का नियंत्रण

सीवन तकनीक

आपरेशन के बाद का प्रबंध

जटिलताओं का निवारण और प्रबंध

अंतःमुखीय फिक्चर्स के स्थानन के शल्यक्रियात्मक पक्ष

बहिःमुखीय फिक्चर्स

नैदानिक जीवशांत्तिकी

अस्थायी कृत्रिम अंग

दूसरे स्तर की शल्यक्रिया के लिए कृत्रिम-अंग विचार

पंच प्रतिधारित कृत्रिम अंग

रोपण समर्थित कृत्रिम अंग के लिए अंतरोध विचार

छाप क्रियाविधियां

जबड़ा संबंध

अस्थाय ट्राई-इन

सुपरा तंत्र का निर्माण

कृत्रिम अंग का अंतर्वेशन

दंत्य रोपणों का अनुरक्षण

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

रोगी चयन और तैयारी (शल्यक्रियात्मक, कृत्रिम-अंग संबंधी तथा पेरयोडॉटल विचार) - 05 मामले

म्यूकोपेरियोस्टील फ्लेक्स - 05

अस्थायी कृत्रिम-अंग - 02

पंच प्रतिधारित कृत्रिम अंग - 02

सुपरा तंत्र का निर्माण - 02

एकल इकाई रोपण - 02

बहु इकाई रोपण - 01

बी: नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा से तीन महीने पहले आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

2. पेरियोडॉटोलाजी तथा मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, रोगक्षमता विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त फलों का गहरा ज्ञान।

जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

पूर्ण मामला इतिवृत्त और उपचार आयोजना - 05 मामले

अनुप्रयुक्त पेरियोडॉटल सूचक - 05 मामले

स्केलिंग तथा रूट आयोजना - हस्त - 10 मामले, अल्ट्रासोनिक - 10 मामले

आच्छुरण - 05 मामले

मसूझाच्छेदन - 10 मामले

मसूझाप्लास्टी - 05 मामले

स्थानीय औषधि आपूर्ति तकनीक

पाकेट चिकित्सा

म्यूको-मसूझा शल्यक्रियाएं

रोपण - 02

पेरियो-एंडो समस्याओं का प्रबंध - 03 मामले

अंतरोध समायोजन - 05 मामले

पेरियो स्प्लिट्स - 05 मामले

निर्देशित उन्नत पुनःउत्पादन मामले - 05

पेरियोडॉटल समस्याओं से पूरे पांच महीने से प्रस्तुत कम से कम पांच रोगियों का उपचार

बी: उपचारित नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा से तीन महीने पूर्व आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण

में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, रक्त-सामग्री, विज्ञान, जननगत विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव-सामग्री विज्ञान, जैव इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।
जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: सामग्री विज्ञान

सामग्रियों की जैव-वैज्ञानिक अनुकूलता की अवधारणा

धातु चयन और सतही विशेषताएं

हाइड्रोक्सी ऐपेटाइट तथा अन्य अस्थि प्रतिस्थापन

धातु विज्ञान

सिरेमिक्स तथा अन्य विनीयरिंग सामग्रियां

सी: आसियोइंटिग्रेशन

आसियोइंटिग्रेशन का परिचय

रोपण अटैचमेंट्स की प्रकृति

अस्थि उन्नत प्रतिक्रियाएं

रोपणों की कार्यात्मक प्रतिक्रिया

रोपण प्रणालियों का डिजाइन

डी: निम्न पर विशेष बल

रक्तस्राव का नियंत्रण

सीवन तकनीक

आपरेसन के बाद का प्रबंध

जटिलताओं का निवारण और प्रबंध

अंतःमुखीय फिक्चर्स के स्थानन के शल्यक्रियात्मक पक्ष

बहिःमुखीय फिक्चर्स

नैदानिक जैवयांत्रिकी

अस्थायी कृत्रिम अंग

दूसरे स्तर की शल्यक्रिया के लिए कृत्रिम-अंग विचार

पेंच प्रतिधारित कृत्रिम अंग

रोपण समर्थित कृत्रिम अंग के लिए अंतर्रांघ विचार

छाप क्रियाविधियां

जबड़ा संबंध

अस्थाय ट्राई-इन

सुपरा तंत्र का निर्माण

कृत्रिम अंग का अंतर्वेशन

दंत्य रोपणों का अनुरक्षण

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

रोगी चयन और तैयारी (शल्यक्रियात्मक, कृत्रिम-अंग संबंधी तथा पेरयोडॉन्टल विचार) - 05 मामलों

म्यूकोपेरियोस्टील फ्लेक्स - 05

अस्थायी कृत्रिम-अंग - 02

पेंच प्रतिधारित कृत्रिम अंग - 02

सुपरा तंत्र का निर्माण - 02

एकल इकाई रोपण - 02

बहु इकाई रोपण - 01

बी: नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा से तीन महीने पहले आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

3. मुखीय तथा मैक्सिलोफेशियल और मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव रसायन

विकृति विज्ञान, रोगक्षमता विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान

मुखीय तथा मैक्सिलोफेशियल शल्यक्रिया में प्रयुक्त औषधियों पर विशेष बल देते हुए फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया,

चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक

बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जनमजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री

विज्ञानों, जैव इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।

सिर व गला-प्रिसिपल ऑफ सर्जरी, इमेजे-सीस इन्फेक्शन्स इमेजींग, सीस्टस, ट्यूमरस फॉरेन बाडीज एंड डीसिजीज एंड कम्प्लीकेसन्स

टीएमजे व औस्थोगेनीक केसो की सामान्य क्लारिफिकेशन

जैव सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधियों तथा कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

इंजेक्शन आईएम तथा आईवी - 25, 10

एक फोड़े का छेदन तथा निकास - 05

शल्यक्रियात्मक निष्कर्षण - 10

कृत्रिम-अंग से पूर्व की शल्यक्रिया - 10

ओएएफ संवरण - 03

पुटी समूल-निष्कासन - 05

पेरियापिकल शल्यक्रिया - 02

लाला अरमरी निकालना - 02

अधोहनु अस्थि-भंग - 06

मध्य-आनन अस्थिभंग - 03

सुदृढ अर्बुद - 03

आर्थोग्नेथिक शल्यक्रिया - 02

हार्वेस्टिंग अस्थि तथा उपास्थि निरोप - 03

टीएमजे शल्यक्रिया - 01

जबड़ उच्छेदन - 02 (सहाय्यित)

अर्बुद शल्यक्रिया - 02 (सहाय्यित)

खंडोष्ठ तथा तालु - 06

बी: उपचारित नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षाओं से तीन महीने पूर्व आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उद्भूत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।

जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: सामग्री विज्ञान

सामग्रियों की जैव-वैज्ञानिक अनुकूलता की अवधारणा

धातु चयन और सतही विशेषताएं

हाइड्रोक्सी ऐपेटाइट तथा अन्य अस्थि प्रतिस्थापन

धातु विज्ञान

सिरेमिक्स तथा अन्य विनीयरिंग सामग्रियां

सी: आसियोइंटिग्रेशन

आसियोइंटिग्रेशन का परिचय

रोपण अटैचमेंट्स की प्रकृति

अस्थि उद्भूत प्रतिक्रियाएं

रोपणों की कार्यात्मक प्रतिक्रिया

रोपण प्रणालियों का डिजाइन

डी: निम्न पर विशेष बल

रक्तस्राव का नियंत्रण

सीवन तकनीक

आपरेशन के बाद का प्रबंध

जटिलताओं का निवारण और प्रबंध

अंतःमुखीय फिक्चर्स के स्थानन के शल्यक्रियात्मक पक्ष

बहिःमुखीय फिक्चर्स

नैदानिक जैवयांत्रिकी

अस्थायी कृत्रिम अंग
दूसरे स्तर की शल्यक्रिया के लिए कृत्रिम अंग के लिए
पेच प्रतिधारित कृत्रिम अंग
रोपण समर्थित कृत्रिम अंग के लिए अंतर्रीय विचार
छाप क्रियाविधियां

जबड़ा संबंध
अस्थाय द्राई-इन
सुपरा तंत्र का निर्माण
कृत्रिम अंग का अंतर्वेशन
दंत्य रोपणों का अनुरक्षण
तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य
रोगी चयन और तैयारी (शल्यक्रियात्मक, कृत्रिम-अंग संबंधी तथा पेरयोडॉन्टल विचार) - 05 मामले
न्यूकोपेरियोस्टील फ्लैप्स - 05
अस्थायी कृत्रिम-अंग - 02
पेच प्रतिधारित कृत्रिम अंग - 02
सुपरा तंत्र का निर्माण - 02
एकल इकाई रोपण - 02
बहु इकाई रोपण - 01

बी: नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति
सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति
डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा से तीन महीने पहले आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं
4. संरक्षी, एंडोडॉन्टिक्स तथा सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान
सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उतक विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, रोगक्षमता विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण, में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और न-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।
जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: दंत्य सामग्री

- (क) अनुलिपिकरण सामग्री सहित दंत चिकित्सा में प्रयुक्त छाप सामग्री
- (ख) दंत चिकित्सा में प्रयुक्त कृत्रिम रेजिन
- (ग) धातुएं और अयस्क - महत्वपूर्ण भौतिक विशेषताओं सहित संरचना और व्यवहार
- (घ) दंत्य सीमेंट - वर्गीकरण, गठन, हस्तोपचार, विशेषताएं और प्रयोग
- (ङ) धातु में समेकित पॉसिलेन, पॉसिलेन मट्टी तथा समेकन सहित दंत्य पॉसिलेन
- (च) कंपोजिट और पॉसिलेन पालिशिंग
- (छ) पुनःस्थापना सामग्रियों के जीववैज्ञानिक पक्ष

सी: विकिरण विज्ञान: अंतःमुखीय और बाह्यमुखीय रेडियोग्राफी तथा सामान्य शरीररचना वैज्ञानिक-लैंडमार्क
डी: संरक्षी (शल्यक्रियात्मक) दंत चिकित्सा तथा एंडोडॉन्टिक्स से संबंधित दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान और आर्मानोमेटोरियम

ई: पूर्व- नैदानिक कार्य

इनलेज, आनलेज आदि सहित विभिन्न प्रकार के पुनःस्थापनों के लिए कैंविटी निर्माण
मैट्रिसेज

निष्कर्षित दांत पर अनेक एंडोडॉन्टिक तथा पुनःस्थापनात्मक प्रक्रियाएं

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य
संयुक्त पुनःस्थापन - 15
जीआईसी पुनःस्थापन - 15
जटिल पारदमिश्र पुनःस्थापन - 02
संयुक्त इनले तथा विनीयर - 02
सिरेमिक जैकेट क्राउन - 02
अग्र दांत का पोस्ट तथा कोर - 06
पश्च दांत का पोस्ट तथा कोर - 06

बला हृमा स्वर्ण इनले 02

ब्लीचिंग वाइटल 02

ब्लीचिंग गैस-वाइटल 02

आरसीटी अग्र - 20

आरसीटी परच - 20

एंडो शल्यक्रिया - 02

एंडो-परेयो समस्याओं का प्रबंध - 02

बी: उपचारित नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षाओं से तीन महीने पहले आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री-विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संस्रक्षणों और नू-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गह्वर ज्ञान।

जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: मुखीय शरीररचना विज्ञान, शरीरक्रिया विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान तथा भ्रूण विज्ञान

दांतों का सक्रिय और निष्क्रिय उद्भवन तथा दूध के दांतों का गिरना

दूध के दांतों और स्थायी दांतों के बीच भिन्नताएं

इनेमल, डेंटाइन, सीमेंटम तथा अस्थि की रासायनिक रचना तथा भौतिक विशेषताएं

दांतों की पहचान

स्थिर दांतों का उत्स्कीर्णन जिसमें चर्नल को आकर्षित करना शामिल है

सौंदर्यशास्त्र से परिचय

संरचनात्मक सौंदर्यशास्त्रीय नियम

सौंदर्यशास्त्र और कार्य के साथ संबंध

सी: नैदानिक कार्य

दंत चिकित्सा सामग्री:

- (क) अनुलिपिकरण सामग्री सहित दंत चिकित्सा में प्रयुक्त छाप सामग्री
- (ख) दंत चिकित्सा में प्रयुक्त कृत्रिम रेजिन
- (ग) घातुएं और अयस्क - महत्वपूर्ण भौतिक विशेषताओं सहित संरचना और व्यवहार
- (घ) दंत्य सीमेंट - वर्गीकरण, गठन, हस्तोपचार, विशेषताएं और प्रयोग
- (ङ) घातु में समेकित पोर्सिलेन, पोर्सिलेन भट्टी तथा समेकन सहित दंत्य पोर्सिलेन
- (च) कंपोजिट और पोर्सिलेन पालिशिंग
- (छ) पुनः स्थायी सामग्रियों के जीववैज्ञानिक पक्ष

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

- (क) डेंटोजिन्जीवल इकाई का सौंदर्यपरक
- (ख) प्रबंध मसूढ़े का प्रतिसार
- (ग) उन्नत प्रबंध की कला में पारंगति प्राप्त करना
- (घ) घातु सिरैमिक रूपरेखा डिजाइन
- (ङ) पोर्सिलेन विनियर : एक सौंदर्यपरक उपचारात्मक विकल्प
- (च) विकिरण विज्ञान : अंतःमुखीय तथा बाह्य
- (छ) मुखीय रेडियोग्राफी का तकनीक तथा सामान्य शरीररचनात्मक लैंडमार्क

बी: विभिन्न सौंदर्यपरक अपेक्षाओं के लिए विद्वानात्मक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों और छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षाओं से तीन महीने पहले आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

5. आर्थोडॉटिक्स तथा डेंटोफेशियल विकलांग-विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: आर्थोडॉटिक्स के प्रति संगति सहित अनुप्रयुक्त विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, रोगक्षमता विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों,

अनुवांशिकी, दंत सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव इंजीनियरी तथा जैव चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का पहला ज्ञान।
जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: बुनियादी आर्थोडॉंटिक विषय

आनन-वृद्धि

दंत विन्यास का सामान्य और असामान्य विकास

दंत संघलन और आनन विकलांग विज्ञान

विकिरण विज्ञान और अन्य इमेजिंग तकनीक

शीर्षमिक्तिक

आर्थोडॉंटिक सामग्री

आर्थोडॉंटिक जैवयांत्रिकी

सी: सामान्य आर्थोडॉंटिक विषय

कु-अंतर्रांध का रोगहेतु विज्ञान

नैदानिक क्रियाविधियां

नैदानिक आकलन, उपचार उद्देश्य तथा उपचार आयोजना

विकास और उपचार विश्लेषण

आर्थोडॉंटिक उपचार का दीर्घकालीन प्रभाव

आर्थोडॉंटिक उपचार के तैद्रोजेनिक प्रभाव

आर्थोडॉंटिक्स का ज्ञानपदिकरोग विज्ञान

डी: आर्थोडॉंटिक तकनीक

अपसारणीय उपकरण

कार्यात्मक उपकरण

बाह्य-मुखीय उपकरण

स्थिर उपकरण

प्रतिधारण उपकरण

ई: पूर्व-नैदानिक प्रक्रियाएं

बुनियादी तार मोड़ने वाली प्रक्रियाएं

अपसारणीय उपकरणों के सक्रिय और निष्क्रिय घटक

सोल्डरिंग प्रक्रियाएं

अध्ययन मॉडल तैयारी

उपकरण निर्माण

शीर्षमिक्तिक ट्रेसिंग्स तथा विश्लेषण

नैदानिक फोटोग्राफी में बुनियादी कौशल

स्थिर उपकरण प्रक्रिया

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

अपसारणीय तथा स्थिर उपकरणों-दोनों से विभिन्न आर्थोडॉंटिक तकनीकों का प्रयोग करते हुए विभिन्न प्रकार के अंतर्रांधों से ग्रस्त रोगियों का उपचार।

बी: कम से कम तीन उपचारित मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षाओं से तीन वर्षों में पूर्व आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

6. सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य दंत चिकित्सा और निवारक दंत चिकित्सा

सभी सेमेस्टर्स में सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य अवधारणाओं और दर्शनों, तथा विशेष रूप से दंत सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य को समझने और सीखने के प्रति समर्पित समय शामिल होगा किंतु यह सीमित नहीं होगा। कुछेक महत्वपूर्ण विषय होंगे: ज्ञानपदिकरोग विज्ञान, सर्वक्षण क्रियाविधियां, मुखीय जीव विज्ञान तथा अनुवांशिकी, दंत्य देखभाल के स्तर का मूल्यांकन, निवारक दंत चिकित्सा, अनुसंधान प्रविधि तथा दंत्य सांख्यिकी आदि।

7. पेडोडॉंटिक्स तथा निवारक दंत चिकित्सा

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: पेडोडॉंटिक्स के लिए संगत अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उक्त विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, रोगक्षमता विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, अनुवांशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का पहला ज्ञान।
जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: पूर्व नैदानिक प्रक्रियाएं जिनमें निष्कार्यत दात पर तार बांधना, मोम उत्खीर्णन, पुनः स्थापनापरक तथा एंडोडॉंटिक प्रक्रियाएं शामिल होंगी किंतु उन्हीं तक सीमित नहीं होंगी।

सी: निम्न पर विशेष बल:

बाल विकास

व्यवहार प्रबंध

बाल दंत व्यवहार

निवारक तथा हस्तक्षेपकारी आर्थोडॉंटिक्स

पोषण और बाल दंत्य स्वास्थ्य

निवारक दंत चिकित्सा

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

नैदानिक प्रशिक्षण जिसमें बालरोग चिकित्सा और शल्यक्रिया, मुख्य शल्यक्रिया तथा आर्थोडॉंटिक्स में तैनाती शामिल है।

पूर्ण रिकार्डों सहित विशेष मामले - 10

निवारक दंत चिकित्सा के मामले - 5

स्टेनलेस स्टील के क्राउन - 20

दंत मज्जा चिकित्सा मामले - 75

स्थान बनाए रखने वाले - 20 (10 स्थिर तथा 10 अपसारणीय)

बी: उपचारित निदानात्मक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों और छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षाओं से तीन महीने पूर्व आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

8. मुख्य चिकित्सा तथा विकिरण विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उतक विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, रोगक्षमता विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।

जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: निम्न पर विशेष बल:

आधुनिक नैदानिक तकनीकों सहित मुख्य तथा प्रणालीगत रोगों के नैदानिक निदान की विधियां प्रयोगशाला जांचें

प्रणालीगत रोगों का मुख्य प्रदर्शन

मुख-आनन वेदना

मुखीय रोगों के मनःकायिक पक्ष

मुख-आनन के उतकों से जुड़े हुए जन्मजात तथा वंशानुगत विकार

सी: मुखीय तथा मैक्सिलोफेशियल विकिरण विज्ञान

विकिरण विज्ञान के मूल तत्व

विकिरण विज्ञान के जीव-वैज्ञानिक प्रभाव

मुखीय और मैक्सिलोफेशियल विकिरण विज्ञान में विभिन्न तकनीक जिनमें उन्नतियां शामिल हैं

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक प्रशिक्षण

सामान्य चिकित्सा में तैनातियों सहित नैदानिक प्रशिक्षण।

बी: ऐसे विशेष नैदानिक मामलों की, की गई बायोप्सी आदि जैसे व्यौरों सहित प्रस्तुति जिन्हें प्रेक्षित किया गया और जिनका निदान किया गया

मामलों के इतिवृत्त - 50

विशेष मामले - 10

अंतःमुखीय पैरियापेकल रेडियोग्राफ - 50

बिटेविंग रेडियोग्राफ - 25

अंतर्घात्मक दृष्टि - 25

विभिन्न दृष्टियों के बाह्य मुखीय रेडियोग्राफ - 40

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षाओं से तीन महीने पहले आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

9. नीतिशास्त्र (अनुदेशन के 20 घंटे)

पुष्पिका

रोगी और डाक्टर के परंपरागत संबंधों तथा दंत्य देखभाल की आपूर्ति में निश्चित बदलाव करना ही विश्व भर में जैवोद्योगिकी में की गई सन्नतियों तथा रोगी उसके परिवारों और समुदाय की बढ़ती हुई जरूरतों के चलते पूरे समुदाय के स्वास्थ्य को लेकर एक चिंता बनी हुई है। समाज के प्रति और अधिक जवाबदेही का बदलाव आ गया है। अन्य स्वास्थ्य व्यावसायिकों की भांति ही दंत्य विशेषज्ञों के सामने अनेक नैतिक समस्याएँ पैदा आती हैं। इसलिए स्वास्थ्य देखभाल से जुड़े हुए प्रत्येक व्यक्ति के लिए अपने आपको ऐसी समस्याओं से जूझने के लिए तैयार करना जरूरी हो गया है। इस स्थिति से निपटने और मानवीय मूल्यों के सृजन की दृष्टि से परिषद चाहती है कि सभी प्रशिक्षणार्थी नैतिक मुद्दों पर लेक्चरों अथवा चर्चाओं, किसी महत्वपूर्ण नैतिक घटक के साथ मामलों की चर्चा द्वारा नैतिक दृष्टि से संवेदीकृत होकर गुजरे।

पाठ्यक्रम सामग्री:**नीतिशास्त्र से परिचय-**

- नीतिशास्त्र क्या होता है?

- मूल्य और मानदंड क्या होते हैं?

- व्यक्ति के वैयक्तिक तथा व्यावसायिक जीवन में मूल्य प्रणाली कैसे निर्मित की जाए?

- पाखंडी प्रतिज्ञा

- हेल्सकी घोषणा, जेनेवा की डक्यूएचओ घोषणा, अंतर्राष्ट्रीय नीति संहिता, डीसीआई नीति संहिता

व्यक्ति का नीतिशास्त्र-

- रोगी एक व्यक्ति के रूप में

- सम्मानित किए जाने का अधिकार

- सचाई और गोपनीयता

- निर्णय की स्वायत्तता

- डाक्टर रोगी संबंध

व्यावसायिक नीतिशास्त्र-

- आचरण संहिता

- करार और गोपनीयता

- फीस वसूलना, फीस विभाजित करना

- दवाईयों का नुस्खा लिखना

- रोगी की आवश्यकता से अधिक जांच करना

- कदाचार तथा उपेक्षा

अनुसंधान नीतिशास्त्र-

- पशु और प्रायोगिक अनुसंधान/मानवीयता

- मानवीय प्रयोग

- मानवीय स्वेच्छया अनुसंधान-सुविज्ञ सहमति

- औषधि प्रयोग

मामलों की नैतिक कार्यशाला

- सभी वैज्ञानिक तत्व इकट्ठे करना

- सभी मूल्यपरक तत्व इकट्ठे करना

- मूल्य-विरोध के क्षेत्र अभिज्ञात करना, प्राथमिकताएं निर्धारित करना

- निर्णयों के प्रति अपने मानदंड तैयार करना

पढ़ने के लिए अनुशंसित पुस्तक

मेडीकल ईथिक्स, फ्रांसिस सी.एन. प्रथम संस्करण 1993, जेपी ब्रदर्स, नई दिल्ली पृष्ठ 189

[विज्ञापन-III/IV/असाधारण/98/2008]

मेजर जनरल (सेवानिवृत्त) पी.एन. अवस्थी, सचिव

**DENTAL COUNCIL OF INDIA
NOTIFICATION**

New Delhi, Dated 22nd July, 2008

No.DE-130-2007 - In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 20 of the Dentists Act, 1948 (16 of 1948), the Dental Council of India with the previous approval of the Central Government, hereby makes the following regulations:-

1. **Short title and commencement:-**

- (1) These Regulations may be called the Dental Council of India Post Graduate Diploma Course Regulations, 2008.
- (2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2792 15/08-08

SECTION-I**REGULATIONS FOR THE DIPLOMA COURSES****Eligibility:**

A candidate for admission to the Diploma Course must have a degree of BDS (Bachelor of Dental Surgery) from a college and University recognized by Dental Council of India or an equivalent qualification recognized by the Dental Council of India. Candidates not possessing a recognized Dental qualification for the above purpose should secure the prior approval of his qualifications by the Dental Council of India before he/she can be admitted to the Diploma courses in any of the Universities in India.

Duration of the Course:

The duration of the diploma courses in various specialities of dentistry shall be of two years duration which will be further divided into four Semesters as under:-

First and Second Semesters : Preclinical Work and Applied Basic Sciences.

Third and Fourth Semesters : Clinical Work.

All the candidates for the Post Graduate Diploma are required to pursue the prescribed course for atleast two academic years as full time candidates in a BDS *recognised* and MDS approved/*recognised* Institution under the direction of the Head of the department who has to be a recognized postgraduate teacher in that speciality.

Selection of students:

- (1) Students for Post Graduate Diploma Courses shall be selected strictly on the basis of their academic merit.
- (2) For determining the academic merit, the university/institution may adopt any one of the following procedures for P.G. Diploma Courses:
 - (i) On the basis of merit as determined by a competitive test conducted by the State Government or by the competent authority appointed by the State Government or by the University/group of universities in the same state; or
 - (ii) On the basis of merit as determined by a centralised competitive test held at the national level; or
 - (iii) On the basis of the individual cumulative performance at the first, second, third & Final B.D.S. examinations, if such examinations have been passed from the same university; or
 - (iv) Combination of (i) and (iii);

Staffing pattern

The diploma courses shall be conducted only in postgraduate departments in a BDS recognised and MDS approved/recognised Institution by the Dental Council of India. For each seat of Post Graduate Diploma Course one additional reader is required.

A department, which does not have the above staff pattern, shall not start a postgraduate diploma course in that speciality.

1. Examination:

Eligibility: The following requirements should be fulfilled by every candidate to become eligible to appear for the final examination.

Attendance: Every candidate should have fulfilled the minimum attendance prescribed by Dental Council of India and respective University (80% of the attendance during each academic year of the diploma course).

Progress and conduct: Every candidate should have participated in seminars, journal review meetings, symposia, conferences, case presentations, clinics and didactic lectures during each year as designed by the concerned department.

Work diary and log book: Every candidate shall maintain a work diary and log book for recording his/her participation in the training programmes conducted by the department. The work diary and log book shall be verified and certified by the Head of the Department and Head of the institution. The certification of satisfactory progress is based on the work diary and log book.

2. University Examination:

There shall be one examination at the end of 2 years.

The universities shall hold examinations twice a year with a minimum gap of four months between the two examinations. The university examination shall have the following components-

- a) Written
- b) Clinical and / or Practical
- c) Viva voce or oral examination.

Written Examination:

The written examination shall consist of three papers, out of which two shall be pertaining to the speciality; one in Applied Basic Sciences. Each paper shall be of three hours duration and shall include recent advances.

Clinical/Practical Examination:

It should aim at examining clinical skills and competence of candidates for undertaking independent work as a specialist. The actual format of clinical examination in various specialities could be worked out by various universities making sure that the candidate is given ample opportunity to perform various clinical procedures. The council desires that the actual format is made known to the students prior to the examination well in advance by the respective universities.

Viva voce Examination:

Viva voce examination shall aim at assessing depth of knowledge, logical reasoning, confidence and verbal communication skills.

The Council desires that only two examiners conduct the viva voce at a time as two teams, each team for 20 minutes. When one examiner is conducting the viva, the other examiner could make a note of the questions asked and the performance level to enable proper assessment and award of marks.

Distribution of Marks at the University Examination:

Theory:	
Paper-I	100 marks
Paper-II	100 marks
Paper-III	100 marks

Total	300 marks
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Clinical Examination: 200 marks

Viva-voce : 100 marks

Examiners: There shall be at least three examiners in each subject. Out of them two shall be external examiners and one internal examiner. The qualification and teaching experience for appointment of an examiner shall be as laid down by the Dental Council of India and the respective university.

Valuation of answer Books: All the answer books shall be valued by all the three examiners and the average marks will be computed.

Criteria for declaring pass:

A candidate is declared successful in the University Examination when he or she secure not less than 50% marks in each head of passing separately which shall include theory including viva voce and practical including clinical examination (i.e., 50% of the total marks allotted in each of the theory paper and viva voce and 50% of the total marks in the clinical examination) and 50% in aggregate. In other words, the candidate should secure 200 out of 400 marks (300 in theory and 100 for viva voce) and 100 out of 200 in practical examination. A candidate who secures less than this shall be declared to have failed in the examination. A candidate who failed and has secured less than 50% marks has to take the whole examination (namely theory, practical and oral examination).

A candidate who is declared successful in the Diploma Examination shall be granted a P.G. Diploma in the respective Speciality by the University.

Infrastructure & functional requirements:

In addition to the existing facilities for the training of postgraduate students all the postgraduate departments running diploma courses shall provide for each diploma admission an additional dental chair and unit and other such instruments, equipments as required for the clinical training.

SECTION-II

GOALS & OBJECTIVES

The main objective of the diploma course training is to produce a specialist clinician who at the conclusion of the training is to -

Goals:

- Practice respective speciality efficiently and effectively, backed by scientific knowledge and skill.
- Exercise empathy and a caring attitude and maintain high ethical standards.
- Continue to evince keen interest in continuing professional education in the speciality and allied specialities irrespective of whether in teaching or practice.
- Willing to share the knowledge and skills with any learner, junior or a colleague.
- To develop the faculty for critical analysis and evaluation of various concepts and views, to adopt the most rational approach.

Objectives:

The objective is to train a candidate so as to ensure higher competence in both general and special area of interest and prepare him for a career in speciality practice. A candidate must achieve a high degree of clinical proficiency in the area of speciality.

The above objectives are to be achieved by the time the candidate completes the course. The objectives may be considered as under

- 1 Knowledge (Cognitive domain)
- 2 Skills (Psychomotor domain)
- 3 Human values, ethical practice and communication abilities
- 4 A candidate may be eligible for the post of Reader to teach undergraduate students in dentistry provided he/she is having five year teaching experience as Lecturer in a dental institution. Candidate will not be accepted beyond the post of Reader and no PG student will be registered under him/her.

Knowledge:

- Demonstrate understand of basic sciences relevant to speciality.
- Describe etiology, pathophysiology, principles of diagnosis and management of common problems within the speciality in adults and children.
- Identify social, economic, environmental and emotional determinants in a given case and take them into account for planning treatment.
- Recognise conditions that may be outside the area of speciality/competence and to refer them to an appropriate specialist.
- Update knowledge by self-study and by attending courses, conferences and seminars relevant to speciality.
- Undertake audit, use information technology and carryout research both basic and clinical with the aim of publishing or presenting the work at various scientific gatherings.

Skills:

- Take a proper clinical history, examine the patient, perform essential diagnostic procedures and order relevant tests and interpret them to come to a reasonable diagnosis about the condition.
- Acquire adequate skills and competence in performing various procedures as required in the speciality.

Human values, ethical practice and communication abilities:

- Adopt ethical principles in all aspects of practice.
- Professional honesty and integrity are to be fostered.
- Patient care is to be delivered irrespective of social status, caste, creed or religion of the patient.
- Develop communication skills, in particular and skill to explain various options available in management and to obtain a true informed consent from the patient.
- Provide leadership and get the best out of his team in a congenial working atmosphere.
- Apply high moral and ethical standards while carrying out human or animal research.
- Be humble and accept the limitations in his knowledge and skill and to ask for help from colleagues when needed.
- Respect patient's rights and privileges including patient's right to information and right to seek a second opinion.

The following are the specialities of Diploma Courses:

- i) Prosthodontics, Crown Bridge, Aesthetic Dentistry and Oral Implantology
- ii) Periodontology and Oral Implantology
- iii) Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery and Oral Implantology
- iv) Conservative, Endodontics & Aesthetic Dentistry
- v) Orthodontics & Dento-facial Orthopedics
- vi) Public Health Dentistry
- vii) Paedodontics & Preventive Dentistry
- viii) Oral Medicine & Radiology

SECTION-III

BOOKS RECOMMENDED & REFERENCE: (Latest Edition as and when Published)

PROSTHODONTICS, CROWN BRIDGE, AESTHETIC DENTISTRY AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

Complete Dentures & Removable Partial Dentures Related

- 1 Hand book of immediate over dentures by Robert

2002 GJ/08-77

2. Over denture by Allen
3. Occlusal correction principles and practice by John
4. Immediate and replacement dentures by Albert
5. A color atlas of complete denture fabrication by Muraoka
6. Dental laboratory procedures removable partial dentures by Rudd
7. Finishing and polishing, the frame work by Rudd

Fixed Partial Dentures Related

1. Management of endodontically treated teeth by Shillingburg
2. Contemporary fixed prosthodontics by Stephen Rosenstiel
3. Precision attachments by Gareth
4. A color atlas of ceramo- metal technology by Kuwata
5. Esthetics of anterior fixed prosthodontics by Gerald

Maxillofacial & Implant Related

1. Contemporary implant dentistry by Misch
2. A color atlas of The Branemark system or oral reconstruction by George. A. Zarb
3. Dental Implants color atlas fundamentals and Advance laboratory technology by Robert
4. Maxillofacial rehabilitation (Prosthodontic and surgical consideration) by John Buemer III

Temporo Mandibular Joint & Occlusion

1. Evaluation, Diagnosis and treatment of Occlusal problems by Peter Dawson
2. Management of T.M.J Disorders & Occlusion by Jeffrey. J. Okeson

PROSTHODONTICS

1. Dental materials properties & manifestations by William O. Brien
2. Prosthodontics treatment for edentulous patient by Boucher
3. Syllabus of complete denture by Heartwell
4. Dental secrets by Stephen
5. Inlays crown & bridges by Krantirowich
6. Advanced Restorative Dentistry by Bacom
7. Oral Implantology by Andre
8. Prosthetic rehabilitation by Keith Thomas
9. Implants in Dentistry by Michael. S Block
10. Occlusion principles and concepts by Jose Dos Santos JR
11. Fixed and removable prosthodontics by Bardy
12. Sectional Dentures - A clinical and treatment manual by Pullen
13. Laboratory procedures for full and partial dentures by Derek Stannought
14. Laboratory procedures for Inlays, crown and Bridges by Derek Stannought
15. The science and art of - dental ceramics Vol. I & II by John McLean
16. Mastering the art of complete dentures by Alexander
17. Oral rehabilitation & clinical determination of occlusion by Hobo
18. Dental Laboratory procedures in complete dentures - Vol. I and II by Robert John
19. Precision fixed prosthodontics - Clinical & Laboratory aspects by Martignoni
20. Osteoal Dental Implant by Ralph Mackenny
21. Metal ceramic crown and fixed partial dentures by Caloin
22. Fixed bridge prosthetics by Roberts
23. Color atlas of removable partial dentures by J.C. Devenport
24. Essentials of - Clinical dental Assisting by Joseph
25. Fundamentals of - removable partial dentures by Owen
26. Modern dental assisting by Torres
27. Over dentures made easily by Harold
28. Designing partial dentures by David
29. Laboratory manual for fixed partial dentures by Douglas
30. Oral Rehabilitation by Sumiya
31. Advanced removable partial dentures by James Brudvik
32. Porcelain and composite Inlays and On lays by Graber and Goldstein
33. Implant therapy by Myron
34. Adhesive metal free restorations by Dietschi and Spreafico

35. Guided bone regeneration in implant dentistry by Daniel Buser
36. Impressions for complete denture by Bernard Levin
37. Esthetic dentistry and ceramic restorations by Bernard Tauti
38. Preservation and restoration of tooth structures by Graham J. Mount
39. Dental implants by Winkelman
40. Partial Dentures by Singer
41. Ceramo metal fixed partial denture by George
42. Esthetic Dentistry - ceramic restorations by Toralic
43. Esthetic in Dentistry by Goldstein

PERIODONTOLOGY AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

1. Textbook of clinical periodontology and implant dentistry, by Janlinde, Nicklans Lang and Thorklid K., 1st edn. 1997.
2. The periodontium by Schroeder
3. Periodontal Ligament by Berkovitz
4. Contemporary Periodontics by Geneo R. J. and Cohen S.
5. Periodontics by Grant, Stern and Listgarten
6. Periodontal regeneration-current concepts-further directions by Aban Polson
7. Periodontal Instrumentarium by Gill and Ginger
8. Periodontitis in man and other animals by Page and Schroeder
9. Crevicular fluid updated by Cimason
10. Colour Atlas of Periodontal surgery by Cohen E.
11. Colour Atlas of Periodontal surgery by Cohen E.
12. Advances in periodontics by Wilson and Karnman.

ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

1. Principles of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery; Vol. 1, 2 & 3; Peterson I.J & etal.
2. Rowe and Williams Maxillofacial injuries Vol. 1 & 2; Williams Jlied
3. Handbook of Medical emergencies in the dental office; Malamed S.F.
4. Plastic surgery; Vol. 1 - 5; McCarthy JG.
5. Cancer of the face and mouth; McGregor IA & Mc
6. Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery Vol. 1 & 2; Laskin DM
7. Oral & Maxillofacial Trauma; Vol 1 & 2; Fonseca RJ & Davis
8. Oral & Maxillofacial infections; Topazian RG & Goldberg MH
9. Surgical correction of dentofacial deformities Vol 1, 2 & 3; Bell WH & etal
10. Surgery of the mouth and jaws; Moore JR.
11. Dentofacial deformities: integrated orthodontic and surgical correction; Vol 1 to 4; Epker BN & Fish LC
12. Maxillofacial Surgery; Peter Wardbooth

CONSERVATIVE, ENDODONTICS & AESTHETIC DENTISTRY

1. Fractures of the teeth, prevention and treatment of the vital and non-vital pulp by Basrani
2. Textbook of operative dentistry by Baum
3. Dentin and pulp in restorative dentistry by Brannstorm
4. Principles and practice of operative dentistry by Charbeneau
5. Operative dentistry by Gilmore
6. Esthetic composite bonding by Jordan
7. Operative dentistry: modern theory and practice by Marzook
8. Art, science and practice of operative dentistry by Sturdevant
9. Atlas of operative dentistry - pre clinical and clinical procedures by Evans & Wetz
10. New concepts in operative dentistry by Fusiayama
11. Handbook of clinical Endodontics by Bence
12. Pathways of the pulp by Cohen & Burns
13. Bleaching teeth by Feinman
14. Endodontic practice by Grossman
15. Problem solving in Endodontics, prevention, identification and management by Gutmann
16. Endodontics in clinical practice by Harty
17. Endodontics by Ingle & Taintor
18. Endodontics- science and practice by Schroeder

19. Endodontology - biologic considerations in Endodontic procedures by Seltzer
20. Restoration of the endodontically treated tooth by Schillingberg & Kessler
21. Principles and practice of Endodontics by Walton & Torabinejad
22. Endodontic therapy by Weine
23. Colour atlas of Endodontics by Messing & Stock
24. The dental pulp by Seltzer & Bender
25. Experimental Endodontics by Spangberg
26. Cariology by Newbrun
27. Silver amalgam in clinical practice by Gainsford
28. Glass Ionomer cement by Wilson & Mclean
29. Pediatric operative dentistry by Kenedy
30. Fluorides in caries prevention by Murrey & Rugg-Geenn
31. Color atlas and text of Endodontics by Stock

Reference:

1. Why root canal therapy? By Berns 1986.
2. Contemporary esthetic dentistry- practice fundamentals by Crispin 1994
3. Enamel micro abrasion by Croll 1991
4. Advances in Glass Ionomers by Davidson 1991
5. Complete dental bleaching by Goldstein 1995
6. Fiber reinforced composite in clinical dentistry by Freilich 2000
7. Dental ceramics by Mclean 1983
8. LASERS in dentistry by Miserendind 1995
9. Esthetic approach to metal ceramic restorations by Muterthies 1990
10. Life and times of G.V. Black by Pappas 1983
11. Bonded ceramic inlays-by Roulat 1991
12. Fundamentals of tooth preparation by Schillingburg 1996
13. Esthetics with indirect restorations by Stein 1992
14. Surgical Endodontics by Barnes 1991
15. Operative dentistry by Marzook 1996
16. Inlays, crowns and bridges by G.F.Kantorowicz 1993

ORTHODONTICS & DENTO-FACIAL ORTHOPAEDICS

1. Contemporary Orthodontics- W.Proffit
2. Orthodontics-Current Principles & Techniques- Graber & Vanarsdall
3. Orthodontic Cephalometry- Athenasiou
4. A text book related to the fixed mechano-therapy mainly taught e.g. Begg Orthodontic theory and Practice- Begg & Kesling, Orthodontic Management of the Dentition with the Pre adjusted Appliance- M.Bennet & McLaughlin, Alexander Discipline- R.G.Alexander etc.
5. Facial Growth- D.Enlow
6. Dentofacial Orthopedics with Functional Appliances- Graber,Petrovic & Rakosi
7. Orthodontic Treatment with Removable Appliances- Issacson & M.Houston
8. Mixed dentition treatment - James McNamara

PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY

1. Dentistry, dental practice and community by Striffler DF
2. Primary preventive dentistry by Harris N & Christen AG
3. Community dental health by Jong AW
4. Principles of dental-public health vol.1 part 1&2 vol.2 by Dunning JM
5. Dental public health: an introduction to community dentistry by Slack G.L
6. Fluoride in dentistry by Fejerskar Ok & Etal Ed
7. Fluorides & dental caries by Tiwari A
8. Text book of preventive and social medicine by Mahajan BK & Gupta Mc
9. Dental health education by Who Expert Committee
10. Metabolism and toxicity of fluoride vol I by Whitford GM.
11. Epidemiology bio-statistics and preventive medicine by Jekel JF & Etal
12. Introduction to oral preventive medicine: a programme for the first clinical experience by Muhlemann HR
13. Text book of preventive medicine by Stallard CE
14. Handbook of dental jurisprudence and risk management by Pollack BR ED
15. Fluorides and human health by World Health Organisation

16. Appropriate use of fluorides for human health by Murry JJ ED
17. Community health by Green LW
18. Prevention of dental diseases by Murry JJ ED
19. Color atlas of forensic dentistry by Whittaker DK & DAC Donald DG
20. Health research design and methodology by Okolo EN
21. Oxford text book of public health vol.3 by Holland WW & Et Al
22. Guidelines for drinking water quality vol 1 recommendations by WHO
23. Introduction to Bio-statistics by Mahajan B.K.
24. Guidelines for drinking water quality vol. 2 health criteria & other supporting information by WHO
25. Dentistry, dental practice and the community by Burt BA & Et Al
26. Occupational hazards to dental staff by Scully C
27. Forensic dentistry by Cameron JM
28. Research methodology: methods & techniques Kothari R
29. Law & ethics in dentistry by Shear J & Walters L
30. Health research methodology: a guide for training in research methods (western pacific education in action series no.5) by WHO
31. Community oral health by Pine CM
32. Park's text book of preventive and social medicine by Park K
33. Epidemiology, bio-statistics and preventive medicine by Katz DI
34. Oral health surveys basic methods by WHO
35. Essentials of preventive and community dentistry by Peter S
36. Fluorides in caries prevention by Murry JJ ED
37. Preventive dentistry by Forrest John O
38. Fluorine and fluorides: a report by World Health Organization
39. Planning and evaluation of public dental health services: a technical report by World Health Organization
40. Prevention methods and programmes for oral diseases: a technical report by World Health Organization
41. Community periodontal index of treatment needs development, field-testing and statically evaluation by World Health Organization
42. Planning oral health services by World Health Organization
43. Guide to epidemiology and diagnosis of oral mucosal diseases and conditions by World Health Organization
44. Community dentistry (pg hand book series vol 8 by Silberman SI & Tryon AF.ED.

PEDODONTICS & PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

1. Pediatric Dentistry (Infancy through Adolescence) - Pinkham.
2. Kennedy's Pediatric Operative Dentistry - Kennedy & Curzon.
3. Occlusal guidance in Pediatric Dentistry - Stephen H. Wei.
4. Clinical Use of Fluorides - Stephen H. Wei.
5. Pediatric Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery - Kaban.
6. Pediatric Medical Emergencies - P. S. Whatt,
7. Understanding of Dental Caries - Niki Foruk.
8. An Atlas of Glass Ionomer cements - G. J. Mount.
9. Clinical Pedodontics - Finn.
10. Textbook of Pediatric Dentistry - Braham Morris.
11. Primary Preventive Dentistry - Norman O. Harris.
12. Handbook of Clinical Pedodontics - Kenneth. D.
13. Preventive Dentistry - Forrester.
14. The Metabolism and Toxicity of Fluoride - Garry M. Whitford.
15. Dentistry for the Child and Adolescence - Mc. Donald.
16. Pediatric Dentistry - Dame S. G.
17. Behaviour Management - Wright
18. Pediatric Dentistry - Mathewson.
19. Traumatic Injuries - andreason.
20. Occlusal guidance in Pediatric Dentistry - Nakata.
21. Pediatric Drug Therapy - Tomare
22. Contemporary Orthodontics - Proffitt.
23. Endodontic Practice - Grossman.
24. Endodontics - Ingle.

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25. Pathways of Pulp - Cohen
26. Management of Traumatized anterior Teeth - Hargreaves
27. Essentials of Community & Preventive Dentistry - Soben Peters
28. Post graduate hand book by Barber
29. Scientific foundation of Pediatric Dentistry by Stewart and Barber
30. Diet and Nutrition in dentistry by Rutgunn
31. Preventive Dentistry by Murray

ORAL MEDICINE AND RADIOLOGY

a) Oral Diagnosis, Oral Medicine & Oral Pathology

1. Burkit - Oral Medicine - J.B. Lippincott Company
2. Coleman - Principles of Oral Diagnosis - Mosby Year Book
3. Jones - Oral Manifestations of Systemic Diseases - W.B. Saunders company
4. Wood and Goaz - Differential diagnosis of Oral Lesions - Mosby Year Book
5. Langlais - Oral Diagnosis / Oral Medicine and Treatment planning Lea & Febiger & Waverly Co.,
6. Mitchell - Oral Diagnosis & Oral Medicine
7. Pindburg - Syndromes of the Head & Neck
8. Stones - Oral Diseases
9. Irwin Walter Scopp - Oral Medicine
10. Kerr - Oral Diagnosis
11. Miller - Oral Diagnosis & Treatment
12. Bennier - Differential diagnosis & Oral Lesions
13. Munford - Orofacial pain
14. Bell - Oral facial pain
15. Tullmen - Systemic diseases in Dental Treatment
16. Mean - Diseases of the Mouth
17. Hutchinson - clinical Methods
18. McCleods - Clinical Examination
19. Chamberlin - Symptoms & Signs of Clinical Medicine
20. Davidson - Principles and Practice of Medicine
21. Harrison - Principles of Interns Medicine
22. Schweitner - Oral Rehabilitation problem cases
23. Burkhardt - Oral Cancer
24. Dolby - Oral Mucosa in Health & Diseases
25. Sonis.S.T., Fazio.R.C. and Fang.L - Principles and practice of Oral Medicine
26. Nally F.F. and Eggleston.D.J. - A Manual of Oral Medicine
27. Prabhu.S.R. et al - Oral Diseases in the Tropics
28. Samaranayake L.P.et al - Oral Candidosis

b) Oral Radiology

1. White & Goaz - Oral Radiology - Mosby year Book
2. Weahrman - Dental Radiology - C.V. Mosby Company
3. Stafne - Oral Roentgenographic Diagnosis - W.B.Saunders Co.,
4. Langlais - Diagnostic Imaging of the Jaws - William & Wilkins
5. Smith - Dental Radiography - Blackwell Scientific Publication
6. Eric Whaites - essentials of Dental Radiography - Churchill Livingstone
7. Sonis.S.T., Fazio.R.C. and Fang.L - Principles and practice of Oral Medicine
8. Malamed S.F. - Book of Medical Emergencies in the Dental
9. Cawson.R.A. and Scully C.M. - Medical Problems in Dentistry
10. Pindborg.J.J. - Atlas of diseases of the oral mucosa
11. Lynch M.A. - ET'S Oral Medicine, Diagnosis and Treatment
12. Dayal P.K. - Text book of Oral Medicine

c) Forensic Odontology

1. Derek H.Clark - Practical Forensic Odontology - Wright
2. Cottone Standish - Outline of Forensic Dentistry
3. Whittaker - A colour atlas of Forensic Dentistry

JOURNALS:

The journals are best source of information for professionals to keep abreast with the recent developments and trends in their respective specialities. Considering

the array of journals that are available today. He would desire that the institutions provide as a minimum requirement the list of journals mentioned below:

Pertaining to Dental education and practice

1. Journal of Indian Dental Association
2. British Dental Journal
3. Journal of American Dental Association
4. Journal of Dentistry
5. Dental Clinics of North America
6. Journal of Dental Education
7. Dental Abstracts
8. Journal of Dental Research
9. Dental Index
10. Quintessence International
11. International Dental Journal
12. Australian Dental Journal.
13. Journal of dental materials
14. Journal of aesthetic dentistry
15. Journal of cleft palate ~

PROSTHODONTICS, CROWN BRIDGE AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

1. International Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Implants
2. International Journal of Prosthodontics
3. Journal of Dental Materials
4. Journal of Geriatric Dentistry
5. Journal of Prosthetic Dentistry
6. Journal of Prosthodontics
7. International Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
8. Journal of Clinical Periodontology.
9. Journal of Periodontology.
10. Dental Technician.
11. Journal of Endodontics.
12. European Journal of Prosthetics & Restorative Dentistry.
13. The Journal of Adhesive Dentistry.
14. International Journal of Endodontics.
15. Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery

PERIODONTOLOGY AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

1. Journal of Periodontology
2. Journal of clinical Periodontology
3. Journal of periodontal Research
4. International journal of Periodontics
5. Journal of Indian Society of Periodontics
6. Journal of oral and maxillofacial implants
7. Periodontology 2000
8. Annals of Periodontology

ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

1. Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
2. Int. Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
3. Journal of Cranio Maxillofacial Surgery
4. British Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
5. Oral Surgery, Oral Medicine, Oral Pathology
6. Oral & Maxillofacial clinics of North America
7. Journal of oro-facial pain
8. Int. Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Implants
9. Indian Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
10. Plastic & Reconstructive Surgery
11. Cancer

CONSERVATIVE, ENDODONTICS & AESTHETIC DENTISTRY

1. Endodontics & Dental Traumatology
2. International Endodontic Journal
3. Operative Dentistry
4. Esthetic Dentistry

5. Endodontology
6. Dental Materials
7. Oral Surgery, Oral Medicine, Oral Pathology
8. Oral Radiology & Endodontics
9. Journal of Prosthetic Dentistry
10. International Journal of Prosthetic Dentistry
11. Periodontics & Restorative Dentistry
12. Index to Dental Literature

ORTHODONTICS & DENTOFACIAL ORTHOPAEDICS

1. American Journal of Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopedics
2. Angle Orthodontist
3. Journal of Clinical Orthodontics
4. Journal of Orthodontics Formerly British Journal of Orthodontics).
5. Journal of Indian Orthodontics Society.

PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY

1. Journal of Community Dentistry and Oral Epidemiology
2. Journal of Public Health Dentistry
3. Fluoride Journal of International Society
4. Journal of Community Dental Health
5. Journal of Fluoride research
6. Journal of clinical preventive dentistry

PEDODONTICS & PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

1. ASDC Journal of Dentistry for children.
2. International Journal of Pediatric Dentistry
3. Pediatric Dentistry
4. Journal of Indian Society of Pedodontics & Preventive Dentistry

ORAL MEDICINE AND RADIOLOGY

1. Journal of Oral Pathology / Oral Medicine and Radiology / Oral Surgery
2. Journal of Oral Diseases
3. Journal of Oral Pathology / Medicine
4. Journal of Community Dentistry & Oral Epidemiology
5. Journal of Indian Academy of Oral Medicine and Radiology
6. Journal of Indian association of Oral Pathology

SECTION-IV

1. PROSTHODONTICS, CROWN BRIDGE AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers. To develop necessary teaching skills in Prosthodontics including crown and bridge and implantology.

B: Preclinical work

- a) Pre-clinical induction to laboratory technology. Basic tooth reduction of ivorine teeth for various designs of Kennedy classification
- b) Surveying of dental models and planning of removable partials.
- c) Fabrication of custom trays for elastomeric impression materials.
- d) Reduction of teeth for various fixed restorations viz. complete veneer crowns, partial veneer crowns, radicular crowns.
- e) Casting of metal frame work and various metal crowns.
- f) Manipulation of dental ceramic material.

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

- a) Treatment of patients with missing teeth
- b) Impression procedures
- c) Inter occlusal records

- d) Jaw relation record
- e) Choice of jaw simulator device
- f) Rationale of treatment design
- g) Insertion of prosthesis

B: Presentation of clinical cases for different removable and fixed treatment

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

Mandatory clinical work

Ceramics - laminates, inlays, onlays - 05

FVC for metal - 05

FVC for ceramic - 05

Precious metal crown - 01

Telescopic crowns - 02

Crown as implant supported prosthesis - 01

Cast porcelain (three unit) - 02

Cast metal (three unit) - 02

Porcelain fused metal (anterior and posterior) - 05

Multiple abutment (maxillary and mandibular full arch) - 02

Interim provisional restorations (crowns & FPDs) - 05

Provisional partial denture prosthesis - 05

Cast removable partial denture (for Kennedy's applegate classification with modification) - 02

Immediate RPD - 02

Partial denture for medically compromised and handicapped patients - 01

Single dentures - 02

Overlay dentures - 02

Complete denture prosthesis (for abnormal ridge relation, ridge form and ridge size) - 02

Complete dentures for medically compromised & handicapped patients - 02

Tooth and tooth surface restoration, crowns, fixed prosthesis, removable prosthesis for geriatric patients - 02

Full mouth rehabilitation - restoration of esthetics and function of stomatognathic system - 01

Management of failed restoration- removable prosthesis - 05

Crowns and fixed prosthesis - 02

Restoration failure due to age changes - 01

ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Material Sciences

Concept of biological compatibility of materials

Metal selection and surface characteristics

Hydroxyapatite and other bone substitutes

Metallurgy

Ceramics & other veneering materials

C: Osseointegration

Introduction to osseointegration

Nature of implant attachments

Bone tissue responses

Functional response to implants

Design of implant systems

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D: Special emphasis on:

Control of hemorrhage
 Suturing techniques
 Post operative management
 Prevention and management of complications
 Surgical aspects of placement of intraoral fixtures
 Extra oral fixtures
 Clinical biomechanics
 Temporary prosthesis
 Prosthetic considerations for second stage surgery
 Screw retained prosthesis
 Occlusal considerations for implant-supported prosthesis
 Impression procedures
 Jaw relations
 Temporary try-in
 Fabrication of supra structure
 Insertion of prosthesis
 Maintenance of dental implants.

Third and fourth semesters:**A: Clinical work**

Patient selection and preparation (surgical, prosthetic and periodontal considerations) - 05 cases.
 Muco-periosteal flaps - 05
 Temporary prosthesis - 02
 Screw retained prosthesis - 02
 Fabrication of supra structure - 02
 Single unit implant - 02
 Multiple unit implant - 01

B: Presentation of clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

2. PERIODONTOLOGY & ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY**First and second semesters:****A: Applied basic sciences**

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Immunology, Microbiology and Virology
 Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.
 An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

Third and fourth semesters:**A: Clinical work**

Complete case history and treatment planning - 05 cases
 Applied periodontal indices - 05 cases
 Scaling and root planning - hand - 10 cases, ultrasonic - 10 cases
 Curettage - 05 cases
 Gingivectomy - 10 cases
 Gingivoplasty - 05 cases
 Local drug delivery techniques
 Pocket therapy
 Muco-gingival surgeries
 Implants - 02
 Management of perio-endo problems - 03 cases
 Occlusal adjustments - 05 cases
 Perio splints - 05 cases
 Guided tissue regeneration cases - 05
 Treatment of at least five full mouth periodontally involved cases

B: Presentation of treated clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Material Sciences

Concept of biological compatibility of materials

Metal selection and surface characteristics

Hydroxyapatite and other bone substitutes

Metallurgy

Ceramics & other veneering materials

C: Osseointegration

Introduction to osseointegration

Nature of implant attachments

Bone tissue responses

Functional response to implants

Design of implant systems

D: Special emphasis on:

Control of hemorrhage

Suturing techniques

Post operative management

Prevention and management of complications

Surgical aspects of placement of intraoral fixtures

Extra oral fixtures

Clinical biomechanics

Temporary prosthesis

Prosthetic considerations for second stage surgery

Screw retained prosthesis

Occlusal considerations for implant-supported prosthesis

Impression procedures

Jaw relations

Temporary try-in

Fabrication of supra structure

Insertion of prosthesis

Maintenance of dental implants.

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

Patient selection and preparation (surgical, prosthetic and periodontal considerations) - 05 cases

Mucoperiosteal flaps - 05

Temporary prosthesis - 02

Screw retained prosthesis - 02

Fabrication of supra structure - 02

Single unit implant - 02

Multiple unit implant - 01

B: Presentation of clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

3. ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY & ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Immunology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology with special emphasis on drugs used in oral and maxillofacial surgery, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

Head and Neck:- Principal of Surgery, Emergencies, Infections, Imaging, Cysts, Tumors, Fractures, Nerve Diseases and Complications

General outline of TMJ diseases and orthognathic cases

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

- Injection IM and IV - 25, 10
- Incision and drainage of an abscess - 05
- Surgical extraction - 10
- Pre prosthetic surgery - 10
- OAF closure - 03
- Cyst enucleation - 05
- Periapical surgery - 02
- Removal of salivary calculi - 02
- Mandibular fractures - 06
- Mid facial fractures - 03
- Benign Surgery - 03
- Orthognathic surgery - 02
- Harvesting bone & cartilage grafts - 03
- TMJ surgery - 01
- Jaw resections - 02 (Assisted)
- Onco surgery - 02 (assisted)
- Cleft lip and palate - 06

B: Presentation of treated clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Material Sciences

- Concept of biological compatibility of materials
- Metal selection and surface characteristics
- Hydroxyapatite and other bone substitutes
- Metallurgy
- Ceramics & other veneering materials

C: Osseointegration

- Introduction to osseointegration
- Nature of implant attachments

Bone tissue responses
 Functional response to implants
 Design of implant systems
D: Special emphasis on:
 Control of hemorrhage
 Suturing techniques
 Post operative management
 Prevention and management of complications
 Surgical aspects of placement of intraoral fixtures
 Extra oral fixtures
 Clinical biomechanics
 Temporary prosthesis
 Prosthetic considerations for second stage surgery
 Screw retained prosthesis
 Occlusal considerations for implant-supported prosthesis
 Impression procedures
 Jaw relations
 Temporary try-in
 Fabrication of supra structure
 Insertion of prosthesis
 Maintenance of dental implants.

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

Patient selection and preparation (surgical, prosthetic and periodontal considerations) - 05 cases
 Mucoperiosteal flaps - 05
 Temporary prosthesis - 02
 Screw retained prosthesis - 02
 Fabrication of supra structure - 02
 Single unit implant - 02
 Multiple unit implant - 01

B: Presentation of clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

4. CONSERVATIVE, ENDODONTICS & AESTHETIC DENTISTRY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Immunology, Microbiology and Virology
 Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.
 An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Dental materials

- a) Impression materials used in dentistry including duplicating materials
- b) Synthetic resins used in dentistry
- c) Metals and alloys-structure and behaviour including important physical properties
- d) Dental cements-classifications, composition, manipulation, properties and uses
- e) Dental porcelain including porcelain fused to metal. Porcelain furnace & fusing.
- f) Composite and porcelain polishing.
- g) Biological aspects of restorative materials

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C: Radiology technique of intra oral and extra oral radiography and normal anatomical landmarks

D: Dental material science and armamentarium relevant to conservative (operative) dentistry & Endodontics

E: Pre-clinical work

Cavity preparation for various types of restorations including inlays, onlays etc.
Matrices

Various endodontic and restorative exercises to be done on extracted teeth.

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

Composite restorations - 15

GIC restorations - 15

Complex amalgam restorations - 02

Composite inlay and veneers - 02

Ceramic jacket crowns - 02

Post and core for anterior teeth - 06

Post and core for posterior teeth - 06

Cast gold inlay - 02

Bleaching vital - 02

Bleaching non vital - 02

RCT anterior - 20

RCT posterior - 20

Endo surgery - 02

Management of endo perio-problems - 02

B: Presentation of treated clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

AESTHETIC DENTISTRY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Oral anatomy, Physiology, Histology and embryology

Active and passive eruption of teeth and shedding of primary teeth

Differences between primary and permanent teeth

Chemical composition & physical properties of enamel, dentine, cementum and bone

Identification of teeth

Carvings of permanent teeth including drawing in journal

Introduction to aesthetics

Structural aesthetic rule

Aesthetics and relationship to function

C: Preclinical work

Dental materials:

- a) Impression materials used in dentistry including duplicating materials
- b) Synthetic resins used in dentistry
- c) Metals and alloys-structure and behaviour including important physical properties
- d) Dental cements-classifications, composition, manipulation, properties and uses
- e) Dental porcelain including porcelain fused to metal. Porcelain furnace & fusing.
- f) Composite and porcelain polishing.

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

- a) Aesthetic management of the dentogingival unit
- b) Gingival recessions
- c) Mastering the art of tissue management
- d) Metal ceramic framework design
- e) Porcelain veneers: an aesthetic therapeutic alternative
- f) Radiology: technique of intra-oral and extra-oral radiography and normal anatomic landmarks

B: Presentation of clinical cases for different aesthetic requirements

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

5. ORTHODONTICS & DENTOFACIAL ORTHOPEDICS

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences with relevance to orthodontics

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Immunology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Basic orthodontic subjects

Facial growth

Normal and abnormal development of the dentition

Tooth movements and facial orthopedics

Radiology and other imaging techniques

Cephalometric

Orthodontic materials

Orthodontic biomechanics

C: General orthodontic subjects

Aetiology of malocclusion.

Diagnostic procedures

Diagnostic assessment, treatment objectives and treatment planning

Growth and treatment analysis

Long term effect of orthodontic treatment

Iatrogenic effects of orthodontic treatment

Epidemiology of orthodontics

D: Orthodontic techniques

Removable appliances

Functional appliances

Extra-oral appliances

Fixed appliances

Retention appliances

E: Pre-clinical exercises

Basic wire bending exercises

Active and passive components of removable appliances

Soldering exercises

Study model preparations

Appliance fabrication

Cephalometric tracings and analyses

Basic skill in clinical photography

Fixed appliance exercise

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

Treatment of patients with various types of malocclusions utilizing different orthodontic techniques with both removable and fixed appliances.

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Each student to start with a minimum of 25 new cases and a minimum of 10 transferred cases

B: Presentation of at least three treated clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

6. PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY & PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

All the semesters will include time devoted towards but not limited to understanding and learning to implement public health concepts and philosophies and dental public health in specific. Some important topics would be epidemiology, survey procedures, oral biology and genetics, evaluation of quality of dental care, preventive dentistry, research methodology and dental statistics etc.

7. PEDODONTICS & PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences relevant to Pedodontics

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Immunology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Pre-clinical exercises including but not limited to wire bending, wax carvings, restorative and endodontic exercises on extracted teeth

C: Special emphasis on:

Child development

Behaviour management

Pediatric dental practice

Preventive & interceptive orthodontics

Nutrition and child dental health

Preventive dentistry

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

Clinical training including postings in pediatric medicine and surgery, oral surgery and orthodontics.

Special cases with complete records - 10

Preventive dentistry cases - 5

Stainless steel crowns - 20

Pulp therapy cases - 75

Space maintainers - 20 (10 fixed and 10 removable)

B: Presentation of treated clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

8. ORAL MEDICINE & RADIOLOGY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences relevant to Oral Medicine & Radiology

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Immunology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Special emphasis on:

Methods of clinical diagnosis of oral & systemic diseases including modern diagnostic techniques

Laboratory investigations

Oral manifestations of systemic diseases

Oro-facial pain

Psychosomatic aspects of oral diseases

Congenital and hereditary disorders involving tissues of oro-facial region

C: Oral & maxillofacial radiology:

Basics of radiology

Biological effects of radiology

Various techniques in oral and maxillofacial radiology including advances

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical training

Clinical training including postings in general medicine.

B: Presentation of special clinical cases observed and diagnosed with details like biopsies conducted etc.

Case histories - 50

Special cases - 10

Intra oral periapical radiographs - 50

Bitewing radiographs - 25

Occlusal view - 25

Extra oral radiographs of different views - 40

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

9. ETHICS (20 hrs. of instruction)

Introduction:

There is a definite shift now from the traditional patient and doctor relationship and delivery of dental care. With advances in science and technology and the increasing needs of the patient, their families and community, there is a concern for the health of the community as a whole. There is a shift to greater accountability to the society. Dental specialists like other health professionals are confronted with many ethical problems. It is therefore absolutely necessary for each and every one in health care delivery to prepare themselves to deal with these problems. To accomplish this and develop human values the Council desires that all the trainees undergo ethical sensitisation by lectures or discussion on ethical issues, discussion of cases with an important ethical component.

Course content:

Introduction to ethics -

- what is ethics?
- What are values and norms?
- How to form a value system in one's personal and professional life?
- Hippocratic oath.
- Declaration of Helsinki, WHO declaration of Geneva, International code of ethics, DCI Code of ethics.

Ethics of the individual -

- The patient as a person.
- Right to be respected
- Truth and confidentiality
- Autonomy of decision
- Doctor Patient relationship

Profession Ethics -

- Code of conduct
- Contract and confidentiality
- Charging of fees, fee splitting
- Prescription of drugs
- Over-investigating the patient
- Malpractice and negligence

Research Ethics -

- Animal and experimental research/humanness
- Human experimentation
- Human volunteer research-informed consent
- Drug trials

Ethical workshop of cases
Gathering all scientific factors
Gathering all value factors
Identifying areas of value - conflict - setting of priorities
Working our criteria towards decisions

Recommended Reading:

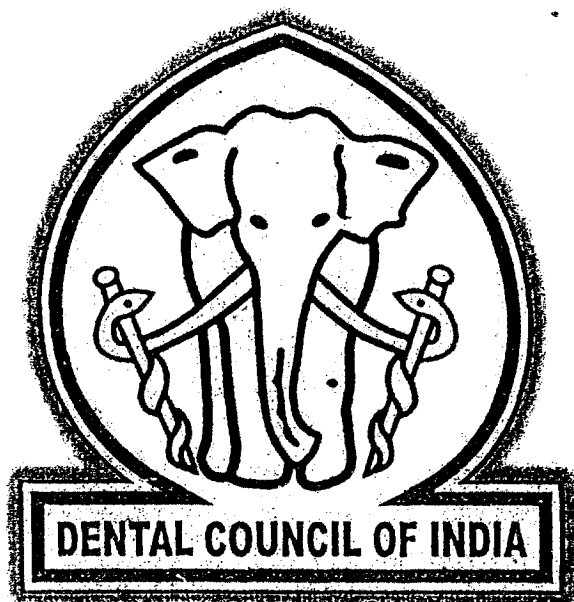
Medical Ethics, Francis C.M., 1 Ed. 1993, Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi p. 189.

[ADVT-III/IV/Exy.98/2008]

MAJ. GEN. (Retd.) P. N. AWASTHI, Secy.

DENTAL COUNCIL OF INDIA
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भारतीय दंत परिषद

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 22 जुलाई, 2008

संख्या डीई-130-2007—दंतचिकित्सक अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 16) के खंड 20 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए भारतीय दंत परिषद, केन्द्रीय सरकार की पूर्व मंजूरी से निम्न विनियम बनाती है:

1. लघु शीर्ष और प्रवर्तन

- (1) इन नियमों को भारतीय दंत परिषद स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम विनियम, 2008 कहा जाएगा।
- (2) ये विनियम सरकारी राजपत्र में प्रकाशित होने की तारीख से लागू होंगे।

खंड-1

डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रमों के लिए विनियम

पात्रता:

डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम में दाखिले के इच्छुक उम्मीदवार के पास भारतीय दंत परिषद की मान्यताप्राप्त किसी कालेज अथवा विश्वविद्यालय से बीडीएस (दंत शल्यक्रिया में स्नातक) की डिग्री अथवा भारतीय दंत परिषद की मान्यताप्राप्त कोई समतुल्य अर्हता होनी चाहिए। जिन उम्मीदवारों के पास उक्त प्रयोजनों के लिए मान्यताप्राप्त दन्त्य अर्हता नहीं है, उन्हें भारत में किसी भी विश्वविद्यालय में डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम में दाखिला प्राप्त करने से पूर्व, अपनी अर्हताओं के संबंध में भारतीय दंत परिषद का पूर्व अनुमोदन प्राप्त करना होगा।

पाठ्यक्रम की अवधि:

दंत चिकित्सा की विभिन्न विशेषज्ञताओं में स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम की अवधि दो वर्ष की होगी जिसे और आगे निम्नानुसार तार सेमेस्टर्स में विभाजित कर दिया जाएगा:

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर पूर्व वैधानिक कार्य तथा अल्पकाल वृत्तियादी विज्ञान

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर नैदानिक उपाय

स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा के सभी उम्मीदवारों से यह अपेक्षा की जाती है कि वे, विभागाध्यक्ष के निर्देशन में जोकि उस विशेषज्ञता का मान्यताप्राप्त स्नातकोत्तर अध्यापक होना जरूरी है बीडीएस के लिए मान्यताप्राप्त तथा एमडीएस के लिए अनुमोदित/मान्यताप्राप्त संस्थान में पूर्णकालिक उम्मीदवारों के रूप में कम से कम दो शैक्षणिक वर्षों का निर्धारित पाठ्यक्रम पूरा करेंगे।

छात्रों का चयन

- (1) स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रमों के लिए उम्मीदवारों का चयन उनके शैक्षणिक योग्यता-क्रम के आधार पर किया जाएगा।
- (2) शैक्षणिक योग्यता-क्रम का निर्धारण करने के लिए विश्वविद्यालय/संस्थान स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रमों के लिए निम्न में कोई एक क्रियाविधि अपना सकता है:
 - (i) राज्य सरकार द्वारा अथवा राज्य सरकार द्वारा नियुक्त सक्षम प्राधिकारी द्वारा अथवा उसी राज्य में विश्वविद्यालय/संस्थान द्वारा आयोजित प्रतियोगी परीक्षा में, यथानिर्धारित योग्यता-क्रम के आधार पर;
 - (ii) राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर आयोजित केन्द्रीकृत प्रतियोगी परीक्षा में यथानिर्धारित योग्यता-क्रम के आधार पर;
 - (iii) बीडीएस की प्रथम, द्वितीय तथा अंतिम परीक्षा में उम्मीदवार के संचयी निष्पादन के आधार पर बशर्ते कि उसने ऐसी परीक्षा उसी विश्वविद्यालय से पास की हो; अथवा
 - (iv) (i) तथा (ii) का मिश्रण।

स्टाफिंग पद्धति:

डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम केवल भारतीय दंत परिषद द्वारा बीडीएस के लिए मान्यताप्राप्त तथा एमडीएस के अनुमोदित/मान्यताप्राप्त संस्थान के स्नातकोत्तर विभागों में ही आयोजित किए जाएंगे। स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम की प्रत्येक सीट के लिए एक अतिरिक्त रीडर की जरूरत होगी।

जिस विभाग में उपर्युक्त स्टाफ पद्धति नहीं है, वह विभाग उस विशेषज्ञता में स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम शुरू नहीं करेगा।

1. परीक्षा:

पात्रता: अंतिम परीक्षा में बैठने के निमित्त पात्र होने के लिए प्रत्येक उम्मीदवार को निम्न अपेक्षाएं पूरी करनी होंगी:

उपस्थिति: प्रत्येक उम्मीदवार ने भारतीय दंत परिषद तथा संबंधित विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित न्यूनतम उपस्थिति (डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम के प्रत्येक शैक्षणिक वर्ष में 80% उपस्थिति) पूरी की हो।

प्रगति और आचरण: प्रत्येक उम्मीदवार ने प्रति वर्ष संबंधित विभाग द्वारा आयोजित संगोष्ठियों, पत्रिका समीक्षा बैठकों, विचारगोष्ठियों, सम्मेलनों, मामला प्रस्तुतियों, क्लीनिकों और शिक्षात्मक भाषणों में भाग लिया हो।

की कार्यवाही तथा लागू-बुक प्रत्येक उम्मीदवार को विभाग द्वारा आवेजित होने पर उनके नामों की सूची के अन्तर्गत तिकाई करने के लिए एक कार्य-सूची तथा लागू-बुक रखनी होगी। कार्य-सूची और लागू-बुक विभाग-प्रमुख तथा संस्थान के अध्यक्ष द्वारा सत्यापित और प्रमाणित की जाएगी। सतत-व्यवस्थापक प्रमाणित कार्य-सूची और लागू-बुक पर आधारित है।

2. विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा:

दो वर्षों की समाप्ति पर एक परीक्षा होगी।

विश्वविद्यालय वर्ष में दो बार परीक्षाएं आयोजित करेंगे जिनके बीच कम से कम चार महीने का अंतराल रहेगा।

विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा में निम्न घटक होंगे:

(क) लिखित

(ख) नैदानिक तथा/अथवा प्रायोगिक

(ग) मौखिक परीक्षा

लिखित परीक्षा:

लिखित परीक्षा में तीन प्रश्न-पत्र होंगे जिनमें से दो विशेषज्ञता में, एक अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान में होगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न-पत्र की अवधि तीन घंटे की होगी और उसमें हाल के नए घटनाक्रम शामिल होंगे।

नैदानिक/प्रायोगिक परीक्षा: इसका उद्देश्य उम्मीदवारों के नैदानिक कौशलों और क्षमताओं की जांच करना होगा ताकि इस बात का जायजा लिया जा सके कि क्या उम्मीदवार एक विशेषज्ञ के रूप में स्वतंत्र रूप से काम कर सकेगा। विभिन्न विशेषज्ञताओं में नैदानिक परीक्षा का वास्तविक स्वरूप विभिन्न विश्वविद्यालयों द्वारा तैयार किया जा सकता है और ऐसा करते समय उन्हें यह सुनिश्चित करना होगा कि उम्मीदवार को विभिन्न नैदानिक क्रियाविधियां करने के लिए प्रचुर अवसर दिए जाएं। परिषद् यह चाहती है कि विश्वविद्यालयों द्वारा उम्मीदवारों को परीक्षा से काफी पहले उसके वास्तविक स्वरूप अवगत करा दिया जाए।

मौखिक परीक्षा: मौखिक परीक्षा का उद्देश्य ज्ञान, की गहराई, तर्कशक्ति परीक्षण, आत्मविश्वास और मौखिक संघार कौशलों का आकलन करना होगा।

परिषद् यह चाहती है कि एक समय में दो दलों के रूप में केवल दो परीक्षकों को मौखिक परीक्षा लेनी चाहिए, प्रत्येक दल 20-20 मिनट तक मौखिक परीक्षा लेगा।

जब एक परीक्षक मौखिक परीक्षा ले रहा हो तो दूसरा परीक्षक पूछे गए प्रश्न और निष्पादन का स्तर नोट कर सकता है ताकि सही आकलन किया जा सके और सही अंक दिए जा सकें।

विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा में अंकों का विभाजन

सैद्धांतिक:

प्रश्न-पत्र-I 100 अंक

प्रश्न-पत्र-II 100 अंक

प्रश्न-पत्र-III 100 अंक

योग 300 अंक

नैदानिक परीक्षा 200 अंक

मौखिक परीक्षा 100 अंक

परीक्षक: प्रत्येक विषय में कम से कम तीन परीक्षक होंगे। इनमें से दो बाह्य तथा एक आंतरिक परीक्षक होगा। परीक्षक के रूप में नियुक्ति के लिए अर्हता और शिक्षण अनुभव भारतीय दंत परिषद् तथा संबंधित विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा यथानिर्धारित होंगे।

उत्तर पुस्तिकाओं का मूल्यांकन: सभी उत्तर पुस्तिकाओं का सभी तीनों परीक्षकों द्वारा मूल्यांकन किया जाएगा और औसत अंकों की गणना की जाएगी।

पास घोषित करने के लिए मानदंड:

उम्मीदवार को विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा में तभी सफल घोषित किया जाता है जबकि उसने अलग-अलग तौर पर पास होने के लिए प्रत्येक शीर्ष में कम से कम 50% अंक प्राप्त किए हों (अर्थात् प्रत्येक सैद्धांतिक और मौखिक परीक्षा-प्रश्न-पत्र में आर्बिट्ररी कुल अंकों में से 50% अंक तथा नैदानिक परीक्षा में कुल अंकों में से 50% अंक) जिसमें नैदानिक परीक्षा सहित मौखिक परीक्षा और प्रायोगिक परीक्षा सहित सैद्धांतिक परीक्षा शामिल होगी तथा कुल मिलाकर 50% अंक प्राप्त किए हों। दूसरे शब्दों में उम्मीदवार को 400 अंकों में से 200 अंक (सैद्धांतिक में 300 और मौखिक परीक्षा में 100) और प्रायोगिक परीक्षा में 200 में से 100 अंक प्राप्त करने चाहिए। इससे कम अंक प्राप्त करने वाले उम्मीदवार को परीक्षा में असफल घोषित कर दिया जाएगा। जो उम्मीदवार फेल हो गया हो और जिसने 50% से कम अंक प्राप्त किए हों उसे पूरी परीक्षा (अर्थात् सैद्धांतिक, प्रायोगिक और मौखिक परीक्षा) देनी होगी।

डिप्लोमा परीक्षा में सफल घोषित उम्मीदवार को विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा संबंधित विशेषज्ञता में स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा प्रदान किया जाएगा।

आचारिक-तंत्र और कार्यात्मक अपेक्षाएं

डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम चलाने वाले सभी स्नातकोत्तर विभागों को स्नातकोत्तर छात्रों के प्रशिक्षण के लिए मौजूद सुविधाओं के अलावा डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम में दाखिल प्रत्येक छात्र के लिए एक अतिरिक्त दत्त कुर्मी और ऐसे अन्य उपकरण उपलब्ध कराने होंगे जोकि नैदानिक प्रशिक्षण के लिए जरूरी होते हैं।

खंड-II

लक्ष्य और उद्देश्य

डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम प्रशिक्षण का मुख्य उद्देश्य एक ऐसा विशेषज्ञ निदानविद् तैयार करना है जोकि प्रशिक्षण पूरा करने पर निम्न कार्य करेगा:

लक्ष्य:

- वैज्ञानिक ज्ञान और कौशल से समर्थित रहते हुए संबंधित विशेषज्ञता को प्रमाणी और कारगर ढंग से व्यवहार में लाएगा।
- समानुभूति और अपनत्व की प्रवृत्ति का परिचय देगा और उच्च नैतिक मानक बनाए रखेगा।
- विशेषज्ञता में तथा संबद्ध विशेषज्ञताओं में व्यावसायिक शिक्षा को चाहे शिक्षण में अथवा व्यवहार में जारी रखने में गहन रुचि का परिचय देगा।
- किसी भी सीखने वाले, कनिष्ठ अथवा सहकर्मी के साथ ज्ञान और कौशलों का आदान-प्रदान करने का इच्छुक होगा।
- विभिन्न अवधारणाओं के गहन विश्लेषण और मूल्यांकन के लिए अभिवृत्ति विकसित करना जिससे कि सर्वाधिक युक्तियुक्त दृष्टिकोण अपनाया जा सके।

उद्देश्य:

उद्देश्य यह है कि उम्मीदवार को इस तरह प्रशिक्षित किया जाए ताकि रुचि के सामान्य और विशेष क्षेत्र—दोनों में उच्चतर क्षमता सुनिश्चित हो सके और उम्मीदवार को विशेषज्ञता व्यवहार में एक जीवनवृत्ति के लिए तैयार किया जा सके। यह जरूरी है कि उम्मीदवार ने विशेषज्ञता के क्षेत्र में उच्च स्तरीय नैदानिक दक्षता अर्जित कर ली हो।

उम्मीदवार द्वारा पाठ्यक्रम पूरा कर लेने तक उपर्युक्त उद्देश्यों की पूर्ति कर ली जानी चाहिए। उद्देश्यों पर निम्नानुसार विचार किया जा सकता है:

1. ज्ञान (संज्ञानात्मक क्षेत्र)
2. कौशल (मनोप्रेरक क्षेत्र)
3. मानवीय मूल्य, नैतिक व्यवहार और संचार योग्यताएं
4. अभ्यर्थी दन्तचिकित्सा में अवर स्नातक छात्रों को पढाने के लिए रीडर के पद का पात्र हो सकता है बशर्ते कि उसके पास किसी दंत संस्थान में लेक्चरर के रूप में पाँच वर्ष का शिक्षण अनुभव प्राप्त हो। अभ्यर्थी को रीडर से उच्चतर पद के लिए स्वीकार नहीं किया जाएगा और उसके अधीन किसी भी स्नातकोत्तर छात्र को पंजीकृत नहीं किया जाएगा।

ज्ञान:

- विशेषज्ञता से संबंधित बुनियादी विज्ञानों की समझ प्रदर्शित करना।
- विशेषज्ञता के भीतर वयस्कों तथा बच्चों को लेकर आम समस्याओं की हेतुकी, चिरकारी शरीरक्रिया, निदान और प्रबंध के सिद्धांतों का वर्णन करना।
- किसी एक मामले में सामाजिक, आर्थिक, पर्यावरणात्मक तथा संवेगात्मक निर्धारक तत्वों की पहचान करना और उपचार की योजना बनाते समय उन्हें ध्यान में रखना।
- ऐसी स्थितियों को पहचानना जोकि विशेषज्ञता/क्षमता से बाहर हों और उन्हें एक उपयुक्त विशेषज्ञ को भेजना।
- स्व-अध्ययन द्वारा तथा विशेषज्ञता के लिए संगत पाठ्यक्रमों, सम्मेलनों और विचारगोष्ठियों में भाग लेकर ज्ञान को अद्यतन बनाना।
- आडिट करना, सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी का प्रयोग करना तथा बुनियादी और नैदानिक—दोनों प्रकार का अनुसंधान करना ताकि कार्य प्रकाशित किया जा सके अथवा विभिन्न वैज्ञानिक सम्मेलनों में प्रस्तुत किया जा सके।

कौशल:

- एक सही नैदानिक इतिवृत्त लेना, रोगी की जांच करना, अनिवार्य नैदानिक क्रियाविधियां करना और संगत परीक्षणों का आदेश देना तथा स्थिति के बारे में एक समुचित निदान तक पहुंचने के लिए इनकी व्याख्या करना।
- विशेषज्ञता में यथा-अपेक्षित विभिन्न क्रियाविधियां करने के लिए समुचित कौशल अर्जित करना।

मानवीय मूल्य, नैतिक व्यवहार और संचार योग्यताएं

- व्यवहार के सभी पक्षों में नैतिक व्यवहार का पालन करें।
- व्यावसायिक ईमानदारी और निष्ठा को बढ़ावा दिया जाना चाहिए।

रोगी को सामाजिक स्थिति ज्ञानि पत्र का चयन से करके उत्तर रोगी देखभाल करने का अधिकार बाँटिए।

- संचार कौशल विशेष रूप से प्रबंध के उपलब्ध विभिन्न विकल्प स्पष्ट करने का कौशल विकसित करना और रोगी से एक सच्ची सुविज्ञ सहमति प्राप्त करना।
- नेतृत्व प्रदान करना और एक सजातीय कामकाजी वातावरण में दल में से सर्वोत्तम प्राप्त करना।
- मानवीय अथवा पशु अनुसंधान करते समय अत्यंत नैतिक और नीतिशास्त्रीय मानक लागू करना।
- विनम्र बनना और अपने ज्ञान और कौशल की सीमाओं को स्वीकार करना और जरूरत पड़ने पर सहकर्मियों से सहायता माँगना।
- रोगी के अधिकारों और विशेष अधिकारों का, जिनमें रोगी का सूचना का अधिकार तथा दूसरी राय प्राप्त करने का अधिकार शामिल है आदर करना।

डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रम की विशेषज्ञताएं निम्नानुसार हैं:

- (i) प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स, क्राउन ब्रिज, सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा तथा मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान।
- (ii) पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी तथा मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान।
- (iii) मुखीय तथा मैक्सिलोफेशियल शल्यक्रिया तथा मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान।
- (iv) संरक्षी, एंडोडॉटिक्स तथा सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा।
- (v) आर्थोडॉटिक्स तथा डेंटोफेशियल विकलांग विज्ञान।
- (vi) सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य दंत चिकित्सा।
- (vii) पीडोडॉटिक्स तथा निवारक दंत चिकित्सा।
- (viii) मुखीय औषधि तथा विकिरण विज्ञान।

खंड-III

अनुशंसित पुस्तकें और संदर्भ (नवीनतम संस्करण जब कभी प्रकाशित)

प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स, क्राउन ब्रिज, सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा तथा मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान
पूर्ण कृत्रिम दातावली तथा निकाली जा सकने योग्य आंशिक कृत्रिम दातावली संबंधी

1. रीबर्ट द्वारा विरचित हैंड बुक आफ इम्पिडिएट ओवर डेन्चर्स
2. ऐलन द्वारा विरचित ओवर डेंचर
3. जॉन द्वारा विरचित आयक्यूसल करेक्शन प्रिंसीपल्स एंड प्रैक्टिस
4. ऐल्बर्ट द्वारा विरचित इम्पिडिएट एंड रिफ्लेसमेंट डेन्चर्स
5. मुराओका द्वारा विरचित ए कलर एटलस आफ कंप्लीट डेंचर फैंडीकेशन
6. डेंटल लेबोरेटरी प्रासीजर्स रिमूवल पार्शियल डेंचर्स-रड्ड
7. फिनिशिंग एंड पालिशिंग दि फ्रेम वर्क-रड्ड

स्थिर आंशिक कृत्रिम दातावली संबंधी

1. मैनेजमेंट आफ एंडोडॉटिकली ट्रीटेड टीथ-शीलिंगबाग
2. कंटम्पेरी फिक्स्ड प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स-स्टीफन रोसेंसटील
3. प्रेंसीजन अटैचमेंट्स-गैरथ
4. ए कलर एटलस आफ सिरामो-मेटल टेक्नोलॉजी-कुवाता
5. एस्थेटिक्स आफ एंटीरियर फिक्स्ड प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स-जेराल्ड

मैक्सिलोफेशियल तथा रोपण

1. कंटम्पेरी इम्प्लांट डेंटिस्ट्री-मिश
2. ए कलर एटलस आफ दि ब्रेनमार्क सिस्टम आर ओरल रीकंस्ट्रक्शन-जार्ज ए. जार्ब
3. डेंटल इम्प्लांट्स कलर एटलस फंडामेंटल्स एंड एडवॉस लेबोरेटरी टेक्नोलॉजी-राबर्ट
4. मैक्सिलोफेशियल रीहैबिलिटेशन (प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स एंड सर्जिकल फंक्शनल रीहैबिलिटेशन)-जॉन थ्यूमस-III

अस्थायी अग्रोहन संधि तथा अंतरौघ

1. इवैल्यूएशन, डाएग्नोसिस एंड ट्रीटमेंट आफ ऑक्लूसल प्राबलम्स-पीटर डसन
2. मैनेजमेंट आफ टी.एम.जे. डिसऑर्डर्स एंड अक्लूजन-जेफरी जे. ऑकसन

प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स

1. डेंटल मैटीरियल्स प्रापर्टीज एंड मैनीफेस्टेशंस-विलियम ओ. ब्रीन
2. प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स ट्रीटमेंट फार एडेंटुलस पेशेंट-बाउचर
3. सिलेबस आफ कंप्लीट डेंचर-हार्टवेल
4. डेंटल सीक्रेट्स-स्टीफन
5. इनलेज क्राउन एंड ब्रिजेज-क्रांतीरोविच
6. एडवॉस रीस्टोरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-बैकम
7. ओरल इम्प्लांटोलॉजी-एंड्रे
8. प्रोस्थेटिक रीहैबिलिटेशन कीथ थॉमस

9. इम्प्लांट्स इन डेंटिस्ट्री-माइकल एस. ब्राक
10. अक्लूजन प्रिंसीपल्स एंड कांसेप्ट्स जोस डस संतोस जेआर
11. फिक्स्ड एंड रीमूवेबल प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स-बार्डी
12. सेवशनल डेंचर्स-ए क्लीनिकल एंड ट्रीटमेंट मैनुअल-पुलेन
13. लेबोरेटरी प्रांसीजर्स फार फुल एंड पार्शियल डेंचर्स-डेरेक स्टेनाउट
14. लेबोरेटरी प्रांसीजर्स फार इनलेज, क्राउन एंड ब्रिजेज-डेरेक स्टेनाउट
15. द साइंस एंड आर्ट आफ - डेंटल सेरामिक्स वाल्यूम I एंड II-जॉन मैकलेन
16. मास्टरिंग दि आर्ट आफ कॉप्लीट डेंचर्स-एलेक्जेंडर
17. ओरल रीहैबिलिटेशन एंड क्लीनिकल डिटरमिनेशन आफ अक्लूसन-होबो
18. डेंटल लेबोरेटरी प्रांसीजर्स इन कॉप्लीट डेंचर्स-वाल्यूम I एंड II-राबर्ट जॉन
19. प्रिंसीपल फिक्स्ड प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स - क्लीनिकल एंड लेबोरेटरी आस्पेक्ट्स-मार्टिगनोनी
20. एंडोस्टील डेंटल इम्प्लांट-राल्फ मैकेनी
21. मेटल सेरामिक क्राउन एंड फिक्स्ड पार्शियल डेंचर्स-कैलोइन
22. फिक्स्ड ब्रिज प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स-राबर्टस
23. कलर एटलस आफ रीमूवेबल पार्शियल डेंचर्स-जे. सी. डेवनपोर्ट
24. एसेशियल्स आफ - क्लीनिकल डेंटल असिस्टिंग-जोसेफ
25. फंडामेंटल्स आफ - रीमूवेबल पार्शियल डेंचर्स-ओवन
26. गार्डन डेंटल असिस्टिंग-टीरर्स
27. ओवर डेंचर्स मेड ईजीली-हेराल्ड
28. डिजाइनिंग पार्शियल डेंचर्स-डेविड
29. लेबोरेटरी मैनुअल फार फिक्स्ड पार्शियल डेंचर्स-डगलस
30. ओरल रीहैबिलिटेशन-सुमिया
31. एडवांस्ड रीमूवेबल पार्शियल डेंचर्स-जेम्स बुडविक
32. पॉसिलेन एंड कॉपोजिट इनलेज एंड आन लेज-ग्रेबर एंड गोल्डस्टीन
33. इम्प्लांट थिरेपी-मैचान
34. ऐडेसिव मेटल प्री रीस्टोरेशन-डिची एंड स्प्रिफिको
35. गाइडेड बोन रीजनरेशन - इन इम्प्लांट डेंटिस्ट्री-डेनियल बसर
36. इम्प्रेसंस फार कॉप्लीट डेंचर्स-बर्नार्ड लेविन
37. एस्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री एंड सेरामिक रीस्टोरेशंस-बर्नार्ड टैटी
38. प्रिजर्वेशन एंड रीस्टोरेशन आफ दूथ स्ट्रक्चर्स-ग्राहम जे. मांट
39. डेंटल इम्प्लांट्स-विकेल्मन
40. पार्शियल डेंचर्स-सिंगर
41. सेरागो मेटल फिक्स्ड पार्शियल डेंचर्स-जार्ज
42. एस्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री - सेरामिक रीस्टोरेशंस-टोरालिक
43. एस्थेटिक इन डेंटिस्ट्री-गोल्डस्टीन

पेरियोडॉंटोलाजी तथा मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

1. टेक्स्टबुक आफ क्लीनिकल पेरियोडॉंटोलाजी एंड इम्प्लांट डेंटिस्ट्री-जानसिडे, निकलस लंग एंड थोरविल्ड के., फ्रस्ट एडिशन, 1997
2. द पेरियोडॉन्टयन-स्करोडर
3. पेरियोडॉन्टल लिगामेंट-बर्कोविज
4. कंटम्परेरी पेरियोडॉटिक्स-जेनियो आर. जे. एंड कोहेन एस.
5. पेरियोडॉटिक्स-ग्रांट, स्टर्न एंड लिस्टगार्टन
6. पेरियोडॉन्टल रीजनरेशन-करेंट कांसेप्ट्स-फर्दर डेप्रेकेशंस-अबन पोलसन
7. पेरियोडॉन्टल इन्स्ट्रुमेंटारियम-गिल एंड जिजर
8. पेरियोडॉन्टोलाइस इन मैन एंड अदर एनीमल्स-पेज एंड स्क्रोडर
9. क्रैविकुलर फ्लूड अपडेटेड-सीमासन
10. कलर एटलस आफ पेरियोडॉन्टल सर्जरी-कोहेन ई.
11. कलर एटलस आफ पेरियोडॉन्टल सर्जरी-कोहेन ई.
12. एडवांसेज इन पेरियोडॉटिक्स-विल्सन एंड कार्नमैन

मुख्य तथा मैक्सिलोफेशियल शल्यक्रिया तथा मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

1. प्रिंसीपल्स आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी; वाल्यूम 1, 2 एंड 3; पीटर्ससन आई.जे. तथा अन्य
2. रो एंड विलियम्स मैक्सिलोफेशियल इंजरीज वाल्यूम 1 एंड 2; विलियम्स ज्लाइड
3. हैंडबुक आफ मेडीकल इमरजेंसीज इन द डेंटल आफिस; मालामेड एस. एफ.
4. प्लास्टिक सर्जरी; वाल्यूम 1-5; मैककार्थी जेजी

1. कैसर आफ दि फंस एंड माउथ, मैकथेगर आईए एंड एमसी
 6. ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी वाल्यूम 1 एंड 2 लसकिन डीएम
 7. ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी वाल्यूम 1 एंड 2: फॉसेका आरजे एंड डेविस
 8. ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल इन्फेक्शंस, टोपाजियन आरजी एंड गोल्डबर्ग एमएच
 9. सर्जिकल करेक्शन आफ डेंटोफेशियल डेफार्मिटीज वाल्यूम 1, 2 एंड 3: बेल डब्ल्यूएच तथा अन्य
 10. सर्जरी आफ दि माउथ एंड जाज, मूरे जेआर
 11. डेंटोफेशियल डिफार्मिटीज-इंटग्रेटेड आर्थोडॉटिक एंड सर्जिकल करेक्शन; वाल्यूम 1 टू 4, एपकर बीएन एंड फिश एलसी
 12. मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी; पीटर वार्डबुथ
- संक्षी, एंडोडॉटिक्स तथा सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा**

1. फ्रैक्चर्स आफ दि टीथ, प्रिवेंशन एंड ट्रीटमेंट आफ दि वाइटल एंड नान-वाइटल पल्प-बासरांनी
2. टेक्स्टबुक आफ आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-बॉम
3. डेंटिन एंड पल्प इन रिस्टोरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-ब्रैनस्टार्म
4. प्रिंसीपल्स एंड प्रैक्टिस आफ आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-चारबेनाउ
5. आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-गिलमोर
6. एस्थेटिक कंपोजिट बांडिंग-जार्डन
7. आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री:माडर्न थ्योरी एंड प्रैक्टिस-मार्जुक
8. आर्ट, साइंस एंड प्रैक्टिस आफ आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-स्टरदेवांत
9. एटलस आफ आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-ग्री क्लीनिकल एंड क्लीनिकल प्रासीजर्स-एवन्स एंड वेट्ज
10. न्यू कांसेप्ट्स इन आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-फुसियामा
11. हैंडबुक आफ क्लीनिकल एंडोडॉटिक्स-बेंस
12. पाथवेज आफ दि पल्प-कोहेन एंड बर्न्स
13. ब्लीचिंग टीथ-फोनमैन
14. एंडोडॉटिक्स प्रैक्टिस-ग्रासमैन
15. प्राक्लम साव्तिंग इन एंडोडॉटिक्स, प्रिवेंशन, आइडेंटिफिकेशन एंड मैनेजमेंट-गटमैन
16. एंडोडॉटिक्स इन क्लीनिकल प्रैक्टिस-हार्टी
17. एंडोडॉटिक्स-इंगल एंड टैटर
18. एंडोडॉटिक्स - साइंस एंड प्रैक्टिस-स्क्रोडर
19. एंडोडॉटोलॉजी - बायोलॉजिक कंसीडरेशंस इन एंडोडॉटिक प्रोसीजर्स-सेल्टजर
20. रिस्टोरेशन आफ दि एंडोडॉटिकली ट्रीटेड टूथ-सीलिंगबर्ग एंड केसलर
21. प्रिंसीपल्स एंड प्रैक्टिस आफ एंडोडॉटिक्स-वाल्डन एंड तोराबिनेजाद
22. एंडोडॉटिक थिरेपी-वेने
23. कलर एटलस आफ एंडोडॉटिक्स-मेसिंग एंड स्टाक
24. द डेंटल पल्प-सेल्टजर एंड बेंडर
25. एक्सपेरिमेंटल एंडोडॉटिक्स-स्वंगबर्ग
26. कैरियोलाजी-न्यून्न
27. सिल्वर एमलगम इन क्लीनिकल प्रैक्टिस-गेन्सफोर्ड
28. ग्लास लोनोमर सीमेंट-विल्सन एंड मैकलीन
29. प्रेडियाट्रिक आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-केनेडी
30. फलूराइड्स इन कैरीज प्रिवेंशन-मूरे एंड रग-जीन
31. कलर एटलस एंड टेक्स्ट आफ एंडोडॉटिक्स-स्टाक

संदर्भ:

1. व्हाई रुट कौनल थिरेपी?-बर्न्स 1986
2. कंटेम्परेरी एस्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री-प्रैक्टिस फंडामेंटल्स-क्रिसपिन 1994
3. एनामेल माइक्रो एब्रेसन-क्रॉल 1991
4. एडवांसेज इन ग्लास लोनोमर्स-डेविडसन 1991
5. कंप्लीट डेंटल ब्लीचिंग-गोल्डस्टीन 1995
6. फाइबर रेनफोर्ड कंपोजिट इन क्लीनिकल डेंटिस्ट्री-फ्रेलिक 2000
7. डेंटल सेरागिक्स-मैकलीन 1983
8. लेजर्स इन डेंटिस्ट्री-मिसरेंडिड 1995
9. एस्थेटिक एप्रोच टू मेटल सेरामिक रिस्टोरेशंस-मूटस्थीस 1990
10. लाइफ एंड टाइम्स आफ जी. वी. ब्लैक-पप्पास 1983
11. बांडेड सेरामिक इनलेज-राउतेट 1991
12. फंडामेंटल्स आफ टूथ प्रिवेंशन-सीलिंगबर्ग 1996

13. एस्थेटिक्स विद इनडाइरेक्ट प्रोसेसिंग्स सीन 1992
14. सर्जीकल एंडोडॉटिक्स बार्न 1991
15. आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-मार्चुक 1996
16. इनलेज, क्राउंस एंड ब्रिजेस-जी. एफ. कांटोरोविच 1993

आर्थोडॉटिक्स तथा डेंटोफेशियल विकलांग विज्ञान

1. कंटम्पेरी आर्थोडॉटिक्स-डब्ल्यू. प्राफिट
2. आर्थोडॉटिक्स-करेंट प्रिंसीपल्स एंड टेक्निकस-ग्रेबर एंड वानर्सडल
3. आर्थोडॉटिक सिफालोमेट्री-एथेनासिउ
4. ए टेक्स्ट बुक रिसेटेड टू दि फिक्स्ड मेकानो-थिरेपी मेनली टाट ई.जी. बेग आर्थोडॉटिक थ्योरी एंड प्रैक्टिस - बेग एंड केसलिंग, आर्थोडॉटिक मैनेजमेंट आफ दि डेंटेशन विद दि प्री एडजस्टेड अप्लायंस - एम. बेनेट एंड मैकलाफिन, एलेक्जेंटर डीसीप्लिन - आर. जी. एलेक्जेंटर ईटीसी.
5. फेशियल ग्रोथ - डी. एनलो
6. डेंटोफेशियन आर्थोपेडिक्स विद फंक्शनल अप्लायंस-ग्रेबर, प्रोटोविक एंड राकसोई
7. आर्थोडॉटिक ट्रीटमेंट विद शिफ्टेबल अप्लायंस-इसाक्सन एंड एम. हाउस्टन
8. फिक्स्ड डेंटेशन ट्रीटमेंट-जेम्स मैकनमारा

सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य दंत चिकित्सा

1. डेंटिस्ट्री, डेंटल प्रैक्टिस एंड कम्प्यूनिटी-स्ट्रुफलर डीएफ
2. प्राइमरी प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-हैरिस एन एंड क्रिश्चन एजी
3. कम्प्यूनिटी डेंटल हेल्थ-जांग एडब्ल्यू
4. प्रिंसीपल्स आफ डेंटल पब्लिक हेल्थ वाल्यूम 1 पार्ट 1 एंड 2 वाल्यूम 2-डनिंग जेएम
5. डेंटल पब्लिक हेल्थ: एन इंट्रोडक्शन टू कम्प्यूनिटी डेंटिस्ट्री-स्लैक जी.आई.
6. फ्लुराइड इन डेंटिस्ट्री-फेजर्सकर ओके तथा अन्य
7. फ्लुराइड्स एंड डेंटल कैरीज-तिवारी ए
8. टेक्स्ट बुक आफ प्रिवेंटिव एंड सोशल मेडीसिन-महाजन बीके एंड गुप्ता एमसी
9. डेंटल हेल्थ एजुकेशन-डब्ल्यूएचओ एक्सपर्ट कमिटी
10. मेटाबोलिज्म एंड टॉक्सिटी आफ फ्लुराइड वाल्यूम 1-व्हिटफोर्ड जीएम
11. एपिडेमिओलाजी बायो-स्टैटिस्टिक्स एंड प्रिवेंटिव मेडीसिन-जेकल जेएफ तथा अन्य
12. इंट्रोडक्शन टू ओरल प्रिवेंटिव मेडीसिन: ए प्रोग्राम फार दि फर्स्ट क्लीनिकल एक्सपीरिएंस
13. टेक्स्ट बुक आफ प्रिवेंटिव मेडीसिन-स्टैलाई सीई
14. हेंडबुक आफ डेंटल ज्यूरिसप्रुडेंस एंड रिस्क मैनेजमेंट-पोलाक बीआर ईडी
15. फ्लुराइड्स एंड ह्यूमन हेल्थ-वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
16. एप्रोप्रिएट यूज आफ फ्लुराइड्स फार ह्यूमन हेल्थ-मूरी जेजे ईडी
17. कम्प्यूनिटी हेल्थ-ग्रीन एलडब्ल्यू
18. प्रिवेंशन आफ डेंटल डिसेसिज-मूरी जेजे ईडी
19. कलर एटलस आफ फॉरेंसिक डेंटिस्ट्री-व्हिटकर डीके एंड डीएसी डोनाल्ड डीजी
20. हेल्थ रिसर्च डिजाइन एंड मेथोडोलाजी-ओकोलो ईएन
21. आक्सफोर्ड टेक्स्ट बुक आफ पब्लिक हेल्थ वाल्यूम 3-हार्लेड डब्ल्यूडब्ल्यू तथा अन्य
22. गाइडलाइंस फार ड्रिंकिंग वाटर क्वालिटी वाल्यूम 1 रेकमन्डेसंस-डब्ल्यूएचओ
23. इंट्रोडक्शन टू बायो-स्टैटिस्टिक्स-महाजन बी.के.
24. गाइडलाइंस फार ड्रिंकिंग वाटर क्वालिटी वाल्यूम 2 हेल्थ क्रिटिकल एंड अदर सपोर्टिंग इन्फार्मेशन-डब्ल्यूएचओ
25. डेंटिस्ट्री, डेंटल प्रैक्टिस एंड दि कम्प्यूनिटी-बर्ट बीए तथा अन्य
26. आकूपेशनल हेल्थ इजार्स टू डेंटल स्टाफ-स्कली सी
27. फॉरेंसिक डेंटिस्ट्री-कैमरून जेएम
28. रिसर्च मेथोडोलाजी: मेथड्स एंड टेक्निकस-कोठारी आर
29. ला एंड इथिक्स इन डेंटिस्ट्री-शेयर जे एंड वाल्टर्स एल
30. हेल्थ रिसर्च मेथोडोलाजी: ए गाइड फार ट्रेनिंग इन रिसर्च मेथड्स (वेस्टर्न पैसिफिक एजुकेशन इन एक्शन सीरिज नं.5)-डब्ल्यूएचओ
31. कम्प्यूनिटी ओरल हेल्थ-पाइन सीएम
32. पार्स टेक्स्ट बुक आफ प्रिवेंटिव एंड सोशल मेडीसिन-पार्क के
33. एपिडेमिओलाजी, बायो-स्टैटिस्टिक्स एंड प्रिवेंटिव मेडीसिन-काट्ज डीआई
34. ओरल हेल्थ सर्वेज बेसिक मेथड्स-डब्ल्यूएचओ
35. एसेशियल्स आफ प्रिवेंटिव एंड कम्प्यूनिटी डेंटिस्ट्री-पीटर एस
36. फ्लुराइड्स इन कैरीज प्रिवेंशन-मूरी जेआई ईडी
37. प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-फारेरर जान ओ

36. फ्लूरीन एंड क्लोराइड्स- रिपोर्टे वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
37. प्लानिंग एंड इवैल्यूएशन आफ पब्लिक हेल्थ सर्विसेस- ए टैक्निकल रिपोर्टे वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
38. प्रिवेंशन मेथड्स एंड प्रोग्राम्स फार ओरल डिस्जीजेस- ए टैक्निकल रिपोर्टे वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
39. कम्यूनिटी पेरियोडेंटल इंडेक्स आफ ट्रीटमेंट नीड्स डेवलपमेंट, फील्ड-टेस्टिंग एंड स्टैटिकली इवैल्यूएशन-वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
40. प्लानिंग ओरल हेल्थ सर्विसेज-वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
41. गाइड टू एपिडेमिओलाजी एंड डाएग्नोसिस आफ ओरल म्यूकोसल डिस्जीजेस- एंड कंडीशंस-वर्ल्ड हेल्थ आर्गनाइजेशन
42. कम्यूनिटी डेंटिस्ट्री (पीजी हंड बुक सिरीज वाल्यूम 8-सिलवरम एसएल एंड ट्रायन एएफ. ईडी. पेडोडॉटिक्स तथा निवारक दंत चिकित्सा
 1. पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री (इनफैन्सी थू एडोलोसेंस)-पिंखम
 2. केनेडीज पेडियाट्रिक आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-केनेडी एंड कर्जन
 3. अक्लुसल गाइडेंस इन पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री-स्टीफन एच. वेल्.
 4. क्लीनिकल यूज आफ फ्ल्यूइड्स-स्टीफन एच. वेल्.
 5. पेडियाट्रिक ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी-कवान
 6. पेडियाट्रिक मेडीकल इमरजेंसीज-पी. एस. व्हाट
 7. अंडरस्टैंडिंग आफ डेंटल कॅरीज-निकी फोरुक
 8. एन एटलस आफ ग्लास लोनोमर सीमेंट्स-जी. जे. मार्टे
 9. क्लीनिकल पेडोडॉटिक्स-फिन
 10. टेक्स्टबुक आफ पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री-ब्राहम मोरिस
 11. प्राइमरी प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-नार्मन ओ. हैरिस
 12. हंडबुक आफ क्लीनिकल पेडोडॉटिक्स-केनेथ डी.
 13. प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-फार्रेस्टर
 14. द मेटाबोलिज्म एंड टाक्सिसिटी आफ फ्लूराइड-गैरी एम. व्हिटफोर्ड
 15. डेंटिस्ट्री फार दि चाइल्ड एंड एडोलोसेंस-मैक डोनाल्ड
 16. पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री-डामेल एस. जी.
 17. बिहैवियर मैनेजमेंट-राइट
 18. पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री-मैथ्यूसन
 19. ट्रामैटिक इंजरीज-एंडरसन
 20. अक्लुसल गाइडेंस इन पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री-नकाता
 21. पेडियाट्रिक ड्रग थिरेपी-तोमर
 22. कंटम्पेरी आर्थोडॉटिक्स-प्राफिट
 23. एंडोडॉटिक्स प्रैक्टिस-ग्रासमैन
 24. एंडोडॉटिक्स-इंगल
 25. पाथवेज आफ पल्प-कोहेन
 26. मैनेजमेंट आफ ट्रामेटाइज्ड एंटीरियर टीथ-हरग्रोव
 27. एसेंशियल्स आफ कम्यूनिटी एंड प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-साबेन पीटर्स
 28. पोस्ट ग्रेजुएट हंड बुक-बारबर
 29. साइंटिफिक फाउंडेशन आफ पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री-स्टीवर्ट एंड बारबर
 30. डाइट एंड न्यूट्रीशन इन डेंटिस्ट्री-स्तगन
 31. प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री-गुरे

मुखीय औषधि तथा विकिरण विज्ञान

(क) **मुखीय निदान, मुखीय औषधि तथा मुखीय विकृति विज्ञान**

1. बर्किट-ओरल मेडीसिन-जे.बी. लिपिनकॉट कंपनी
2. कोलमैन-प्रिंसीपल्स आफ ओरल डाएग्नोसिस-मारबी हयर बुक
3. जोन्स-ओरल मेनीफेस्टेशंस आफ सिस्टमैटिक डिस्जीजेस-डब्ल्यू.बी. सॉडर्स कंपनी
4. बुड एंड गोज-डिफेंशियल डाएग्नोसिस आफ ओरल लेशंस-मारबी हयर बुक
5. लंगलाइज-ओरल डाएग्नोसिस/ओरल मेडीसिन एंड ट्रीटमेंट प्लानिंग ली एंड फेबिगर एंड वेयरली कंपनी
6. मिशेल - ओरल डाएग्नोसिस एंड ओरल मेडीसिन
7. पिंडबर्ग - सिंड्रोम्स आफ दि हेड एंड नेक
8. स्टोंस - ओरल डिस्जीजेस
9. इरविन वाल्टर रकाप - ओरल मेडीसिन

10. कॅर - ओरल डाएग्नोसिस
11. भिलर - ओरल डाएग्नोसिस एंड ट्रीटमेंट
12. बेनियर - डिफरेंशियल डाएग्नोसिस एंड ओरल लेशन्स
13. मनफोर्ड - ओरोफेशियल पेन
14. बेल - ओरल फेशियन पेन
15. टलमेन - सिस्टेमिक डिस्सीसेज इन डेंटल ट्रीटमेंट
16. मीन - डिस्सीसेज आफ दि माउथ
17. हर्विसन - क्लीनिकल मेथड्स
18. मैकलाएड्स - क्लीनिकल एग्जामिनेशन
19. चैबरलिन - सिपटंस एंड साईस आफ क्लीनिकल मेडीसिन
20. डेविडसन - प्रिंसीपल्स एंड प्रैक्टिस आफ मेडीसिन
21. हरीसन - प्रिंसीपल्स आफ इंटर्स मेडीसिन
22. स्वीटनर - ओरल रीहैबिलिटेशन प्रोग्राम केसेस
23. बर्कहाडर्ट - ओरल कॅसर
24. डोल्बी - ओरल म्यूकोसा इन हेल्थ एंड डिस्सीसेज
25. सोनिस एस. टी., फेजियो, आर. सी. एंड फॅंग एल. - प्रिंसीपल्स एंड प्रैक्टिस आफ ओरल मेडीसिन
26. नैली एफ. एफ. एंड एग्लस्टन डी. जे. - ए मैन्युअल आफ ओरल मेडीसिन
27. प्रभु एस. आर. एट आल - ओरल डिस्सीसेज इन दि ट्रापिक्स
28. समरनाएके एल. पी. तथा अन्य - ओरल कॅडीलोसिस

(ख) मुख्य विकिरण विज्ञान

1. क्लाइट एंड कोज - ओरल रेडियोलॉजी - मोस्बी इयर बुक
2. वेहर्मन - डेंटल रेडियोलॉजी - सी. वी. मोस्बी कंपनी
3. स्टफने - ओरल रॉन्टेजिनोग्राफी डाएग्नोसिस - डब्ल्यू. बी. सौडर्स कंपनी
4. लैंगलेयर्स - डाएग्नोस्टिक इमेजिंग आफ दी जाज - विलियम एंड विलकिंस
5. स्निथ - डेंटल रेडियोग्राफी - ब्लैकवेल साइंटिफिक पब्लिकेशन
6. एरिक वेट्स - एसेंशियल्स आफ डेंटल रेडियोग्राफी - चर्चिल लिब्रिंगस्टोन
7. सोनिस एस.टी., फेजियो, आर. सी. एंड फॅंग एल. - प्रिंसीपल्स एंड प्रैक्टिस आफ ओरल मेडीसिन
8. मालामेड एस. एफ. - बुक आफ मेडीकल इमरजेंसीज इन दि डेंटल
9. कासन आर. ए. एंड स्कली सी. एम. - मेडीकल प्रोब्लम्स इन डेंटिस्ट्री
10. पिंडबर्ग जे. जे. - एटलस आफ डिस्सीसेज आफ दि ओरल म्यूकोसा
11. लिच एम. ए. - ईटीएस ओरल मेडीसिन, डाएग्नोसिस एंड ट्रीटमेंट
12. दयाल पी. के. - टेक्स्ट बुक आफ ओरल मेडीसिन

(सी) अपराध विज्ञान ओर्डीनोलॉजी

1. डेरक एच. क्लार्क - प्रैक्टिकल फॉरेंसिक ओर्डीनोलॉजी - राइट
2. काटन स्टॅडिश - आउटलाइन आफ फॉरेंसिक डेंटिस्ट्री
3. व्हिटकर - ए कलर एटलस आफ फॉरेंसिक डेंटिस्ट्री

पत्रिकाएं:

व्यावसायिकों को, अपनी-अपनी विशेषज्ञताओं में ताजा घटनाक्रम और प्रवृत्तियों से अवगत रखने की दृष्टि से पत्रिकाएं जानकारी का सर्वोत्तम स्रोत होती हैं। पत्रिकाओं का जो प्रमाणात्मी प्रदर्शन उपलब्ध है, उस पर विचार करते हुए परिषद यह चाहती है कि संस्थानों को न्यूनतम अपेक्षा के रूप में निम्न सूची में निर्दिष्ट पत्रिकाएं उपलब्ध करानी चाहिए:

दंत्य शिक्षा और व्यवहार संबंधी

1. जर्नल आफ इंडियन डेंटल एसोसिएशन
2. ब्रिटिश डेंटल जर्नल
3. जर्नल आफ अमेरिकन डेंटल एसोसिएशन
4. जर्नल आफ डेंटिस्ट्री
5. डेंटल क्लीनिक्स आफ नार्थ अमेरिका
6. जर्नल आफ डेंटल एजुकेशन
7. डेंटल एक्सट्रैक्ट्स
8. जर्नल आफ डेंटल रिसर्च
9. डेंटल इंडेक्स
10. क्विंटेसेंस इंटरनेशनल
11. इंटरनेशनल डेंटल जर्नल

12. सायटोलियन डेंटल जर्नल
13. जर्नल आफ डेंटल मैटीरियल्स
14. जर्नल आफ प्रोथेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री
15. जर्नल आफ क्लेफन पैलेट

प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स, क्राउन ब्रिज तथा मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

1. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल इम्प्लांट्स
2. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स
3. जर्नल आफ डेंटल मैटीरियल्स
4. जर्नल आफ जेरियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री
5. जर्नल आफ प्रोस्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री
6. जर्नल आफ प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स
7. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियन सर्जरी
8. जर्नल आफ क्लीनिकल पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी
9. जर्नल आफ पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी
10. डेंटल टेक्नीशियन
11. जर्नल आफ एंडोडॉटिक्स
12. यूरोपियन जर्नल आफ प्रोस्थेटिक्स एंड रीस्टोरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री
13. द जर्नल आफ एडेसिव डेंटिस्ट्री
14. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ एंडोडॉटिक्स
15. जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी

पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी तथा मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

1. जर्नल आफ पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी
2. जर्नल आफ क्लीनिकल पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी
3. जर्नल आफ पेरियोडॉटल रिसर्च
4. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ पेरियोडॉटिक्स
5. जर्नल आफ इंडियन सोसायटी आफ पेरियोडॉटिक्स
6. जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियन इम्प्लांट्स
7. पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी 2000
8. एनल्स आफ पेरियोडॉटोलॉजी

मुख्य तथा मैक्सिलोफेशियल शल्यक्रिया तथा मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

1. जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी
2. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी
3. जर्नल आफ क्रोनियो मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी
4. ब्रिटिश जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी
5. ओरल सर्जरी, ओरल मेडीसिन, ओरल पैथोलॉजी
6. ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल क्लीनिकस आफ नार्थ अमेरिका
7. जर्नल आफ ओरो-फेशियल पेन
8. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल इम्प्लांट्स
9. इंडियन जर्नल आफ ओरल एंड मैक्सिलोफेशियल सर्जरी
10. प्लास्टिक एंड रीकंस्ट्रक्टिव सर्जरी
11. कैंसर

संक्षी, एंडोडॉटिक्स तथा सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा

1. एंडोडॉटिक्स एंड डेंटल ट्रामेटोलॉजी
2. इंटरनेशनल एंडोडॉटिक जर्नल
3. आपरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री
4. एस्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री
5. एंडोडॉटोलॉजी
6. डेंटल मैटीरियल्स
7. ओरल सर्जरी, ओरल मेडीसिन, ओरल पैथोलॉजी
8. ओरल रिडियोलॉजी एंड एंडोडॉटिक्स
9. जर्नल आफ प्रास्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री
10. इंटरनेशनल जर्नल आफ प्रास्थेटिक डेंटिस्ट्री
11. पेरियोडॉटिक्स एंड रीस्टोरेटिव डेंटिस्ट्री
12. इंडेक्स टू डेंटल लिटरेचर

आयोडॉटिक्स तथा डेंटोफेशियल विकलांग विज्ञान

1. अमेरिकन जनरल आफ आर्थोडॉटिक्स एंड डेंटलशिफर आर्थोपेडिक्स
2. एंगल आर्थोडोटिस्ट
3. जनरल आफ क्लीनिकल आर्थोडॉटिक्स
4. जनरल आफ आर्थोडॉटिक्स फार्मली ब्रिटिश जनरल आफ आर्थोडॉटिक्स
5. जनरल आफ इंडियन आर्थोडॉटिक्स सोसायटी

सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य दंत चिकित्सा

1. जनरल आफ कम्युनिटी डेंटिस्ट्री एंड ओरल एपिडेमियोलॉजी
2. जनरल आफ पब्लिक हेल्थ डेंटिस्ट्री
3. फ्लूराइड जनरल आफ इंटरनेशनल सोसायटी
4. जनरल आफ कम्युनिटी डेंटल हेल्थ
5. जनरल आफ फ्लूराइड रिसर्च
6. जनरल आफ क्लीनिकल प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री

पेडोडॉटिक्स तथा निवारक दंत चिकित्सा

1. एएसडीसी जनरल आफ डेंटिस्ट्री फार चिल्ड्रेन
2. इंटरनेशनल जनरल आफ पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री
3. पेडियाट्रिक डेंटिस्ट्री
4. जनरल आफ इंडियन सोसायटी आफ पेडोडॉटिक्स एंड प्रिवेंटिव डेंटिस्ट्री

मुखीय औषधि तथा विकिरण विज्ञान

1. जनरल आफ ओरल पैथोलॉजी/ओरल मेडीसिन एंड रेडियोलॉजी/ओरल सर्जरी
2. जनरल आफ ओरल डिस्सीजेज
3. जनरल आफ ओरल पैथोलॉजी/मेडीसिन
4. जनरल आफ कम्युनिटी डेंटिस्ट्री एंड ओरल एपिडेमियोलॉजी
5. जनरल आफ इंडियन एकेडमी अफ ओरल मेडीसिन एंड रेडियोलॉजी
6. जनरल आफ इंडियन एसोसिएशन आफ ओरल पैथोलॉजी

खंड-IV

1. प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स, क्राउन ब्रिज तथा मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और न-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।

जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान। क्राउन तथा ब्रिज और रोपण विज्ञान सहित प्रोस्थोडॉटिक्स में आवश्यक शिक्षण कौशल निर्मित करना।

बी: पूर्व-नैदानिक कार्य

- (क) प्रयोगशाला प्रौद्योगिकी में पूर्व-नैदानिक प्रवेश। केनेडी वर्गीकरण के विभिन्न डिजाइनों के लिए आइबोराइन दांत का मूल दंत पूर्वास्थापन।
- (ख) दंत्य माडलों का सर्वेक्षण और अपसारणीय आंशिकों की आयोजना।
- (ग) इलैस्टोमेरिक छाप सामग्री के लिए कस्टम ट्रेज का निर्माण।
- (घ) विभिन्न स्थिर पुनःस्थापनों जैसेकि पूर्ण विनीयर, क्राउन, आंशिक विनीयर क्राउन, मूलसूत्रीय क्राउन के वास्ते दंत पूर्वावस्थापन।
- (ङ.) धातु फ्रेमवर्क तथा विभिन्न धातु क्राउन ढालना।
- (च) दंत्य सिरमिक सामग्री का हस्तोपचार।

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

- (क) लुप्त दांतों वाले रोगियों का उपचार
- (ख) छाप क्रियाविधियां
- (ग) अंतः अंतरोध रिकार्ड
- (घ) जबड़ा संबंधी रिकार्ड
- (ङ.) जबड़ा प्रेरक युक्ति का घयन
- (च) उपचार डिजाइन का मूल कारण
- (छ) कृत्रिम अंग का अंतर्वेशन

बी: विभिन्न अपसारणीय तथा स्थिर उपचार के लिए नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छ संगोष्ठियों और छ पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

3. विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा से तीन बर्षों के पहले आचार्यक पुरस्कार परीक्षाएं।

अनिवार्य नैदानिक कार्य

सिरेमिक्स-लेमिनेट्स, इनलेन आउलेन - 02

घातु के लिए एफवीसी - 05

सिरेमिक के लिए एफवीसी - 05

कीमती घातु क्राउन - 01

टैलिस्कोपिक क्राउन - 01

इंफ्लॉट समर्थित कृत्रिम अंग के रूप में क्राउन - 01

ठले हुए पोर्सलिन (तीन इकाई) - 02

ठली हुई घातु (तीन इकाई) - 02

पोर्सलिन समेकित घातु (अग्र तथा पश्च) - 05

बहु-रेबटमेंट (मैक्सिलरी तथा मँडीब्यूलर आर्क) - 02

अनतिम अस्थायी पुनःस्थापन (क्राउन तथा एफपीडी) - 05

अस्थायी आंशिक कृत्रिम दातावली कृत्रिम-अंग - 05

ठली हुई अपसारणीय आंशिक कृत्रिम दातावली (केनेडी) के ऐपलगेट वर्गीकरण के लिए संशोधन सहित) - 02

तात्कालिक आरपीडी - 02

चिकित्सीय रूप से समाविष्ट तथा विकलांग रोगियों के लिए आंशिक कृत्रिम दातावली - 01

एकल कृत्रिम दातावली - 02

ओवरले कृत्रिम दातावली - 02

पूर्ण दंत्य कृत्रिम अंग (असाधारण रिज संबंध, रिज रूप और रिज आकार के लिए) - 02

चिकित्सीय रूप से समाविष्ट तथा विकलांग रोगियों के लिए पूर्ण कृत्रिम दातावली - 02

वृद्धि रोगियों के लिए दंत और दंत सतह पुनःस्थापन, क्राउन, स्थिर कृत्रिम अंग, अपसारणीय कृत्रिम अंग, पूर्ण

मुख पुनर्स्थापन-सौंदर्यपरक पुनःस्थापन तथा स्टोमेटोग्नेथिक प्रणाली का कार्य - 01

असफल पुनःस्थापन का प्रबंध-अपसारणीय कृत्रिम अंग - 05

क्राउन और स्थिर कृत्रिम अंग - 02

आयु परिवर्तनों के कारण पुनःस्थापन असफलता - 01

मुखीय रोपण विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमिस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उतक विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन,

विकृति विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण

में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य

सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा

जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।

जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: सामग्री विज्ञान

सामग्रियों की जैव-वैज्ञानिक अनुकूलता की अवधारणा

घातु घयन और सतही विशेषताएं

हाइड्रोक्सी ऐपेटाइट तथा अन्य अस्थि प्रतिस्थापन

घातु विज्ञान

सिरेमिक्स तथा अन्य विनीयरिंग सामग्रियां

सी: आसियोइंटिग्रेशन

आसियोइंटिग्रेशन का परिचय

रोपण अटैचमेंट्स की प्रकृति

अस्थि उतक प्रतिक्रियाएं

रोपणों की कार्यात्मक प्रतिक्रिया

रोपण प्रणालियों का डिजाइन

डी: निम्न पर विशेष बल

स्वतंत्रता का नियंत्रण

सीवन तकनीक

आपरेशन के बाद का प्रबंध

जटिलताओं का निवारण और प्रबंध

अंतःमुखीय फिक्चर्स के स्थानन के शल्यक्रियात्मक पक्ष

बहिःमुखीय फिक्चर्स

नैदानिक जैवयांत्रिकी

अस्थायी कृत्रिम अंग
दूसरे स्तर की शल्यक्रिया के लिए कृत्रिम-अंग विचार
पंच प्रतिधारित कृत्रिम अंग
रोपण समर्थित कृत्रिम अंग के लिए अंतरोध विचार
छाप क्रियाविधियां

जबड़ा संबंध
अस्थाय ट्राई-इन
सुपरा तंत्र का निर्माण
कृत्रिम अंग का अंतर्वेशन
दंत्य रोपणों का अनुक्षण
तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

रोगी चयन और तैयारी (शल्यक्रियात्मक, कृत्रिम-अंग संबंधी तथा पेरियोडेंटल विचार) - 05 मामले

म्यूकोपेरियोस्टील फ्लेक्स - 05

अस्थायी कृत्रिम-अंग - 02

पंच प्रतिधारित कृत्रिम अंग - 02

सुपरा तंत्र का निर्माण - 02

एकल इकाई रोपण - 02

बहु इकाई रोपण - 01

बी: नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा से तीन महीने पहले आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

2. पेरियोडेंटोलाजी तथा मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, रोगक्षमता विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त फलों का गहरा ज्ञान।

जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

पूर्ण मामला इतिवृत्त और उपचार आयोजना - 05 मामले

अनुप्रयुक्त पेरियोडेंटल सूचक - 05 मामले

स्केलिंग तथा रूट आयोजना - हस्त - 10 मामले, अल्ट्रासोनिक - 10 मामले

आच्छरण - 05 मामले

मसूझाच्छेदन - 10 मामले

मसूझाप्लास्टी - 05 मामले

स्थानीय औषधि आपूर्ति तकनीक

पाकेट चिकित्सा

म्यूको-मसूझा शल्यक्रियाएं

रोपण - 02

पेरियो-एंडो समस्याओं का प्रबंध - 03 मामले

अंतरोध समायोजन - 05 मामले

पेरियो स्प्लिट्स - 05 मामले

निर्देशित उन्नत पुनःउत्पादन मामले - 05

पेरियोडेंटल समस्याओं से पूरे पांच महीने से प्रस्तुत कम से कम पांच रोगियों का उपचार

बी: उपचारित नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा से तीन महीने पूर्व आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण

में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, रक्त-सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्य-विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव-सामग्री विज्ञान, जैव इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।
जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: सामग्री विज्ञान

सामग्रियों की जैव-वैज्ञानिक अनुकूलता की अवधारणा

धातु चयन और सतही विशेषताएं

हाइड्रोक्सी ऐपेटाइड तथा अन्य अस्थि प्रतिस्थापन

धातु विज्ञान

सिरेमिक्स तथा अन्य विनियरिंग सामग्रियां

सी: आसियोइंटिग्रेशन

आसियोइंटिग्रेशन का परिचय

रोपण अटैचमेंट्स की प्रकृति

अस्थि उन्नतक प्रतिक्रियाएं

रोपणों की कार्यात्मक प्रतिक्रिया

रोपण प्रणालियों का डिजाइन

डी: निम्न पर विशेष बल

रक्तस्राव का नियंत्रण

सीवन तकनीक

आपरेसन के बाद का प्रबंध

जटिलताओं का निवारण और प्रबंध

अंतःमुखीय फिक्चर्स के स्थानन के शल्यक्रियात्मक पक्ष

बहिःमुखीय फिक्चर्स

नैदानिक जैवयांत्रिकी

अस्थायी कृत्रिम अंग

दूसरे स्तर की शल्यक्रिया के लिए कृत्रिम-अंग विचार

पेंच प्रतिधारित कृत्रिम अंग

रोपण समर्थित कृत्रिम अंग के लिए अंतर्रांघ विचार

छाप क्रियाविधियां

जबड़ा संबंध

अस्थाय ट्राई-इन

सुपरा तंत्र का निर्माण

कृत्रिम अंग का अंतर्वेशन

दंत्य रोपणों का अनुरक्षण

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

रोगी चयन और तैयारी (शल्यक्रियात्मक, कृत्रिम-अंग संबंधी तथा पेरयोडॉटल विचार) - 05 मामलों

म्यूकोपेरियोस्टील फ्लेक्स - 05

अस्थायी कृत्रिम-अंग - 02

पेंच प्रतिधारित कृत्रिम अंग - 02

सुपरा तंत्र का निर्माण - 02

एकल इकाई रोपण - 02

बहु इकाई रोपण - 01

बी: नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा से तीन महीने पहले आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

3. मुख्य तथा मेक्सिलोफेशियल और मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव रसायन

विकृति विज्ञान, रोगक्षमता विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान

मुख्य तथा मेक्सिलोफेशियल शल्यक्रिया में प्रयुक्त औषधियों पर विशेष बल देते हुए फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया,

चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक

बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री

विज्ञानों, जैव इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।

सिर व गला-प्रिसिपल ऑफ सर्जरी, इमेजे-सीस इन्फेक्शन्स इमेजींग, तीस्टस, ट्यूमरस फॉरेन बॉडीज अंड डीसिजीज एंड कम्प्लीकेशन्स

टीएमजे व औस्थोगेनीक केसो की सामान्य क्लारिफिकेशन

जैव सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधियाँ तथा कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

इंजेक्शन आईएम तथा आईवी - 25, 10

एक फोड़े का छेदन तथा निकास - 05

शल्यक्रियात्मक निष्कर्षण - 10

कृत्रिम-अंग से पूर्व की शल्यक्रिया - 10

ओएएफ संवरण - 03

पुटी समूल-निष्कासन - 05

पेरियापिकल शल्यक्रिया - 02

लाला अरमरी निकालना - 02

अधोहनु अस्थि-भंग - 06

मध्य-आनन अस्थिभंग - 03

सुदम्य अर्बुद - 03

आर्थोग्नेथिक शल्यक्रिया - 02

हार्वेस्टिंग अस्थि तथा उपास्थि निरोप - 03

टीएमजे शल्यक्रिया - 01

जबड़ उच्छेदन - 02 (सहाय्यित)

अर्बुद शल्यक्रिया - 02 (सहाय्यित)

खंडोष्ठ तथा तालु - 06

बी: उपचारित नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षाओं से तीन महीने पूर्व आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

मुख्य रोपण विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उद्भूत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।

जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: सामग्री विज्ञान

सामग्रियों की जैव-वैज्ञानिक अनुकूलता की अवधारणा

धातु चयन और सतही विशेषताएं

हाइड्रोक्सी ऐपेटाइट तथा अन्य अस्थि प्रतिस्थापन

धातु विज्ञान

सिरेमिक्स तथा अन्य विनीयरिंग सामग्रियां

सी: आसियोइंटिग्रेशन

आसियोइंटिग्रेशन का परिचय

रोपण अटैचमेंट्स की प्रकृति

अस्थि उद्भूत प्रतिक्रियाएं

रोपणों की कार्यात्मक प्रतिक्रिया

रोपण प्रणालियों का डिजाइन

डी: निम्न पर विशेष बल

रक्तस्राव का नियंत्रण

सीवन तकनीक

आपरेशन के बाद का प्रबंध

जटिलताओं का निवारण और प्रबंध

अंतःमुखीय फिक्चर्स के स्थानन के शल्यक्रियात्मक पक्ष

बहिःमुखीय फिक्चर्स

नैदानिक जैवयांत्रिकी

अस्थायी कृत्रिम अंग
दूसरे स्तर की शल्यक्रिया के लिए कृत्रिम अंग के लिए
पंच प्रतिधारित कृत्रिम अंग
रोपण समर्थित कृत्रिम अंग के लिए अंतरीय विचार
छाप क्रियाविधियां

जबड़ा संबंध
अस्थाय द्राई-इन
सुपरा तंत्र का निर्माण
कृत्रिम अंग का अंतर्वेशन
दंत्य रोपणों का अनुरक्षण
तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य
रोगी चयन और तैयारी (शल्यक्रियात्मक, कृत्रिम-अंग संबंधी तथा पेरयोडॉन्टल विचार) - 05 मामले
न्यूकोपेरियोस्टील फ्लैप्स - 05
अस्थायी कृत्रिम-अंग - 02
पंच प्रतिधारित कृत्रिम अंग - 02
सुपरा तंत्र का निर्माण - 02
एकल इकाई रोपण - 02
बहु इकाई रोपण - 01

बी: नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति
सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति
डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षा से तीन महीने पहले आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं
4. संरक्षी, एंडोडॉन्टिक्स तथा सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान
सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, रोगक्षमता विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और न-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।
जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: दंत्य सामग्री

- (क) अनुलिपिकरण सामग्री सहित दंत चिकित्सा में प्रयुक्त छाप सामग्री
- (ख) दंत चिकित्सा में प्रयुक्त कृत्रिम रेजिन
- (ग) धातुएं और अयस्क - महत्वपूर्ण भौतिक विशेषताओं सहित संरचना और व्यवहार
- (घ) दंत्य सीमेंट - वर्गीकरण, गठन, हस्तोपचार विशेषताएं और प्रयोग
- (ङ) धातु में समेकित पॉसिलेन, पॉसिलेन मट्टी तथा समेकन सहित दंत्य पॉसिलेन
- (च) कंपोजिट और पॉसिलेन पालिशिंग
- (छ) पुनःस्थापना सामग्रियों के जीववैज्ञानिक पक्ष

सी: विकिरण विज्ञान: अंतःमुखीय और बाह्यमुखीय रेडियोग्राफी तथा सामान्य शरीररचना वैज्ञानिक-लैंडमार्क
डी: संरक्षी (शल्यक्रियात्मक) दंत चिकित्सा तथा एंडोडॉन्टिक्स से संबंधित दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान और आर्मानोलेरियम

ई: पूर्व- नैदानिक कार्य

इनलेज, आनलेज आदि सहित विभिन्न प्रकार के पुनःस्थापनों के लिए कैंविटी निर्माण मैट्रिसेज

निष्कर्षित दांत पर अनेक एंडोडॉन्टिक तथा पुनःस्थापनात्मक प्रक्रियाएं

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य
संयुक्त पुनःस्थापन - 15
जीआईसी पुनःस्थापन - 15
जटिल पारदमिश्र पुनःस्थापन - 02
संयुक्त इनले तथा विनीयर - 02
सिरेमिक जैकेट क्राउन - 02
अग्र दांत का पोस्ट तथा कोर - 06
पश्च दांत का पोस्ट तथा कोर - 06

299267/08-5

बला हृमा स्वर्ण इनले - 02

ब्लीचिंग वाइटल - 02

ब्लीचिंग गैस-वाइटल - 02

आरसीटी अग्र - 20

आरसीटी परच - 20

एंडो शल्यक्रिया - 02

एंडो-परेयो समस्याओं का प्रबंध - 02

बी: उपचारित नैदानिक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षाओं से तीन महीने पहले आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

सौंदर्यपरक दंत चिकित्सा

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संस्रक्षणों और नू-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गह्वर ज्ञान।

जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: मुखीय शरीररचना विज्ञान, शरीरक्रिया विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान तथा भ्रूण विज्ञान

दांतों का सक्रिय और निष्क्रिय उद्भवन तथा दूध के दांतों का गिरना

दूध के दांतों और स्थायी दांतों के बीच भिन्नताएं

इनेमल, डेंटाइन, सीमेंटम तथा अस्थि की रासायनिक रचना तथा भौतिक विशेषताएं

दांतों की पहचान

स्थिर दांतों का उत्स्कीर्णन जिसमें चर्नल को आकर्षित करना शामिल है

सौंदर्यशास्त्र से परिचय

संरचनात्मक सौंदर्यशास्त्रीय नियम

सौंदर्यशास्त्र और कार्य के साथ संबंध

सी: नैदानिक कार्य

दंत चिकित्सा सामग्री:

- (क) अनुलिपिकरण सामग्री सहित दंत चिकित्सा में प्रयुक्त छाप सामग्री
- (ख) दंत चिकित्सा में प्रयुक्त कृत्रिम रेजिन
- (ग) धातुएं और अयस्क - महत्वपूर्ण भौतिक विशेषताओं सहित संरचना और व्यवहार
- (घ) दंत्य सीमेंट - वर्गीकरण, गठन, हस्तोपचार, विशेषताएं और प्रयोग
- (ङ) धातु में समेकित पोर्सिलेन, पोर्सिलेन भट्टी तथा समेकन सहित दंत्य पोर्सिलेन
- (च) कंपोजिट और पोर्सिलेन पालिशिंग
- (छ) पुनः स्थायी सामग्रियों के जीववैज्ञानिक पक्ष

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

- (क) डेंटोजिन्जीवल इकाई का सौंदर्यपरक
- (ख) प्रबंध मसूढ़े का प्रतिसार
- (ग) उन्नत प्रबंध की कला में पारंगति प्राप्त करना
- (घ) धातु सिरैमिक रूपरेखा डिजाइन
- (ङ) पोर्सिलेन विनियर : एक सौंदर्यपरक उपचारात्मक विकल्प
- (च) विकिरण विज्ञान : अंतःमुखीय तथा बाह्य
- (छ) मुखीय रेडियोग्राफी का तकनीक तथा सामान्य शरीररचनात्मक लैंडमार्क

बी: विभिन्न सौंदर्यपरक अपेक्षाओं के लिए विद्वानात्मक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों और छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षाओं से तीन महीने पहले आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

5. आर्थोडॉटिक्स तथा डेंटोफेशियल विकलांग-विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: आर्थोडॉटिक्स के प्रति संगति सहित अनुप्रयुक्त विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उन्नत विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, रोगक्षमता विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों,

अनुवांशिकी, दंत सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव इंजीनियरी तथा जैव चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का पहला ज्ञान।
जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: बुनियादी आर्थोडॉंटिक विषय

आनन-वृद्धि

दंत विन्यास का सामान्य और असामान्य विकास

दंत संघलन और आनन विकलांग विज्ञान

विकिरण विज्ञान और अन्य इमेजिंग तकनीक

शीर्षमिक्तिक

आर्थोडॉंटिक सामग्री

आर्थोडॉंटिक जैवयांत्रिकी

सी: सामान्य आर्थोडॉंटिक विषय

कु-अंतर्राध का रोगहेतु विज्ञान

नैदानिक क्रियाविधियां

नैदानिक आकलन, उपचार उद्देश्य तथा उपचार आयोजना

विकास और उपचार विश्लेषण

आर्थोडॉंटिक उपचार का दीर्घकालीन प्रभाव

आर्थोडॉंटिक उपचार के लैट्रोजेनिक प्रभाव

आर्थोडॉंटिक्स का ज्ञानपदिकरोग विज्ञान

डी: आर्थोडॉंटिक तकनीक

अपसारणीय उपकरण

कार्यात्मक उपकरण

बाह्य-मुखीय उपकरण

स्थिर उपकरण

प्रतिधारण उपकरण

ई: पूर्व-नैदानिक प्रक्रियाएं

बुनियादी तार मोड़ने वाली प्रक्रियाएं

अपसारणीय उपकरणों के सक्रिय और निष्क्रिय घटक

सोल्डरिंग प्रक्रियाएं

अध्ययन मॉडल तैयारी

उपकरण निर्माण

शीर्षमिक्तिक ट्रेसिंग तथा विश्लेषण

नैदानिक फोटोग्राफी में बुनियादी कौशल

स्थिर उपकरण प्रक्रिया

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

अपसारणीय तथा स्थिर उपकरणों-दोनों से विभिन्न आर्थोडॉंटिक तकनीकों का प्रयोग करते हुए विभिन्न प्रकार के अंतर्राधों से ग्रस्त रोगियों का उपचार।

बी: कम से कम तीन उपचारित मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षाओं से तीन वर्षों में पूर्व आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

6. सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य दंत चिकित्सा और निवारक दंत चिकित्सा

सभी सेमेस्टर्स में सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य अवधारणाओं और दर्शनों तथा विशेष रूप से दंत्य सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य को समझने और सीखने के प्रति समर्पित समय शामिल होगा किंतु यह सीमित नहीं होगा। कुछेक महत्वपूर्ण विषय होंगे: ज्ञानपदिकरोग विज्ञान, सर्वक्षण क्रियाविधियां, मुखीय जीव विज्ञान तथा अनुवांशिकी, दंत्य देखभाल के स्तर का मूल्यांकन, निवारक दंत चिकित्सा, अनुसंधान प्रविधि तथा दंत्य सांख्यिकी आदि।

7. पेडोडॉंटिक्स तथा निवारक दंत चिकित्सा

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: पेडोडॉंटिक्स के लिए संगत अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उक्त विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, रोगक्षमता विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का पहला ज्ञान।

जैव सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: पूर्व नैदानिक प्रक्रियाएं जिनमें निष्कार्यत दात पर तार बांधना, मोम उत्खनीकरण, पुनः स्थापनापरक तथा एंडोडॉन्टिक प्रक्रियाएं शामिल होंगी किंतु उन्हीं तक सीमित नहीं होंगी।

सी: निम्न पर विशेष बल:

बाल विकास

व्यवहार प्रबंध

बाल दंत व्यवहार

निवारक तथा हस्तक्षेपकारी आर्थोडॉन्टिक्स

पोषण और बाल दंत्य स्वास्थ्य

निवारक दंत चिकित्सा

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक कार्य

नैदानिक प्रशिक्षण जिसमें बालरोग चिकित्सा और शल्यक्रिया, मुख्य शल्यक्रिया तथा आर्थोडॉन्टिक्स में तैनाती शामिल है।

पूर्ण रिकार्डों सहित विशेष मामले - 10

निवारक दंत चिकित्सा के मामले - 5

स्टेनलेस स्टील के क्राउन - 20

दंत मज्जा चिकित्सा मामले - 75

स्थान बनाए रखने वाले - 20 (10 स्थिर तथा 10 अपसारणीय)

बी: उपचारित निदानात्मक मामलों की प्रस्तुति

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों और छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षाओं से तीन महीने पूर्व आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

8. मुख्य चिकित्सा तथा विकिरण विज्ञान

पहला और दूसरा सेमेस्टर

ए: अनुप्रयुक्त बुनियादी विज्ञान

सिर और ग्रीवा के लिए विशिष्ट शरीररचना विज्ञान, भ्रूण विज्ञान, उतक विज्ञान, शरीर विज्ञान, जैव-रसायन, विकृति विज्ञान, रोगक्षमता विज्ञान, सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान तथा विषाणु विज्ञान, फार्माकोलाजी, शल्यक्रिया चिकित्सा तथा संवेदनाहरण में स्वास्थ्य और प्रणालीगत रोग सिद्धांतों, पोषण, व्यवहारपरक विज्ञानों, आयुपरक बदलावों, आनुवंशिकी, दंत्य सामग्री विज्ञान, जन्मजात विकार तथा संलक्षणों और नृ-विज्ञान, जैव सामग्री विज्ञानों, जैव-इंजीनियरी तथा जैव-चिकित्सीय और अनुसंधान प्रविधि के अनुप्रयुक्त पक्षों का गहरा ज्ञान।

जैव-सांख्यिकी, अनुसंधान प्रविधि और कंप्यूटर प्रयोग का समुचित ज्ञान।

बी: निम्न पर विशेष बल:

आधुनिक नैदानिक तकनीकों सहित मुख्य तथा प्रणालीगत रोगों के नैदानिक निदान की विधियां प्रयोगशाला जांचें

प्रणालीगत रोगों का मुख्य प्रदर्शन

मुख-आनन वेदना

मुखीय रोगों के मनःकायिक पक्ष

मुख-आनन के उतकों से जुड़े हुए जन्मजात तथा वंशानुगत विकार

सी: मुखीय तथा मैक्सिलोफेशियल विकिरण विज्ञान

विकिरण विज्ञान के मूल तत्व

विकिरण विज्ञान के जीव-वैज्ञानिक प्रभाव

मुखीय और मैक्सिलोफेशियल विकिरण विज्ञान में विभिन्न तकनीकें जिनमें उन्नतियां शामिल हैं

तीसरा और चौथा सेमेस्टर

ए: नैदानिक प्रशिक्षण

सामान्य चिकित्सा में तैनातियों सहित नैदानिक प्रशिक्षण।

बी: ऐसे विशेष नैदानिक मामलों की, की गई बायोप्सी आदि जैसे व्यौरों सहित प्रस्तुति जिन्हें प्रेषित किया गया और जिनका निदान किया गया

मामलों के इतिवृत्त - 50

विशेष मामले - 10

अंतःमुखीय पैरियापेकल रेडियोग्राफ - 50

बिटेविंग रेडियोग्राफ - 25

अंतर्संध्यात्मक दृष्टि - 25

विभिन्न दृष्टियों के बाह्य मुखीय रेडियोग्राफ - 40

सी: दो वर्षों में प्रदत्त विषयों पर कम से कम छः संगोष्ठियों तथा छः पत्रिका क्लबों में प्रस्तुति

डी: विश्वविद्यालय परीक्षाओं से तीन महीने पहले आंतरिक मूल्यांकन परीक्षाएं

9. नीतिशास्त्र (अनुदेशन के 20 घंटे)

पुष्पिका

रोगी और डाक्टर के परंपरागत संबंधों तथा दंत्य देखभाल की आपूर्ति में निश्चित बदलाव करने का विचार और जैवोद्योगिकी में की गई तकनीकों तथा रोगी उसके परिवारों और समुदाय की बढ़ती हुई जरूरतों के चलते पूरे समुदाय के स्वास्थ्य को लेकर एक चिंता बनी हुई है। समाज के प्रति और अधिक जवाबदेही का बदलाव आ गया है। अन्य स्वास्थ्य व्यावसायिकों की भांति ही दंत्य विशेषज्ञों के सामने अनेक नैतिक समस्याएँ पैदा आती हैं। इसलिए स्वास्थ्य देखभाल से जुड़े हुए प्रत्येक व्यक्ति के लिए अपने आपको ऐसी समस्याओं से जूझने के लिए तैयार करना जरूरी हो गया है। इस स्थिति से निपटने और मानवीय मूल्यों के सृजन की दृष्टि से परिषद चाहती है कि सभी प्रशिक्षणार्थी नैतिक मुद्दों पर लेक्चरों अथवा चर्चाओं, किसी महत्वपूर्ण नैतिक घटक के साथ मामलों की चर्चा द्वारा नैतिक दृष्टि से संवेदीकृत होकर गुजरे।

पाठ्यक्रम सामग्री:नीतिशास्त्र से परिचय-

- नीतिशास्त्र क्या होता है?

- मूल्य और मानदंड क्या होते हैं?

- व्यक्ति के वैयक्तिक तथा व्यावसायिक जीवन में मूल्य प्रणाली कैसे निर्मित की जाए?

- पाखंडी प्रतिज्ञा

- हेल्सकी घोषणा, जेनेवा की डक्यूमेंटों घोषणा, अंतर्राष्ट्रीय नीति संहिता, डीसीआई नीति संहिता

व्यक्ति का नीतिशास्त्र-

- रोगी एक व्यक्ति के रूप में

- सम्मानित किए जाने का अधिकार

- सचाई और गोपनीयता

- निर्णय की स्वायत्तता

- डाक्टर रोगी संबंध

व्यावसायिक नीतिशास्त्र-

- आचरण संहिता

- करार और गोपनीयता

- फीस वसूलना, फीस विभाजित करना

- दवाईयों का नुस्खा लिखना

- रोगी की आवश्यकता से अधिक जांच करना

- कदाचार तथा उपेक्षा

अनुसंधान नीतिशास्त्र-

- पशु और प्रायोगिक अनुसंधान/मानवीयता

- मानवीय प्रयोग

- मानवीय स्वेच्छया अनुसंधान-सुविज्ञ सहमति

- औषधि प्रयोग

मामलों की नैतिक कार्यशाला

- सभी वैज्ञानिक तत्व इकट्ठे करना

- सभी मूल्यपरक तत्व इकट्ठे करना

- मूल्य-विरोध के क्षेत्र अभिज्ञात करना, प्राथमिकताएं निर्धारित करना

- निर्णयों के प्रति अपने मानदंड तैयार करना.

पढ़ने के लिए अनुशंसित पुस्तक

मेडीकल ईथिक्स, फ्रांसिस सी.एम. प्रथम संस्करण 1993, जेपी ब्रदर्स, नई दिल्ली पृष्ठ 189

[विज्ञापन-III/IV/असाधारण/98/2008]

मेजर जनरल (सेवानिवृत्त) पी.एन. अवस्थी, सचिव

**DENTAL COUNCIL OF INDIA
NOTIFICATION**

New Delhi, Dated 22nd July, 2008

No.DE-130-2007 - In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 20 of the Dentists Act, 1948 (16 of 1948), the Dental Council of India with the previous approval of the Central Government, hereby makes the following regulations:-

1. **Short title and commencement:-**

- (1) These Regulations may be called the Dental Council of India Post Graduate Diploma Course Regulations, 2008.
- (2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

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SECTION-I**REGULATIONS FOR THE DIPLOMA COURSES****Eligibility:**

A candidate for admission to the Diploma Course must have a degree of BDS (Bachelor of Dental Surgery) from a college and University recognized by Dental Council of India or an equivalent qualification recognized by the Dental Council of India. Candidates not possessing a recognized Dental qualification for the above purpose should secure the prior approval of his qualifications by the Dental Council of India before he/she can be admitted to the Diploma courses in any of the Universities in India.

Duration of the Course:

The duration of the diploma courses in various specialities of dentistry shall be of two years duration which will be further divided into four Semesters as under:-

First and Second Semesters : Preclinical Work and Applied Basic Sciences.

Third and Fourth Semesters : Clinical Work.

All the candidates for the Post Graduate Diploma are required to pursue the prescribed course for atleast two academic years as full time candidates in a BDS recognised and MDS approved/recognised Institution under the direction of the Head of the department who has to be a recognized postgraduate teacher in that speciality.

Selection of students:

- (1) Students for Post Graduate Diploma Courses shall be selected strictly on the basis of their academic merit.
- (2) For determining the academic merit, the university/institution may adopt any one of the following procedures for P.G. Diploma Courses:
 - (i) On the basis of merit as determined by a competitive test conducted by the State Government or by the competent authority appointed by the State Government or by the University/group of universities in the same state; or
 - (ii) On the basis of merit as determined by a centralised competitive test held at the national level; or
 - (iii) On the basis of the individual cumulative performance at the first, second, third & Final B.D.S. examinations, if such examinations have been passed from the same university; or
 - (iv) Combination of (i) and (iii);

Staffing pattern

The diploma courses shall be conducted only in postgraduate departments in a BDS recognised and MDS approved/recognised Institution by the Dental Council of India. For each seat of Post Graduate Diploma Course one additional reader is required.

A department, which does not have the above staff pattern, shall not start a postgraduate diploma course in that speciality.

1. Examination:

Eligibility: The following requirements should be fulfilled by every candidate to become eligible to appear for the final examination.

Attendance: Every candidate should have fulfilled the minimum attendance prescribed by Dental Council of India and respective University (80% of the attendance during each academic year of the diploma course).

Progress and conduct: Every candidate should have participated in seminars, journal review meetings, symposia, conferences, case presentations, clinics and didactic lectures during each year as designed by the concerned department.

Work diary and log book: Every candidate shall maintain a work diary and log book for recording his/her participation in the training programmes conducted by the department. The work diary and log book shall be verified and certified by the Head of the Department and Head of the institution. The certification of satisfactory progress is based on the work diary and log book.

2. University Examination:

There shall be one examination at the end of 2 years.

The universities shall hold examinations twice a year with a minimum gap of four months between the two examinations. The university examination shall have the following components-

- a) Written
- b) Clinical and / or Practical
- c) Viva voce or oral examination.

Written Examination:

The written examination shall consist of three papers, out of which two shall be pertaining to the speciality; one in Applied Basic Sciences. Each paper shall be of three hours duration and shall include recent advances.

Clinical/Practical Examination:

It should aim at examining clinical skills and competence of candidates for undertaking independent work as a specialist. The actual format of clinical examination in various specialities could be worked out by various universities making sure that the candidate is given ample opportunity to perform various clinical procedures. The council desires that the actual format is made known to the students prior to the examination well in advance by the respective universities.

Viva voce Examination:

Viva voce examination shall aim at assessing depth of knowledge, logical reasoning, confidence and verbal communication skills.

The Council desires that only two examiners conduct the viva voce at a time as two teams, each team for 20 minutes. When one examiner is conducting the viva, the other examiner could make a note of the questions asked and the performance level to enable proper assessment and award of marks.

Distribution of Marks at the University Examination:

Theory:	
Paper-I	100 marks
Paper-II	100 marks
Paper-III	100 marks

Total	300 marks
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Clinical Examination: 200 marks

Viva-voce : 100 marks

Examiners: There shall be at least three examiners in each subject. Out of them two shall be external examiners and one internal examiner. The qualification and teaching experience for appointment of an examiner shall be as laid down by the Dental Council of India and the respective university.

Valuation of answer Books: All the answer books shall be valued by all the three examiners and the average marks will be computed.

Criteria for declaring pass:

A candidate is declared successful in the University Examination when he or she secure not less than 50% marks in each head of passing separately which shall include theory including viva voce and practical including clinical examination (i.e., 50% of the total marks allotted in each of the theory paper and viva voce and 50% of the total marks in the clinical examination) and 50% in aggregate. In other words, the candidate should secure 200 out of 400 marks (300 in theory and 100 for viva voce) and 100 out of 200 in practical examination. A candidate who secures less than this shall be declared to have failed in the examination. A candidate who failed and has secured less than 50% marks has to take the whole examination (namely theory, practical and oral examination).

A candidate who is declared successful in the Diploma Examination shall be granted a P.G. Diploma in the respective Speciality by the University.

Infrastructure & functional requirements:

In addition to the existing facilities for the training of postgraduate students all the postgraduate departments running diploma courses shall provide for each diploma admission an additional dental chair and unit and other such instruments, equipments as required for the clinical training.

SECTION-II

GOALS & OBJECTIVES

The main objective of the diploma course training is to produce a specialist clinician who at the conclusion of the training is to -

Goals:

- Practice respective speciality efficiently and effectively, backed by scientific knowledge and skill.
- Exercise empathy and a caring attitude and maintain high ethical standards.
- Continue to evince keen interest in continuing professional education in the speciality and allied specialities irrespective of whether in teaching or practice.
- Willing to share the knowledge and skills with any learner, junior or a colleague.
- To develop the faculty for critical analysis and evaluation of various concepts and views, to adopt the most rational approach.

Objectives:

The objective is to train a candidate so as to ensure higher competence in both general and special area of interest and prepare him for a career in speciality practice. A candidate must achieve a high degree of clinical proficiency in the area of speciality.

The above objectives are to be achieved by the time the candidate completes the course. The objectives may be considered as under

- 1 Knowledge (Cognitive domain)
- 2 Skills (Psychomotor domain)
- 3 Human values, ethical practice and communication abilities
- 4 A candidate may be eligible for the post of Reader to teach undergraduate students in dentistry provided he/she is having five year teaching experience as Lecturer in a dental institution. Candidate will not be accepted beyond the post of Reader and no PG student will be registered under him/her.

Knowledge:

- Demonstrate understand of basic sciences relevant to speciality.
- Describe etiology, pathophysiology, principles of diagnosis and management of common problems within the speciality in adults and children.
- Identify social, economic, environmental and emotional determinants in a given case and take them into account for planning treatment.
- Recognise conditions that may be outside the area of speciality/competence and to refer them to an appropriate specialist.
- Update knowledge by self-study and by attending courses, conferences and seminars relevant to speciality.
- Undertake audit, use information technology and carryout research both basic and clinical with the aim of publishing or presenting the work at various scientific gatherings.

Skills:

- Take a proper clinical history, examine the patient, perform essential diagnostic procedures and order relevant tests and interpret them to come to a reasonable diagnosis about the condition.
- Acquire adequate skills and competence in performing various procedures as required in the speciality.

Human values, ethical practice and communication abilities:

- Adopt ethical principles in all aspects of practice.
- Professional honesty and integrity are to be fostered.
- Patient care is to be delivered irrespective of social status, caste, creed or religion of the patient.
- Develop communication skills, in particular and skill to explain various options available in management and to obtain a true informed consent from the patient.
- Provide leadership and get the best out of his team in a congenial working atmosphere.
- Apply high moral and ethical standards while carrying out human or animal research.
- Be humble and accept the limitations in his knowledge and skill and to ask for help from colleagues when needed.
- Respect patient's rights and privileges including patient's right to information and right to seek a second opinion.

The following are the specialities of Diploma Courses:

- i) Prosthodontics, Crown Bridge, Aesthetic Dentistry and Oral Implantology
- ii) Periodontology and Oral Implantology
- iii) Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery and Oral Implantology
- iv) Conservative, Endodontics & Aesthetic Dentistry
- v) Orthodontics & Dento-facial Orthopedics
- vi) Public Health Dentistry
- vii) Paedodontics & Preventive Dentistry
- viii) Oral Medicine & Radiology

SECTION-III

BOOKS RECOMMENDED & REFERENCE: (Latest Edition as and when Published)

PROSTHODONTICS, CROWN BRIDGE, AESTHETIC DENTISTRY AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

Complete Dentures & Removable Partial Dentures Related

- 1 Hand book of immediate over dentures by Robert

2002 GJ/08-77

2. Over denture by Allen
3. Occlusal correction principles and practice by John
4. Immediate and replacement dentures by Albert
5. A color atlas of complete denture fabrication by Muraoka
6. Dental laboratory procedures removable partial dentures by Rudd
7. Finishing and polishing, the frame work by Rudd

Fixed Partial Dentures Related

1. Management of endodontically treated teeth by Shillingburg
2. Contemporary fixed prosthodontics by Stephen Rosenstiel
3. Precision attachments by Gareth
4. A color atlas of ceramo- metal technology by Kuwata
5. Esthetics of anterior fixed prosthodontics by Gerald

Maxillofacial & Implant Related

1. Contemporary implant dentistry by Misch
2. A color atlas of The Branemark system or oral reconstruction by George. A. Zarb
3. Dental Implants color atlas fundamentals and Advance laboratory technology by Robert
4. Maxillofacial rehabilitation (Prosthodontic and surgical consideration) by John Buemer III

Temporo Mandibular Joint & Occlusion

1. Evaluation, Diagnosis and treatment of Occlusal problems by Peter Dawson
2. Management of T.M.J Disorders & Occlusion by Jeffrey. J. Okeson

PROSTHODONTICS

1. Dental materials properties & manifestations by William O. Brien
2. Prosthodontics treatment for edentulous patient by Boucher
3. Syllabus of complete denture by Heartwell
4. Dental secrets by Stephen
5. Inlays crown & bridges by Krantirowich
6. Advanced Restorative Dentistry by Bacom
7. Oral Implantology by Andre
8. Prosthetic rehabilitation by Keith Thomas
9. Implants in Dentistry by Michael. S Block
10. Occlusion principles and concepts by Jose Dos Santos JR
11. Fixed and removable prosthodontics by Bardy
12. Sectional Dentures - A clinical and treatment manual by Pullen
13. Laboratory procedures for full and partial dentures by Derek Stannought
14. Laboratory procedures for Inlays, crown and Bridges by Derek Stannought
15. The science and art of - dental ceramics Vol. I & II by John McLean
16. Mastering the art of complete dentures by Alexander
17. Oral rehabilitation & clinical determination of occlusion by Hobo
18. Dental Laboratory procedures in complete dentures - Vol. I and II by Robert John
19. Precision fixed prosthodontics - Clinical & Laboratory aspects by Martignoni
20. Osteoal Dental Implant by Ralph Mackenny
21. Metal ceramic crown and fixed partial dentures by Caloin
22. Fixed bridge prosthetics by Roberts
23. Color atlas of removable partial dentures by J.C. Devenport
24. Essentials of - Clinical dental Assisting by Joseph
25. Fundamentals of - removable partial dentures by Owen
26. Modern dental assisting by Torres
27. Over dentures made easily by Harold
28. Designing partial dentures by David
29. Laboratory manual for fixed partial dentures by Douglas
30. Oral Rehabilitation by Sumiya
31. Advanced removable partial dentures by James Brudvik
32. Porcelain and composite Inlays and On lays by Graber and Goldstein
33. Implant therapy by Myron
34. Adhesive metal free restorations by Dietschi and Spreafico

35. Guided bone regeneration in implant dentistry by Daniel Buser
36. Impressions for complete denture by Bernard Levin
37. Esthetic dentistry and ceramic restorations by Bernard Tauti
38. Preservation and restoration of tooth structures by Graham J. Mount
39. Dental implants by Winkelman
40. Partial Dentures by Singer
41. Ceramo metal fixed partial denture by George
42. Esthetic Dentistry - ceramic restorations by Toralic
43. Esthetic in Dentistry by Goldstein

PERIODONTOLOGY AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

1. Textbook of clinical periodontology and implant dentistry, by Janlinde, Nicklans Lang and Thorklid K., 1st edn. 1997.
2. The periodontium by Schroeder
3. Periodontal Ligament by Berkovitz
4. Contemporary Periodontics by Geneo R. J. and Cohen S.
5. Periodontics by Grant, Stern and Listgarten
6. Periodontal regeneration-current concepts-further directions by Aban Polson
7. Periodontal Instrumentarium by Gill and Ginger
8. Periodontitis in man and other animals by Page and Schroeder
9. Crevicular fluid updated by Cimason
10. Colour Atlas of Periodontal surgery by Cohen E.
11. Colour Atlas of Periodontal surgery by Cohen E.
12. Advances in periodontics by Wilson and Karnman.

ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

1. Principles of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery; Vol. 1, 2 & 3; Peterson I.J & etal.
2. Rowe and Williams Maxillofacial injuries Vol. 1 & 2; Williams Jlied
3. Handbook of Medical emergencies in the dental office; Malamed S.F.
4. Plastic surgery; Vol. 1 - 5; McCarthy JG.
5. Cancer of the face and mouth; McGregor IA & Mc
6. Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery Vol. 1 & 2; Laskin DM
7. Oral & Maxillofacial Trauma; Vol 1 & 2; Fonseca RJ & Davis
8. Oral & Maxillofacial infections; Topazian RG & Goldberg MH
9. Surgical correction of dentofacial deformities Vol 1, 2 & 3; Bell WH & etal
10. Surgery of the mouth and jaws; Moore JR.
11. Dentofacial deformities: integrated orthodontic and surgical correction; Vol 1 to 4; Epker BN & Fish LC
12. Maxillofacial Surgery; Peter Wardbooth

CONSERVATIVE, ENDODONTICS & AESTHETIC DENTISTRY

1. Fractures of the teeth, prevention and treatment of the vital and non-vital pulp by Basrani
2. Textbook of operative dentistry by Baum
3. Dentin and pulp in restorative dentistry by Brannstorm
4. Principles and practice of operative dentistry by Charbeneau
5. Operative dentistry by Gilmore
6. Esthetic composite bonding by Jordan
7. Operative dentistry: modern theory and practice by Marzook
8. Art, science and practice of operative dentistry by Sturdevant
9. Atlas of operative dentistry - pre clinical and clinical procedures by Evans & Wetz
10. New concepts in operative dentistry by Fusiayama
11. Handbook of clinical Endodontics by Bence
12. Pathways of the pulp by Cohen & Burns
13. Bleaching teeth by Feinman
14. Endodontic practice by Grossman
15. Problem solving in Endodontics, prevention, identification and management by Gutmann
16. Endodontics in clinical practice by Harty
17. Endodontics by Ingle & Taintor
18. Endodontics- science and practice by Schroeder

19. Endodontology - biologic considerations in Endodontic procedures by Seltzer
20. Restoration of the endodontically treated tooth by Schillingberg & Kessler
21. Principles and practice of Endodontics by Walton & Torabinejad
22. Endodontic therapy by Weine
23. Colour atlas of Endodontics by Messing & Stock
24. The dental pulp by Seltzer & Bender
25. Experimental Endodontics by Spangberg
26. Cariology by Newbrun
27. Silver amalgam in clinical practice by Gainsford
28. Glass Ionomer cement by Wilson & Mclean
29. Pediatric operative dentistry by Kenedy
30. Fluorides in caries prevention by Murrey & Rugg-Geenn
31. Color atlas and text of Endodontics by Stock

Reference:

1. Why root canal therapy? By Berns 1986.
2. Contemporary esthetic dentistry- practice fundamentals by Crispin 1994
3. Enamel micro abrasion by Croll 1991
4. Advances in Glass Ionomers by Davidson 1991
5. Complete dental bleaching by Goldstein 1995
6. Fiber reinforced composite in clinical dentistry by Freilich 2000
7. Dental ceramics by Mclean 1983
8. LASERS in dentistry by Miserendind 1995
9. Esthetic approach to metal ceramic restorations by Muterthies 1990
10. Life and times of G.V. Black by Pappas 1983
11. Bonded ceramic inlays-by Roulat 1991
12. Fundamentals of tooth preparation by Schillingburg 1996
13. Esthetics with indirect restorations by Stein 1992
14. Surgical Endodontics by Barnes 1991
15. Operative dentistry by Marzook 1996
16. Inlays, crowns and bridges by G.F.Kantorowicz 1993

ORTHODONTICS & DENTO-FACIAL ORTHOPAEDICS

1. Contemporary Orthodontics- W.Proffit
2. Orthodontics-Current Principles & Techniques- Graber & Vanarsdall
3. Orthodontic Cephalometry- Athenasiou
4. A text book related to the fixed mechano-therapy mainly taught e.g. Begg Orthodontic theory and Practice- Begg & Kesling, Orthodontic Management of the Dentition with the Pre adjusted Appliance- M.Bennet & McLaughlin, Alexander Discipline- R.G.Alexander etc.
5. Facial Growth- D.Enlow
6. Dentofacial Orthopedics with Functional Appliances- Graber, Petrovic & Rakosi
7. Orthodontic Treatment with Removable Appliances- Issacson & M.Houston
8. Mixed dentition treatment - James McNamara

PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY

1. Dentistry, dental practice and community by Striffler DF
2. Primary preventive dentistry by Harris N & Christen AG
3. Community dental health by Jong AW
4. Principles of dental public health vol.1 part 1&2 vol.2 by Dunning JM
5. Dental public health: an introduction to community dentistry by Slack G.L
6. Fluoride in dentistry by Fejerskar Ok & Etal Ed
7. Fluorides & dental caries by Tiwari A
8. Text book of preventive and social medicine by Mahajan BK & Gupta Mc
9. Dental health education by Who Expert Committee
10. Metabolism and toxicity of fluoride vol I by Whitford GM.
11. Epidemiology bio-statistics and preventive medicine by Jekel JF & Etal
12. Introduction to oral preventive medicine: a programme for the first clinical experience by Muhlemann HR
13. Text book of preventive medicine by Stallard CE
14. Handbook of dental jurisprudence and risk management by Pollack BR ED
15. Fluorides and human health by World Health Organisation

16. Appropriate use of fluorides for human health by Murry JJ ED
17. Community health by Green LW
18. Prevention of dental diseases by Murry JJ ED
19. Color atlas of forensic dentistry by Whittaker DK & DAC Donald DG
20. Health research design and methodology by Okolo EN
21. Oxford text book of public health vol.3 by Holland WW & Et Al
22. Guidelines for drinking water quality vol 1 recommendations by WHO
23. Introduction to Bio-statistics by Mahajan B.K.
24. Guidelines for drinking water quality vol. 2 health criteria & other supporting information by WHO
25. Dentistry, dental practice and the community by Burt BA & Et Al
26. Occupational hazards to dental staff by Scully C
27. Forensic dentistry by Cameron JM
28. Research methodology: methods & techniques Kothari R
29. Law & ethics in dentistry by Shear J & Walters L
30. Health research methodology: a guide for training in research methods (western pacific education in action series no.5) by WHO
31. Community oral health by Pine CM
32. Park's text book of preventive and social medicine by Park K
33. Epidemiology, bio-statistics and preventive medicine by Katz DI
34. Oral health surveys basic methods by WHO
35. Essentials of preventive and community dentistry by Peter S
36. Fluorides in caries prevention by Murry JJ ED
37. Preventive dentistry by Forrest John O
38. Fluorine and fluorides: a report by World Health Organization
39. Planning and evaluation of public dental health services: a technical report by World Health Organization
40. Prevention methods and programmes for oral diseases: a technical report by World Health Organization
41. Community periodontal index of treatment needs development, field-testing and statically evaluation by World Health Organization
42. Planning oral health services by World Health Organization
43. Guide to epidemiology and diagnosis of oral mucosal diseases and conditions by World Health Organization
44. Community dentistry (pg hand book series vol 8 by Silberman SI & Tryon AF.ED.

PEDODONTICS & PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

1. Pediatric Dentistry (Infancy through Adolescence) - Pinkham.
2. Kennedy's Pediatric Operative Dentistry - Kennedy & Curzon.
3. Occlusal guidance in Pediatric Dentistry - Stephen H. Wei.
4. Clinical Use of Fluorides - Stephen H. Wei.
5. Pediatric Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery - Kaban.
6. Pediatric Medical Emergencies - P. S. Whatt,
7. Understanding of Dental Caries - Niki Foruk.
8. An Atlas of Glass Ionomer cements - G. J. Mount.
9. Clinical Pedodontics - Finn.
10. Textbook of Pediatric Dentistry - Braham Morris.
11. Primary Preventive Dentistry - Norman O. Harris.
12. Handbook of Clinical Pedodontics - Kenneth. D.
13. Preventive Dentistry - Forrester.
14. The Metabolism and Toxicity of Fluoride - Garry M. Whitford.
15. Dentistry for the Child and Adolescence - Mc. Donald.
16. Pediatric Dentistry - Dame S. G.
17. Behaviour Management - Wright
18. Pediatric Dentistry - Mathewson.
19. Traumatic Injuries - andreason.
20. Occlusal guidance in Pediatric Dentistry - Nakata.
21. Pediatric Drug Therapy - Tomare
22. Contemporary Orthodontics - Proffitt.
23. Endodontic Practice - Grossman.
24. Endodontics - Ingle.

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25. Pathways of Pulp - Cohen
26. Management of Traumatized anterior Teeth - Hargreaves
27. Essentials of Community & Preventive Dentistry - Soben Peters
28. Post graduate hand book by Barber
29. Scientific foundation of Pediatric Dentistry by Stewart and Barber
30. Diet and Nutrition in dentistry by Rutgunn
31. Preventive Dentistry by Murray

ORAL MEDICINE AND RADIOLOGY

a) Oral Diagnosis, Oral Medicine & Oral Pathology

1. Burkit - Oral Medicine - J.B. Lippincott Company
2. Coleman - Principles of Oral Diagnosis - Mosby Year Book
3. Jones - Oral Manifestations of Systemic Diseases - W.B. Saunders company
4. Wood and Goaz - Differential diagnosis of Oral Lesions - Mosby Year Book
5. Langlais - Oral Diagnosis / Oral Medicine and Treatment planning Lea & Febiger & Waverly Co.,
6. Mitchell - Oral Diagnosis & Oral Medicine
7. Pindburg - Syndromes of the Head & Neck
8. Stones - Oral Diseases
9. Irwin Walter Scopp - Oral Medicine
10. Kerr - Oral Diagnosis
11. Miller - Oral Diagnosis & Treatment
12. Bennier - Differential diagnosis & Oral Lesions
13. Munford - Orofacial pain
14. Bell - Oral facial pain
15. Tullmen - Systemic diseases in Dental Treatment
16. Mean - Diseases of the Mouth
17. Hutchinson - clinical Methods
18. McCleods - Clinical Examination
19. Chamberlin - Symptoms & Signs of Clinical Medicine
20. Davidson - Principles and Practice of Medicine
21. Harrison - Principles of Interns Medicine
22. Schweitner - Oral Rehabilitation problem cases
23. Burkhardt - Oral Cancer
24. Dolby - Oral Mucosa in Health & Diseases
25. Sonis.S.T., Fazio.R.C. and Fang.L - Principles and practice of Oral Medicine
26. Nally F.F. and Eggleston.D.J. - A Manual of Oral Medicine
27. Prabhu.S.R. et al - Oral Diseases in the Tropics
28. Samaranayake L.P. et al - Oral Candidosis

b) Oral Radiology

1. White & Goaz - Oral Radiology - Mosby year Book
2. Weahrman - Dental Radiology - C.V. Mosby Company
3. Stafne - Oral Roentgenographic Diagnosis - W.B.Saunders Co.,
4. Langlais - Diagnostic Imaging of the Jaws - William & Wilkins
5. Smith - Dental Radiography - Blackwell Scientific Publication
6. Eric Whaites - essentials of Dental Radiography - Churchill Livingstone
7. Sonis.S.T., Fazio.R.C. and Fang.L - Principles and practice of Oral Medicine
8. Malamed S.F. - Book of Medical Emergencies in the Dental
9. Cawson.R.A. and Scully C.M. - Medical Problems in Dentistry
10. Pindborg.J.J. - Atlas of diseases of the oral mucosa
11. Lynch M.A. - ET'S Oral Medicine, Diagnosis and Treatment
12. Dayal P.K. - Text book of Oral Medicine

c) Forensic Odontology

1. Derek H.Clark - Practical Forensic Odontology - Wright
2. Cottone Standish - Outline of Forensic Dentistry
3. Whittaker - A colour atlas of Forensic Dentistry

JOURNALS:

The journals are best source of information for professionals to keep abreast with the recent developments and trends in their respective specialities. Considering

the array of journals that are available today. He would desire that the institutions provide as a minimum requirement the list of journals mentioned below:

Pertaining to Dental education and practice

1. Journal of Indian Dental Association
2. British Dental Journal
3. Journal of American Dental Association
4. Journal of Dentistry
5. Dental Clinics of North America
6. Journal of Dental Education
7. Dental Abstracts
8. Journal of Dental Research
9. Dental Index
10. Quintessence International
11. International Dental Journal
12. Australian Dental Journal.
13. Journal of dental materials
14. Journal of aesthetic dentistry
15. Journal of cleft palate ~

PROSTHODONTICS, CROWN BRIDGE AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

1. International Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Implants
2. International Journal of Prosthodontics
3. Journal of Dental Materials
4. Journal of Geriatric Dentistry
5. Journal of Prosthetic Dentistry
6. Journal of Prosthodontics
7. International Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
8. Journal of Clinical Periodontology.
9. Journal of Periodontology.
10. Dental Technician.
11. Journal of Endodontics.
12. European Journal of Prosthetics & Restorative Dentistry.
13. The Journal of Adhesive Dentistry.
14. International Journal of Endodontics.
15. Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery

PERIODONTOLOGY AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

1. Journal of Periodontology
2. Journal of clinical Periodontology
3. Journal of periodontal Research
4. International journal of Periodontics
5. Journal of Indian Society of Periodontics
6. Journal of oral and maxillofacial implants
7. Periodontology 2000
8. Annals of Periodontology

ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

1. Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
2. Int. Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
3. Journal of Cranio Maxillofacial Surgery
4. British Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
5. Oral Surgery, Oral Medicine, Oral Pathology
6. Oral & Maxillofacial clinics of North America
7. Journal of oro-facial pain
8. Int. Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Implants
9. Indian Journal of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
10. Plastic & Reconstructive Surgery
11. Cancer

CONSERVATIVE, ENDODONTICS & AESTHETIC DENTISTRY

1. Endodontics & Dental Traumatology
2. International Endodontic Journal
3. Operative Dentistry
4. Esthetic Dentistry

5. Endodontology
6. Dental Materials
7. Oral Surgery, Oral Medicine, Oral Pathology
8. Oral Radiology & Endodontics
9. Journal of Prosthetic Dentistry
10. International Journal of Prosthetic Dentistry
11. Periodontics & Restorative Dentistry
12. Index to Dental Literature

ORTHODONTICS & DENTOFACIAL ORTHOPAEDICS

1. American Journal of Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopedics
2. Angle Orthodontist
3. Journal of Clinical Orthodontics
4. Journal of Orthodontics Formerly British Journal of Orthodontics).
5. Journal of Indian Orthodontics Society.

PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY

1. Journal of Community Dentistry and Oral Epidemiology
2. Journal of Public Health Dentistry
3. Fluoride Journal of International Society
4. Journal of Community Dental Health
5. Journal of Fluoride research
6. Journal of clinical preventive dentistry

PEDODONTICS & PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

1. ASDC Journal of Dentistry for children.
2. International Journal of Pediatric Dentistry
3. Pediatric Dentistry
4. Journal of Indian Society of Pedodontics & Preventive Dentistry

ORAL MEDICINE AND RADIOLOGY

1. Journal of Oral Pathology / Oral Medicine and Radiology / Oral Surgery
2. Journal of Oral Diseases
3. Journal of Oral Pathology / Medicine
4. Journal of Community Dentistry & Oral Epidemiology
5. Journal of Indian Academy of Oral Medicine and Radiology
6. Journal of Indian association of Oral Pathology

SECTION-IV

1. PROSTHODONTICS, CROWN BRIDGE AND ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers. To develop necessary teaching skills in Prosthodontics including crown and bridge and implantology.

B: Preclinical work

- a) Pre-clinical induction to laboratory technology. Basic tooth reduction of ivorine teeth for various designs of Kennedy classification
- b) Surveying of dental models and planning of removable partials.
- c) Fabrication of custom trays for elastomeric impression materials.
- d) Reduction of teeth for various fixed restorations viz. complete veneer crowns, partial veneer crowns, radicular crowns.
- e) Casting of metal frame work and various metal crowns.
- f) Manipulation of dental ceramic material.

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

- a) Treatment of patients with missing teeth
- b) Impression procedures
- c) Inter occlusal records

- d) Jaw relation record
- e) Choice of jaw simulator device
- f) Rationale of treatment design
- g) Insertion of prosthesis

B: Presentation of clinical cases for different removable and fixed treatment

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

Mandatory clinical work

Ceramics - laminates, inlays, onlays - 05

FVC for metal - 05

FVC for ceramic - 05

Precious metal crown - 01

Telescopic crowns - 02

Crown as implant supported prosthesis - 01

Cast porcelain (three unit) - 02

Cast metal (three unit) - 02

Porcelain fused metal (anterior and posterior) - 05

Multiple abutment (maxillary and mandibular full arch) - 02

Interim provisional restorations (crowns & FPDs) - 05

Provisional partial denture prosthesis - 05

Cast removable partial denture (for Kennedy's applegate classification with modification) - 02

Immediate RPD - 02

Partial denture for medically compromised and handicapped patients - 01

Single dentures - 02

Overlay dentures - 02

Complete denture prosthesis (for abnormal ridge relation, ridge form and ridge size) - 02

Complete dentures for medically compromised & handicapped patients - 02

Tooth and tooth surface restoration, crowns, fixed prosthesis, removable prosthesis for geriatric patients - 02

Full mouth rehabilitation - restoration of esthetics and function of stomatognathic system - 01

Management of failed restoration- removable prosthesis - 05

Crowns and fixed prosthesis - 02

Restoration failure due to age changes - 01

ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Material Sciences

Concept of biological compatibility of materials

Metal selection and surface characteristics

Hydroxyapatite and other bone substitutes

Metallurgy

Ceramics & other veneering materials

C: Osseointegration

Introduction to osseointegration

Nature of implant attachments

Bone tissue responses

Functional response to implants

Design of implant systems

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D: Special emphasis on:

Control of hemorrhage
 Suturing techniques
 Post operative management
 Prevention and management of complications
 Surgical aspects of placement of intraoral fixtures
 Extra oral fixtures
 Clinical biomechanics
 Temporary prosthesis
 Prosthetic considerations for second stage surgery
 Screw retained prosthesis
 Occlusal considerations for implant-supported prosthesis
 Impression procedures
 Jaw relations
 Temporary try-in
 Fabrication of supra structure
 Insertion of prosthesis
 Maintenance of dental implants.

Third and fourth semesters:**A: Clinical work**

Patient selection and preparation (surgical, prosthetic and periodontal considerations) - 05 cases.
 Muco-periosteal flaps - 05
 Temporary prosthesis - 02
 Screw retained prosthesis - 02
 Fabrication of supra structure - 02
 Single unit implant - 02
 Multiple unit implant - 01

B: Presentation of clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

2. PERIODONTOLOGY & ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY**First and second semesters:****A: Applied basic sciences**

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Immunology, Microbiology and Virology
 Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.
 An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

Third and fourth semesters:**A: Clinical work**

Complete case history and treatment planning - 05 cases
 Applied periodontal indices - 05 cases
 Scaling and root planning - hand - 10 cases, ultrasonic - 10 cases
 Curettage - 05 cases
 Gingivectomy - 10 cases
 Gingivoplasty - 05 cases
 Local drug delivery techniques
 Pocket therapy
 Muco-gingival surgeries
 Implants - 02
 Management of perio-endo problems - 03 cases
 Occlusal adjustments - 05 cases
 Perio splints - 05 cases
 Guided tissue regeneration cases - 05
 Treatment of at least five full mouth periodontally involved cases

B: Presentation of treated clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Material Sciences

Concept of biological compatibility of materials

Metal selection and surface characteristics

Hydroxyapatite and other bone substitutes

Metallurgy

Ceramics & other veneering materials

C: Osseointegration

Introduction to osseointegration

Nature of implant attachments

Bone tissue responses

Functional response to implants

Design of implant systems

D: Special emphasis on:

Control of hemorrhage

Suturing techniques

Post operative management

Prevention and management of complications

Surgical aspects of placement of intraoral fixtures

Extra oral fixtures

Clinical biomechanics

Temporary prosthesis

Prosthetic considerations for second stage surgery

Screw retained prosthesis

Occlusal considerations for implant-supported prosthesis

Impression procedures

Jaw relations

Temporary try-in

Fabrication of supra structure

Insertion of prosthesis

Maintenance of dental implants.

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

Patient selection and preparation (surgical, prosthetic and periodontal considerations) - 05 cases

Mucoperiosteal flaps - 05

Temporary prosthesis - 02

Screw retained prosthesis - 02

Fabrication of supra structure - 02

Single unit implant - 02

Multiple unit implant - 01

B: Presentation of clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

3. ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY & ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Immunology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology with special emphasis on drugs used in oral and maxillofacial surgery, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

Head and Neck:- Principal of Surgery, Emergencies, Infections, Imaging, Cysts, Tumors, Fractures, Nerve Diseases and Complications

General outline of TMJ diseases and orthognathic cases

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

- Injection IM and IV - 25, 10
- Incision and drainage of an abscess - 05
- Surgical extraction - 10
- Pre prosthetic surgery - 10
- OAF closure - 03
- Cyst enucleation - 05
- Periapical surgery - 02
- Removal of salivary calculi - 02
- Mandibular fractures - 06
- Mid facial fractures - 03
- Benign Surgery - 03
- Orthognathic surgery - 02
- Harvesting bone & cartilage grafts - 03
- TMJ surgery - 01
- Jaw resections - 02 (Assisted)
- Onco surgery - 02 (assisted)
- Cleft lip and palate - 06

B: Presentation of treated clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Material Sciences

- Concept of biological compatibility of materials
- Metal selection and surface characteristics
- Hydroxyapatite and other bone substitutes
- Metallurgy
- Ceramics & other veneering materials

C: Osseointegration

- Introduction to osseointegration
- Nature of implant attachments

Bone tissue responses
 Functional response to implants
 Design of implant systems
D: Special emphasis on:
 Control of hemorrhage
 Suturing techniques
 Post operative management
 Prevention and management of complications
 Surgical aspects of placement of intraoral fixtures
 Extra oral fixtures
 Clinical biomechanics
 Temporary prosthesis
 Prosthetic considerations for second stage surgery
 Screw retained prosthesis
 Occlusal considerations for implant-supported prosthesis
 Impression procedures
 Jaw relations
 Temporary try-in
 Fabrication of supra structure
 Insertion of prosthesis
 Maintenance of dental implants.

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

Patient selection and preparation (surgical, prosthetic and periodontal considerations) - 05 cases
 Mucoperiosteal flaps - 05
 Temporary prosthesis - 02
 Screw retained prosthesis - 02
 Fabrication of supra structure - 02
 Single unit implant - 02
 Multiple unit implant - 01

B: Presentation of clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

4. CONSERVATIVE ENDODONTICS & AESTHETIC DENTISTRY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Immunology, Microbiology and Virology
 Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.
 An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Dental materials

- a) Impression materials used in dentistry including duplicating materials
- b) Synthetic resins used in dentistry
- c) Metals and alloys-structure and behaviour including important physical properties
- d) Dental cements-classifications, composition, manipulation, properties and uses
- e) Dental porcelain including porcelain fused to metal. Porcelain furnace & fusing.
- f) Composite and porcelain polishing.
- g) Biological aspects of restorative materials

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C: Radiology technique of intra oral and extra oral radiography and normal anatomical landmarks

D: Dental material science and armamentarium relevant to conservative (operative) dentistry & Endodontics

E: Pre-clinical work

Cavity preparation for various types of restorations including inlays, onlays etc.
Matrices

Various endodontic and restorative exercises to be done on extracted teeth.

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

Composite restorations - 15

GIC restorations - 15

Complex amalgam restorations - 02

Composite inlay and veneers - 02

Ceramic jacket crowns - 02

Post and core for anterior teeth - 06

Post and core for posterior teeth - 06

Cast gold inlay - 02

Bleaching vital - 02

Bleaching non vital - 02

RCT anterior - 20

RCT posterior - 20

Endo surgery - 02

Management of endo perio-problems - 02

B: Presentation of treated clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

AESTHETIC DENTISTRY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Oral anatomy, Physiology, Histology and embryology

Active and passive eruption of teeth and shedding of primary teeth

Differences between primary and permanent teeth

Chemical composition & physical properties of enamel, dentine, cementum and bone

Identification of teeth

Carvings of permanent teeth including drawing in journal

Introduction to aesthetics

Structural aesthetic rule

Aesthetics and relationship to function

C: Preclinical work

Dental materials:

- a) Impression materials used in dentistry including duplicating materials
- b) Synthetic resins used in dentistry
- c) Metals and alloys-structure and behaviour including important physical properties
- d) Dental cements-classifications, composition, manipulation, properties and uses
- e) Dental porcelain including porcelain fused to metal. Porcelain furnace & fusing.
- f) Composite and porcelain polishing.

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

- a) Aesthetic management of the dentogingival unit
- b) Gingival recessions
- c) Mastering the art of tissue management
- d) Metal ceramic framework design
- e) Porcelain veneers: an aesthetic therapeutic alternative
- f) Radiology: technique of intra-oral and extra-oral radiography and normal anatomic landmarks

B: Presentation of clinical cases for different aesthetic requirements

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

5. ORTHODONTICS & DENTOFACIAL ORTHOPEDICS

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences with relevance to orthodontics

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Immunology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Basic orthodontic subjects

Facial growth

Normal and abnormal development of the dentition

Tooth movements and facial orthopedics

Radiology and other imaging techniques

Cephalometric

Orthodontic materials

Orthodontic biomechanics

C: General orthodontic subjects

Aetiology of malocclusion.

Diagnostic procedures

Diagnostic assessment, treatment objectives and treatment planning

Growth and treatment analysis

Long term effect of orthodontic treatment

Iatrogenic effects of orthodontic treatment

Epidemiology of orthodontics

D: Orthodontic techniques

Removable appliances

Functional appliances

Extra-oral appliances

Fixed appliances

Retention appliances

E: Pre-clinical exercises

Basic wire bending exercises

Active and passive components of removable appliances

Soldering exercises

Study model preparations

Appliance fabrication

Cephalometric tracings and analyses

Basic skill in clinical photography

Fixed appliance exercise

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

Treatment of patients with various types of malocclusions utilizing different orthodontic techniques with both removable and fixed appliances.

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Each student to start with a minimum of 25 new cases and a minimum of 10 transferred cases

B: Presentation of at least three treated clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

6. PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY & PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

All the semesters will include time devoted towards but not limited to understanding and learning to implement public health concepts and philosophies and dental public health in specific. Some important topics would be epidemiology, survey procedures, oral biology and genetics, evaluation of quality of dental care, preventive dentistry, research methodology and dental statistics etc.

7. PEDODONTICS & PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences relevant to Pedodontics

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Immunology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Pre-clinical exercises including but not limited to wire bending, wax carvings, restorative and endodontic exercises on extracted teeth

C: Special emphasis on:

Child development

Behaviour management

Pediatric dental practice

Preventive & interceptive orthodontics

Nutrition and child dental health

Preventive dentistry

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical work

Clinical training including postings in pediatric medicine and surgery, oral surgery and orthodontics.

Special cases with complete records - 10

Preventive dentistry cases - 5

Stainless steel crowns - 20

Pulp therapy cases - 75

Space maintainers - 20 (10 fixed and 10 removable)

B: Presentation of treated clinical cases

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

8. ORAL MEDICINE & RADIOLOGY

First and second semesters:

A: Applied basic sciences relevant to Oral Medicine & Radiology

A thorough knowledge of the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology specific to head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Immunology, Microbiology and Virology

Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental material science, congenital defects and syndromes and anthropology, biomaterial sciences, bio-engineering and biomedical and research methodology.

An adequate knowledge in biostatistics, research methodology and use of computers.

B: Special emphasis on:

Methods of clinical diagnosis of oral & systemic diseases including modern diagnostic techniques

Laboratory investigations

Oral manifestations of systemic diseases

Oro-facial pain

Psychosomatic aspects of oral diseases

Congenital and hereditary disorders involving tissues of oro-facial region

C: Oral & maxillofacial radiology:

Basics of radiology

Biological effects of radiology

Various techniques in oral and maxillofacial radiology including advances

Third and fourth semesters:

A: Clinical training

Clinical training including postings in general medicine.

B: Presentation of special clinical cases observed and diagnosed with details like biopsies conducted etc.

Case histories - 50

Special cases - 10

Intra oral periapical radiographs - 50

Bitewing radiographs - 25

Occlusal view - 25

Extra oral radiographs of different views - 40

C: Presentation of at least six seminars and six journal clubs on given topics in two years

D: Internal assessment examinations three months before university examinations

9. ETHICS (20 hrs. of instruction)

Introduction:

There is a definite shift now from the traditional patient and doctor relationship and delivery of dental care. With advances in science and technology and the increasing needs of the patient, their families and community, there is a concern for the health of the community as a whole. There is a shift to greater accountability to the society. Dental specialists like other health professionals are confronted with many ethical problems. It is therefore absolutely necessary for each and every one in health care delivery to prepare themselves to deal with these problems. To accomplish this and develop human values the Council desires that all the trainees undergo ethical sensitisation by lectures or discussion on ethical issues, discussion of cases with an important ethical component.

Course content:

Introduction to ethics -

- what is ethics?
- What are values and norms?
- How to form a value system in one's personal and professional life?
- Hippocratic oath.
- Declaration of Helsinki, WHO declaration of Geneva, International code of ethics, DCI Code of ethics.

Ethics of the individual -

- The patient as a person.
- Right to be respected
- Truth and confidentiality
- Autonomy of decision
- Doctor Patient relationship

Profession Ethics -

- Code of conduct
- Contract and confidentiality
- Charging of fees, fee splitting
- Prescription of drugs
- Over-investigating the patient
- Malpractice and negligence

Research Ethics -

- Animal and experimental research/humanness
- Human experimentation
- Human volunteer research-informed consent
- Drug trials

Ethical workshop of cases
Gathering all scientific factors
Gathering all value factors
Identifying areas of value - conflict - setting of priorities
Working our criteria towards decisions

Recommended Reading:

Medical Ethics, Francis C.M., 1 Ed. 1993, Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi p. 189.

[ADVT-III/IV/Exy.98/2008]

MAJ. GEN. (Retd.) P. N. AWASTHI, Secy.



RAJIV GANDHI UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, KARNATAKA

4th T Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore – 560 041

AUTH/Aesthetic Dentistry & Implantology-370/2008-09

16/03/2009

NOTIFICATION

Sub: Ordinance governing Certificate courses in Aesthetic Dentistry and Implantology.

Ref:1) Minutes of meeting of Committee of Academic Council held on 28/02/2009.

2) Minutes of meeting of Syndicate dated: 09/03/2009.

-***-

In exercise of the powers conferred under section 35(2) of RGUHS Act 1994, the Syndicate in its 81st Meeting held on 09/03/2009 is pleased to notify the Ordinance governing Certificate Courses in Aesthetic Dentistry and Implantology as shown in the annexure appended herewith.

The above ordinance shall come into force with immediate effect.

By Order,

Sd/-

(Dr.VASANTHA KUMAR.S)
REGISTRAR

To

Principals of all Dental colleges affiliated to RGUHS.

Copy to:

1. The Secretary to Governor, Governor's Secretariat, Raj Bhavan, Bangalore – 560 001.
2. Secretary to Government, Health & Family Welfare Department, (Medical Education), Vikasa Soudha, Bangalore –560 001.
3. The Director, Department of Medical Education, Anand Rao Circle, Bangalore – 560 009.
4. PA to Vice-Chancellor / Registrar / Registrar (Eva.) / Finance Officer.
5. Director, Curriculum Development Cell.
6. Public Information Officer.
7. The Home Page of RGUHS Website –
<http://www.rguhs.ac.in/Authoritysection/Fellowship.html>.
8. Guard File / Office Copy.

RGUHS has approved our department for one year Fellowship programme in Aesthetic dentistry from 1st January 2009

COURSE CURRICULUM FOR AESTHETIC DENTISTRY

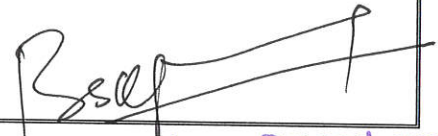
Esthetic Dentistry is actually the fourth dimension in clinical dentistry. In addition to biologic, Physiologic, and mechanical factors, all of which must be understood in order to achieve a successful clinical result. Comprehensive Patient treatment can be counteracted only if relationships of various treatment modalities have been established.

CONSERVATIVE

- Human Anatomy – Face muscles, Symmetry of Face, Face analysis, dimensions of face as applied to aesthetic dentistry.
- Esthetic and its relationship to function – Dental anatomy of the Permanent teeth, Physiology of occlusion, Mastication, occlusal loading, clinical aspects of bioaesthetic functions.
- Structural esthetic rules.
- Fundamentals of esthetic – Light and shadow, the principals of colour – hue, chroma, value, opacity, translucency, depth.
- Principle of form – illusion, law of face, alteration of face.

ADHESION

- Basic concept of adhesion, Enamel Adhesion, Dentin Adhesion
- Development of dentin bonding systems, clinical factors in dentin adhesion.
- Types of esthetic restorative materials such as composites, compomers, flow able composites, ceramic – material aspect- composition properties, manipulation, insertion, finishing and polishing of restoration.
- Direct composite restoration – indications, contraindications, advantages, disadvantages, clinical procedure of restorations of teeth with composite , class III, class V Angle build up, conservative – alteration of tooth contours and contacts – alteration of shape of embrasure and correction of diastema.
- Direct Posterior composite restoration – class I, class II, - cavity preparation, restoration techniques.
- Indirect posterior composite restoration – inlay, onlay, tooth preparation, fabrication, cementation.
- Porcelain laminate veneer - advantages, disadvantages, indication , contraindication, clinical procedures for tooth preparation , gingival retraction, impression taking, shade selection, laboratory procedure for the fabrication of veneers (Die making the master cast, working cast, firing, glazing, etching of the fitting surface, trying cementation and finishing.
- Cast ceramic lamination system.
- Composite veneer – Direct method, tooth preparation, techniques of restoration.
- Veneer for indirect restoration.
- Repair of Veneer.


Dr. B.S. Keshava Prasad, MDS
 Professor & Head
 Department of Conservative Dentistry
 & Endodontics
 DAPM R.V. Dental College
 J.P. Nagar, 1st Phase, Bengaluru-78

MANAGEMENT OF DISCOLORED TEETH

- Etiology of tooth Discoloration, indications and contraindications bleaching agents used, bleaching of non vital root canal treated tooth, different technique, vital bleaching.
- Alternative to bleaching, micro abrasion and macro abrasion techniques.
- Other techniques.

PRECLINICAL TRAINING

.PRECLINICAL WORK IN CONSERVATIVE: (on extracted teeth)

Anterior crowns –

- a) PFM - 2
- b) All ceramic - 2
- c) Veneers - 2 (composite and ceramic including Processing)

Anterior composite restorations:

- a) class 3 ----- 2 each
- b) class 4 ----- 2 each
- c) class 5 ----- 2 each.

CLINICAL TRAINING

CONSERVATIVE – case discussion and treatment planning

- Anterior composite restoration (class III, class V, angle build up, closure of diastema, shaping)
- Laminate veneer, direct composite, indirect ceramic veneers
- Direct Posterior composite restoration
- Composite inlays and ceramic inlays and onlays
- Bleaching - vital and non vital
- Demonstration of post and core for anterior teeth
- Ceramic crown for anterior teeth

CLINICAL WORK TO BE CARRIED OUT

Conservative type of restoration	Performed independently	Performed under supervision	Assisting	Observation
1) Anterior composite restoration, class III, angle build up, Diastema closure, shaping and contouring of teeth.	20			
2) Laminate veneers, direct and indirect composite veneers.	5			
3) Ceramic Veneers	5			
4) Direct Posterior composite restorations.	10			
5) Bleaching (vital and nonvital)	5			
6) Demonstration of post and core for anterior teeth				5
7) Anterior jacket crown	5			
8) Posterior PFM				2

PROSTHODONTICS

1. Esthetics in Dental Prosthesis:

- Symmetry
- Proportion
- Dominance
- Cosmetics
- Esthetics in region of oral cavity
- Principals of esthetic integration
- Morphological integration
- Biologic integration
- Functional integration

PRINCIPLES OF ESTHETIC SETUP

- Facial analysis
- Clinical approaches to restoration of VDO
- Integration of mandibular anterior segment
- Integration of posterior segment
- Posterior occlusal plane and increase of VDO
- Integration of anterior and posterior occlusal planes
- Integration to maxillary anterior segment
- Functional integration of maxillary anterior segment.

2. Diagnosis and treatment planning of esthetic problems

3. Metal ceramic crowns – indications, tooth preparations, finishing lines, position of incisal edge of the preparation, margin design – metal collar, metal feather edge, porcelain margin.

4. All ceramic crowns and foil crowns

- Ceramic jacket crowns
- Glass ceramic crown
- Leucite reinforced porcelain
- Injection – molded glass – ceramic
- In – cream
- Indications, selection of crown systems, esthetic performance tooth preparation and finish lines.

5. Crown and bridge – All ceramic, modified metal ceramic restorations, current ceramic systems.

- Basic consideration in full coverage restorations, indications, contraindications, tooth preparation techniques, gingival tissue management, impression, provisional restoration, lab procedure, try in, cementation of ceramic jacket crown and bridge.
- Aesthetic gerodontics, endoesthetic, post and-core, laboratory procedures.

6. Removable prosthesis, aesthetics, impression making, impression materials, laboratory procedures.

7. Over Dentures – treatment options for decimated dentition.

8. Immediate replacement prosthesis.

9. Esthetics and implants.

10. Gingival Veneers.

11. Esthetic aspects in complete denture prosthesis – impression, jaw relation, teeth selection, and arrangement, denture characterization

Students should be posted on rotation as follows for case discussion and treatment planning 6 months – Conservative, 3 months – Prosthodontics, 1 month – Periodontics.

Prosthodontics type of restoration	Performed independently	Performed under supervision	Assisting	Observation
1) Complete denture removable prosthesis.		2		5
2) Immediate removable prosthesis		1		2
3) Maryland bridge				2
4) Resin bonded fixed partial denture				2
5) Implant supported anterior replacement				2
6) Cast Partial denture			2	2
7) Anterior ceramic bridge (fixed prosthesis)	1	2	2	2
8) Anterior ceramic crown (all ceramic and full ceramic)	3			

AESTHETIC PERIODONTAL THERAPY

PERIO AESTHETIC INCLUDES:

- Aesthetic osseous surgery
- Periodontal prosthetic consideration
- Aesthetic crown lengthening
- Aesthetic surgical corrections.

I) Cosmetic treatment of maxillary anterior pocketing

- Papilla preservation flap
- Curtain procedure

II) Depigmentation

III) Ridge augmentation

IV) Treatment of gummy smile.

- Coverage of denuded root surface
- Clinical orthodontic periodontic appliances
 - a) Aesthetic orthodontic appliances
 - b) Gingival marginal discrepancies
 - c) Missing papilla
 - d) Gummy smile
- Aesthetic and drug induced gingival enlargements
 - a) Gingivoplasty
 - b) Gingivectomy
 - c) Flap surgery
- Aesthetic and drug induced gingival enlargements
 - a) Gingivoplasty
 - b) Gingivectomy
 - c) Flap surgery
- Single unit implant in aesthetic areas.

Periodontal type of restoration	Performed independently	Performed under supervision	Assisting	Observation
1) Scaling and Root Planning	5			
2) Gingivectomy	2			
3)Gingivoplasty	2			
4) Crown lengthening				5
5) Depigmentation	2			
6)Soft tissue graft				5
7) Papillary graft				5

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

There shall be a university examination at the end of one calendar year which includes theory, Practicals and vivavoce.

Scheme of theory paper

These shall be one theory Paper of 3 hrs duration of 100 marks.

Long essay – $2 * 15$ mks = 30 (1 from Conservative dentistry and 1 from Prosthodontics)

Short essays - $5 * 10$ = 50 (3 from conservative dentistry including Dental Materials and other 2 from Prosthodontics and Periodontics each)

Short answers - $2 * 10$ = 20 (5 from conservative dentistry including Dental Materials and other 5 from Prosthodontics and Periodontics)

Practical exams One day examination carrying 100mks

There shall be 1 external examiner and 2 internal examiners (outside university) PG teacher at the rank of professor who is actively engaged in PG teaching is eligible to become the examiner.

Out of the 2 internal examiners 1 shall be from conservative dentistry and endodontics and the other from Periodontics. One external examiner shall be from Prosthodontics.

Exercise 1 – Management of Anterior discolored vital or non vital tooth for PFM crown
50 mks

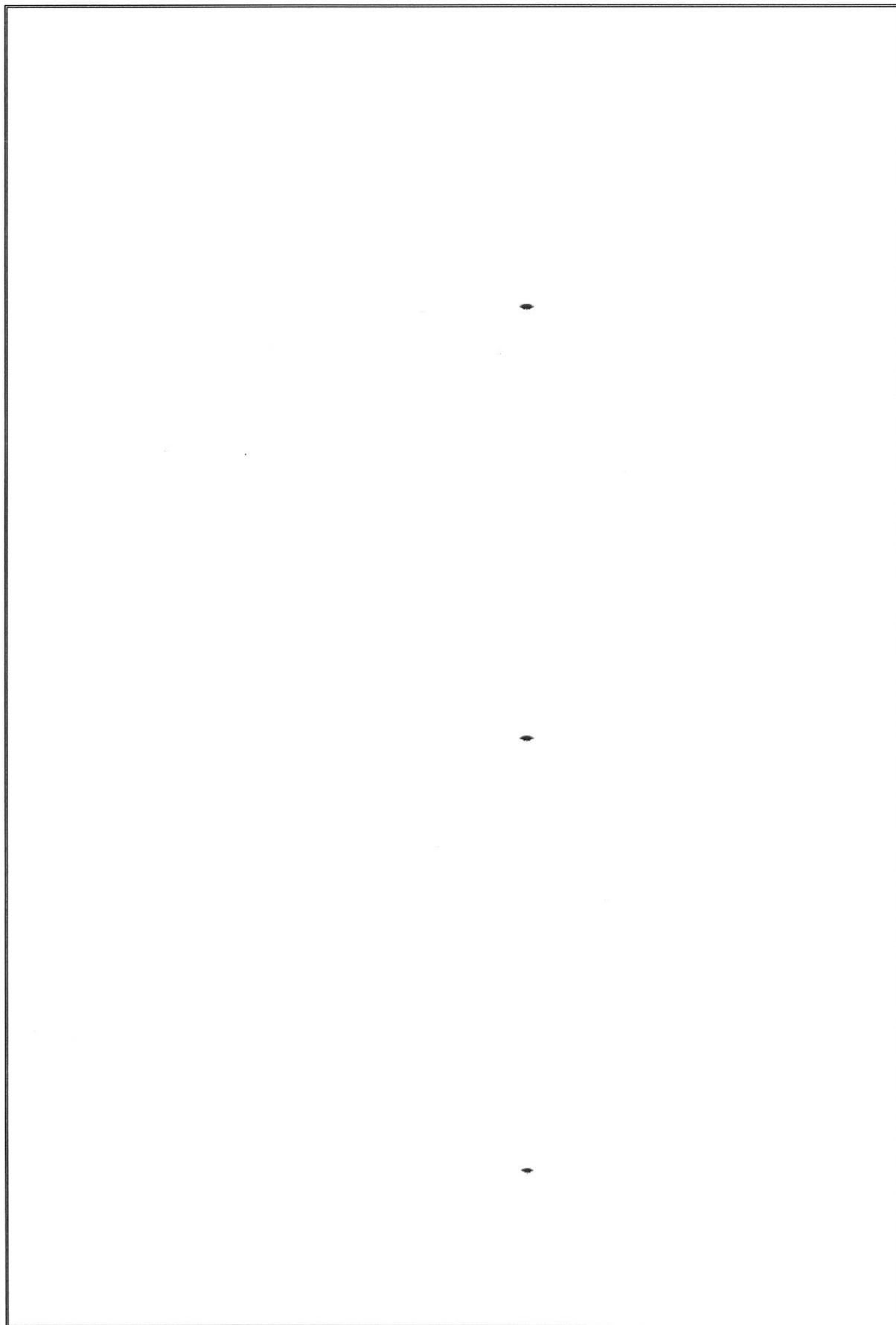
(Marks carry for case selection, tooth preparation, gingival retraction, impression making and cementation of temporary crown)

Exercise II Case Presentation and Discussion → 25 mks

Viva voce 25 mks

Criteria for Passing: - The candidate should secure 50% in university theory examination and 50% in clinicals and viva voce together

Successful candidate will be awarded Fellowship in Aesthetic Dentistry approved by RGUHS



2017-2018

**REVISED ORDINANCE GOVERNING ENROLMENT OF CANDIDATES FOR RESEARCH LEADING TO Ph.D
IN VARIOUS FACULTIES OF HEALTH SCIENCES**



**RAJIV GANDHI UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, KARANATAKA
4TH "T" BLOCK, JAYANAGAR, BANGALORE -560 041**



Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

4th T Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore – 560 041

☎ 26961937, FAX: 26961929

No. RGUHS/Ph.D/ORD-UGC/2017-18

Date: 23.11.2017

NOTIFICATION

Sub:	Adopting UGC Regulations 2016 and Amendment of Ordinance Governing Enrolment of candidates for Research leading to Ph.D of Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka.
Ref:	1. Minutes of the meeting of the Academic Council dated: 05/05/2003 to 07/05/2003. 2. Minutes of the Meeting of the CAC dated 03.06.2017 3. Minutes of the Meeting of Syndicate dated: 28/05/2003 to 30/05/2003 & 09.06.2017.

In exercise of the powers conferred under sect 35 (1) of the Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences Act 1994, the syndicate in its meetings held on 09/06/2003, 29/05/2003, 30/05/2003 & 09.06.2017 has approved to notify the ordinance governing enrollment of candidates for doing research leading to Ph.D course which has been given in the schedule hereto annexed. Any ordinance corresponding to the ordinance relating to enrollment of candidates in force immediately (2017-18) before the date of commencement of this ordinance is hereby repealed.

This ordinance as above shall come into force with immediate effect (2017-18).

By order,
Sd/-
REGISTRAR

To,

1. The Principals of colleges affiliated to Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences. Bangalore

Copy to:

1. Secretary to Governor Raj Bhavan, Bangalore – 560 001.
2. The Principal, Secretary to Government Health & Family Welfare, Dept (Medical Education) M.S. Building Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Veedhi, Bangalore – 560 001.
3. The members of the Syndicate/Senate/Chairmen of Boards of Studies/Academic Council.
4. All Officers in the university.
5. P.A to Vice – Chancellor / Reg/ Reg (Eva)/ Finance Officer.
6. Guard File.



Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

4th T Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore – 560 041

☎ 26961937, FAX: 26961937

Email: rguhsrd@gmail.com

No. RGUHS/Ph.D/ORD-UGC/2017-18

Date: 23.11.2017

NOTIFICATION

Sub: Submission of Synopsis for Ph.D (2017-18)

Ref: Ph.D Amendment Regulations No. RGUHS/Ph.D/ORD-UGC/2017-18 Date: 23/11/2017

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences will be inviting applications for submission of Synopsis from those who are qualified / eligible from Entrance Test conducted on 31.07.2017 for admission to Ph.D courses in Medical, Dental, Pharmacy & AYUSH faculties for the academic year 2017-18 from **28/11/2017** onwards. The ordinance governing enrolment of candidates leading to Ph.D along with application form will be hosted on the RGUHS website from **28/11/2017**. The eligible candidates have to download the application form online and the filled –in application form has to be submitted to RGUHS upto **30/12/2017**. **For further details, Please refer RGUHS website www.rguhs.ac.in / Department of Research and Development (Ph.D Programmes).**

By order,

Sd/-

REGISTRAR

To,

1. The Principals of colleges affiliated (Ph.D Centre) to Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Bangalore, Karnataka

Copy to:

1. Secretary to Governor Raj Bhavan, Bangalore – 560 001.
2. The Principal, Secretary to Government Health & Family Welfare, Dept (Medical Education) M.S. Building Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Veedhi, Bangalore – 560 001.
3. The members of the Syndicate/Senate/Chairmen of Boards of Studies/Academic Council.
4. All Officers in the university.
5. P.A to Vice – Chancellor / Reg/ Reg (Eva)/ F.O.R.
6. Guard File.



Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

4th T Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore – 560 041

☎ 26961937, FAX: 26961937

Email: rguhsrd@gmail.com

No. RGUHS/Ph.D-Entrance/ORD-UGC/2018-19

Date: 28/03/2018

REVISED NOTIFICATION

Sub: Inviting application for Ph.D (2018-19)

Ref : 1. No. RGUHS/Ph.D/ORD-UGC/2017-18 dated 23.11.2017
2. No. RGUHS/Ph.D/ORD-UGC/2017-18 dated 05.02.2018
3. No. RGU/AUTH/132-SYN/230/2017-18 dated 23.02.2018
4. No. RGU/AUTH/132-SYN/230/2017-18 dated 24.03.2018

* * * * *

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences has invited applications Entrance for admission to Ph.D courses in Medical, Dental, Pharmacy, & AYUSH faculties for seats in affiliated Government and private colleges of Karnataka for the academic year 2018-19 from **26/02/2018** onwards. The ordinance governing enrolment of candidates leading to Ph.D along with application form to hosted on the RGUHS website from **26/02/2018**.

As per the decision of 133 Syndicate held on 24.03.2018, the candidates who appeared for Ph.D Entrance Test held on 30.07.2017, Got Eligible but did not join the Ph.D Course due to various reasons, should also apply and write the Entrance Exam/Test of 2018, if they are willing to join Ph.D Course. Their fees is waived off as one time measure.

The last date to receive application is extended upto 13/04/2018.

The Entrance Test for admission to Ph.D Course for the academic year 2018-19 which is scheduled to conduct on **08/04/2018 is Re-Scheduled to conduct on 29.04.2018.**

By order,

Sd/-

REGISTRAR

To,

All the Principals of colleges affiliated (Ph.D Centre) to Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Bangalore, Karnataka

Ph.D Ordinance - 2017-18

Copy to:

1. Secretary to Governor Raj Bhavan, Bangalore – 560 001.
2. The Principal, Secretary to Government Health & Family Welfare, Dept (Medical Education) M.S. Building Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Veedhi, Bangalore – 560 001.
3. The members of the Syndicate/Senate/Chairmen of Boards of Studies/Academic Council.
4. All Officers in the university
5. P.A to Vice – Chancellor / Reg/ Reg (Eva)/ F.O.R.
6. Guard File.

ENROLMENT FOR Ph.D COURSES (Conduct of Entrance Test) 2018-19

Application for enrollment of Ph.D courses shall be invited once a year on the date notified by the University. A candidate may apply for admission to Ph.D through an **Entrance Test conducted by the University.**

The prescribed application form is obtainable from the University website notification (www.rguhs.ac.in/Ph.D Programme). The application should be submitted by post or in person on or before the last date notified with payment of the prescribed fees through Online payment only.

The Application received after the last date and not accompanied by the prescribed fees will be summarily rejected.

- 1) Candidates willing to register for PhD course under RGUHS shall appear for the entrance test conducted by the University in spite of having qualified UGC – NET(including JRF)/UGC-CSIR NET (including JRF)/SLET/GATE/ Teacher fellowship holder or have passed M.Phil programme.
- 2) There will be One (1) Theory Paper of 100 marks and Duration of 3 hrs.
- 3) The syllabus of the entrance test shall consists of Research Methodology- 50 marks and subject specific - 50 marks.
- 4) The paper shall be preferably of Short notes type with the competence at the level of average UG/PG standard.
- 5) Students who score 50% and above are declared qualified. No Grace marks are awarded.
- 6) NOC from the concerned Ph.D Guide is mandatory and it is responsibility of the qualified candidate to submit the NOC along with the Pre Ph.D presentation document.
- 7) The results of the Ph.D entrance test shall be valid for the current year only and it cannot be used for the admissions during subsequent year.
- 8) The Qualified candidates shall persue the Research including Interdisciplinary Research in the areas of expertise relevant to their Qualification.
- 9) The Eligible Guide has adhere to the guide student ratio as per the RGUHS Ph.D Regulations and in case of violation of this condition, the concerned Ph.D Scholar provisional registration stands cancelled.

After qualifying the entrance test the candidate along with the guide will write up a research project and submit it to the university in the prescribed format before the prescribed date (approximately 3 Months). Presentation of the Synopsis in the presence of PhD Registration Committee along with the guide will take place in the next one month after submission of the synopsis. The presence of both Candidate and Guide is mandatory for presentation.



**REVISED ORDINANCE GOVERNING ENROLMENT OF CANDIDATES FOR
RESEARCH LEADING TO Ph.D IN VARIOUS FACULTIES OF HEALTH SCIENCES
OF RAJIV GANDHI UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, KARNATAKA.**

1. PREAMBLE

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences is also committed to promote research activities, both in basic and applied aspects in various faculties of Health Sciences such as Medical(Pre Clinical, Para Clinical and Clinical subjects), Dental, Pharmacy, Indian System of Medicine including Homoeopathy, Nursing and other allied Health Sciences in the institutions/colleges affiliated to this University.

2. Eligibility: Ph.D. Entrance Test with 50% marks.

The Students who score 50% and above marks are declared qualified and such marks are valid for that academic year only.

3.1. ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR ADMISSION TO Ph. D. PROGRAMME: Subject to the conditions stipulated in these regulations, the following persons are eligible to seek admission to the Ph. D. Programme under various disciplines: A post Graduate Qualification with at least 55 per cent marks in aggregate or its equivalent grade 'B' in the UGC 7- point scale (or an equivalent grade in a point scale wherever grading system is followed) are eligible for enrollment for Ph.D course in Nursing. A relaxation of 5% marks, (from 55% to 50%), or an equivalent relaxation of grade, shall be allowed for those belonging to SC/ST/OBC (non-creamy layer)/Differently-abled and other categories of candidates as per the decision of the Commission from time to time. The eligibility marks of 55% (or an equivalent grade in a point scale wherever grading system is followed) and the relaxation of 5% to the categories mentioned above are permissible based only on the qualifying marks without including the grace mark procedures.

3.1.a.: Medical and Dental : Candidates with M.D. or M.S.,or Medical P.G. Diploma, M.D.S., or M.Sc. in medical subjects, including MSc in Oncology & MSc in Human Genetics are eligible for enrollment for Ph.D course.

3.1.b.: Physiotherapy: Candidates with a PG degree in Physiotherapy i.e., MPT degree awarded by this University or a Master's degree considered as equivalent by RGUHS are eligible for enrollment to Ph.D course in Physiotherapy under Medical faculty. (Vide resolution passed by the Ph.D Registration Committee in Medical faculty in its meeting held on 29.06.2004.)

3.1.c.: Health Sciences Library and Information System (HSLIS): Candidates with Masters Degree in Library and Information Sciences or a Degree considered as equivalent by RGUHS are eligible for enrollment to Ph.D course in Health Sciences Library and Information System (HSLIS). Preference will be given to the candidates who have completed the PGDHL course from RGUHS.

3.1.d.: Pharmacy: Candidates with M.Pharm, Pharm-D and Pharm - D (PB) degree awarded by this University or a College/University recognized by AICTE/PCI/RGUHS or a P.G. Degree in Pharmacy

considered as equivalent by RGUHS, are eligible for enrollment for Ph.D course in Pharmacy of this University.

3.1.e.: INDIAN SYSTEM OF MEDICINE INCLUDING HOMEOPATHY

a) AYURVEDA

Candidates with Ayurveda Vachaspathi (M.D (Ayu) /MS (Ayu) in Ayurveda in all the specialties awarded by RGUHS or an equivalent P.G. qualification awarded by any other College/University recognized by CCIM/RGUHS are eligible for enrollment for Ph.D course in Ayurveda of this University.

b) NATUROPATHY & YOGIC SCIENCES:

Candidates with a P.G. degree in Naturopathy & Yogic sciences awarded by RGUHS or an equivalent qualification in the concerned specialty from an institution recognized by RGUHS/CCRYN are eligible for enrollment for Ph.D course in Naturopathy & Yogic Sciences of this University.

c) UNANI

Candidates with a post graduate degree in Unani, awarded by RGUHS or an equivalent qualification awarded by a College/University recognized by CCIM/RGUHS in the concerned specialty are eligible for enrollment for Unani Ph.D course of this University.

d) HOMOEOPATHY:

Candidates with M.D. in Homoeopathy degree awarded by this University or an equivalent P.G. qualification awarded by a College/ University recognized by CCH/RGUHS are eligible for enrollment for Ph.D course in Homoeopathy of this University.

3.1.f. Nursing: Candidates with M.Sc/M.Phil in Nursing degree awarded by this University or a College/University recognized by INC or a P.G. Degree in Nursing considered as equivalent by RGUHS/INC.

4. DURATION OF THE Ph.D. PROGRAMME:

4.1. The period of training for Ph.D as per MCI, shall be two years for candidates who possess M.D/M.S/P.G. Diploma, and for three years for candidates possessing M.Sc. (Medical subjects).

4.2. The Ph. D. programme in all other subjects except those cited at 4.1 above shall be for a minimum duration of three years for full time course and five year for part time course & maximum duration shall be 6 years including course work, from the date of his/her provisional registration for all other faculty except those at 4.1 above.

4.3. Extension beyond the above limits may be considered by the Ph. D. Registration committee of the respective faculty on case to case basis, only in exceptional cases, for maximum of one year, based on the representation submitted by the student and the guide.

4.4. The women candidates and Persons with Disability (more than 40% disability) may be allowed a relaxation of two years for Ph. D. in the maximum duration. In addition, the women candidates may be provided Maternity Leave/Child Care Leave once in the entire duration of M.Phil/Ph. D. for up to 240 days.

4.5 The candidates possessing UGC approved M.Phil degree or MCI approval DM/M.Ch/MD/MS and PG Diploma are exempted from appearing for Pre Ph.D Examination.

5. PROCEDURE FOR ADMISSION:

5.1. All the candidate intending to register for Ph. D. programme shall appear for the entrance test conducted by the University

5.1.a. An Entrance Test shall be qualifying test with qualifying marks as 50%. The test consists of two papers, conducted over two hours. The first theory paper which will be subject specific, preferably Short notes with the competence of average UG/PG standard, carrying 50 marks with no negative marking. The syllabus of the second paper consists of Basics of research methodology and will carry 50 marks with no negative marking. The Entrance Test shall be conducted at the Centre(s) notified by the University.

5.1.b. An interview/*viva-voce* to be organized by the University for the candidates who successfully clear the entrance test and are selected for the Ph. D. course to discuss their research interest/area through a presentation before a duly constituted University Ph.D. Registration committee of the respective faculty.

5.1.c. The interview/*viva voce* will also consider following aspects, viz. whether:

- a. to evaluate the research aptitude of the applicants
- b. The candidate possesses the competence for the proposed research.
- c. The research work can be suitably undertaken at the Institution/College.
- d. The proposed area of research can contribute to new/additional knowledge.

5.2. There will be only one stream of admission annually. The eligibility secured at the entrance test is valid till next entrance test is conducted or for a period of 12 months whichever is earlier, within which duration the candidate can register for PhD course.

5.3. The University and Colleges under the university which are allowed to conduct Ph. D. programmes, shall decide on an annual basis through their academic bodies, a predetermined and manageable number of Ph.D. scholars to be admitted, depending on the number of available Research Guides and other academic and physical facilities available. They shall follow the norms regarding the scholar- teacher ratio, laboratory, library and such other facilities.

5.4. The University will notify well in advance through the University website and / or through advertisement in national newspapers, including regional language newspapers, regarding the criteria for

admission, procedure for admission, details of entrance test centre(s) and all other relevant information for the benefit of the candidates

5.5. The admissions to Ph.D. course are subject to the State reservation policy, wherever applicable.

5.6 The University shall maintain the list of all the Ph. D. registered students on its website on year-wise basis. The list shall include the name of the registered candidate, topic of his/her research, name of his/her Guide/co-Guide, and date of enrolment/registration.

6. Eligibility criteria Research Guide/ Co-Guide: Eligibility criteria required for a Research Guide/Co-Guide are as follows.

Only Teaching/Research faculty working full time in the Institutions /Colleges affiliated with the RGUHS can act as a Guide. The external Guides are not allowed.

The Co- Guide from other departments of the same institute or from other related institutions can be allowed in inter-disciplinary research activities with the approval of the Ph. D. Registration committee of the respective faculty.

The Guide should not have completed 57 years of age (67 years for MCI approved Ph.D courses) at the time of registration of the candidate for Ph. D course under him/her provided the guide continues to work as a full time teacher in the Institutions /Colleges affiliated with the RGUHS.

6.1. MEDICAL & DENTAL:

(a) (i) Guides & Co-Guides from Teaching Institutions:

1. Qualifications: MD /MS/M.D.S. or MD/MS/ M.D.S. with Ph.D.
2. Total Teaching / Research Experience of 15 years after PG Qualification
3. PG Teaching Experience 10 years
4. Guided 5 Post Graduate student Dissertations
5. Published Five original Publications as 1st, or Corresponding Author (PubMed Publications, Other apex body approved Publications,)

(a)(ii) Guides & Co-Guides from other Research Institutions:

1. Qualifications: MD /MS/M.D.S. or MD/MS/ M.D.S. with Ph.D.
2. Total Research Experience of 15 years after PG Qualification
3. Conducted and completed five Research Projects.
4. Five original Publications as 1st, or Corresponding Author (PubMed Publications, Other MCI approved Publications,)
5. Minimum of one National or International Grants as Principal Investigator or Co-Principal Investigator.

6.2. Physiotherapy:

1. Ph.D in Physiotherapy/MPT/MD/MS from relevant subjects of Medical faculty in Clinical subjects related to Physiotherapy such as Orthopedics or Respiratory Medicine, D M (Neurology) and M.ch (Cardio Vascular Surgery),
2. PG Teaching Experience 5 years

3. Guided 5 Post Graduate student dissertations.
4. Five Original Publications as 1st , 2nd, or Corresponding Author: (PubMed Publications, Other approved Publications,)

6.3. Health Sciences Library and Information System (HSLIS):

1. Qualifications : Ph.D.in Library Sciences
2. PG Teaching Experience 10 years.
3. Guided Five Post Graduate students.
4. Five Publications as 1st ,2nd or Corrosoning Author: (PubMed Publications, Other approved Publications,)

6.4. Pharmacy:

a. Guide & Co-guides in Teaching Institutions:

1. Qualifications M.Pharm with Ph.D.
2. Total teaching experience of 10 years.
3. PG Teaching Experience 5 years
4. Guided 5 Post Graduate students dissertations.
5. Five Original Publications as 1st , 2nd, or Corresponding Author: (PubMed Publications, Other approved Publications,)

b. Guide & Co-guides in Research Institutions:

1. Qualifications M.Pharm with Ph.D.
2. Research Experience of 5 years after acquiring Ph.D Degree.
3. Five Original Publications as 1st , 2nd, or Corresponding Author:(PubMed Publications, Other approved Publications,)
4. Should have conducted minimum of one research with National or International Grants as PI/Co PI

6.5. INDIAN SYSTEM OF MEDICINE INCLUDING HOMEOPATHY:

a. Guide & Co-guides in Teaching Institutions:

1. Qualifications M.D./M.S. In concerned specialty with Ph.D.
2. PG Teaching Experience 5 years
3. Guided 5 Post Graduate students dissertations.
4. Five Original Publications as 1st , 2nd, or Corresponding Author: (PubMed Publications, Other approved Publications,)

b. Guide & Co-guides in Research Institutions:

1. Qualifications M.D./M.S. In concerned specialty with Ph.D.
2. Research Experience of 5 years after acquiring PG Degree.
3. Original Publications as 1st , 2nd, or Corresponding Author:(PubMed Publications, Other approved Publications,)
4. Should have conducted minimum of one research with National or International Grants as PI/Co PI

c. Non Ph.D Guide & Co-guides in Teaching Institutions

1. Qualifications M.D./M.S. in concerned specialty
2. PG Teaching Experience 10 years.
3. Guided 5 Post Graduate student dissertations.
4. Five Original Publications as 1st , 2nd, or Corresponding Author: (PubMed Publications, Other approved Publications,)

d. Non Ph.D Guide & Co-guides in Research Institutions

1. Qualifications M.D./M.S. in concerned specialty
2. Research Experience of 10 years after acquiring PG Degree.
3. Five Original Publications as 1st , 2nd, or Corresponding Author: (PubMed Publications, Other approved Publications,)
4. Should have conducted a minimum one research with National or International Grants as PI/Co PI

6.6. NURSING

a. Guide & Co-guides in Teaching Institutions:

1. Qualifications M.Sc.(Nursing) with Ph.D.
2. PG Teaching Experience 5 years
3. Guided 5 Post Graduate student dissertations.
4. Five Original Publications as 1st , 2nd, or Corresponding Author:(PubMed Publications, Other approved Publications,)

7. Number of PhD scholars permissible per each Guide

- a) The maximum number of Full time or part time candidates, a guide can supervise shall not exceed four(4) at any given time.
- b) Whenever the number of candidates registered under a Guide has reached the maximum, a Guide becomes eligible to supervise another Ph.D. candidate only after the submission of the thesis by any one of the Ph.D. candidates already registered under him/her.
- c) A recognized Ph.D. department at any given point of time can have only Six(06) Ph.D. scholars in case of Medical, Dental & AYUSH and Nursing irrespective of number of available guides in the department.
- d) But in case of Pharmacy the department can have maximum of Ten (10) Ph.D. students at any given point of time irrespective of number of available guides in the department.
- e) A candidate may have one Co-Guide from another department, duly recognized by the Ph.D Registration Committee of the University in addition to the Guide from the concerned specialty.
- f) All Guides shall normally be residents within the jurisdiction of Research centre and should be the recognized by the University as Ph. D. Guides based on the recommendation of the Ph.D Registration Committee of the respective faculty.
- g) A Guide recognized by the University is not eligible to Guide any other Ph.D students from any other University, (Notification No ACA/AFF-GEN/2005-06 dated 24.09.2005) without the prior permission of RGUHS.

8. Research Advisory Committee and its functions:

Ph.D Committee shall consist of

- | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| a. Dean of Faculty | - Chairman |
| b. BOS Chairman UG studies | - Member |
| c. BOS Chairman PG Studies | - Member |
| d. Past Dean | - Member |
| e. Two Senior Faculty | - Member |
| f. Two Subject Experts | - Special Invitee |
| g. Director R&D | - Member Secretary |

9. Submission of Half Yearly Progress Reports Evaluation of Course Work:

a) After provisional registration, every candidate shall submit the half yearly progress reports regularly as desired by the university in the prescribed format through the Guide to the Registrar of the University with a copy of the Head of the Department concerned and Head of the Institution. The half yearly progress report will be assessed by the subject experts of the Ph.D Registration Committee and their comments/observations will be communicated to the concerned candidate and Guide. Every such half yearly report shall be submitted for the period from 1st January to the end of June and from 1st July to the end of December. However, the very first report for the fraction of six months period shall be submitted ending either in June or December.

b) All Ph. D. candidates while submitting their current progress report, should submit the summary of each of his/her previous half yearly progress reports in order and suggestions made by the previous reviewers/subject experts along with university letters sent to the candidates for approval of the current report. All Ph. D. candidates should submit their half yearly progress reports in the prescribed format issued by the University.

Ph. D. Registration committee of the respective faculty should evaluate the Half yearly reports and in case the progress of the research scholar is unsatisfactory, the Ph. D. Registration committee of the respective faculty shall record the reasons for the same and suggest corrective measures. If the research scholar fails to implement these corrective measures, the Ph. D. Registration committee of the respective faculty may recommend to the Institution/College with specific reasons for cancellation of the registration of the research scholar.

The candidate who submits the same report/s as previous shall be called for the presentation of the progress report before Ph. D. Registration committee of the respective faculty.

All the Ph. D. students should maintain a Logbook, duly signed by the Guide & Head of the department/Institution and should be made available at time of inspection and examination.

c) The Research project submitted by the candidates should have been cleared by the appropriately constituted Institutional Ethics Committee at college level (respectively for experiments on human subjects and / or animals) before the submission of the 1st / 2nd progress report by the candidates.

d) If two consecutive half yearly progress reports are not satisfactory, the Ph.D. Registration committee of the respective faculty may recommend to the University for Cancellation of the registration of the respective candidate.

e) **Pre PhD Exam:** The candidate will be eligible to appear for the Pre Ph.D. examination only after the completion of one year from the date of provisional registration provided his/her first and Second half yearly progress reports are found satisfactory. The Provisional Ph.D Registration of the candidate will be confirmed only after the candidate passes the Pre Ph. D Examination.

10. EVALUATION AND ASSESSMENT:

10.1 Submission of final synopsis

All the Ph.D candidates should submit a final synopsis containing the summary of the research work done to the Ph.D. Registration Committee before submission of thesis. All Ph.D candidates before submitting their final synopsis shall present his/her research work before the Ph.D. Registration Committee and subject experts on a suitable date fixed by the University and should get approval for writing the final synopsis and thesis.

10.2. Publication of research papers

All Ph. D. Candidates before submitting Ph.D. Thesis to the university should have published a minimum of three research papers related to their research topic during their course of Ph.D, with one publication by student as the 1st author and other two as first or second author in the indexed journals before submitting the final Thesis. At least one of the above papers shall be published in RGUHS/ RGUHS approved journal.

10.3. The Academic Council (or its equivalent body) of the Institution shall evolve a mechanism using well developed software and gadgets to detect plagiarism and other forms of academic dishonesty. While submitting for evaluation, the dissertation/thesis shall have an undertaking from the research scholar and a certificate from the Research Guide attesting to the originality of the work, vouching that there is no plagiarism (the permissible similarity should not exceed 15% of total contents) and that the work has not been submitted for the award of any other degree/diploma of the same Institution where the work was carried out, or to any other Institution.

10.4. The Ph.D. thesis submitted by a research scholar shall be evaluated by his/her Research Guide and at least two external examiners, who are not in employment of the University of whom one examiner may be from outside the country.

The viva-voce examination, based among other things, on the critiques given in the evaluation report, shall be conducted by the Research Guide and at least one of the two external examiners, and shall be open to be attended by Members of the Ph.D Committee, all faculty members of the Department, other research scholars and other interested experts/researchers.

11. RECOGNITION OF INSTITUTION/COLLEGE AS CENTRES FOR Ph. D STUDIES

The Academic, administrative and infrastructure requirement to be fulfilled by Colleges for getting recognition for offering M. Phil. /Ph. D. programmes are as follows:

A candidate shall be permitted to pursue research activities for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy (Ph. D) in any one of the following institutions:

- a. Departments run by RGUHS :-
- b. Post Graduate Departments of colleges/institutions affiliated to this University :-
 1. Recognized as having necessary infrastructure and facilities such as exclusive research laboratories with sophisticated equipment, provision for adequate space per research scholar along with computer facilities and essential software, and uninterrupted power and water supply for carrying out research in the subject of study concerned.
 2. Provided that the department has at least one qualified Guides.
 3. Offering the Postgraduate course for a minimum period of five years.
 4. The Post Graduate Department of the said colleges should have been approved by University as a recognized Ph.D center.
 5. Colleges may also access the required facilities of the neighboring Institutions/ Colleges, or of those Institutions/Colleges/R&D laboratories / Organizations which have the required facilities through an MoU.
- c) Any other non-teaching research institution duly recognized by this University for conducting research leading to the award of Ph. D degree on the recommendations of an expert committee appointed by the Syndicate.

Any non-teaching institutions seeking recognition for Ph. D programmes:

- 1) Should be a center of academic excellence and repute or Institute of National Importance
- 2) Should have been actively functioning and should have been in existence for at least 5 years.
- 3) Should be a centre of research activity as evidenced by ongoing research projects funded/ sponsored by reputed agencies like ICMR, AICTE, DST, UGC etc.,
- 4) Should have published Five research papers in the peer reviewed scientific journals or indexed journals.
- 5) Should have specifically equipped research labs with the requisite infrastructure and facilities for the proposed Ph. D programme.
- 6) The Department which proposes to start the Ph. D programme in the institution should have at least three staff members with required PG qualification in the concerned specialty and a total of 10 years teaching or research experience out of which 5 years should be for PG courses for teachers.

12. FEE STRUCTURE:

The fee structure could be similar as per the existing fee structure for the Ph.D programme in the teaching institutions. (Vide University notification No.ACA/ORD-23/97-98(Part II) dated 07.07.2005. Institutions/Colleges desirous of seeking recognition of their Departments by the University as Ph.D study centers may contact the Affiliation section of the University for obtaining the application form on payment of the prescribe fee.

All PhD study centers both teaching and non-teaching institutions shall seek renewal of recognition every five years on payment of prescribed fees.

13. Depository with Library:

- 13.1 Following the successful completion of the evaluation process and before the announcement of the award of the Ph. D. degree(s), the Institution concerned shall submit an electronic copy of Ph. D. thesis to the RGUHS Library, for hosting the same in RGUHS website so as to make it accessible to all Institutions/Colleges.
- 13.2 Prior to the actual award of the degree, the degree-awarding Institution shall issue a provisional Certificate to the effect that the Degree has been awarded in accordance with the provisions of these UGC Regulations, 2016.

14. NOTE:

- a. Foreign Nationals / NRIs intending to register for Ph.D Programme should obtain Eligibility_Certificate from RGUHS before admission.
- b. The post graduate qualified Candidates from other Universities applying for Ph.D Registration are required to obtain eligibility certificate by paying the eligibility fees as prescribed for PG Programme by RGUHS.
- c. All foreign nationals irrespective of their PG Studies in India (including RGUHS) or abroad are required to obtain eligibility certificate by paying eligibility fees and submission of copies of valid passport, visa and police permission for residential permit for stay in India.
- d. The M.Sc degree holders, after their Ph.D shall confine themselves only to provide research inputs and perform investigative procedures. They are not permitted to treat patients.
- e. The M.Sc.(Non-Medical) candidates registered for Ph.D shall be awarded the degree as **“Ph.D in Allied Subject (Biomedical & Allied subject)** (topic of the thesis to be specified to be specified)”.

f. Syllabus for Entrance Test :-

The entrance exam is conducted in two parts namely

1. Principles of basic Research methodology
2. specialty paper

The specialty paper Syllabus content shall ordinarily be equal to the syllabus and books prescribed for post-graduate course for that subject as per Regulations of Apex body and/ or the Rajiv Gandhi Universities of Health Sciences.

- a. The Principles of basic Research methodology syllabus is as follows
 1. Research Methodology: An Introduction
 2. Defining the Research Problem
 3. Research Design
 4. Sampling Design
 5. Measurement and Scaling Techniques
 6. Methods of Data Collection
 7. Processing, statistics and Analysis of Data
 8. Sampling Fundamentals
 9. Interpretation and Report Writing
 10. Principle and methods of fundamental research method, literature drug and research problem survey, clinical research
 11. Writing ad article for a scientific journals
 12. Introduction to specific research instruments
 13. Bioavialbility
 14. Bioequivalence
 15. Clinical trails.

Duration, Nature of Question Paper and Answer Sheet:-

There is a separate examination for specialty paper and basic paper comprises 50 marks each. The question paper comprising of 15 questions of 2 mark with two choice and 04 question of 5 marks with one choice. Duration of examination time is three hours and separate answer booklets are issued for each paper.

g. The duration of Ph.D programme in the following situations will be :

- a) The Candidate, Ph.D guide and the research centre are in the same institution, the Course Duration for Full time course is three years and for part time course it is five years for all faculty except those under 4.1..
- b) Where the guide and Institution are from one institute and the candidate is from another research institute affiliated to RGUHS, the Minimum Course Duration for Part time Ph.D. shall be for five years.

The registration of candidates for Ph.D will not be considered, if the candidate, guide and research department are in three different places.

- h. The teachers who have acquired Ph.D qualifications from other Universities/institutions where Physiotherapy course is not available, such teachers are not eligible to be recognized as Ph.D guides in Physiotherapy by RGUHS. (* Minutes of the meeting of the syndicate held on 12.03.2013)
- i. The Guide's is eligible to register a student under him/her up to 3 years prior to their retirement. In case the student is not in a position to complete the work prior to the guide retirement, it is the duty of the guide to Hand over the candidate to another recognized guide from the department (get the guide changed and get it approved from the University) or Get an extension letter from the Dean/Principial of the institution stating that the Guide continues to be full time teacher until the student completes then Dissertation and submits to the University.
- j. A part time PhD Scholar can continue to Guide Post Graduate students.
- k. A recognized guide may register as a student for part time / full time for Ph.D programme provided he/she shall arrange for Transfer of their Research students to another guide subject to approval by Ph.D. committee
- l. A Recognized Guide desirous of pursuing Ph.D. shall not be permitted to continue as Member of Ph. D committee of RGUHS and similarly, no Ph.D. Research scholar shall be appointed as RGUHS Ph.D. committee member.
- m. With the consent of current Registered Guide, any request for Change of Guide may be permitted before Pre Ph.D. exam are held.
- n. In case of relocation of a Ph. D. woman scholar due to marriage or otherwise, the research data shall be allowed to be transferred to the University to which the scholar intends to relocate, provided all the other conditions in these regulations are followed in letter and spirit and the research work does not pertain to the project secured by the parent institution/ Guide from any funding agency. The scholar will however give due credit to the parent guide and the institution for the part of research already done. This relocation should be done with the approval of the Ph.D. Registration committee of the respective faculty.



Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

4th T Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore – 560 041

☎ 26961937, FAX: 26961929

No. RGUHS/Ph.D/ORD-UGC/2017-18

Date: 13.03.2018

NOTIFICATION

Sub: Criteria for Ph.D Guide as recommended during the Ph.D Sub-Committee Special Meeting.

Ref: 1. No.RGUHS/Ph.D/ORD-UGC/2017- 2018 Dated: 23/11/2017.
2. No.RGU/AUTH/132-SYN/230/2017-18 Dated: 23/02/2018.

Sl No	Existing	Proposed Amendment
1.	<p>Eligibility criteria Research Guide/ Co-Guide: Eligibility criteria required for a Research Guide/Co-Guide are as follows. Only Teaching/Research faculty working full time in the Institutions /Colleges affiliated with the RGUHS can act as a Guide. The external Guides are not allowed. The Co- Guide from other departments of the same institute or from other related institutions can be allowed in inter-disciplinary research activities with the approval of the Ph. D. Registration committee of the respective faculty. The Guide should not have completed 57 years of age (67 years for MCI approved Ph.D courses) at the time of registration of the candidate for Ph. D course under him/her provided the guide continues to work as a full time teacher in the Institutions /Colleges affiliated with the RGUHS.</p> <p>A.(i) Guides & Co-Guides from Teaching Institutions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Qualifications : MD /MS/M.D.S. or MD/MS/ M.D.S. with Ph.D.2. Total Teaching / Research Experience of 15 years after PG Qualification.3. PG Teaching Experience 10 years4. Guided 5 Post Graduate student Dissertations.5. Published Five original Publications as 1st, or Corresponding Author (PubMed Publications, Other apex body approved Publications).	<p>A. FOR PERSONS WITH MD/MS QUALIFICATION.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Total teaching /Research experience of 15 years after PG Qualification.2. PG Teaching experience of 10 years.3. Guided 5 Post Graduate student Dissertations or published 10 Research publications as Ist author or corresponding author in Pubmed publications or MCI Approved publications. <p>B.FOR PERSONS WITH MD/MS with Ph.D QUALIFICATION</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Total teaching / Research experience of 10 years after PG Qualifications inclusive Ph.D training.2. Guided 5 Post graduate Dissertations and 5 Publications in Pubmed indexed or MCI approved Journals as Ist author / corresponding author. or Published 10 publications in Pubmed Indexed/MCI approved journals as Ist or corresponding author. <p>A.FOR TEACHERS WITH MDS QUALIFICATION.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Total teaching /Research experience of 15 years after PG Qualification.2. PG Teaching experience of 10 years.3. Guided 5 Post Graduate Dissertations or published 10 Research publications as Ist author or corresponding author in

	<p>(ii) Guides & Co-Guides from other Research Institutions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Qualifications: MD /MS/M.D.S. or MD/MS/ M.D.S. with Ph.D. 2.Total Research Experience of 15 years after PG Qualification. 3.Conducted and completed five Research Projects. 5. Five original Publications as 1st, or Corresponding Author (PubMed Publications, Other MCI approved Publications). 6. Minimum of one National or International Grants as Principal Investigator or Co-Principal Investigator. 	<p>Pubmed publications or DCI Approved Journals.</p> <p>B.FOR TEACHERS MDS WITH Ph.D QUALIFICATION</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Total teaching / Research experience of 10 years after PG Qualifications inclusive of Ph.D training period. 2. Guided 5 Post Graduate Dissertations and 5 Publications in Pubmed indexed or DCI approved Journals as Ist author / corresponding author. or Published 10 publications in Pubmed Indexed/DCI approved journals as Ist or corresponding author.
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**Sd/-
REGISTRAR**

PRELIMINARY SYNOPSIS PROFORMA

ANNEXURE

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka
4th 'T' Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore-560 041

AFFIX YOUR
PASSPORT SIZE
PHOTO



Application for the Registration for the Ph.D Degree in the faculty of _____
[Medical/Dental/Pharmacy/Indian System of Medicine/Homoeopathy]
as **Part time / Full time Scholars** _____ in the Department of-----.
Ph.D Entrance Exam Register No. _____.

1.	Name in full (in capital letters)					
2.	Permanent address in full Telephone No, Fax, e-mail, if any					
3.	Address for correspondence Telephone No, Fax, e-mail, if any					
4.	Sex and Please enclose the documents compulsory, if you SC/ST/OBC.					
5.	Nationality					
6.	Date of Birth (in figures)					
7.	Details about Under-Graduate and Post-Graduate degrees					
Sl. No.	Degree	Name of the College/Institution	Year of passing	Subjects studied	Division/Grade	Percentage of Marks
8.	Title of the proposed research work/thesis for Ph.D with a Synopsis of the work to be carried out					

	(enclose six copies of the Synopsis)	
9.	* College/Institution in which the candidate proposes to conduct the research work for Ph.D course. (Enclose copy of the affiliation orders issued by RGUHS recognizing the department as Ph.D center / (B) Pharm D & Pharma D (PB) Course. Also MOU of the Hospital needs to be enclosed. * Five Batches of Pharma D/Pharm (PB) should have passed out for the department to be eligible for Ph.D centre recognition and Approval.	
10.	Name, Qualifications & Designation of the Guide, who will be guiding the candidate	
11.	Whether at present candidate is getting any research fellowship / grant /scholarship If Yes, i) Name of the University/Institution ii) Year of fellowship/Grant iii) Duration of fellowship/Grant iv) Source of fellowship/Grant v) Value of fellowship/Grant & its tenure If No, How will you support yourself Financially during the Ph.D course ?	
12.	Are you an employee? If so, furnish the details and produce No Objection Certificate from concerned employer	
13.	Amount of the Fees paid [mention Challan/Receipt No. and date]	
14.	Whether all the documents listed in Annexure – enclosed or not	

I hereby declare that all statements made in this application are true, complete and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I understand that in the event of any information being found false or incorrect, my candidature for Ph.D degree is liable to be cancelled by the University.

Date:

Place:

Signature of the candidate

Remarks of the Guide

Signature, Name and Seal of the Guide

**Signature, Name and Seal of
Department/ Institution**

**Signature, Name and Seal of Head of the
Dean/Director/Principal of the College /
Institution**

**Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka
4th 'T' Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore-560 041**

**Proforma for Registration of topic for Ph.D Thesis
(Preliminary Synopsis)**

Note: Candidate can only register through RGUHS recognized Ph.D Department.

1.	Name of the Candidate and Address (in block letters)	
2.	a) Name of the Institution where the research is going to be carried b) Is the department recognized as Ph.D center. If YES provide RGUHS Notification copy.	Yes / No
3.	Name of the Faculty	
4.	Name of the Guide with Designation, department. Provide copy of recognition letter as Guide	
5.	Title of the Research topic	
6.	Brief resume of the intended Research work	
	5.1 Need for the study (Lqeuna) a. Review of literature b. Research question c. Objective of the study d. Material and methods i. Source of data ii. Method of collection of data (including sampling procedure, if any) iii. Operational definitions/Techniques employed 5.2 List of references	
7.	a) Does the study require any investigations or interventions to be conducted on patients or humans or animals? If so, please describe briefly b) Has ethical clearance been obtained from your institution (Copy of the certificate to be attached)	

8.	<p>Signature of the Candidate</p> <p>Place: Date:</p>
9.	<p>Remarks by the Guide</p> <p>Signature: Name: Designation: Date: Place:</p>
10.	<p>Signature, Name & Designation of Co-Guide</p> <p>Date: Place:</p>
11.	<p>Remarks of the Head of the Department</p> <p>Signature: Name: Place: Date:</p>
12.	<p>Remarks of the Principal</p> <p>Signature: Name: Place: Date:</p>

ANNEXURE

List of Documents to be enclosed along with the application form and soft copy of the Preliminary Synopsis may be sent to rguhsrd@gmail.com.

1. Ph.D Entrance Exam Result copy with Admission Ticket
2. Final Year degree marks
3. Graduate degree Certificate /Pharma D Certificate + Markscards
4. Post-Graduate degree marks card / Pharma D (PB) Certificate + Markscards
5. Post-Graduate degree Certificate
6. Consent letter from the guide
7. Notification from the University recognizing the guide and the institution /College
8. Notification from the University recognizing the department of the institution /College as Ph.D center / Pharma D and Pharma D (PB) Course.
9. No Objection certificate from
 - a) Head of the department and the institute ,where he /she is employed
 - b) Head of the department and the institute ,where the candidate intends to pursue the Ph.D Course
10. Preliminary Synopsis of the proposed thesis – three copies
11. Photograph of the candidate

Note: Attach only attested photocopies of the above mentioned documents. Produce the originals at the time of Interview.

ANNEXURE

The Fee structure for Ph.D Degree programmes in different faculties of Health Sciences under RGUHS.

Particulars of Fee		
Sl.No.	Academic Fee – Through Online Payment	Fees Amount Revised 2013 and onwards.
1	Application Fee (Including Application form and Prospectus-non-refundable)	Rs. 2,500-00
2	Registration Fee (for selected candidates) a) Indian Nationals b) NRI/SAARC Candidates c) Foreign National Candidates	Rs. 4,000-00 \$1,000-00 \$2,000-00
3	Helinet Fee	Rs. 2000-00
4	Penal Fee for late admission	Rs. 2,000-00
5	Fee for change of title of the thesis	Rs. 2,000-00
6	Fee for Re-Registration	Rs. 4,000-00
7	Fee for extension of Registration a) Up to six months b) Beyond six months	Rs. 2,000-00 Rs. 4,000-00
8	Renewal of Ph.D course per seat per annum for sanctioned strength of each course (to be paid to the section)	Rs. 8,000-00
9	Eligibility Fee	As per the norms prescribed for PG programme
Examination Fee – Through Online Payment		
10	For Pre Ph.D examination	Rs. 15,500-00
11	Penal Fee for late submission	Rs. 2,000-00
12	For Final Synopsis Submission	Rs. 10,000-00
13	For Final Ph.D examination (To be paid along with the submission of Ph.D thesis)	Rs. 25,000-00
14	Penal Fee for late submission of Progress Reports/Synopsis/Ph.D thesis	Rs. 2,000-00

All Prescribed Fees should be paid through Online payment Gateway payable to RGUHS.

ANNEXURE

Calendar of events for enrolment of candidates leading to Ph.D for the Academic year 2017-18

01.	Date of Notification	23/11/2017
02.	Hosting of the Application form & Brochure on the website	28/11/2017
03.	Availability of the Ph.D application form & Brochure on website.	28/11/2017
04.	Last date for submission of duly filled application form for Ph.D Registration along with prescribed application fee of Rs. 2,500/- to the RGUHS	30 th December 2017
05.	Meetings of Ph.D Registration Committees of all faculties for verification of the applications and selection of students for Provisional Ph.D registration.	2 nd Week of January 2018.
06.	Commencement of the Ph.D course	30 th January 2018
07.	Submission of the half yearly progress report along with acceptance / satisfactory letter issued by the RGUHS for previous half yearly report.	Before 15 th JUNE and 15 th DECEMBER of every year (No two half yearly progress reports should be submitted simultaneously. There needs to be gap of one month after approval of previous half yearly report.)
08.	Conduct of the Pre Ph.D examination	After the approval of the first and second half yearly progress reports and completion of one year from the date of Provisional registration. (Exact date will be notified by the University)
09.	Confirmation of Registration	After successful completion of the Pre Ph.D examination.
10.	Submission of Ethical Clearance Certificate	Within one year after Provisional Registration.

ANNEXURE



APPLICATION FOR RECOGNITION AS A Ph.D GUIDE

SUBJECT _____ DEPARTMENT _____

(To be completed and submitted to the University through proper channel by the senior Teacher/Scientist working in Colleges/ Research Institutions affiliated to this University, who are seeking recognition as Ph.D Guides.)

1.	Name of the Teacher/Scientist (In Block Letters)	:			
2.	Age & Date of Birth	:			
3.	Present Position/Designation	:			
4.	Faculty to which you belong (Medical/Dental/Ayurveda/Pharmacy/Nursing) DEPARTMENT:	:			
5.	Name & Address of the Institution working at present	:			
6.	Residential Address	:			
	Telephone numbers	:	Off:	Res:	Mobile: Email/Fax:
7.	Educational Qualifications	:			

- Degree, PG Degree, Super Speciality, Ph.D and any other qualifications.

Qualification	Faculty	Year of Passing	Name of the University	Whether recognized by the respective Apex body.

- Attested copies of all educational qualification should be enclosed.

8. Teaching Experience: (only full time teaching experience in a Teaching Institution should be mentioned.)

- Before obtaining PG Qualification:

Designation	Name of the Institution	Courses taught	Period		Subjects taught
			From	To	

▪ **After obtaining PG /Ph.D Qualification:**

Designation	Name of the Institution	Courses taught	Period		Subjects taught
			From	To	

Years of Teaching experience - **As UG teacher.....years, As PG teacher.....years, Total...years.**

9. Research Experience:

No. of Scientific research papers published in indexed journals (copies of the reprints to be enclosed)

- a) Research work/projects carried out and completed, if any (enclose the list.)
- b) Research projects in progress, if any (enclosed the list.)
- c) No. of presentations made in National/International Conferences/Seminars etc.
(enclose the list as per the format)

Faculty : Medical / Dental / AYUSH / Nursing / Pharmacy

Name of the Teacher:

Title of article			
Name of journal			
Year of publication / Vol/issue/page no		Peer reviewing status	Yes / no
Author ship number	First / second / Corresponding author/ others		
Type of article	Systemic review / Review article /Original research	Case report / Brief communication / Letter to editor	
Indexing agency	Pub med / indmed/ index Copernicus / specify others		
Pissn no/ Eissn No		Doi if any	

Title of article			
Name of journal			
Year of publication / Vol/issue/page no		Peer reviewing status	Yes / no
Author ship number	First / second / Corresponding author/ others		
Type of article	Systemic review / Review article /Original research	Case report / Brief communication / Letter to editor	
Indexing agency	Pub med / indmed/ index Copernicus / specify others		
Pissn no/ Eissn No		Doi if any	

Title of article			
Name of journal			
Year of publication / Vol/issue/page no		Peer reviving status	Yes / no
Author ship number	First / second / Corresponding author/ others		
Type of article	Systemic review / Review article /Original research		
	Case report / Brief communication / Letter to editor		
Indexing agency	Pub med / indmed/ index Copernicus / specify others		
Pissn no/ Eissn No		Doi if any	

Title of article			
Name of journal			
Year of publication / Vol/issue/page no		Peer reviving status	Yes / no
Author ship number	First / second / Corresponding author/ others		
Type of article	Systemic review / Review article /Original research		
	Case report / Brief communication / Letter to editor		
Indexing agency	Pub med / indmed/ index Copernicus / specify others		
Pissn no/ Eissn No		Doi if any	

Title of article			
Name of journal			
Year of publication / Vol/issue/page no		Peer reviewing status	Yes / no
Author ship number	First / second / Corresponding author/ others		
Type of article	Systemic review	/ Review article	/Original research
	Case report	/ Brief communication	/ Letter to editor
Indexing agency	Pub med /	indmed/	index Copernicus /
	specify others		
Pissn no/ Eissn No		Doi if any	

9. List of PG students/Ph.D students Guided so far (atleast 6 students details).

Students Name	Year of Admission	Title of Dissertation

11. Administrative Experience, if any:

Designation	Name of the Institution	Period		Nature of Duties
		From	To	

12. Any other relevant information: **(Attach separate sheet)**

Signature of Applicant Name and Address Date: Place:	Signature of HOD Name and Address Date: Place	Signature of Head of Institution Name and Address Date: Place
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I hereby declare that all statements made in this application are true, complete and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I understand that in the event of any information being found false or incorrect, my Ph.D application is liable to be cancelled by the University.

Note: Please enclose all the relevant documents, Appointment orders, Institution having PG Courses/Subjects, reliving orders, form no. 16, Educational Degree certificates, experience certificates, PG Guideship letter, Rsearch Papers etc duly certified by the College Principal.

ANNEXURE

**Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka
4th 'T' Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore-560 041**

Proforma for registration of topic for Ph.D Thesis (Preliminary Synopsis)

Note: Candidate can only register through RGUHS recognized Ph.D Department.

1.	Name of the Candidate and Address (in block letters)	
2.	a) Name of the Institution where the research is going to be carried b) Is the department recognized as Ph.D center. If YES provide RGUHS Notification copy.	Yes / No
3.	Name of the Faculty	
4.	Name of the Guide with Designation, department. Provide copy of recognition letter as Guide	
5.	Title of the Research topic	
6.	Brief resume of the intended Research work	
	5.3 Need for the study (Lqeuna) e. Review of literature f. Research question g. Objective of the study h. Material and methods j. Source of data ii. Method of collection of data (including sampling procedure, if any) iii. Operational definitions/Techniques employed 5.4 5.2 List of references	
7.	c) Does the study require any investigations or interventions to be conducted on patients or humans or animals? If so, please describe briefly d) Has ethical clearance been obtained from your institution (Copy of the certificate to be attached)	

8.	<p>Signature of the Candidate</p> <p>Place: Date:</p>
9.	<p>Remarks by the Guide</p> <p>Signature: Name: Designation: Date: Place:</p>
10.	<p>Signature, Name & Designation of Co-Guide</p> <p>Date: Place:</p>
11.	<p>Remarks of the Head of the Department</p> <p>Signature: Name: Place: Date:</p>
12.	<p>Remarks of the Principal</p> <p>Signature: Name: Place: Date:</p>



Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

4th T Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore – 560 041

Email : rguhsrd@gmail.com

Director

Date:

Department of Curriculum Development

RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT

REVIEW OF HALF YEARLY PROGRESS REPORT

Name of the candidate :

Faculty :

Subject /Department :

Title of Research Topic :

Progress Report Number :

Recommendation:

1. Satisfactory

YES / NO

2. Acceptable subject to Observations/Comments.

YES / NO

3. Not acceptable for reasons.

YES / NO

Observations / Comments :

**Signature of the Reviewer
(College Seal)**

Name: _____

Designation: _____

Address: _____

Mobile No: _____ Email _____

*** Note :** Kindly enclose a copy of order along with the TA/DA Bill.

ANNEXURE

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka 4th 'T' Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore-560 041

FORMAT FOR SUBMISSION TO HALF YEARLY PROGRESS REPORT BY THE Ph.D STUDENTS.

1. Name of the Candidate:
2. Working place of the Candidate:
3. Ph.D Registration No:
4. Date of Registration:
5. Name of the Research Guide:
6. Working place of the Guide:
7. Faculty to which candidate belongs:
(Medical / Dental / Ayurveda/ Pharmacy / Nursing)
8. Title of Research Topic:
9. No. of the Progress Report under submission:
10. Period covered:
11. Summary of previous:
Progress Reports (Copy to be enclosed)
12. Institutional Ethical Clearance certificate: Submitted / Not Submitted
13. Guidelines for submission of half yearly progress report by the Ph.D students
 - a. Progress in the review of Literature - Include only literature published during the last 6 months pertaining to the area of your research work.
 - b. Research Methodology - Explain the methods employed/standardization/progress made/New techniques developed for the present research work.
 - c. New data Results obtained during your recent studies.
 - d. Discussion on the findings of your study.
 - e. Conclusions.
14. Attendance Certificate for the Period [No. of Days]:

Signature of the Candidate

Signature of the Guide

Signature of the Principal

Date:

Date:

Date:

Ph.D Ordinance - 2017-18

Provisional Department Recognition 2018-19

List of Colleges/Institutions along with the name of the Departments recognized by RGUHS for Ph.D Studies.

FACULTY: MEDICAL

Sl. No.	Name of the Institutions	Departments	Remarks
1	Kidwai Memorial Institute of Oncology, Hosur Road, Bangalore-560 029.	Radiation Oncology Biochemistry Pathology Microbiology Radiation Physics	
2	Dr. B.R Ambedkar Medical College, Kadugondanahalli, Bangalore - 560 045.	Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pharmacology, Pathology and Community Medicine	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
3	Sri Jayadeva Institute of Cardiology, Bannerghatta Road, Bangalore - 560 069.	Cardio Thoracic Vascular Surgery, Biochemistry, Cardiac Anaesthesia and Intensive Care Medicine	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
4	Kempegowda Institute of Medical Sciences, KR Road, VV Puram, Bangalore - 560 004.	Biochemistry Microbiology	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
5	Adichunchanagiri Institute of Medical Sciences, B.G. Nagar - 571 448. Nagamangala Taluk	Biochemistry	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
6	St. Johns Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore - 560 034.	Anatomy, Physiology Biochemistry, Pharmacology Pathology, Microbiology Community Medicine Psychiatry, Onco Pathology Pathology, Molecular Biology, Anaesthesiology, Paediatric Nephrology, Clinical Psychology, General Medicine and Radiation Physics	Departments Recognition Onco Pathology for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards
7	Bangalore Assisted Conception Centre, No. 6/7, Kumara Krupa Road, High Grounds, Bangalore - 560 001.	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation	
8	Bangalore Medical College, K R Road, Fort, Bangalore - 560 002.	Anatomy, Pathology Microbiology Psychiatry Embryology	

9	Thrombosis Research Institute, Narayana Hrudayalaya, 258/A, Bommasandra, Industrial Area, Bangalore-560 099.	Human Genetics, Biochemistry, Anaesthesiology, Cardiathoracic & Vascular Surgery, Caranio-Maxillafacial Surgery & Implantology, Oncology and Radiology	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
10	Karnataka Institute of Medical Sciences, Vidyanagar, Hubli - 580 001.	ENT	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
11	KVG Medical College, Sullia Dakshina Kannada (District).	Physiology Microbiology	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
12	HKES's M. R. Medical College, Mahadevappa Rampure Marg, Gulbarga - 585 105.	Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pharmacology and Microbiology	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
13	Father Muller Medical College, Father Muller Road, Kankanady, Mangalore - 575 002.	Biochemistry, Pharmacology Microbiology, Anatomy Onco Pathology	
14	Padmashree Institute of Physiotherapy, Bangalore.	Physiotherapy	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
15	Vydehi Institute of Medical Sciences & Research Centre, # 82, EPIP Area, Nallurahalli, Whitefield, Bangalore	Anatomy, Physiology Microbiology, Pharmacology	
16	Institute of Aerospace Medicine, Vimanapura Post, Airport Road, Bangalore - 560 017.	Aviation Medicine	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
17	Srinivasa College of Physiotherapy Srinivasa campus, Pandeshwar Mangalore - 575 001	Physiotherapy	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
18	Alva's College of Physiotherapy Moodbidri - 574 227	Physiotherapy	
19	A.J. Institute of Medical Sciences, Kuntikana, N.H.17, Mangalore - 575 004	Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology and Pharmacology	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
20	Laxmi Memorial College of Physiotherapy, A.J.Towers, Balmatta, Mangalore	Physiotherapy	
21	Al-Ameen Medical College Athani road, Bijapur - 580 108.	Physiology	
22	Rajarajeswari Medical College &Hospital, #202,Kambipura, Mysore Road, Bangalore -560 074	Physiology	
23	M S Ramaiah Medical College M S Nagar. MSRIT post , Bangalore- 54	Physiotherapy	

24	Health Care Global Enterprises Limited, HCG – Bangalore Institute of Oncology, # 44 – 45/2, 2 nd Cross, Raja Ram Mohan Roy Ext, (Off Lalbagh Double Road), Bangalore – 560 027.	Pathology Molecular Biology Radiation Oncology Medical Oncology Head and Neck Oncology	
25	Genelon Institute of Life Sciences Pvt Ltd, Above State Bank of Mysore, Yelahank Old Town, Bangalore – 560 064.	Stem Cell Biology	
26	The Oxford College ofPhysiotherapy, No.6/9, Ist Cross, Begur Road Hongasandra,Bangalore – 560 068	Physiotherapy in Neurosciences	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
27	Dr. M V Shetty College of Physiotherapy, Mangalore	Physiotherapy	

Renewal Fees: All the PhD study centers Teaching and Non-Teaching shall seek renewal of affiliation/recognition every 3 years on payment of prescribed fees.

Institutions/Colleges desirous of seeking recognition of their Departments by the University as Ph.D study centers may contact the Affiliation section of the University for obtaining the application form. (Form No. 5) on payment of the prescribe fee.

FACULTY: DENTAL

Sl	Name of the Institutions	Departments	Remarks
1	Government Dental College and Research center. Fort, Bangalore -560 002	Pedodontics & Preventive Dentistry, Oral Pathology, Prosthodontics, Orthodontics, Oral Medicine and Radiology, Preventive & Community Dentistry, Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery, Conservative Dentistry & Endodontics, Periodontics	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
2	Dr. B K V Raman Education Society of Higher Education in Dental Sciences, Dental Care and Research Centre, No. 85, Vaibhav Apartments, Gandhi Bazar, Bangalore - 560 004.	Prosthodontics Dental Materials Oral Medicine and Radiology	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
03	D.A. Pandu R.V. Dental College, No. CA 37, 24 th Main, 1 st Phase, J.P.Nagar, Bangalore - 560 078.	Prosthodontics crown & Bridge Paedodontics & Preventive Dentistry Oral Medicine and Radiology Conservative Dentistry & Endodontics Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery Orthodontics Periodontology	
04	Maratha Mandal's Institute of Dental Sciences, R S No. 47A / 2, Near KSRP Ground, Bauxite Road, Belgaum .	Oral Pathology & Microbiology Conservative Dentistry & Endodontics	
05	M.R.Ambedkar Dental College & Hospital, No.1/36, Cline Road, cooke town, Bangalore - 560 005.	Oral Surgery Pedodontics Periodontics Oral Pathology Prosthodontics	
06	A.J. Institute of Dental Sciences, Kuntikana, N.H.17, Mangalore -	Conservative Dentistry	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
07	Vokkaligara Sangha Dental College, K R Road, V V Puram, Bangalore -04.	Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery Conservative Dentistry & Endodontics	
08	Sri Dharmasthala Manjunatheshwara College of Dental Sciences, Dhavalanagar, Sattur, Dharwad -580009.	Conservative Dentistry, Prosthodontics Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery, Periodontics Oral Pathology & Microbiology Oral Medicine and Radiology Paedodontics & Preventive Dentistry	Departments Recognition Oral Pathology & Microbiology for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards

09	Dayanada Sagar College of Dental Sciences, Shavige malleshwara hills, Kumar Swamy Layout , Bangalore -78	Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery Orthodontics Oral Medicine and Radiology Conservative & Endodontics	
10	HKES's Nijalingappa Institute of Dental Sciences and Research, Sedam Road, Gulbarga - 585 105	Periodontics Prosthodontics	
11	Vokkaligara Sangha Dental College & Hospital, K.R Road, V V Puram, Bangalore - 560 004.	Conservative Dentistry & Endodontics Oral surgery	
12	The Oxford Dental College & Hospital, Bommanahalli, Hosur Road, Bangalore - 560 068.	Oral Pathology & Microbiology Oral Medicine & Radiology Public Health Dentistry	
13	Bapuji Dental College & Hospital, Post Box No.326, Davangere - 577 004.	Pedodontics & Preventive Dentistry Orthodontics & Dentofacial Orthopaedics Periodontology Oral Medicine and Radiology Oral Pathology & Microbiology	
14	M S Ramaiah Dental College & Hospital, M.S.R.Nagar, M.S.R.I.T. Post, Bangalore - 560 054.	Conservative Dentistry Oral Medicine and Radiology Periodontics & Orthodontics	
15	Rajarajeswari Dental College & Hospital, Mysore Road, Bangalore -560 074	Orthodontics & Dento Facial Orthodontics Periodontology Prosthodontics & Crown Bridge Public Health Dentistry Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery	Departments Recognition for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards

Renewal Fees: All the PhD study centers Teaching and Non-Teaching shall seek renewal of affiliation/recognition every 3 years on payment of prescribed fees.

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FACULTY: PHARMACY

Sl. No.	Name of the Institutions	Departments	Remarks
1	Al-Ameen College of Pharmacy, H. Siddaiah Road, Lalbagh Main Gate, Bangalore- 560 027.	Pharmaceutics, Pharmacology Pharmaceutical Chemisty Pharmacognosy& Phytochemistry, Pharmacy Practice, Pharmaceutical Marketing & Management Quality Assurance	
2	M S Ramaiah College of pharmacy M S Nagar. Bangalore	Pharmacognosy Pharmaceutics	
3	NET College of Pharmacy P.B.No.26, Mantralayam road, Navodayanagar, Raichur	Pharmaceutics	
4	The Himalaya Drug Company, Makali, Bangalore – 562 123.	Pharmacology, Pharmacognosy, Pharmaceutical Chemistry	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
5	V. L. College of Pharmacy, Manik Prabhu Temple Road, Raichur- 584 101.	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Pharmaceutics	
6	Government College of Pharmacy, #2, P. Kalinga Rao Road, Bangalore- 560 027.	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Pharmacognosy Pharmaceutics Pharmacology	
7	The Oxford College of Pharmacy 7 th phase J.P Nagar Bangalore	Pharmacognosy	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation.
8	SAMI Labs Limited, 19/1, 19/2, I Main, II Phase, Peenya Industrial Estate, Bangalore – 560 059.	Pharmaceutical Chemistry	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
9	Krupanidhi College of Pharmacy, Chickkabelandor Bangalore – 560 35	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Pharmaceutics Pharmacology	
10	Naragund College of Pharmacy Banashankari 2 nd Stage, Bangalore – 560 070	Pharmaceutics Pharmacology Pharmacognosy Pharmaceutical chemistry	
11	PES College of Pharmacy, 50 Feet Road, Hanumanthnagar, BSK Ist Stage, Bangalore – 560 050.	Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Pharmaceutical analysis, Pharmaceutics, Pharmacognosy	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
12	Visveswarapura Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, 24 th Main, 25 th Cross, BSK II Stage, Bangalore – 560 070.	Pharmacology Pharmacy Practice	

13	Acharya & B. M. Reddy College of Pharmacy, # 89/90, Soladevanahalli, Hesaraghatta Road, Chikkabanavara (Post), Bangalore - 560 090.	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Pharmaceutics & Industrial Pharmacy, Pharmacology	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
14	BVV Sangha's Hanagal Shri Kumareshwar College of Pharmacy, Bagalkot - 587 101.	Pharmacology	
15	Sree Siddaganga College of Pharmacy, B H Road, Tumkur -572 102	Pharmaceutics	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
16	Sri Adichunchanagiri College of Pharmacy, Nagamangala Taluk, B G Nagar -571 448	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Pharmaceutics Pharmaceutical Analysis Pharmacology Pharmacy Practice	Departments Recognition Pharmaceutics Pharmaceutical Analysis Pharmacy Practice for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards
17	BLDE's Association College of Pharmacy, PB No-40, BLDE University campus, Solapur Road, Bijapur -586103.	Pharmaceutics Pharmaceutical Chemistry Pharmacognosy	Departments Recognition Pharmacognosy for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards
18	S J M College of Pharmacy, P.B. No. 47, SJMIT Campus, Chitradurga - 577 502	Pharmacology Pharmaceutics	Departments Recognition Pharmaceutics for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards
19	Aditya Bangalore Institute of Pharmacy Education & Research, 12, Kogilu Main Road, Yelahanka, Bangalore -560 064	Pharmaceutics Pharmacology	
20	Srinivas College of Pharmacy, Campus: Arkula, P.O. Parangipete, Valachil, Mangalore - 574 143.	Pharmaceutics Quality Assurance	
21	Soniya Education Trust's College of Pharmacy, S.R.Nagar, Dharwad	Pharmaceutics Pharmaceutical Chemistry Pharmacognosy Pharmacology	
22	Dayananda Sagar College of Pharmacy, Shavige Malleshwara Hills, Kumarswamy Layout, Bangalore	Pharmaceutical chemistry Pharmacology	
23	HKES'S Matoshree Taradevi Rampure Institute of	Pharmacy Practice Pharmaceutical Technology	

	Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mahadevaappa Rampure Marg, Sedam Road, Gulbarga.	Pharmaceutical Analysis, Pharmacology Pharmacognosy	
24	Karnataka College of Pharmacy, #33/2, Thirumenahalli, Hegde Nagar Main Road, Bangalore - 560 064.	Pharmaceutics Pharmacology	
25	Bharathi College of Pharmacy, Mandya	Pharmacognosy	Departments Recognition for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards

Renewal Fees: All the PhD study centers Teaching and Non-Teaching shall seek renewal of affiliation/recognition every 3 years on payment of prescribed fees.

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FACULTY: INDIAN SYSTEM OF MEDICINE

Sl. No.	Name of the Institutions	Departments	Remarks
1	Government Ayurvedic Medical College, Dhanvanthari Road, Bangalore - 560 009.	Dravyaguna Shalyatantra Shalakya Tantra	
2	Veda Vignana Maha Vidya Peeta Udaya Pure, 21 st K. M. Kanakpura Road, Bangalore - 560 062.	Yoga & Consciousness	Institution needs to apply for Renewal of Affiliation
3	SDM College of Ayurveda Po Box No: 164, B. M. Road, Tanniruhalla, Hassan - 573 201.	Shalya Tantra, Kaumarbhritya, Shalakya Tantra, Panchakarma, Swasthavrita Manasaroga	
4	A.V.S's Ayurveda Mahavidyalaya, Vidya Nagar, Bagalkot Road, Bijapur - 586 101.	Rasashastra & Bhaishajya Kalpana	
5	Ayurveda Mahavidyalaya, Heggeri Extension, Hubli -580 204	Rasashastra Ayurveda Siddhanta Shalya Tantra Kayachikitsa	Departments Recognition Rasashastra & Ayurveda Siddhanta for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards
6	Alva's Ayurveda Medical College & Hospital, Moodbidri - 574 227. D.K., Karnataka.	Shalya Tantra Rasashastra Evam Bhaishajya Kalpana Dravyaguna	Departments Recognition Shalya Tantra & Rasashastra Evam Bhaishajya Kalpana for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards
8	National Institute of Unani Medicine, Kottigepalya, Magadi Road, Bangalore -560 091.	Moalijat Ilmul Advia	
9	Sri Dharmasthala Manjunatheshwara College of Naturopathy & Yogic Sciences, Ujire - 574 240 Dakshina Kannada	Naturopathy & Yoga	
10	Shri J G Co-operative Hospital Scoeity's Ayurvedic Medical College, Ghataprabha	Shalya Tantra	Departments Recognition for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards
11	Sri Kalabyraveshwara Swamy Ayurvedic Medical College Hospital & Research Centre, Bangalore	Panchakarma Kayachikitsa	Departments Recognition for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards

12	SDM College of Ayurveda, Kuthpady, Udupi	Shareera Rachana Dravyaguna Vignana Prasootitantra & Streeroga Kayachikitsa Roganidhana Rasashastra and Bhaishajya Kalpana	Departments Recognition Roganidana & Rasashastra & Bhaishajya Kalpana for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards
13	N K Jabshetty Ayurvedic Medical College, Bidar	Shareera Rachana Rasashastra & Bhaishajya Kalpana Shalya Tantra Panchakarma	Departments Recognition for this Institute for the academic year 2018-19 onwards

Renewal Fees: All the PhD study centers Teaching and Non-Teaching shall seek renewal of affiliation/recognition every 3 years on payment of prescribed fees.

Institutions/Colleges desirous of seeking recognition of their Departments by the University as Ph.D study centers may contact the Affiliation section of the University for obtaining the application form. (Form No. 5) on payment of the prescribe fee.

**Provisional List
Available Guides in the Recognised Ph.D Centres.**

FACULTY: MEDICAL

1. Anatomy

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. B.V. Balasubramanyam	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore - 560 034.
2	Dr. Roopa Ravindranath	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore - 560 034.
3	Dr. Prakash Shetty	Father Muller Medical College, Mangalore - 575 002.
4	Dr. Priya Ranganath	Bangalore Medical College & Research Fort, K R Road, Bangalore - 560 002.
5	Dr. Varsha Mokhasi	Vydehi Institute of Medical Sciences, #82, EPIP Area, Whitefield, Bangalore - 560 066.
6	Dr. Pushpalatha	Bangalore Medical College Fort, Bangalore - 560 002.
7	Dr. Rajini T	Vydehi Institute of Medical Sciences #82, EPIP Area, Whitefield, Bangalore - 560 066.
8	Dr. Yogitha R	St. John's Medical College Sarjapur Road Bangalore - 560034.

2. Physiology

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. A.V. Krupad	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore - 560 034.
2	Dr. Mariosvaz	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore - 560 034.
3	Dr. Salim A Dhundasi	Al - Ameen Medical College & Hospital, Bijapur - 586 108.
4	Dr. D. Venkatesh	M.S. Ramaiah Medical College, M.S.R.I.T. Post, MSR Nagar, Bangalore - 560 054.

5	Dr. Roopakala M.S	M.S Ramaiah Medical College and Teaching Hospital, MSRIT Post, Bangalore -560 054
6	Dr. Sucharita S	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore - 560 034.
7	Dr. Prashanth Kumar Marulasiddappa	Rajarajeswari Medical College, Kambipura, Mysore Road, Bangalore -560 074.
8	Dr. Preethi B L	MS Ramaiah Medical College, MSRIT Post, MS Ramaiah Medical College, Bangalore - 560 054.
10	Dr. Shankarappa C	Vydehi Institute of Medical Sciences & Research Centre, Whitefield, Bangalore - 560 066

3. Biochemistry

1	Dr. Neramballi Rajagopal Acharya	A.J. Institute of Medical Sciences, N.H.17, Kuntikana, Mangalore -04.
2	Dr. Vasudha K C	M S Ramaiah Medical College MSR Nagar, MSRIT Post, Bangalore - 560 054.
3	Dr. Shivashankara A R	Father Muller Medical College, Fr. Muller Road, Kankanady Mangalore -575 002
4	Dr. Thriveni	Kidwai Memorial Institute of Oncology, Dr. M H Marigowda Road, Bangalore -560 029
5	Dr. G. Ramesh	Kidwai Memorial Institute of Oncology, Dr. M.H. Marigowda Road, Bangalore - 560 029
6	Dr. Aliya Nusrath	Adichunchanagiri Institute of Medical Sciences, B G Nagar, Nagamangala Tq, Mandya-571 448.
7	Dr. Shrabani Mohanty	Vydehi Institute of Medical Sciences #82, EPIP Area, Whitefield, Bangalore - 560 066.
8	Dr. Venkata Bharat Kumar Pinnelli	Vydehi Institute of Medical Sciences #82, EPIP Area, Whitefield, Bangalore - 560 066.

4. Pharmacology

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Chanda Kulkarni	Rajarajeswari Medical College & Hospital, Kambipura,, Mysore Road, Kengeri, Hobli, Bangalore
2	Dr. Denis B Xavier	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore - 560 034.
3	Dr. Pratibha Nadig	Vydehi Institute of Medical Sciences & Research Centre, Whitefield, Bangalore - 560 066.
4	Dr. Santoshkumar R Jeevanagi	M R Medical College Sedam Road, Mahavevappa Rampure Marg, Kalaburagi- 585 105.
5	Dr. Ananya Chakraborty	Vydehi Institute of Medical Sciences #82, EPIP Area, Whitefield Bangalore - 560 066.

5 Pathology

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Rekha V. Kumar	Kidwai Memorial Institute of Oncology, Hosur Road, Bangalore
2	Dr. Usha Kini	St. John's Medical College Bangalore- 560 034
3	Dr. Vijaya V Mysorekar	M.S.Ramaiah Medical College and teaching Hospital, MSR Nagar, MSRIT Post, Bangalore - 560 054.
4	Dr Shanthala Devi A M	St. John's Medical College Bangalore- 560 034
5	Dr. Julian A Crasta	St. John's Medical College Bangalore- 560 034.
6	Dr. Diganta Hazarika	Health Care Global Enterprises Limited HCG -Bangalore Institute of Oncology, Raja Ram Mohan Roy Ext, (Off Lalbagh Double Road), Bangalore -560 027.
7	Dr. Usha Amirtham	Kidwai Memorial Institute of Oncology Dr. M H Marigowda Road, Bangalore - 560 029.
8	Dr. Madhumathi D S	Kidwai Memorial Institute of Oncology, Dr. M H Marigowda Road, Bangalore
10	Dr. Pritilata Rout	St. John's Medical College Bangalore- 560 034

11	Dr. C Nirmala	Bangalore Medical College, Fort, Bangalore – 560 002.
12	Dr. Dayananda B S	Bangalore Medical College, Fort, Bangalore – 560 002.

6. Microbiology

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Beena Antony	Father Muller Medical College, Mangalore – 575 002.
2	Dr. Subbannayya Kotigadde	KVG Medical College Kurunjibag, Sullia – 574 327
3	Dr. Gayathri Devi D R	M S Ramaiah Medical College, MSR Nagar, MSRIT Post, Bangalore – 560 054.
4	Dr. Ravi Kumar	Kempegowda Institute of Medical Sciences, Banashankari, 2 nd Stage, Bangalore -560 070.
5	Dr. Shrikara Mallya P	AJ Institute of Medical Sciences & Research Center Mangalore – 575 004
6	Dr. Ambica R	Bangalore Medical College Fort, Bangalore – 560 002.
7	Dr. Girish N	Vydehi Institute of Medical Sciences, #82, EPIP Area, Whitefield, Bangalore – 560 066.
8	Dr. Savitha Nagaraj	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore – 560 034.

7. Community Medicine

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. S Pruthvish	M.S.Ramaiah Medical College, Bangalore – 560 054.
2	Dr. Bobby Joseph	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore

8. Medicine

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. C. Chandrashekar	Chanre Rheumatology & Immunology Center & Research, Malleswaram, Bangalore - 560 003.
2	Dr. Cecil R Ross	St. Johns Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore-560 034.
3	Dr. Sriram Sampath Dept of Critical Care Medicine	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore - 560 034.

9. E.N.T.

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Vikram Bhat	Associate professor, Dept of ENT Karnataka Institute of Medical Sciences, Hubli - 580 031.

10. Radiation Physics

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1.	Dr. M. Ravikumar	Kidwai Memorial Institute of Oncology, Hosur Road, Bangalore-560 029.
2.	Dr. S Sathiyam	Kidwai Memorial Institute of Oncology, Hosur Road, Bangalore-560 029.

11. Medical Oncology

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. P.P. Bapsy	
2	Dr. Moni Abraham Kuriakose	Thrombosis research institute, Narayana Hrudayalaya, No.258/A, Bommasandra Industrial area, Anekal Taluk, Bangalore - 99
3	Dr. V Lokesh	Kidwai Memorial Institute of Oncology, Hosur Road, Bangalore-560 029
4	Dr. Linu Abraham Jacob	Kidwai Memorial Institute of Oncology, Hosur Road, Bangalore-560 029

5	Dr. K Govind Babu	Kidwai Memorial Institute of Oncology, Hosur Road, Bangalore-560 029
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12. Medico – Social Work

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Janet Parameshwara	Kidwai Memorial Institute of Oncology, Hosur Road, Bangalore-560 029.

13. Psychiatry

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Krishnamachari Srinivasan	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore – 560 034
2	Dr. Ashok Mysore Visweswariah	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore – 560 034
3	Dr. Chandrashekar H	Bangalore Medical College & Research Institute , Fort, K R Road, Bangalore -560 002.

14. Physiotherapy

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Ganesh S Pai	Alva's College of Physiotherapy, Moodbidri – 574 227
2	Dr. Savita Ravindra	M.S Ramaiah Medical College, MSR Nagar, MSRIT Post, Bangalore – 560 054.
5	Dr. Sanjay Eapen Samuel	Laxmi Memorial College of Physiotherapy, A J Towers, Balmatta, Mangalore- 575 002.
6	Dr. M. Udaya Kumar Maiya	Srinivas College of Physiotherapy Mangalore.

15. Allied Health Sciences

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Rebecca Kuriyan Raj	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore - 560 034.
2	Dr. Geraldine Menezes	St. John's Medical College, Koramangala, Bangalore - 560 034.

16. Pediatric Nephrology

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Anil Vasudevan	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore-560 034

17. Molecular Medicine

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Amit Kumar Mandal	St. John's Research Institutes of Population Health Clinical Research, Bangalore-560 034.
2	Dr. T. S. Sridhar	St. John's Medical College, Sarjapur Road, Bangalore - 560 034.

18. Stem Cell Biology

1	Dr. Elango E Murugaian	Genelon Institute of Life Sciences Pvt Ltd, Above State Bank of Mysore, Yelahank Old Town, Bangalore - 560 064.
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FACULTY: DENTAL

1. Conservative Dentistry & Endodontics

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. K Shashikala	D.A Pandu Memorial R V Dental College, No - CA 37, 24 th Main, J.P Nagar, Ist Phase, Bangalore-560078.
2	Dr. Roopa R Nadig	Dayananda Sagar College of Dental Sciences, Malleshwar Hills, Kumaraswamy Layout, Bangalore -560 078.
3	Dr. N Meena	V S Dental College & Hospital, K R Road, V V Puram, Bangalore -560 004.
4	Dr. B S Keshava Prasad	DAPMRV Dental College CA-37, 24 th Main, 1 st Phase, JP Nagar, Bangalore - 560 078.
5	Dr. Madhu Pujar	Maratha Mandal's Nathajirao G. Halgekar Institute of Dental Sciences R .S. 47A/2, Near KSRP Ground Bauxite Road, Belgaum - 590 010.
6	Dr. Balaram Damodhar Naik	SDM College of Dental Sciences & Hospital, Sattur, Dharwad - 580 009.

2. Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1.	Dr. Raj Kumar G C	V S Dental College & Hospital, K R Road, V V Puram, Bangalore -560 004.
2	Dr. Anuradha V	M R Ambedkar Dental College & Hospital,#1/36, Cline Road, Cooke Town, Bangalore -560 005.
3	Dr. H. P. Raghuveer	Dayananda Sagar Collge of Dental Sciences, Shavige Malleshwara Hills, Bangalore
4	Dr. Madhumathi Singh	Rajarajeshwari Dental College No 14, Ramohalli Cross, Kumbalgodu, Mysore Road Bangalore - 560 074.
7	Dr. Rajendra G Desai	College of Dental Sciences Davangere - 577 004.

8	Dr. Prashanth N T	Dayananda Sagar Collge of Dental Sciences, Shavige Malleshwara Hills, Bangalore
9	Dr. Satish Kumar G Patil	HKES Society's Nijalingappa Institute of Dental Scienes, Sedam Road, Kalburgi.
10	Dr. Venkatesh Anehosur	SDM College of Dental Sciences & Hospital Sattur, Dharwad - 580 009.

3. Prosthodontics & Crown Bridge

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. D. R. Prithviraj	Government Dental College, Fort, Bangalore - 560 002
2	Dr. Ramesh Chowdhary	Sri RajaRajeshwari Dental college. Kambipura. Kengeri , Bangalore-590 078.
3	Dr. Ramesh Khandurao Nadiger	SDM College of Dental Sciences & Hospital, Sattur, Dharwad -580 009.
4	Dr. N Kalavathy	DAPMRV Dental College , J.P Nagar, CA 37, 24 th Main , 1 st Phase, Bangalore -560 078.
5	Dr. Amarnath G S	M R Ambedkar Dental College & Hospital 1/36, Cline Road, Cooke Town Bangalore - 560 005.
6	Dr. J Sridevi	DA Pandu Memorial R V Dental College & Hospital, CA 37, 24 th Main, J P Nagar Bangalore - 560 078.
7	Dr. Shruthi C S	M R Ambedkar Dental College & Hospital 1/36, Cline Road, Cooke Town Bangalore - 560 005.
8	Dr. Roseline Prasanna Kumari	SDM College of Dental Sciences & Hospital Sattur, Dharwad - 580 009.

4. Oral Medicine & Radiology

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. C.V. Mohan	Dr. B K V Raman Education Society of Higher Education in Dental Sciences, Dental Care and Research Centre, No. 85, Vaibhav Apartments, Gandhi Bazar, Bangalore
2	Dr Asha R Iyengar	D.A Pandu Memorial RV Dental College, No - CA 37, 24 th Main, J.P Nagar, Ist Phase, Bangalore - 560 078.
3	Dr. Ashok L	Bapuji College and Hospital, #326, Davangere - 577 004.
4	Dr. Mamatha G P	College of Dental Sciences, Davanagere.
5	Dr. Rajeshwari G Annigeri	College of Dental Sciences, Davanagere.
6	Dr. Chaya M David	Dayananda Sagar College of Dental Sciences, Malleshwar Hills, Kumaraswamy Layout, Bangalore -560 078.
7	Anuradha Bhat K	The Oxford Dental College & Hospital , Bommanahalli, Hosur Road, Bangalore -68
8	Dr. Venkatesh G Naikmasur	SDM College of Dental Sciences & Hospital, Sattur, Dharwad - 580 009.

4. Orthodontics

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr Rajkumar S. Alle	Sri RajaRajeshwari Dental college. Kambipura. Kengeri , Bangalore-590 078.
2	Dr. Dinesh	R.V Dental College, CA 37. 24 th Main , 1 st Phase, J.P Nagar, Bangalore - 560 078
3	Dr. B.C Amarnath	R.V Dental College, CA 37. 24 th Main , 1 st Phase, J.P Nagar, Bangalore - 560 078
4	Dr. Raguvier	Dayananda Sagar College of Dental Sciences, Malleshwar Hills, Kumaraswamy Layout, Bangalore
5	Dr. G Shivaprakash	College of Dental Sciences Post Box No 327, Davangere - 577 004.
6	Dr. Kumara Swamy K M	Government Dental College, Fort, Bangalore - 560 002.

7	Dr. Prashanth C S	DAPMRV Dental College CA-37, 24 th Main, 1 st Phase, JP Nagar, Bangalore - 560 078.
8	Dr. Dharma R M	DAPMRV Dental College CA-37, 24 th Main, 1 st Phase, JP Nagar, Bangalore - 560 078.
9	Dr. Hemanth M	Dayananda Sagar College of Dental Sciences, Shavige Malleshwara Hills, Kumarasway Layout, Bangalore - 560 078.
10	Dr. Basanagouda C Patil	HKES Society's Nijalingappa Institute of Dental Scienes, Sedam Road, Kalburgi - 585 103.

6. Periodontics

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. A. R. Pradeep	Government Dental College, Fort, Bangalore - 560 002.
2	Dr. Jayashree A Mudda	HKE's S Nijalinagappa Institute of Dental Sciences & Research, Gulbarga -585 105
3	Dr. D S Mehta	Bapuji Dental College & Hospital Post Box No 326, Davangere - 577 004.
4	Dr. Savita S	Rajarajeswari Dental College And Hospital, #14, Ramohalli Cross, Mysore Road, Kumbalgodu, Bangalore-60.
5	Dr. A Suchetha	D.A Pandu Memorial, R V Dental College, CA 37, 24 th main, J P Nagar, 1 st Phase, Bangalore -560 078.
6	Dr. Shobha Prakash	College of Dental Sciences, Davanagere.
7	Dr. Triveni M G	Bapuji Dental College & Hospital, Post Box No. 326, Davangere - 577 004
8	Dr. Gayathri G V	Bapuji Dental College & Hospital, Post Box No. 326, Davangere - 577 004
9	Dr. Srinath Thakur	SDM College of Dental Sciences & Hospital, Sattur, Dharwad -580 009.
10	Dr. Vandana K L	College of Dental Sciences, Post Box No.327, Davangere - 577 004.
11	Dr. Swati Setty	SDM College of Dental Sciences Sattur, Dharwad - 580 009.
12	Dr. S Ravindra	Sri Hasanamba Dental College Hassan - 573 201.

7. Preventive & Community Dentistry (Public Health Dentistry)

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. A G Harikiran	DAPMRV Dental College ,J.P Nagar, CA 37, 24 th Main , 1 st Phase, Bangalore
2	Dr. Padma K Bhat	Rajarajeshwari Dental College, No 14, Ramohalli Cross, Kumbalgodu, Mysore Road, Bangalore – 560 074.

8. Oral Pathology & Microbiology

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Ramakanth Nayak	Maratha Mandal's N G Halgekar Institute of Dental Sciences & Research Center, Near KSRP Ground, R S No. 47A/2, Bauxite Road, Belgaum -590 010.
2	Dr. Ahmed Mujib B R	Bapuji Dental College & Hospital PB No. 326, Davangere – 577 004.
3	Dr. Kaveri Hallikeri	SDM College of Dental Sciences Sattur, Dharwad – 580 009
4	Dr. Vijayalakshmi S Kotrashetti	Maratha Mandal's N G Halgekar Institute of Dental Sciences & Research Center, Near KSRP Ground, R S No. 47A/2, Bauxite Road, Belgaum -590 010.
5	Dr. Sahana N S	Government Dental College Fort, Bangalore – 560 002.
6	Dr. Veerendra Kumar B	DA Pandu Memorial R V Dental College Bangalore – 560 078.

9. Pedodontics & Preventive Dentistry

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Rajesh T Anegundi	SDM College of Dental Sciences & Hospital, Sattur , Dharwad -580 009.
2	Dr. A. R. Prabhakar	Bapuji Dental College & Hospital PB No. 326, Davangere – 577 004.
3	Dr. A. Ananthraj	D. A Pandu Memorial, R V Dental College, CA 37, 24 th main, J P Nagar, 1 st Phase, Bangalore -560 078.
4	Dr. Ila Srinivasan	M R Ambedkar Dental College & Hospital 1/36, Cline Road, Cooke Town Bangalore – 560 032
5	Dr. Srinath S K	Government Dental College, Fort, Bangalore – 560 002.

FACULTY: INDIAN SYSTEM OF MEDICINE**AYURVEDA****1. Shalyatantra**

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Prasanna N. Rao	SDM Ayurveda Medical College, B.M. Road, Tanniruhalla, Hassan-573 201.
2	Dr. Srinivas Bannigol	Ayurveda Mahavidyalaya, Hubli -580 024
3	Dr. Ravishankar A G	Alva's Ayurveda Medical College, Moodbidri - 574 227.
4	Dr. Kulkarni Narayanarao Hanamantrao	Sri J G Co- operative Hospital Society's Ayurvedic Medical College, Ghataprabha -591 310.
5	Dr. Sachin N Patil	Sri J G Co-operative Hospital Society's Ayurvedic Medical College Ghataprabha - 591 310.
6	Dr. Vijay Kumar Biradar	NK Jabshetty Ayurvedic Medical College & PG Centre, Sri Sidharoodh Math, Gumpa, Bidar - 585 403.
7	Dr. Naikar Ashok	NK Jabshetty Ayurvedic Medical College & PG Centre, Sri Sidharoodh Math, Gumpa, Bidar - 585 403.
8	Dr. Chandrakanth Mahadevappa Halli	NK Jabshetty Ayurvedic Medical College & PG Centre, Sri Sidharoodh Math Gumpa, Bidar - 585 403.
9	Dr. Siddanagouda A Patil	Ayurveda Mahavidyala Heggeri Extension, Hubli - 580 024.

2. Dravyaguna

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Lalitha. B.R	Govt. Ayurveda Medical College, Dhanvantri Road, Bangalore-560 009.
2	Dr. Ravi Rao Sorake	Alva's Ayurveda Medical College, Moodbidri - 574 227.
3	Dr. Subramanya P	Alva's Ayurveda Medical College, Moodbidri - 574 227.

4	Dr. Shrikanth P	SDM College of Ayurveda, Laxminarayana nagar, Kuthpady Post, Udupi - 574 118.
5	Dr. Suma Venkatesha Mallya	SDM College of Ayurveda, Laxminarayana nagar, Kuthpady Post, Udupi - 574 118.

3. Kaumarabithya

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. U. Shailaja	SDM Ayurveda Medical College, B.M. Road, Tanniruhalla, Hassan-573 201.
2	Dr. Chethan Kumar V K	SDM College of Ayurveda, Laxminarayana nagar Kuthpady, Udupi - 574 118.
3	Dr. Reena K	SDM Ayurveda Medical College, B.M. Road, Tanniruhalla, Hassan-573 201.

4. Kayachikitsa

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Srinivas Acharya	SDM College of Ayurveda Laxinarayana Nagar, PO Kuthpady. Udupi - 574 118.
2	Dr. A. S. Prashanth	Ayurveda Mahavidyalaya Hubli.
6.	Dr. Abdul Khader	Sri Kalabyraveswary Ayurvedic Medical College, No 10, Pipeline Road, Vijayanagar, Bangalore - 560 040.
7.	Dr. Shrilatha Kamath T	SDM Ayurveda Medical College, Kuthpady, Udupi - 574 118.

5. Swasthavritha

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
2	Dr. K.J. Mallika	SDM Ayurveda Medical College, B.M. Road, Tanniruhalla, Hassan-573 201.

3	Dr. T. B. Tripathy	SDM Ayurveda Medical College, B.M. Road, Tanniruhalla, Hassan-573 201.
4	Dr. Kavitha M B	SDM Ayurveda Medical College, B.M. Road, Tanniruhalla, Hassan-573 201.

6. Rasashastra & Bhaishajya Kalpana

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Krishna Murthy M S	Alva's Ayurveda Medical College, Vidyagiri, Modbidri - 574 227.
2	Dr. Seema M B	SDM College of Ayurveda & Hospital Lakxminarayana Nagar, P O Kuthpady - 574 118. Udupi Dist.
3	Dr. Ravindra Angadi	SDM College of Ayurveda & Hospital Lakxminarayana Nagar, P O Kuthpady - 574 118. Udupi Dist.
4	Dr. Bhavusaheb Bhimbhat Joshi	Ayurveda Mahavidyalaya & Hospital Heggeri Extension Hubli - 580 024.
5	Dr. B Vinayachandra Shetty	Alva's Ayurveda Medical College & Hospital Vidyagiri, Moodabidre - 574 227. Mangalore Taluk D.K.
6	Dr. B K Prashanth	Alva's Ayurveda Medical College & Hospital Vidyagiri, Moodabidre - 574 227. Mangalore Taluk D.K.
7	Dr. Ashok Kumar B N	SDM College of Ayurveda & Hospital Lakxminarayana Nagar, P O Kuthpady - 574 118. Udupi Dist.
8	Dr. Pramod Channappa Baragi	AVS Ayurveda Mahavidyalaya, Bijapur
9	Dr. Sangolge Bandeppa Vaijinath	NK Jabshetty Ayurvedic Medical College & PG Centre, Sri Sidharoodh Math Gumpa, Bidar - 585 403.

7. Manasaroga.

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Suhas Kumar Shetty	SDM College of Ayurveda & Hospital PB No. 164, B M Road, Tanniruhalla, BM Road Hassan-573 201

8. Panchakarma.

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Girish K. J	SDM Ayurveda Medical College, PB No 164, B.M. Road, Tanniruhalla, Hassan-573 201.
2	Dr. Ashvini Kumar M	SDM College of Ayurveda PB No164, BM Road, Thanniruhalla Hassan-573 201.
3	Dr. Kiran M Goud	Sri Kalabyraveswaryaswamy Ayuvedic Medical College No 10, Pipeline Road, Vijayanagar Bangalore - 560 040.
4	Dr. Lohith B A	SDM Ayurveda Medical College, PB No 164, B.M. Road, Tanniruhalla, Hassan-573 201.
5	Dr. Muralidhar P Pujar	SDM Ayurveda Medical College, B.M. Road, Tanniruhalla, Hassan-573 201.
6	Dr.Channabasavanna Bhimashankar	NK Jabshetty Ayurvedic Medical College & PG Centre, Sri Sidharoodh Math Gumpa, Bidar - 585 403.

9. Shalaky Tantra.

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Ashwini M J	SDM College of Ayurveda, B M Road, Tanniru Halla, Hassan-573 201.
2	Dr. Deeraj B C	SDM College of Ayurveda, B M Road, Tanniru Halla, Hassan-573 201.

10. Shareera Rachana

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1.	Dr. Swati Sanjay Bedekar	SDM College of Ayurveda, B M Road, Tanniru Halla, Hassan-573 201.
2.	Dr. Ashwini Kumar W	NK Jabshetty Ayurvedic Medical College & PG Centre, Sri Sidharoodh Math, Gumpa, Bidar - 585 403.
3.	Dr. Hirehal Pampanna Gouda	SDM College of Ayurveda & Hospital Lakshminarayana Nagar PO Kuthpady, Udupi - 574 118.
4.	Dr. Mulimani Nagaraj Gangappa	NK Jabshetty Ayurvedic Medical College & PG Centre, Sri Sidharoodh Math, Gumpa, Bidar - 585 403.
5.	Dr. B Uma	SDM College of Ayurveda, B M Road, Tanniru Halla, Hassan-573 201.

11. Prasooti Tantra & Streeroga

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Mamatha K V	SDM College of ayurveda, Kuthpady, Udupi - 574 118.
2	Dr. VNK Usha	SDM College of ayurveda, Kuthpady, Udupi - 574 118.

12. Roganidana

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Nagaraj S	SDM College of Ayurveda & Hospital Lakshminaraya Nagar, Kuthpady, Udupi -574 118

13. Samhita Siddhanta

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Joshi Jayathirth Ramachandra	Ayurveda Mahavidyala Heggeri Extension, Hubli - 580 024.

14. NATUROPATHY & YOGA

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Prashanth Shetty	SDM College of Naturopathy And Yogic Sciences & Hospital, Ujire – 574 240. Belthanagady Taluk, D.K Dist
2	Dr. Sujatha K J	SDM College of Naturopathy And Yogic Sciences & Hospital, Ujire – 574 240. Belthanagady Taluk, D.K Dist

FACULTY: INDIAN SYSTEM OF MEDICINE

UNANI

1. Moalijat

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Mansoor Ahmad Siddiqui	National Institute of Unani Medicine, Kottigepalya, Magadi Road, Bangalore -560 091
2	Dr. Mohd Aleemuddin Quamri	National Institute of Unani Medicine, Kottigepalya, Magadi Road, Bangalore -560 091

1. Ilmul Advia

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Nasreen Jahan	National Institute of Unani Medicine, Kottigepalya, Magadi Road, Bangalore -560 091
2	Dr. Najeeb Jahan	National Institute of Unani Medicine, Kottigepalya, Magadi Road, Bangalore -560 091
3	Dr. Abdul Wadbub	National Institute of Unani Medicine, Kottigepalya, Magadi Road, Bangalore -560 091
4	Dr. Ghulamuddin Sofi	National Institute of Unani Medicine, Kottigepalya, Magadi Road, Bangalore -560 091

FACULTY: PHARMACY**1. Pharmaceutics**

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. V. Kusum Devi	Al-Ameen College of Pharmacy, Hosur Road, Lalbagh Main Gate, Bangalore -560 027.
2	Dr. H. Doddayya	NET College of Pharmacy. NET Nagar Raichur
3	Dr Suresh Kulkarni	Sri Sidaganaga College of Pharmacy BH Road Tumkur -572 102
4	Dr. RamaKrishan Shabaraya A	Srinivas College of Pharmacy, Arkula, Merlapadavu,P.O Parangipet, Mangalore - 574 143
5	Dr. Satish C S	PES College of Pharmacy, Bangalore -560 050.
6	Dr. Goli Divakar	Acharya & B M Reddy College of Pharmacy, Acharya Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan Road, Hesaraghatta Main Road, Bangalore - 560 090.
7	Dr. Chandrashekar C Patil	BLDE's College of Pharmacy, BLDE University Campus, Solapur Road, Bijapur -586 103.
8	Dr. Raghavendra V Kulkarni	BLDE's College of Pharmacy, BLDE University Campus, Solapur Road, Bijapur -586 103.
9	Dr. Shivananad Kalyanappa	Acharya & BM Reddy College of Pharmacy, Acharya Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishna Road, Soldevanahalli, Hesaraghatta Main Road, Bangalore 90.
10	Dr. B Prakash Rao	Karnataka College of Pharmacy, # 33/2, Thirumenahalli, Hegde Nagar Main Road, Bangalore -560 064.
11	Dr. B A Viswanath	Aditya Bangalore Institute of Pharmacy Education & Research, 12, Kogilu Main Road, Yelahanka , Bangalore -560 064
12	Dr. Sidramappa B Shirsand	HKE's Matoshree Taradevi Rampure Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mahadevappa Rampure, marg, Sedam Road, Gulbarga-585 105.

13	Dr. Chilukuri Sita Rama Lakshmi	Naragund College of Pharmacy Banashankari 2 nd Stage, Bangalore - 560 070
14	Dr. Roopa Karki	Acharya & BM Reddy College of Pharmacy, Acharya Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishna Road, Soldevanahalli, Hesaraghatta Main Road, Bangalore -560 090.
15	Dr. Preeti Vijay Karwa	Al -Ameen College of Pharmacy, Opp Lalbag Main Gate, Hosur Road, Bangalore -560 027.
16	Dr. B K Satish Babu	Government College of Pharmacy, No. 2, P. Kalinga Rao Road, Subbaiah Circle, Bangalore -560 027.
17	Dr. Vijaya G Joshi	Government College of Pharmacy, #2, P-Kalingarao Road, Subbaiah Circle, Bangalore -560 027.
18	Dr. Bharani S Sogali	Krupanidhi College of Pharmacy, #12/1, Chikkabellandur Village, Carmelaram Post, Varthur Hobli, Bangalore - 560 035
19	Dr. Talluri Manjula	PES College of Pharmacy 50ft Road, Hanumantha Nagar, BSK Ist Stage, Bangalore - 560 050.
20	Dr. Venkatesh D P	Sri Adichumchanagiri College of Pharmacy, BG Nagar, 571 448.
21	Dr. Prakash S Goudanavar	Sri Adichumchanagiri College of Pharmacy, BG Nagar, 571 448.
22	Dr. B L R Madhavi	Acharya B M Reddy College of Pharmacy, Soldevanahalli, Achit Nagar Post, Hesaraghatta Main Road, Bengaluru - 560 107.
23	Dr. Sudhir R Iliger	SET's College of Pharmay S R Nagar, Dharwad - 580 002.

2. Pharmaceutical Chemistry

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. J Saravanan	PES College of Pharmacy, Sri Kumara Swamy Temple Street, 50 Ft Road, Hanumanthnagar, BSK I Stage, Bangalore- 560 050.
2	Dr. L. V. G. Nargund	Nargund Research Foundation, Dattatreyanagar, BSK III Stage, Bangalore.
3	Dr B Ramesh	Sri Adichunchanagiri College of Pharmacy, B G Nagar -571 448.
4	Dr. Navanath V Kalyane	BLDE's College of Pharmacy, BLDE University Campus, Solapur Road, Bijapur -586 103
5	Dr. B Shiva Kumar	BLDE's College of Pharmacy, BLDE University Campus, Solapur Road, Bijapur -586 103.
6	Dr. Monica Kachoor	Al-Ameen College of Pharmacy, Hosur Road, Lalbagh Main Gate, Bangalore -560 027.
7	Dr. Chaluvvaraju K C	Government College of Pharmacy, Subbaiah Circle, Bangalore-560 027.
8	Dr. Chandrashekar J	Government College of Pharmacy, Subbaiah Circle, Bangalore-560 027.
9	Dr. K P Channabasavaraj	Government College of Pharmacy, Subbaiah Circle, Bangalore-560 027.
10	Dr. Giles	Acharya B M Reddy College of Pharmacy, Soladevanahalli, Hesarghatta Main Road, Bangalore -560 090.
11	Dr. S Rajashekar	Al-Ameen College of Pharmacy, Hosur Road, Lalbagh Main Gate, Bangalore -560 027.
12	Dr. Shrinivas D Joshi	Soniya Education Trusts, College of Pharmacy, S R Nagar, Dharwad- 580 002.
13	Dr. Ramaling B Kotnal	BLDE's College of Pharmacy, BLDE University Campus, Solapur Road, Bijapur -586 103.

14	Dr. Ranjit Kaur	Nargund College of Pharmacy, Dattatreyanagar, 2 nd Main, 100 Ft. Ring Road, BSK III Stage, Bangalore -560 085.
15	Dr. Rohini R M	Al-Ameen College of Pharmacy, Near Lalbagh Main Gate, Hosur Road, Bangalore -560 027.
16.	Dr. Gurubasavaraja Swamy P M	Acharya B M Reddy College of Pharmacy Soldevanahalli, Achit Nagar Post, Hesaraghatta Main Road, Bengaluru - 107.
17.	Dr. Ifran Ali Mohammed	Sri Adichunchanagiri College of Pharmacy, B G Nagar - 571 448, Nagamangala Taluk, Mandya District
18.	Dr. Krishna Kumar K L	Acharya B M Reddy College of Pharmacy Soldevanahalli, Achit Nagar Post, Hesaraghatta Main Road, Bengaluru - 560 107.
19.	Dr. Channabasappa S Hallikeri	SET's College of Pharmacy S R Nagar, Dharwad - 580 002.

3. Pharmacology

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1.	Dr. Raju Koneri	Karnataka college of Pharmacy #33/2. Thirumenahalli, Hegde Nagar Yallahanka Hobli. Bangalore - 560064.
2.	Dr. Meera Sumanth	Visveswarapura Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, 22 nd Main, 24 th Cross, BSK 2 nd Stage, Bangalore -560 070.
3.	Dr. Rema Razdan	Al-Ameen College of Pharmacy, Hosur Road, Lalbagh Main Gate, Bangalore -560 027.
4.	Dr. Shiva Kumar Hugar	BLDE's College of Pharmacy, BLDE University Campus, Solapur Road, Bijapur -586 103.
5.	Dr. Syed Mohammed Basheeruddin Asdaq	Krupanidhi College of Pharmacy, #12/1, Chikkabellandur Village, Camelaram Post Varthur Hobli , Bangalore -560 035.
6.	Dr. Bharathi D R	Sri Jagadguru Mallikarjuna Murugharajendra College of Pharmacy, SJM Campus, Pune - Bangalore Road, N-H 4, Chitradurga -577 501.

7.	Dr. Chandrashekhar V M	BVVS Sangas Hanagal Shri Kumareshwara College of Pharmacy, Bagalkot -587 101
8.	Dr. Anil Kumar K V	Visveswarapure Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, 22 nd Main Road, 24 th Cross, BSK 2 nd Stage, Bangalore -560 070.
9.	Dr. Nitin Mahurkar	HKES College of Pharmacy, Gulbarga-585 105.
10.	Dr. Bheemachari	Sri Adichunchanagiri College of Pharmacy, B G Nagara - 571 448 Nagamangala Taluk, Mandya Dist.
11.	Dr. Syed Imam Rabbani	Krupanidhi College of Pharmacy, #12/1, Chikkabellandur Village, Carmelaram post, Varthur Hobli, Bangalore -560 035.
12.	Dr. Venkatrao H Kulkarni	Soniya Education Trusts, College of Pharmacy, S R Nagar, Dharwad- 580 002.
13.	Dr. T Prakash	Acharya & B M Reddy College of Pharmacy, Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan Road, Hesaraghatta Main Road, Bangalore -90.
14.	Dr. Chandrashekar M S	Government College of Pharmacy, No. 2, P. Kalinga Rao Road, Subbaiah Circle, Bangalore -560 027.
15.	Dr. Shivakumar S Inamdar	HKES's Matoshree Taradevi Rampure Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Sedam Road, Gulbarga -585 105
16.	Dr. S Ramachandra Setty	Government College of Pharmacy, No. 2, P. Kalinga Rao Road, Subbaiah Circle, Bangalore -560 027.
17.	Dr. Manjunatha P Mudagal	Acharya & B M Reddy College of Pharmacy Acharya Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan Road ACHIT Nagar Post, Soldevanahalli, Hessarghatta Road Bangalore -560 107
18.	Dr. Bharathi K N	Visveswarapura Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciecnes, 22 nd Main Road, 24 th Cross, BSK-IIInd Stage, Bangalore - 560 070.
19.	Dr. Rajendra S V	Krupanidhi College of Pharmacy, #12/1, Chikkabellandur Village, Camelaram Post Varthur Hobli, Bangalore -560 035.
20.	Dr. Mrudula Giri	Krupanidhi College of Pharmacy Chikkabellandur, Carmelaram Post Varthur Hobli, Bangalore - 560 035.

4 Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Salma Khanam	Al-Ameen College of Pharmacy, Hosur Road, Lalbagh Main Gate, Bangalore -560 027.
2	Dr. K Lakshman	PES College of Pharmacy, Hanumanthnagar, 50Ft. Road, Bangalore -560 050.
3.	Dr. Gaviraj E N	BLDE's College of Pharmacy, BLDE University Campus, Solapur Road, Bijapur -586 103.
4.	Dr. Prasanna V Habbu	Soniya Education Trusts, College of Pharmacy, S R Nagar, Dharwad- 580 002.
5.	Dr. Rajesh A Shastri	Soniya Education Trusts, College of Pharmacy, S R Nagar, Dharwad- 580 002.
6.	Dr. Arun Kumar Beknal	HKES's Matoshree Taradevi Rampure Institute of Sciences, Sedam Road, Gulbarga -585 105.
7.	Dr. Suresh H M Dayanand	HKES's Matoshree Taradevi Rampure Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Sedam Road, Gulbarga -585 105
8.	Dr. Roopashree T S	Government College of Pharmacy, No. 2, P. Kalinga Rao Road, Subbaiah Circle, Bangalore -560 027.
9.	DR. Basavaraj Patil	Soniya Education Trusts, College of Pharmacy, S R Nagar, Dharwad- 580 002.

5. Quality Assurance

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1.	Dr. Mubeen G	Al-Ameen College of Pharmacy, Hosur Road, Lalbagh Main Gate, Bangalore -560 027.

6. Pharmaceutical Analysis

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1.	Dr. Appala Raju	HKES College of Pharmacy, Gulbarga-585 105.
2.	Dr. Nagaraj	PES College of Pharmacy, Hanumanthnagar, 50Ft. Road, Bangalore -560 050.
3.	Dr. Sharangouda M Malipatil	HKES College of Pharmacy, Gulbarga-585 105.
4.	Dr. Prakash S Sarsambi	HKES's Matoshree Taradevi Rampure Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mahadevappa Rampure marg, sedam Road, Gulbarga -585 105.
5.	Dr. Shobha Manjunath	HKES's Matoshree Taradevi Rampure Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mahadevappa Rampure marg, sedam Road, Gulbarga -585 105.
6.	Dr. Jaishree V	SAC College of Pharmacy, B G Nagar - 571 448.

7. Pharmaceutical Technology

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
2.	Dr. Mahadevappa V Rampure	HKES's Matoshree Taradevi Rampure Institute of Sciences, Sedam Road, Gulbarga -585 105.

8. Pharmacy Practice

Sl. No.	Name of the recognized Guide	Institution
1	Dr. Githa Kishore	Visveswarapura Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, 22 nd Main, 24 th Cross, BSK 2 nd Stage, Bangalore -560 070.
2.	Dr. Meera N K	Visveswarapura Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, 22 nd Main, 24 th Cross, BSK 2 nd Stage, Bangalore -560 070.

3	Dr. Shobharani. R. Hiremath	Al-Ameen College of Pharmacy, Hosur Road, Lalbagh Main Gate, Bangalore -560 027.
4.	Dr. K V Ramanath	Sri Adichunchanagiri College of Pharmacy B G Nagar – 571 448. Nagamangala Taluk, Mandya Dist.
5	Dr. Neelkant Reddy Patil	Matoshree Taradevi Rampurs Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mahadevappa Rampure, Sedam Road, Gulbarga 585 105



Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka
4th T Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore – 560 041

☎ 080-26961920 /080-26961937, FAX: 26961929

DECLARATION

I _____ hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that I
am working _____ in the department of
_____ at _____ as
permanent full time faculty and that I am **RGUHS recognized Ph.D Guide**.

My date of birth is _____ and I am retiring _____ as on
date I am guiding _____ (number of) Ph.D scholars. Further, I state that I am not
guiding any Ph.D student of other Universities.

Further, I am fully aware of the Rules and Regulations of Ph.D Programme, I will
abide by these rules. If I deviate from these norms, I will be solely held responsible for all
the consequences.

Place :

SIGNATURE OF THE GUIDE

Date:



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4th T Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore – 560 041

☎ 080-26961920 /080-26961937, FAX: 26961929

DECLARATION

I _____ hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that the information furnished by me in the application form and in the enclosures submitted by me are true and correct. I have not deliberately concealed any information. Should it however be found that any information furnished by me is found fraudulent, incorrect or false in material particulars, I realize that I am liable for criminal prosecution and also agree to forego my course. I also agree to abide by the rules and regulations prescribed for the course by the university from time to time. I am Medical / Non-Medical Graduate and intends to pursue Ph.D Programme under Medical faculty / Allied Health Science (Non-Medical). Further* I state that I am not working in any institution / *I am working in* _____ *from* _____ *till date.*

Place :

SIGNATURE OF THE CANDIDATE

Date:

Note: *Strike out whichever is not applicable.

Ph.D GUIDE UNDER NUMBER OF STUDENTS DETAILS

FACULTY : MEDICAL \ DENTAL \ AYURVEDA \ PHARMACY \ NURSING

SI	Name of the Dept. in the Institute recognized for inparing Ph.D course	Ph.D Guide Details		Name of the Students	Year of Admission (Part time / Full time)
1			1		
			2		
			3		
			4		
2			1		
			2		
			3		
			4		
3			1		
			2		
			3		
			4		

SIGNATURE OF THE GUIDE

Certified by the College Principal

Note:

1. Please provide/furnish the **Department Recognition and Ph.D Guideship letter issued by the RGUHS.**
2. If students have discontinued, provide the details along with reasons.
3. University is not responsible, if institutions fail to furnish the details.
4. If any other documents.

Student Fees Details :

Sl No	Title	Description
1	Candidate Name (With Address)	
2	Mobile No	
3	Guide Name with Address	
4	Mobile No	
5	Research Centre	
6	FullTime / Part Time	
7	Title of the Research	
8	Year of Registration (with Registration Number)	

8 Fee Details:				
Particulars		Payable	Paid	Online Payment Receipt / Ref. No
8a	Application Fees	2,500/-		
8b	Registration Fees	4,000/-		
8c	First Year Annual Fee Second Year Annual Fees Third Year Annual Fees Fourth Year Annual Fees Fifth Year Annual Fees Sixth Year Annual Fees Seventh Year Annual Fees Eighth Year Annual Fees Ninth Year Annual Fees Tenth Year Annual Fees	8,000/- per Year		
8d	Helinet Fee	2,000/-		
8e	Pre-PhD Exam Fees (Including Application Form & Marks card Fee)	15,500/-		
8f	Final Synopsis Fees	10,000/-		
8g	Thesis Submission Fees	25,000/-		
9	Number of Research Publications: (Minimum 03 publications)			
10	NOC from the HOD/ Guide			
11	NOC from the Principal			
12	NOC from Library (RGUHS)			
13	Final Open VIVA date			

SIGNATURE OF THE CANDIDATE

Certified by the College Principal



Date:

**PH.D SECTION
RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT**

CONFIDENTIAL

VALUATION REPORT OF SYNOPSIS

Name of the candidate :

Subject :

Title of Dissertation :

	Adequate	Marginal	I-Inadequate NI-Not Included
<u>I. Introduction:</u> 1. Purpose of Study 2. Mention of lacunae in current knowledge. 3. Hypothesis, if any			
<u>II. Review of Literature:</u> 1. Relevance. 2. Completeness 3. Is it current and up-to-date? 4. Citation of references is properly done?			
<u>III. Methods:</u> 1. Type of Study 2. Details of study subjects (i.e. cases) and controls 3. Details of materials (for ex. Apparatus, Used, laboratory tests, etc.,)and experimental design. 4. Procedure used for data collection a) Questionnalre b) Cases c) Records d) Field study 5. Statistical methods employed, level of significance considered. 6. Statement of limitations 7. Mention of ethical issues Involved.			
<u>IV. Observations and Results:</u> 1. Logical organization in readily indentifiable section . 2. Correctness of data analysis. 3. Appropriate use of charts, tables, graphs, figures, etc. 4. Statistical interpretation. 5. Objectivity of interpretation			



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<u>V. Discussion:</u> 1. Relevance (Within framework of study) and appropriateness for data. 2. Interpretation of implications of results 3. Statement of limitations of interpretation(Mention of appropriate caution while stating inferences) 4. Mention of unanswered questions. 5. Mention of new question ralsed. 6. summary and conclusions.			
<u>VI. Annexure:</u> Whether all required annexures and Appendices are included, e.g., the clinical proforma, the questionnaire used, etc.			

Please() Appropriate Box & Write I for Inadequate and NI (not Included) appropriately

Remarks of the Examiner:

Recommendation:

1. Adequate and acceptable

2. Acceptable subject to modifications/Corrections & Clarifications (Please state in remarks)

3. Not acceptable for reasons stated above.

Note: Do not write beyond this line, however you may use additional sheets if required

Signature of the Examiner

Name : _____

Designation: _____

Address: _____

Phone No: _____

E- Mail: _____



Date:

**PH.D SECTION
RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT**

CONFIDENTIAL

VALUATION REPORT OF THESIS

Name of the candidate :

Subject :

Title of Dissertation :

	Adequate	Marginal	I-Inadequate NI-Not Included
<u>I. Introduction:</u> 4. Purpose of Study 5. Mention of lacunae in current knowledge. 6. Hypothesis, if any			
<u>II. Review of Literature:</u> 5. Relevance. 6. Completeness 7. Is it current and up-to-date? 8. Citation of references is properly done?			
<u>III. Methods:</u> 8. Type of Study 9. Details of study subjects (i.e. cases) and controls 10. Details of materials (for ex. Apparatus, Used, laboratory tests, etc.,)and experimental design. 11. Procedure used for data collection a) Questionnalre b) Cases c) Records d) Field study 12. Statistical methods employed, level of significance considered. 13. Statement of limitations 14. Mention of ethical issues Involved.			
<u>IV. Observations and Results:</u> 6. Logical organization in readily indentifiable section . 7. Correctness of data analysis. 8. Appropriate use of charts, tables, graphs, figures, etc. 9. Statistical interpretation. 10. Objectivity of interpretation			



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Email : rguhsrd@gmail.com

<p><u>V. Discussion:</u></p> <p>7. Relevance (Within framework of study) and appropriateness for data. 8. Interpretation of implications of results 9. Statement of limitations of interpretation(Mention of appropriate caution while stating inferences) 10. Mention of unanswered questions. 11. Mention of new question ralsed. 12. summary and conclusions.</p>			
<p><u>VI. Annexure:</u></p> <p>Whether all required annexures and Appendices are included, e.g., the clinical proforma, the questionnaire used, etc.</p>			

Please() Appropriate Box & Write I for Inadequate and NI (not Included) appropriately

Remarks of the Examiner:

Recommendation:

1. Adequate and acceptable

2. Acceptable subject to modifications/Corrections & Clarifications (Please state in remarks)

3. Not acceptable for reasons stated above.

Note: Do not write beyond this line, however you may use additional sheets if required

Signature of the Examiner

Name : _____

Designation: _____

Address: _____

Phone No: _____

E- Mail: _____



Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

4th T Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore – 560 041

Email rguhsrd@gmail.com

Format for evaluating of Ph.D Final Synopsis Presentation by an Observer

Name of the Candidate :

Faculty :

(Medical / Pharmacy / Dental / Ayurveda / Homoeopathy / Physiotherapy / Nursing)

Title of the Synopsis :

Name of the Guide :

Place of Final Synopsis
Presentation Conducted :

Date and Time of Final Synopsis
Presentation Conducted :

Name of the Examiner with Address & Phone No.

Signature of the Examiner 1	Signature of the Examiner 2
Name : _____	Name : _____
Designation: _____	Designation: _____
Address: _____ _____	Address: _____ _____
Phone No: _____	Phone No: _____
E- Mail: _____	E- Mail: _____

Mode of the Presentation :
Ph.D Ordinance - 2017-18

(LCD, LAPTOP, OHP, BLACK BOARD)

Format for evaluation of Ph.D final Synopsis/ viva voce by an Observer

1. Name of the candidate :
2. Faculty :
(Medicine/Pharmacy/Dental/Ayurveda/Homeopathy/ Physiotherapy /Nursing)
3. Title of the Ph.D thesis :
4. Name of the Guide :
5. Place of Viva Conducted :
6. Date and time of Viva Conducted :
7. Name of the Examiner : 1.
8. Mode of the presentation : 2.
9. Number of audience :
10. Seating Arrangements Made : Excellent/ Very Good/ Satisfactory
11. Procedure/Methods adopted For conduct of Viva : Adequate/Satisfactory/ Inadequate
12. Facilities provided for the Presentation of viva to
(a) Candidates
(b) Examiner : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory/Poor
13. Interest aroused in the Audience : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory/Poor
14. Audience Participation : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory
15. Overall Presentation : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory
16. Certified that the synopsis/Thesis presentation was conducted as per RGUHS Protocol

Name, designation and Signature of the Observer

Technical content of Final Synopsis preparation (Tick the appropriate one)

1. Introduction to the Subject : Very interesting/Interesting/Satisfactory
2. Review of Literature : Adequate/Satisfactory/ Inadequate
3. Scientific content : Very interesting/Interesting/Satisfactory
4. Procedure/Methods adopted : Adequate/Satisfactory/ Inadequate
5. Data Acquired/ Spectral Data : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory/Poor
6. Interpretation of Data : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory/Poor
7. Results/Discussion : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory/Poor
8. Bibliography : Adequate/Satisfactory/ Inadequate
9. Summary and Conclusion : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory
10. Ability to defend queries : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory
11. Innovativeness of the Project : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory/Poor
12. Interest aroused in the audience : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory/Poor
13. Audience Participation : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory
14. Overall Presentation : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory
15. Any other special Remarks by the Observer

Name, designation and Signature of the Observer



Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

4th T Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore – 560 041

Format for evaluation of Ph.D final Synopsis/ viva voce by an Observer

1. Name of the candidate :
2. Faculty :
- (Medicine/Pharmacy/Dental/Ayurveda/Homeopathy/ Physiotherapy /Nursing)
3. Title of the Ph.D thesis :
4. Name of the Guide :
5. Place of Viva Conducted :
6. Date and time of Viva Conducted :
7. Name of the Examiner : 1.
- 2.
8. Mode of the presentation :
9. Number of audience :
10. Seating Arrangements Made : Excellent/ Very Good/ Satisfactory
11. Procedure/Methods adopted For conduct of Viva : Adequate/Satisfactory/ Inadequate
12. Facilities provided for the Presentation of viva to (c) Candidates Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory/Poor
(d) Examiner
13. Interest aroused in the Audience : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory/Poor
14. Audience Participation : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory
15. Overall Presentation : Excellent/Very Good/Satisfactory
16. Certified that the synopsis/Thesis presentation was conducted as per RGUHS Protocol

Name, designation and Signature of the Observer

Ph.D Ordinance - 2017-18



Form No. 5

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

4th 'T' Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore - 560 041.

ATTENDANCE CERTIFICATE

Dr./Sh./Smt.....

of College has carried out

the university assignment from to

at

for Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences.

Date :

Signature of Registrar/ Registrar(Evaluation)/Custodian/Chairman/Co-ordinator
(Office Seal)

Place :



**RAJIV GANDHI UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES,
KARNATAKA**

Form No. 2

4th 'T' Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore - 560 041.

THEORY REMUNERATION BILL

TIN No. :

1. Name :
2. Designation :
3. Name of the College :
- Address :
- Phone : Code College Hospital
4. Nature of work done :
5. Postal address to which cheque has to be sent :
- Name of Bank : Account No.
- Telephone : Code Resi Mobile

Sl. No.	Name of work done	Session	Quantum of work done	Rate	Total Amount
1.	Paper setting / Scrutiny				
2.	Paper Valuation				
3.	Dissertation Valuation				
4.	Observer / Squad Remuneration				
5.	Conveyance Allowance				
6.	Others				
Grand Total					

Grand Total (in words)

I, Certify that the amount claimed in this bill has not been drawn / paid in any of the previous bills.

Counter Signature

Signature

Countersigned for Rs Rupees only (in words)

Place :

Registrar (Evaluation)

Date :

FOR FINANCE SECTION USE				ADMISSIBLE RATE			
					Less than 3 hours Rs.	More than 3 hours Rs.	
Passed for Rs.							
Adjustment for Rs.				Paper Setting	PG 340/-	400/-	
Cheque Rs. in words					UG 260/-	300/-	
Cheque No. Date				Paper	Minimum Rs. 500	PG 90/-	225/-
				Valuation	Minimum Rs. 225	UG 25/-	150/-
				Dissertation Valuation	Rs. 500/-		
				Observer / Squad	Single Session Rs. 150/-		
					Double Session Rs. 225/-		
				Addl. Allowance	Rs. 600/- For Observer/Squad Chief		
				Conveyance allowance (local only)	Rs. 375/- per day B'lore City Centres Rs. 225/- per day for other City Centres		

Note : A revenue stamp of Rupees 1/- shall be affixed to the bill when the amount exceeds Rs. 500/-



Form No. TA

RAJIV GANDHI UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, KARNATAKA

4th 'T' Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore - 560 041.

BILL OF TRAVELLING ALLOWANCE**(For use of Non-official Members of University Bodies)**TIN No. :

1. Name :
2. Designation :
3. Name of the College :
- Address :
- Telephone Number : Code.....Office.....Residence.....Mobile.....
4. Purpose of Journey :
5. Postal address to which cheque has to be sent :

Date	From	Time	Date	To	Time	DA	Road Mileage	Total
Grand Total								

Grand Total (in words)

I, certify that no TA & DA has been claimed from any other source.

Stamp
&
Signature

Countersigned for Rs.Rupees (in words).....only

Registrar (Evaluation)

Place :

Date :

FOR FINANCE SECTION USE				INSTRUCTIONS	
Passed for Rs.	T.A.	Road Mileage 3.20 per Km.			
Adjustment for Rs.	D.A.	a) Bangalore Rs. 500/- per day			
Cheque Rs. (in words)	b) Other than Bangalore		Rs. 300/- per day		
Cheque No. Date.	Note : 1. Revenue stamp of Rupee 1/- shall be affixed to the bill when the amount exceeds Rs. 500/-				
Case Worker	A/c Suptd.	Deputy Finance Officer	Finance Officer	2. Original attendance certificate must be enclosed along with this bill.	